

Proposed Amendments to New Markets Tax Credit Regulations
Treasury Regulation Section 1.45D-1
Pursuant to I.R.C. § 45D(g)(3)(C)
Revisions in Red, Underlined Typeface

(e) Recapture.

(1) In general. If, at any time during the 7-year period beginning on the date of the original issue of a qualified equity investment in a CDE, there is a recapture event under paragraph (e)(2) of this section with respect to such investment, then the tax imposed by Chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code for the taxable year in which the recapture event occurs is increased by the credit recapture amount under section 45D(g)(2). A recapture event under paragraph (e)(2) of this section requires recapture of credits allowed to the taxpayer who purchased the equity investment from the CDE at its original issue and to all subsequent holders of that investment.

(2) Recapture event. There is a recapture event with respect to an equity investment in a CDE if—

- (i) The entity ceases to be a CDE;
- (ii) The proceeds of the investment cease to be used in a manner that satisfies the substantially-all requirement of paragraph (c)(1)(ii) of this section; or
- (iii) The investment is redeemed or otherwise cashed out by the CDE.

(3) Redemption.

(i) Equity investment in a C corporation. For purposes of paragraph (e)(2)(iii) of this section, an equity investment in a CDE that is treated as a C corporation for Federal tax purposes is redeemed when section 302(a) applies to amounts received by the equity holder. An equity investment is treated as cashed out when section 301(c)(2) or section 301(c)(3) applies to amounts received by the equity holder. An equity investment is not treated as cashed out when only section 301(c)(1) applies to amounts received by the equity holder. Solely for purposes of subsection (e) of this section, a CDE that is included in a consolidated return shall treat cash payments made to its parent corporation or any members of the consolidated group as a payment of income taxes by the CDE to the extent of the CDE's allocable share of income taxes.

(ii) Equity investment in an S corporation. For purposes of paragraph (e)(2)(iii) of this section, an equity investment in a CDE that is an S corporation is redeemed when section 302(a) applies to amounts received

by the equity holder. An equity investment in an S corporation is treated as cashed out when a distribution to a shareholder described in section 1368(a) exceeds the accumulated adjustments account determined under §1.1368-2 and any accumulated earnings and profits of the S corporation.

(iii) Capital interest in a partnership. In the case of an equity investment that is a capital interest in a CDE that is a partnership for Federal tax purposes, a pro rata cash distribution by the CDE to its partners based on each partner's capital or profits interest in the CDE during the taxable year will not be treated as a redemption for purposes of paragraph (e)(2)(iii) of this section if either the distribution does not exceed the CDE's operating income for the taxable year or the distribution and all prior distributions does not exceed the CDE's cumulative operating income for all years. In addition, a non-pro rata de minimis cash distribution by a CDE to a partner or partners during the taxable year will not be treated as a redemption. A non-pro rata de minimis cash distribution may not exceed the lesser of (A) 5 percent of the greater of (1) the CDE's operating income for that taxable year or (2) the CDE's cumulative operating income for all years less all prior distributions or (B) 10 percent of the partner's capital interest in the CDE. For purposes of this paragraph (e)(3)(iii), with respect to any taxable year, operating income is the sum of:

(A) The CDE's taxable income as determined under section 703, except that—

(1) The items described in section 703(a)(1) shall be aggregated with the non-separately stated tax items of the partnership; ~~and~~

~~(2) Any gain resulting from the sale of a capital asset under section 1221(a) or section 1231 property shall not be included in taxable income;~~

(B) Income exempt from tax;

(C) Deductions under section 165, but only to the extent the losses were realized from qualified low-income community investments under paragraph (d)(1) of this section;

(D) Deductions under sections 167 and 168, including the additional first-year depreciation under section 168(k) and 1400N(d);

(E) Start-up expenditures amortized under section 195; and

(F) Organizational expenses amortized under section 709.

(iv) Solely for purposes of calculating a redemption under paragraph (e)(3) of this section, cash distributions made by the due date (including extensions) of a CDE's federal income tax return shall, at the election of the CDE, be treated as made in the prior taxable year.

(v) For purposes of calculating operating income under paragraph (e)(3)(iii) of this section, Reg. Sec. 1.704-1(b)(1)(vii) applies to treat the allocation of net or "bottom line" taxable income or loss as an allocation of each component thereof.