

ASSEMBLY, No. 1450

STATE OF NEW JERSEY 215th LEGISLATURE

PRE-FILED FOR INTRODUCTION IN THE 2012 SESSION

Sponsored by:

Assemblyman REED GUSCIORA

District 15 (Hunterdon and Mercer)

Assemblywoman MILA M. JASEY

District 27 (Essex and Morris)

Assemblywoman L. GRACE SPENCER

District 29 (Essex)

Assemblyman WAYNE P. DEANGELO

District 14 (Mercer and Middlesex)

Assemblyman JOHN S. WISNIEWSKI

District 19 (Middlesex)

Co-Sponsored by:

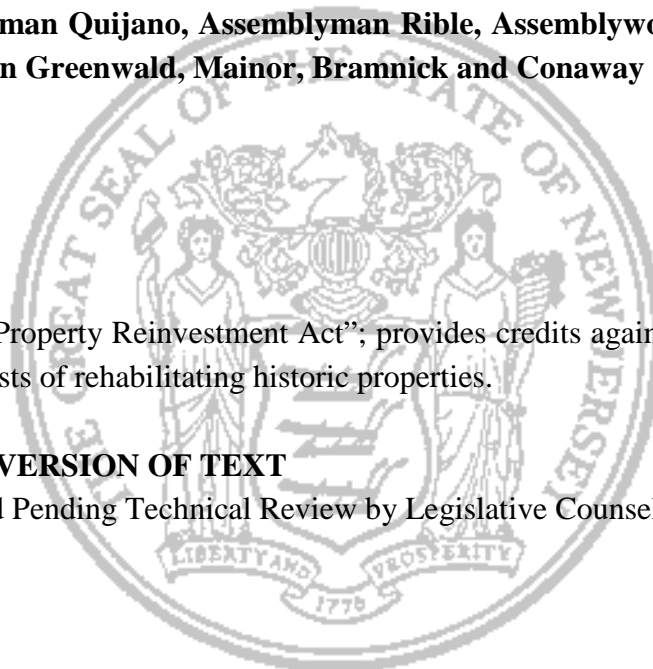
Assemblymen Giblin, Prieto, Johnson, McKeon, Diegnan, Assemblywoman N.Munoz, Assemblymen Burzichelli, Egan, Assemblywomen Vainieri Huttel, Wagner, Tucker, Assemblymen Ramos, Chivukula, Assemblywoman Angelini, Assemblymen Moriarty, Caputo, Coutinho, Fuentes, Assemblywoman Stender, Assemblyman Wilson, Assemblywoman Watson Coleman, Assemblymen Coughlin, A.M.Bucco, Assemblywoman Quijano, Assemblyman Rible, Assemblywoman Lampitt, Assemblymen Greenwald, Mainor, Bramnick and Conaway

SYNOPSIS

“Historic Property Reinvestment Act”; provides credits against certain taxes for certain costs of rehabilitating historic properties.

CURRENT VERSION OF TEXT

Introduced Pending Technical Review by Legislative Counsel



A1450 GUSCIORA, JASEY

2

1 AN ACT providing credits against certain taxes for certain costs of
2 rehabilitating historic properties, and supplementing Title 13 of
3 the Revised Statutes.

4

5 **BE IT ENACTED** by the Senate and General Assembly of the State
6 of New Jersey:

7

8 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Historic
9 Property Reinvestment Act."

10

11 2. As used in this act:

12 "Cost of rehabilitation" means the consideration given, valued in
13 money, whether given in money or otherwise, for the materials and
14 services which constitute the rehabilitation.

15 "Director" means the Director of the Division of Taxation in the
16 Department of the Treasury.

17 "New Jersey S corporation" means the same as the term is
18 defined in section 12 of P.L.1993, c.173 (C.54A:5-10).

19 "Officer" means the State Historic Preservation Officer or the
20 official within the State designated by the Governor or by statute in
21 accordance with the provisions of the "National Historic
22 Preservation Act," Pub.L.89-665 (16 U.S.C. s.470 et seq.), to act as
23 liaison for the purpose of administering historic preservation
24 programs in the State.

25 "Partnership" means an entity classified as a partnership for
26 federal income tax purposes.

27 "Principal residence" means a one- or two-family homestead
28 actually and continually occupied by an individual as the
29 individual's permanent residence, as distinguished from a vacation
30 home, property owned and rented or offered for rent by the
31 individual, and other secondary real property holdings, except that
32 the permanent residence of military personnel called to active duty
33 shall be considered to be a principal residence so long as the
34 individual maintains ownership of the residence for which the credit
35 is sought.

36 "Property" means a structure, including its site improvements
37 and landscape features, assessed as real property, and used for a
38 residential purpose, residential rental purpose, commercial purpose,
39 or any combination thereof.

40 "Qualified property" means a property located in the State of
41 New Jersey that is:

42 (a) (i) individually listed, or located in a district listed on the
43 National Register of Historic Places in accordance with the
44 "National Historic Preservation Act," Pub.L.89-665 (16 U.S.C.
45 s.470 et seq.), or on the New Jersey Register of Historic Places
46 pursuant to P.L.1970, c.268 (C.13:1B-15.128 et seq.), or
47 individually designated, or located in a district designated, by the

1 Pinelands Commission as a historic resource of significance to the
2 Pinelands in accordance with the Pinelands comprehensive
3 management plan adopted pursuant to the "Pinelands Protection
4 Act," P. L.1979, c.111 (C.13:18A-1 et seq.), and

5 (ii) if located within a district, certified by either the officer or
6 the Pinelands Commission, as appropriate, as contributing to the
7 historic significance of the district; or

8 (b) (i) individually identified or registered, or located in a
9 district composed of properties identified or registered, for
10 protection as significant historic resources in accordance with
11 criteria established by a municipality in which the property or
12 district is located if the criteria for identification or registration has
13 been approved by the officer as suitable for substantially achieving
14 the purpose of preserving and rehabilitating buildings of historic
15 significance within the jurisdiction of the municipality, and

16 (ii) if located within a district, certified by the officer as
17 contributing to the historic significance of the district.

18 "Rehabilitation" means the repair or reconstruction of the
19 exterior or interior of a qualified property to make an efficient
20 contemporary use possible while preserving the portions or features
21 of the property that have significant historical, architectural, and
22 cultural values.

23 "Rehabilitation of the interior of the qualified property" means
24 the repair or reconstruction of the structural or substrate
25 components and electrical, plumbing, and heating components
26 within the interior of a qualified property.

27 "Selected rehabilitation period" means a period of 24 months the
28 beginning of such period is chosen by the business entity during
29 which, or parts of which, a rehabilitation is occurring or a period of
30 60 months if a rehabilitation is reasonably expected to be completed
31 in distinct phases set forth in written architectural plans and
32 specifications completed before or during the physical work on the
33 rehabilitation.

34

35 3. a. An individual, upon successfulAn individual, upon
36 successful application to the officer, shall be allowed a credit
37 against the tax otherwise due pursuant to N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. for
38 25 percent of the cost of rehabilitation paid by the individual for the
39 rehabilitation of a qualified property that the individual owns and
40 occupies as the individual's principal residence for a period of
41 twelve consecutive months following the completion of the
42 rehabilitation, provided that (1) the cost of rehabilitation is in an
43 amount not less than 50 percent of the equalized assessed value of
44 the structure for local real estate tax purposes as indicated on the
45 most recent property tax bill for the qualified property prior to the
46 start of the rehabilitation, and that (2) for the purpose of calculating

1 the amount of the total credit, no more than 60 percent of the total
2 cost of rehabilitation shall be attributable to interior rehabilitation.

3 If more than one individual own a qualified property and at least
4 one of the owners occupies the qualified property as the owner's
5 principal residence for a period of twelve consecutive months
6 following the completion of the rehabilitation, each owner shall be
7 allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due pursuant to
8 N.J.S.54A:1-1 et seq. for 25 percent of the cost of rehabilitation
9 paid by that owner for the rehabilitation of a qualified property,
10 provided that (1) the total cost of rehabilitation of the qualified
11 property borne by all owners is in an amount not less than 50
12 percent of the equalized assessed value of the structure for local real
13 estate tax purposes as indicated on the most recent property tax bill
14 for the qualified property prior to the start of the rehabilitation, and
15 that (2) for the purpose of calculating the amount of the total credit,
16 no more than 60 percent of the total cost of rehabilitation of the
17 qualified property borne by all owners shall be attributable to
18 interior rehabilitation.

19 b. The amount of the credit allowable under this section shall
20 be applied against the tax otherwise due pursuant to N.J.S.54A:1-1
21 et seq. during the taxable year in which the officer issues the tax
22 credit certification to be attached by the individual to the
23 individual's tax return. The director shall determine the order in
24 which the credit allowed under this section and any other credit
25 permitted by law shall be applied against the individual's amount of
26 tax due. If the amount of the credit exceeds the individual's tax
27 liability, that amount of excess shall not be considered an
28 overpayment for the purposes of N.J.S.54A:9-7, but instead may be
29 carried over, if necessary, to the four taxable years following the
30 taxable year for which the credit was allowed.

31 c. The cumulative amount of credit granted under this section
32 for the cost of rehabilitation of a specific qualified property shall
33 not exceed \$25,000 within any ten-year period.

34
35 4. a. A business entity, upon successful application to the
36 officer, shall be allowed a credit against the tax otherwise due
37 pursuant to section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5), the tax
38 imposed on insurers generally, pursuant to P.L.1945, c.132
39 (C.54:18A-1 et. seq.), or the tax imposed on marine insurance
40 companies pursuant to R.S.54:16-1 et. seq., for 25 percent of the
41 cost of rehabilitation paid by the business entity for the
42 rehabilitation of a qualified property, if the cost of rehabilitation
43 during a business entity's selected rehabilitation period is not less
44 than the greater of (1) the adjusted basis of the structure of the
45 qualified property used for federal income tax purposes as of the
46 beginning of the business entity's selected rehabilitation period, or
47 (2) \$5,000. The amount of the credit claimed in any accounting or

1 privilege period shall not reduce the amount of the tax liability to
2 less than the statutory minimum provided in subsection (e) of
3 section 5 of P.L.1945, c.162 (C.54:10A-5).

4 b. The amount of credit granted, or recognized through a tax
5 credit transfer certificate acquired pursuant to section 5 of this act,
6 to a partnership, limited liability company, New Jersey S
7 corporation, multiple owners, or qualifying long-term leaseholders
8 of the property, shall be passed through to the partners, members,
9 shareholders, or owners respectively, either in proportion to their
10 ownership interest in the entity or as the partners, members,
11 shareholders, or owners mutually agree as provided in an executed
12 document detailing the alternate distribution method.

13 c. A business entity may claim a credit under this section
14 during the accounting or privilege period (1) in which it makes the
15 final payment for the cost of the rehabilitation if the business entity
16 has chosen a selected rehabilitation period of 24 months, or (2) in
17 which a distinct project phase of the rehabilitation is completed if
18 the business entity has chosen a selected rehabilitation period of 60
19 months. The credit may be claimed against any tax liability
20 otherwise due after any other credits permitted pursuant to law have
21 been applied. The amount of credit claimed in an accounting or
22 privilege period that cannot be applied for that accounting or
23 privilege period due to limitations in this section may be carried
24 over, if necessary, to the nine accounting or privilege periods
25 following the accounting or privilege period for which the credit
26 was allowed.

27
28 5. a. The officer shall, in cooperation with the director,
29 establish and administer a gross income tax credit transfer
30 certificate program, a corporation business tax credit transfer
31 certificate program, and an insurance premiums tax credit transfer
32 certificate program to enable individuals and business entities with
33 unused, otherwise allowable amounts of tax credits issued pursuant
34 to this act to exchange these credits, in whole or in part, for private
35 financial assistance prior to the expiration of the tax credit.

36 A certificate issued by the officer shall include a statement
37 waiving the rights of the individual to whom or the business entity
38 to which the tax credit has been granted to claim that amount of the
39 credit against any tax liability.

40 b. An individual or business entity holding an unused,
41 otherwise allowable tax credit issued pursuant to this act may apply
42 to the officer for a tax credit transfer certificate pursuant to
43 subsection a. of this section. Upon receipt thereof, the individual or
44 the business entity may sell or assign, in full or in part, the tax
45 credit transfer certificate to another taxpayer in exchange for private
46 financial assistance to be provided by the purchaser or assignee of
47 the tax credit transfer certificate to the seller thereof. The purchaser

1 or assignee of the tax credit transfer certificate may apply the face
2 value of the tax credit transfer certificate acquired against the
3 purchaser's or assignee's applicable tax liability by claiming the tax
4 credit on the purchaser's or assignee's gross income tax,
5 corporation business tax or insurance premiums tax return with the
6 corresponding tax credit transfer certificate accompanying the tax
7 return.

8
9 6. a. The officer shall, in consultation with the director,
10 promulgate rules and regulations in accordance with the
11 "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et
12 seq.), as the officer deems necessary to administer the provisions of
13 this act, including but not limited to rules establishing
14 administrative fees to implement the provisions of this act and the
15 setting of an annual application submission date.

16 b. For every tax credit allowed pursuant to sections 3 and 4 of
17 this act, the officer shall certify to the director the total cost of
18 rehabilitation; that the property meets the definition of qualified
19 property; that the rehabilitation has been completed in substantial
20 compliance with the requirements of the Secretary of the Interior's
21 Standards for Rehabilitation pursuant to section 67.7 of title 36,
22 Code of Federal Regulations; and, if applicable, that no more than
23 60 percent of the cost of rehabilitation which will be used to
24 calculate the credit is for the rehabilitation of the interior of the
25 qualified property. The individual or business entity shall attach the
26 certification to the tax return on which the individual or business
27 entity claims the credit.

28 c. The total amount of credits approved by the officer pursuant
29 to this act shall not exceed \$15,000,000 in fiscal year 2012,
30 \$25,000,000 in fiscal year 2013, \$40,000,000 in fiscal year 2014,
31 and \$50,000,000 in fiscal year 2015 and thereafter.

32 The officer shall devise criteria for allocating tax credit amounts
33 if the approved amounts combined exceed the total amount in fiscal
34 years 2012 through 2015, including rules that allocate over multiple
35 fiscal years a single credit amount granted in excess of \$2,000,000.
36 The criteria shall include a project's historic importance, positive
37 impact on the surrounding neighborhood, economic sustainability,
38 geographic diversity, and consistency with Statewide growth and
39 development policies and plans.

40 d. In any fiscal year, not less than 25 percent of the total
41 monetary amount of tax credits approved pursuant to this act shall
42 be granted for the rehabilitation of qualified properties pursuant to
43 section 3 of this act, and not less than 65 percent of the total
44 monetary amount of tax credits approved pursuant to this act shall
45 be granted for the rehabilitation of qualified properties pursuant to
46 section 4 of this act. Any unallocated or recaptured portion of the

1 tax credits during any year pursuant to section 3 or 4 of this act may
2 be carried over and reallocated in succeeding years.

3

4 7. a. The officer, in collaboration with the director, shall adopt
5 rules for the recapture of an entire or partial tax credit amount
6 allowed under this act. The rules shall require the officer to notify
7 the director of the recapture of an entire or partial tax credit amount.
8 The recapture of funds shall be subject to the State Uniform Tax
9 Procedure Law, R.S.54:48-1 et seq. and recaptured funds shall be
10 deposited in the General Fund of the State.

11 b. If, before the end of five full years after the completion of
12 the rehabilitation of the qualified property, an individual who or a
13 business entity that has been allowed a tax credit pursuant to section
14 3 or 4 of this act modifies the architectural components of the
15 rehabilitated qualified property so that it ceases to meet the
16 requirements for the rehabilitation of a qualified property as defined
17 in this act, then the tax liability of the individual or business entity
18 for that taxable year or accounting or privilege period shall be
19 increased by the following percentage of that portion of the original
20 tax credit amount that the officer now disallows:

21 (1) 100 percent of the disallowed tax credit amount if the action
22 causing the disallowance occurs within one full year after the
23 rehabilitation's completion;

24 (2) 80 percent of the disallowed tax credit amount if the action
25 causing the disallowance occurs between the first and second full
26 year after the rehabilitation's completion;

27 (3) 60 percent of the disallowed tax credit amount if the action
28 causing the disallowance occurs between the second and third full
29 year after the rehabilitation's completion;

30 (4) 40 percent of the disallowed tax credit amount if the action
31 causing the disallowance occurs between the third and fourth full
32 year after the rehabilitation's completion; and

33 (5) 20 percent of the disallowed tax credit amount if the action
34 causing the disallowance occurs between the fourth and fifth full
35 year after the rehabilitation's completion.

36 c. In the case of a business entity that has chosen a selected
37 rehabilitation period of 60 months, if the architectural plans change
38 in the course of the phased rehabilitation project so that the
39 rehabilitation of the qualified property would, upon the
40 rehabilitation's completion, no longer qualify for a tax credit
41 pursuant to the requirements of this act, then the business entity's
42 tax liability for that accounting or privilege period shall be
43 increased by the full amount of the tax credit that the officer had
44 previously granted upon the completion of a distinct prior project
45 phase that the business entity has applied against its tax liability in a
46 prior accounting or privilege period. Any portion of the tax credit

1 that the business entity has not yet used at the time of the
2 disallowance by the officer shall be deemed void.

3
4 8. On or before December 31, 2015, the officer, in consultation
5 with the director, shall prepare and submit a written report
6 regarding the number and total monetary amount of tax credits
7 granted for the rehabilitation of qualified properties pursuant to
8 sections 3 and 4 of this act, the geographical distribution of the
9 credits granted, a summary of the tax credit transfer program
10 established pursuant to section 5 of this act, an evaluation of the
11 effectiveness of the tax credits provided pursuant to this act in
12 promoting the rehabilitation of historic properties,
13 recommendations for administrative or legislative changes to
14 increase the effectiveness of the program, and any other information
15 that the officer or the director may deem useful or appropriate. This
16 report shall be submitted to the Governor and, pursuant to section 2
17 of P.L.1991, c.164 (C.52:14-19.1), to the Legislature.

18
19 9. This act shall take effect immediately and section 3 shall
20 apply to taxable years beginning on or after January 1 next
21 following the date of enactment of this act, and section 4 shall apply
22 to accounting or privilege periods beginning on or after July 1 next
23 following the date of enactment of this act.

24
25

26 STATEMENT

27

28 This bill, the "Historic Property Reinvestment Act," provides tax
29 credits for the cost of rehabilitating historic properties in this State.
30 The bill creates two tax credits for up to 25 percent of the
31 taxpayer's outlay for rehabilitating a historic property: one for
32 homeowners, which is capped at \$25,000 per property during a ten-
33 year period; and one for businesses, which is not capped. The
34 homeowners' tax credit applies against homeowners' gross income
35 tax liabilities, while the business tax credit applies against
36 businesses' corporation business tax and insurance premiums tax
37 liabilities. If a taxpayer's liability is insufficient to take full
38 advantage of the credit, the bill allows the taxpayer to sell the credit
39 by through a tax credit transfer certificate program that the bill
40 directs the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) and the
41 Director of the Division of Taxation in the Department of the
42 Treasury to establish.

43 To qualify for the homeowners or business tax credits provided
44 in this bill, a property to be rehabilitated must be:

45 (1) (a) Individually listed (or located in a district listed) on the
46 National Register of Historic Places or the New Jersey Register of
47 Historic Places, or designated (or located in a district designated) by
48 the Pinelands Commission as an historic resource of significance to

1 the Pinelands; and (b) if located within a district, certified by either
2 the SHPO or the Pinelands Commission as contributing to the
3 district's historic significance; or

4 (2) (a) Individually identified (or located in a district composed
5 of properties identified) for protection as a significant resource in
6 accordance with criteria established by the appropriate municipality
7 and approved by the SHPO; and (b) if located within a district,
8 certified by the SHPO as contributing to the district's historic
9 significance.

10 A homeowner seeking a tax credit must spend no more than 60
11 percent of the cost of rehabilitation on interior rehabilitation and
12 must own and occupy the qualified property as the homeowner's
13 principal residence for twelve consecutive months following the
14 completion of the rehabilitation. Moreover, rehabilitation
15 expenditures must be at least 50 percent of the equalized assessed
16 value of the structure for local real estate tax purposes as indicated
17 on the most recent property tax bill for the property prior to the start
18 of the rehabilitation.

19 A business seeking the tax credit, to the contrary, must, during a
20 selected 24-month or 60-month rehabilitation period, as provided in
21 the bill, have eligible rehabilitation expenditures of the greater of
22 \$5,000 or the property's adjusted basis of the structure used for
23 federal income tax purposes.

24 The bill provides that the cumulative amount of tax credits
25 approved cannot exceed \$15 million in fiscal year 2012, \$25 million
26 in fiscal year 2013, \$40 million in fiscal year 2014, and \$50 million
27 in fiscal year 2015 and thereafter.

28 The bill requires that in any fiscal year in which tax credits are
29 issued, at least 25 percent of the total monetary amount of tax
30 credits approved be granted for the rehabilitation of qualified
31 properties by homeowners and at least 65 percent of the total
32 monetary amount of tax credits approved be granted for the
33 rehabilitation of qualified properties by business entities.

34 The bill requires the SHPO, in consultation with the director, to
35 prepare and submit on or before December 31, 2015 a written report
36 to the Governor and the Legislature detailing the number and total
37 monetary amount of tax credits granted for the rehabilitation of
38 qualified properties, the geographical distribution of the credits
39 granted, a summary of the tax credit transfer program, an evaluation
40 of the effectiveness of the tax credits in promoting the rehabilitation
41 of historic properties, recommendations for administrative or
42 legislative changes to increase the effectiveness of the program, and
43 any other information that the officer or the director may deem
44 useful or appropriate.