1 STATE OF OKLAHOMA 2 2nd Session of the 53rd Legislature (2012) 3 CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 1230 4 By: Mazzei of the Senate 5 and 6 Dank, Enns and Cooksey of the House 7 8 9 CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE 10 An Act relating to income tax; amending 27A O.S. 2011, Section 2-11-303, which relates to income tax credit for investments related to recycling, reuse or 11 reduction of hazardous waste; limiting ability to 12 claim credits; amending 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2355, which relates to income tax rates; modifying rates 13 and brackets for specified time period; amending 68 O.S. 2011, Sections 2357, 2357.4, 2357.6, 2357.11, 2357.25, 2357.26, 2357.27, 2357.30, 2357.32A, 14 2357.32B, 2357.33, 2357.41, 2357.43, 2357.45, 2357.46, 2357.47, 2357.59, 2357.81, 2357.100, 15 2357.101, 2357.102, 2357.104, 2357.203, 2357.206 and 2357.303, which relate to tax credits; limiting 16 ability to claim credits for child care expenses, child tax credit, gas used in manufacturing, 17 investment or increase in employment, certain contributions, for furnishing specified services, 18 purchasing coal, engaging in certain activities, certain agricultural investments, certain expenses by 19 employers related to child care and the business of child care, amounts paid as a guaranty fee, 20

Req. No. 3503 Page 1

production and sale of zero-emission electricity, manufacture of wind turbines, certain immunizations,

expenditures for construction, eligible wages,

a facility within a specified zone, purchase of poultry litter, investment in a film or music

qualified rehabilitation expenditures, percentage of certain federal credits, certain donations, specified

investment in certain recycling facility, location of

21

22

23

1 project, cost of certain equipment, railroad reconstruction or replacement expenditures, and 2 expenses related to specially trained canines; amending 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2358, which relates to 3 adjustments to income; limiting amount which may be exempted as a personal exemption, exemption for blindness, and exemption related to age; limiting 4 deduction for expenditures related to specified 5 physical disability; modifying application of certain provision and limiting amount which may be excluded from taxable income; limiting deduction for 6 nonrecurring adoption expenses; limiting deduction 7 for contributions to certain savings plan; requiring taxable income to be increased for certain deduction at specified amounts; amending 68 O.S. 2011, Section 8 2358.3, which relates to deductions; limiting amount 9 of deduction for certain contributions; amending 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2358.7, which relates to tax 10 credit; limiting amount of credit for certain certifications; amending 68 O.S. 2370, which relates to bank privilege tax; limiting amount of credit 11 which may be claimed against tax; amending 68 O.S. 12 2011, Section 2370.3, which relates to bank privilege tax; limiting amount of credit which may be claimed 13 against tax for amounts paid in origination fees; amending 68 O.S. 2011, Sections 2906 and 2907, which relate to property tax relief claimed as income tax 14 credit; limiting ability to claim credit; amending 68 O.S. 2011, Section 3624, which relates to Oklahoma 15 Film Enhancement Rebate Program; limiting ability to claim rebate; amending 68 O.S. 2011, Section 5011, 16 which relates to the Sales Tax Relief Act; limiting ability to file claims and amount of such claims; 17 amending 68 O.S. 2011, Section 54006, which relates 18 to Oklahoma Research and Development Incentives Act; limiting ability to claim credit; repealing 68 O.S. 2011, Sections 1370.3, 2357.13, 2357.24, 2357.31, 19 2357.40 and 2357.402, which relate to income tax credits; repealing 74 O.S. 2011, Sections 5075 and 20 5078, which relate to income tax credits; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency. 21

23

22

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 27A O.S. 2011, Section 2-11-303, is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-11-303. A. Except as otherwise provided in

subsection C of this section, any person, firm, corporation or other legal entity engaged, or proposing to engage, in the recycling, reuse or source reduction of any hazardous waste, the processing of which is certified as provided in Section 2-11-305 of this title, shall be entitled to a one-time credit against its income tax liability, as provided in Section 2-11-304 of this title, of not to exceed twenty percent (20%) of the net investment cost of equipment and installation of processes used for the recycling, reuse, or source reduction of hazardous waste. Provided, that:

- 1. The credit allowed to be taken shall not exceed the income tax liability for such year for such person, firm, corporation or legal entity;
- 2. The tax credit to be allowed shall not extend to or include plant operating expenses;
- 3. The person, firm, corporation or other legal entity applying for such tax credit actually uses the recycling, reuse, or source reduction process;
- 4. The tax credit is taken within three (3) years of the installation and actual use of such process; and

- 5. The tax credit allowed by any person, firm, corporation or other legal entity for any three (3) consecutive tax years shall not exceed a total of Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00).
- B. The investment cost of such process may be treated as a depreciable asset for income tax purposes.
- C. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.
- 15 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2355, is 16 amended to read as follows:
 - Section 2355. A. Individuals. For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 1998 and before January 1, 2006, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Oklahoma taxable income of every resident or nonresident individual, which tax shall be computed at the option of the taxpayer under one of the two following methods:
 - 1. METHOD 1.

2.2

a. Single individuals and married individuals filing separately not deducting federal income tax:

23

24

- (1) 1/2% tax on first \$1,000.00 or part thereof,
- (2) 1% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
- (3) 2% tax on next \$1,250.00 or part thereof,
- (4) 3% tax on next \$1,150.00 or part thereof,
- (5) 4% tax on next \$1,300.00 or part thereof,
- (6) 5% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
- (7) 6% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof, and
- (8) (a) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1998, and before January 1, 2002, 6.75% tax on the remainder,
 - (b) for taxable years beginning on or after
 January 1, 2002, and before January 1, 2004,
 7% tax on the remainder, and
 - (c) for taxable years beginning on or after

 January 1, 2004, 6.65% tax on the remainder.
- b. Married individuals filing jointly and surviving spouse to the extent and in the manner that a surviving spouse is permitted to file a joint return under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and heads of households as defined in the Internal Revenue Code not deducting federal income tax:
 - (1) 1/2% tax on first \$2,000.00 or part thereof,
 - (2) 1% tax on next \$3,000.00 or part thereof,
 - (3) 2% tax on next \$2,500.00 or part thereof,

1 3% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof, (4)2 (5) 4% tax on next \$2,400.00 or part thereof, 5% tax on next \$2,800.00 or part thereof, 3 (6) 6% tax on next \$6,000.00 or part thereof, and 4 (7)5 (8) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1998, and before January 1, 2002, 6.75% 6 7 tax on the remainder, for taxable years beginning on or after (b) 9 January 1, 2002, and before January 1, 2004, 10 7% tax on the remainder, and 11 for taxable years beginning on or after 12 January 1, 2004, 6.65% tax on the remainder. 13 2. . METHOD 2. Single individuals and married individuals filing 14 15 separately deducting federal income tax: 1/2% tax on first \$1,000.00 or part thereof, 16 (1)(2) 1% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof, 17 2% tax on next \$1,250.00 or part thereof, 18 (3) (4)3% tax on next \$1,150.00 or part thereof, 19 (5) 4% tax on next \$1,200.00 or part thereof, 20 (6) 5% tax on next \$1,400.00 or part thereof, 21 (7) 6% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof, 22 7% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof, 23 (8) 8% tax on next \$2,000.00 or part thereof, 24 (9)

- 1 (10)9% tax on next \$3,500.00 or part thereof, and 2 (11)10% tax on the remainder. Married individuals filing jointly and surviving 3 b. spouse to the extent and in the manner that a 4 5 surviving spouse is permitted to file a joint return under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and 6 7 heads of households as defined in the Internal Revenue Code deducting federal income tax: 8 9 (1)1/2% tax on the first \$2,000.00 or part thereof, 10 (2)1% tax on the next \$3,000.00 or part thereof, 11 (3) 2% tax on the next \$2,500.00 or part thereof, 12 (4)3% tax on the next \$1,400.00 or part thereof, 13 (5) 4% tax on the next \$1,500.00 or part thereof, 5% tax on the next \$1,600.00 or part thereof, 14 (6) 6% tax on the next \$1,250.00 or part thereof, 15 (7)7% tax on the next \$1,750.00 or part thereof, 16 (8) 8% tax on the next \$3,000.00 or part thereof, (9) 17 (10)9% tax on the next \$6,000.00 or part thereof, and 18 (11)10% tax on the remainder. 19 Individuals. For all taxable years beginning on or 20 В. 1.
 - B. $\underline{1.}$ Individuals. For all taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2008, and before January 1, 2012, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Oklahoma taxable income of every resident or nonresident individual, which tax shall be computed as follows: $\underline{1.}$

21

22

23

24

1	<u>a.</u>	Single individuals and married individuals filing
2		separately:
3		(a) (1) 1/2% tax on first \$1,000.00 or part thereof,
4		(b) (2) 1% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
5		(c) (3) 2% tax on next \$1,250.00 or part thereof,
6		(d) (4) 3% tax on next \$1,150.00 or part thereof,
7		(e) (5) 4% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof,
8		(f) (6) 5% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
9		and
10		$\frac{(g)}{(7)}$ 5.50% tax on the remainder for the 2008 tax
11		year and any subsequent through the 2011 tax year
12		unless the rate prescribed by subparagraph (h) of
13		this paragraph is in effect, and
14		(h) 5.25% tax on the remainder for the 2009 and
15		subsequent tax years. The decrease in the top
16		marginal individual income tax rate otherwise
17		authorized by this subparagraph shall be
18		contingent upon the determination required to be
19		made by the State Board of Equalization pursuant
20		to Section 2355.1A of this title.
21	2.	
22	<u>b.</u>	Married individuals filing jointly and surviving
23		spouse to the extent and in the manner that a
24		surviving spouse is permitted to file a joint return

1	under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and
2	heads of households as defined in the Internal Revenue
3	Code:
4	$\frac{(a)}{(1)}$ 1/2% tax on first \$2,000.00 or part thereof,
5	(b) (2) 1% tax on next \$3,000.00 or part thereof,
6	$\frac{\text{(c)}}{\text{(3)}}$ 2% tax on next \$2,500.00 or part thereof,
7	$\frac{\text{(d)}}{\text{(4)}}$ 3% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof,
8	$\frac{\text{(e)}}{\text{(5)}}$ 4% tax on next \$2,400.00 or part thereof,
9	$\frac{\text{(f)}}{\text{(6)}}$ 5% tax on next \$2,800.00 or part thereof,
10	and
11	$\frac{(g)}{(7)}$ 5.50% tax on the remainder for the 2008 tax
12	year and any subsequent through the 2011 tax year
13	unless the rate prescribed by subparagraph (h) of
14	this paragraph is in effect, and
15	(h) 5.25% tax on the remainder for the 2009 and
16	subsequent tax years. The decrease in the top
17	marginal individual income tax rate otherwise
18	authorized by this subparagraph shall be
19	contingent upon the determination required to be
20	made by the State Board of Equalization pursuant
21	to Section 2355.1A of this title.
22	2. Individuals. For the taxable year beginning on January 1,

2012, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Oklahoma taxable income of

23

24

1	every resider	nt or nonresident individual, which tax shall be
2	computed as f	Tollows:
3	<u>a.</u>	Single individuals and married individuals filing
4		separately:
5		(1) 1/2% tax on first \$1,000.00 or part thereof,
6		(2) 1% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
7		(3) 2% tax on next \$1,250.00 or part thereof,
8		(4) 3% tax on next \$1,150.00 or part thereof,
9		(5) 4% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof,
10		(6) 5% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof, and
11		(7) 5.25% tax on the remainder.
12	<u>b.</u>	Married individuals filing jointly and surviving
13		spouse to the extent and in the manner that a
14		surviving spouse is permitted to file a joint return
15		under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and
16		heads of households as defined in the Internal Revenue
17		Code:
18		(1) 1/2% tax on first \$2,000.00 or part thereof,
19		(2) 1% tax on next \$3,000.00 or part thereof,
20		(3) 2% tax on next \$2,500.00 or part thereof,
21		(4) 3% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof,
22		(5) 4% tax on next \$2,400.00 or part thereof,
23		(6) 5% tax on next \$2,800.00 or part thereof, and
24		(7) 5.25% tax on the remainder.

1	3. Indiv	viduals. For the taxable year beginning on January 1,
2	2013, a tax i	is hereby imposed upon the Oklahoma taxable income of
3	every resider	nt or nonresident individual, which tax shall be
4	computed as f	Follows:
5	<u>a.</u>	Single individuals and married individuals filing
6		separately:
7		(1) 1/2% tax on first \$1,000.00 or part thereof,
8		(2) 1% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
9		(3) 2% tax on next \$1,250.00 or part thereof,
10		(4) 3% tax on next \$1,150.00 or part thereof,
11		(5) 4% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof, and
12		(6) 5% tax on the remainder.
13	<u>b.</u>	Married individuals filing jointly and surviving
14		spouse to the extent and in the manner that a
15		surviving spouse is permitted to file a joint return
16		under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and
17		heads of households as defined in the Internal Revenue
18		Code:
19		(1) 1/2% tax on first \$2,000.00 or part thereof,
20		(2) 1% tax on next \$3,000.00 or part thereof,
21		(3) 2% tax on next \$2,500.00 or part thereof,
22		(4) 3% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof,
23		(5) 4% tax on next \$2,400.00 or part thereof, and
24		(6) 5% tax on the remainder.

1	4. Indiv	viduals. For all taxable years beginning on or after
2	January 1, 20	014, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Oklahoma taxable
3	income of eve	ery resident or nonresident individual, which tax shall
4	be computed a	as follows:
5	<u>a.</u>	Single individuals and married individuals filing
6		separately:
7		(1) 1/2% tax on first \$1,000.00 or part thereof,
8		(2) 1% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
9		(3) 2% tax on next \$1,250.00 or part thereof,
10		(4) 3% tax on next \$1,150.00 or part thereof,
11		(5) 4% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof, and
12		(6) 4.75% tax on the remainder.
13	<u>b.</u>	Married individuals filing jointly and surviving
14		spouse to the extent and in the manner that a
15		surviving spouse is permitted to file a joint return
16		under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and
17		heads of households as defined in the Internal Revenue
18		Code:
19		(1) 1/2% tax on first \$2,000.00 or part thereof,
20		(2) 1% tax on next \$3,000.00 or part thereof,
21		(3) 2% tax on next \$2,500.00 or part thereof,
22		(4) 3% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof,
23		(5) 4% tax on the next \$2,400.00 or part thereof, and
24		(6) 4.75% tax on the remainder.

No deduction for federal income taxes paid shall be allowed to any taxpayer to arrive at taxable income.

C. Nonresident aliens. In lieu of the rates set forth in subsection A above, there shall be imposed on nonresident aliens, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, a tax of eight percent (8%) instead of thirty percent (30%) as used in the Internal Revenue Code, with respect to the Oklahoma taxable income of such nonresident aliens as determined under the provision of the Oklahoma Income Tax Act.

Every payer of amounts covered by this subsection shall deduct and withhold from such amounts paid each payee an amount equal to eight percent (8%) thereof. Every payer required to deduct and withhold taxes under this subsection shall for each quarterly period on or before the last day of the month following the close of each such quarterly period, pay over the amount so withheld as taxes to the Tax Commission, and shall file a return with each such payment. Such return shall be in such form as the Tax Commission shall prescribe. Every payer required under this subsection to deduct and withhold a tax from a payee shall, as to the total amounts paid to each payee during the calendar year, furnish to such payee, on or before January 31, of the succeeding year, a written statement showing the name of the payer, the name of the payee and the payee's social security account number, if any, the total amount paid subject to taxation, and the total amount deducted and withheld as

- 1 tax and such other information as the Tax Commission may require.
 2 Any payer who fails to withhold or pay to the Tax Commission any
 3 sums herein required to be withheld or paid shall be personally and
- 5 Bamb Herein required to be wrennerd or para bharr be perbonarr, e
- D. Corporations. For all taxable years beginning after
 December 31, 1989, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Oklahoma taxable

individually liable therefor to the State of Oklahoma.

- 7 income of every corporation doing business within this state or
- 8 deriving income from sources within this state in an amount equal to
- 9 | six percent (6%) thereof.

4

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

- There shall be no additional Oklahoma income tax imposed on accumulated taxable income or on undistributed personal holding company income as those terms are defined in the Internal Revenue Code.
 - E. Certain foreign corporations. In lieu of the tax imposed in the first paragraph of subsection C of this section, for all taxable years beginning after December 31, 1989, there shall be imposed on foreign corporations, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, a tax of six percent (6%) instead of thirty percent (30%) as used in the Internal Revenue Code, where such income is received from sources within Oklahoma, in accordance with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and the Oklahoma Income Tax Act.
 - Every payer of amounts covered by this subsection shall deduct and withhold from such amounts paid each payee an amount equal to six percent (6%) thereof. Every payer required to deduct and

1 withhold taxes under this subsection shall for each quarterly period 2 on or before the last day of the month following the close of each such quarterly period, pay over the amount so withheld as taxes to 3 the Tax Commission, and shall file a return with each such payment. 4 5 Such return shall be in such form as the Tax Commission shall prescribe. Every payer required under this subsection to deduct and 6 7 withhold a tax from a payee shall, as to the total amounts paid to each payee during the calendar year, furnish to such payee, on or 8 9 before January 31, of the succeeding year, a written statement 10 showing the name of the payer, the name of the payee and the payee's 11 social security account number, if any, the total amounts paid 12 subject to taxation, the total amount deducted and withheld as tax 13 and such other information as the Tax Commission may require. payer who fails to withhold or pay to the Tax Commission any sums 14 herein required to be withheld or paid shall be personally and 15 individually liable therefor to the State of Oklahoma. 16

F. Fiduciaries. A tax is hereby imposed upon the Oklahoma taxable income of every trust and estate at the same rates as are provided in subsection B of this section for single individuals. Fiduciaries are not allowed a deduction for any federal income tax paid.

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

G. Tax rate tables. For all taxable years beginning after

December 31, 1991, in lieu of the tax imposed by subsection A or B

of this section, as applicable there is hereby imposed for each

1 taxable year on the taxable income of every individual, whose 2 taxable income for such taxable year does not exceed the ceiling amount, a tax determined under tables, applicable to such taxable 3 year which shall be prescribed by the Tax Commission and which shall 4 5 be in such form as it determines appropriate. In the table so prescribed, the amounts of the tax shall be computed on the basis of 6 7 the rates prescribed by subsections A and B of this section. purposes of this subsection, the term "ceiling amount" means, with 9 respect to any taxpayer, the amount determined by the Tax Commission 10 for the tax rate category in which such taxpayer falls.

11 SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357, is
12 amended to read as follows:

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Section 2357. A. The withheld taxes and estimated taxes paid shall be allowed as credits as provided by law.

B. 1. There shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title the amount of tax paid another state by a resident individual, as defined in paragraph 4 of Section 2353 of this title, upon income received as compensation for personal services in such other state; provided, such credit shall not be allowed with respect to any income specified in Section 114 of Title 4 of the United States Code, 4 U.S.C., Section 114, upon which a state is prohibited from imposing an income tax. The credit shall not exceed such proportion of the tax payable under Section 2355 of this title as the compensation for personal services subject

- to tax in the other state and also taxable under Section 2355 of
 this title bears to the Oklahoma adjusted gross income as defined in
 paragraph 13 of Section 2353 of this title.
- 2. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, there shall 4 5 be allowed to a resident individual or part-year resident individual or nonresident individual member of the Armed Forces as a credit 6 7 against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title twenty percent (20%) of the credit for child care expenses allowed under the 8 9 Internal Revenue Code of the United States or five percent (5%) of 10 the child tax credit allowed under the Internal Revenue Code, 11 whichever amount is greater. Neither credit authorized by this paragraph shall exceed the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this 12 13 title. The maximum child care credit allowable on the Oklahoma 14 income tax return shall be prorated on the ratio that Oklahoma adjusted gross income bears to the federal adjusted gross income. 15 The credit authorized by this paragraph shall not be claimed by any 16 taxpayer if the federal adjusted gross income reflected on the 17 Oklahoma return for the taxpayer is in excess of One Hundred 18 Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) for tax years beginning before 19 January 1, 2013 and for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 20 2013, Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00). 21
 - C. 1. Except as otherwise provided by paragraph 3 of this subsection, every taxpayer who operates a manufacturing establishment in the state shall be allowed a direct credit against

22

23

24

income taxes owed by such taxpayer to the state, the amount of which credit shall be proportioned to the amount of gas used or consumed in Oklahoma by such taxpayer in the operation of a manufacturing establishment, at a rate of three (3) mills per thousand (1,000) cubic feet of gas used or consumed after May 1, 1971, and during each taxable year of such taxpayer provided that the credit allowed herein shall not apply to the first twenty-five thousand (25,000) MCF of gas used or gas used to generate electricity or consumed after May 1, 1971, and during each taxable year of such taxpayer.

2. As used in this subsection:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

- a. "manufacturing establishment" means a plant or establishment which engages in the business of working raw materials into wares suitable for use or which gives new shapes, new qualities or new combinations to matter which has already gone through some artificial process,
- b. "gas used or consumed" shall include all natural or casinghead gas used in the operation of the manufacturing establishment for whatever purposes, but shall not include the following:
 - (1) gas which, after being severed from the earth, is subsequently injected into a formation in the state for the purpose of storing, recycling, repressuring or pressure maintenance,

1 (2) gas vented or flared directly into the atmosphere,

2.2

- (3) gas used for fuel in connection with the operation and development for or production of oil or gas in the field where produced, and
- (4) gas, any part of which is resold by the manufacturing establishment, except as to that part and quantity of the gas which is actually used by the establishment and not resold, and
- c. "one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of gas" (MCF) means that quantity of gas which, measured at a pressure of fifteen and twenty-five thousandths (15.025) pounds per square inch absolute and at a temperature of sixty-nine (69) degrees Fahrenheit, would have the volume of one thousand (1,000) cubic feet.
- 3. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this subsection may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this paragraph shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this subsection may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this subsection.

- D. No additions to tax shall be made in Oklahoma income tax returns by reason of the recapture or restoration of credits under the Internal Revenue Code, and no other credits against tax shall be allowed in Oklahoma income tax returns except as follows:
 - 1. Those credits provided in this section; and

- 2. Those For tax years beginning before January 1, 2013, those credits authorized by Sections 2-5-101 through 2-5-118 of Title 27A of the Oklahoma Statutes, which have been, or may hereafter be, certified pursuant to applications therefor made on or before March 22, 1971. Provided, the total amount of the credits referred to in this subparagraph to be taken by the taxpayer shall not exceed the certified net investment cost of the facilities or processes to which such credits pertain, reduced by the greater of:
 - a. the reduction in federal income tax of taxpayer as the result of deducting depreciation on such facilities or processes, or deducting nondepreciable costs for which credit has been so certified, or
 - b. the increase in the amount of Oklahoma income tax that would result if taxable income were increased by the amount deducted as set forth in subparagraph a of this paragraph.

And, provided further, that, after such credits have been exhausted, taxpayer shall each year thereafter adjust taxable income by adding any depreciation taken on such facilities or processes, or any

nondepreciable costs having been included in the net investment cost allowed as credit, and which depreciation or costs have been allowed

3 as a deduction in arriving at federal taxable income for such year.

4 SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.4, is 5 amended to read as follows:

2.2

Section 2357.4. A. Except as otherwise provided in subsection F of Section 3658 of this title and in subsection J of this section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title for:

- 1. Investment in qualified depreciable property placed in service during those years for use in a manufacturing operation, as defined in Section 1352 of this title, which has received a manufacturer exemption permit pursuant to the provisions of Section 1359.2 of this title or a qualified aircraft maintenance or manufacturing facility as defined in paragraph 14 of Section 1357 of this title in this state or a qualified web search portal as defined paragraph 35 of Section 1357 of this title; or
- 2. A net increase in the number of full-time-equivalent employees engaged in manufacturing, processing or aircraft maintenance in this state including employees engaged in support services.
- B. Except as otherwise provided in subsection F of Section 3658 of this title and in subsection J of this section, for taxable years

beginning after December 31, 1998, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title for:

2.2

- 1. Investment in qualified depreciable property with a total cost equal to or greater than Forty Million Dollars (\$40,000,000.00) within three (3) years from the date of initial qualifying expenditure and placed in service in this state during those years for use in the manufacture of products described by any Industry Number contained in Division D of Part I of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual, latest revision; or
- 2. A net increase in the number of full-time-equivalent employees in this state engaged in the manufacture of any goods identified by any Industry Number contained in Division D of Part I of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual, latest revision, if the total cost of qualified depreciable property placed in service by the business entity within the state equals or exceeds Forty Million Dollars (\$40,000,000.00) within three (3) years from the date of initial qualifying expenditure.
- C. The business entity may claim the credit authorized by subsection B of this section for expenditures incurred or for a net increase in the number of full-time-equivalent employees after the business entity provides proof satisfactory to the Oklahoma Tax Commission that the conditions imposed pursuant to paragraph 1 or paragraph 2 of subsection B of this section have been satisfied.

D. If a business entity fails to expend the amount required by paragraph 1 or paragraph 2 of subsection B of this section within the time required, the business entity may not claim the credit authorized by subsection B of this section, but shall be allowed to claim a credit pursuant to subsection A of this section if the requirements of subsection A of this section are met with respect to the investment in qualified depreciable property or net increase in the number of full-time-equivalent employees.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

Ε. The credit provided for in subsection A of this section, if based upon investment in qualified depreciable property, shall not be allowed unless the investment in qualified depreciable property is at least Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00). The credit provided for in subsection A or B of this section shall not be allowed if the applicable investment is the direct cause of a decrease in the number of full-time-equivalent employees. Qualified property shall be limited to machinery, fixtures, equipment, buildings or substantial improvements thereto, placed in service in this state during the taxable year. The taxable years for which the credit may be allowed if based upon investment in qualified depreciable property shall be measured from the year in which the qualified property is placed in service. If the credit provided for in subsection A or B of this section is calculated on the basis of the cost of the qualified property, the credit shall be allowed in each of the four (4) subsequent years. If the qualified property on

which a credit has previously been allowed is acquired from a related party, the date such property is placed in service by the transferor shall be considered to be the date such property is placed in service by the transferee, for purposes of determining the aggregate number of years for which credit may be allowed.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

The credit provided for in subsection A or B of this section, if based upon an increase in the number of full-timeequivalent employees, shall be allowed in each of the four (4) subsequent years only if the level of new employees is maintained in the subsequent year. In calculating the credit by the number of new employees, only those employees whose paid wages or salary were at least Seven Thousand Dollars (\$7,000.00) during each year the credit is claimed shall be included in the calculation. Provided, that the first year a credit is claimed for a new employee, such employee may be included in the calculation notwithstanding paid wages of less than Seven Thousand Dollars (\$7,000.00) if the employee was hired in the last three quarters of the tax year, has wages or salary which will result in annual paid wages in excess of Seven Thousand Dollars (\$7,000.00) and the taxpayer submits an affidavit stating that the employee's position will be retained in the following tax year and will result in the payment of wages in excess of Seven Thousand Dollars (\$7,000.00). The number of new employees shall be determined by comparing the monthly average number of full-time employees subject to Oklahoma income tax withholding for the final

quarter of the taxable year with the corresponding period of the prior taxable year, as substantiated by such reports as may be required by the Tax Commission.

- G. The Except as otherwise provided in this section, the credit allowed by subsection A of this section shall be the greater amount of either:
- 1. One percent (1%) of the cost of the qualified property in the year the property is placed in service; or
- 2. Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) for each new employee. No credit shall be allowed in any taxable year for a net increase in the number of full-time-equivalent employees if such increase is a result of an investment in qualified depreciable property for which an income tax credit has been allowed as authorized by this section.
- H. The credit allowed by subsection B of this section shall be the greater amount of either:
- 1. Two percent (2%) of the cost of the qualified property in the year the property is placed in service; or
 - 2. One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each new employee.

No credit shall be allowed in any taxable year for a net increase in the number of full-time-equivalent employees if such increase is a result of an investment in qualified depreciable property for which an income tax credit has been allowed as authorized by this section.

- I. Except as provided by subsection G of Section 3658 of this title, any credits allowed but not used in any taxable year may be carried over in order as follows:
- 1. To each of the four (4) years following the year of qualification;

2.2

- 2. To the extent not used in those years in order to each of the fifteen (15) years following the initial five-year period; and
- 3. If a C corporation that otherwise qualified for the credits under subsection A of this section subsequently changes its operating status to that of a pass-through entity which is being treated as the same entity for federal tax purposes, the credits will continue to be available as if the pass-through entity had originally qualified for the credits subject to the limitations of this section.

To the extent not used in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this subsection, such credits from qualified depreciable property placed in service on or after January 1, 2000, may be utilized in any subsequent tax years after the initial twenty-year period.

J. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable until the provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012. except as provided in this subsection:

```
1
        1. Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this
 2
    section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment,
    expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010,
 3
    according to the provisions of this section and through June 30,
 4
 5
    2012; provided, credits accrued during the period from July 1, 2010,
    through June 30, 2012, shall be limited to a period of two (2)
 6
 7
    taxable years. The credit shall be limited in each taxable year to
    fifty percent (50%) of the total amount of the accrued credit. Any
 9
    tax credits which accrue during the period of July 1, 2010, through
10
    June 30, 2012, may not be claimed for any period prior to the
    taxable year beginning January 1, 2012. No credits which accrue
11
    during the period of July 1, 2010, through June 30, 2012, may be
12
13
    used to file an amended tax return for any taxable year prior to the
    taxable year beginning January 1, 2012; and
14
        2. Any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act
15
16
    for which a credit would otherwise be allowed pursuant to this
    section, which occurs on or after July 1, 2012, shall be limited to
17
    eighty percent (80%) of the total amount of accrued credit allowed
18
    pursuant to paragraph 2 of subsection G and paragraph 2 of
19
```

monies to the Energy Conservation Assistance Fund. Except as

Section 2357.6. A. Any person or corporation may contribute

68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.6, is

AMENDATORY

subsection H of this section.

amended to read as follows:

SECTION 5.

20

21

2.2

23

24

otherwise provided in subsection B of this section, such
contributions shall be entitled to an income tax credit against the
state personal or corporate income tax liability of fifty percent
(50%) of the amount contributed to the fund for the taxable year in

5

14

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

which it was made.

of this section.

- No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this 6 section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, 7 expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for 8 9 which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of 10 this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012. 11 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be 12 claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other 13 act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions
- 15 SECTION 6. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.11, is 16 amended to read as follows:
 - Section 2357.11. A. For purposes of this section, the term "person" means any legal business entity including limited and general partnerships, corporations, sole proprietorships, and limited liability companies, but does not include individuals.
 - B. 1. Except as provided in subsection M of this section, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1993, and ending on or before December 31, 2014, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 1803 or Section 2355 of this title or

Section 624 or 628 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes for every person in this state furnishing water, heat, light or power to the state or its citizens, or for every person in this state burning coal to generate heat, light or power for use in manufacturing operations located in this state.

- 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1993, and ending on or before December 31, 2005, and for the period of January 1, 2006, through June 30, 2006, the credit shall be in the amount of Two Dollars (\$2.00) per ton for each ton of Oklahoma-mined coal purchased by such person.
- 3. For the period of July 1, 2006 through December 31, 2006, and for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, and ending on or before December 31, 2014, the credit shall be in the amount of Two Dollars and eighty-five cents (\$2.85) per ton for each ton of Oklahoma-mined coal purchased by such person.
- 4. In addition to the credit allowed pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 3 of this subsection, for the period of July 1, 2006, through December 31, 2006, and except as provided in subsection M of this section, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, and ending on or before December 31, 2014, there shall be allowed a credit in the amount of Two Dollars and fifteen cents (\$2.15) per ton for each ton of Oklahoma-mined coal purchased by such person. The credit allowed pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph may not be claimed or transferred prior to January 1, 2008.

C. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 1995, and ending on or before December 31, 2005, and for the period beginning January 1, 2006, through June 30, 2006, there shall be allowed, in addition to the credits allowed pursuant to subsection B of this section, a credit against the tax imposed by Section 1803 or Section 2355 of this title or Section 624 or 628 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes for every person in this state which:

- 1. Furnishes water, heat, light or power to the state or its citizens, or burns coal to generate heat, light or power for use in manufacturing operations located in this state; and
- 2. Purchases at least seven hundred fifty thousand (750,000) tons of Oklahoma-mined coal in the tax year.

The additional credit allowed pursuant to this subsection shall be in the amount of Three Dollars (\$3.00) per ton for each ton of Oklahoma-mined coal purchased by such person.

D. Except as otherwise provided in subsection E of this section and in subsection M of this section, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 1803 or Section 2355 of this title or Section 624 or 628 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes for every person in this state primarily engaged in mining, producing or extracting coal, and holding a valid permit issued by the Oklahoma Department of Mines. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, and ending on or before December 31, 2005, and for the period beginning

January 1, 2006, through June 30, 2006, the credit shall be in the amount of ninety-five cents (\$0.95) per ton and for the period of July 1, 2006, through December 31, 2006, and for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2007, the credit shall be in the amount of Five Dollars (\$5.00) for each ton of coal mined, produced or extracted in on, under or through a permit in this state by such person.

- E. In addition to the credit allowed pursuant to the provisions of subsection D of this section and except as otherwise provided in subsection F of this section, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2001, and ending on or before December 31, 2005, and for the period of January 1, 2006, through June 30, 2006, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 1803 or Section 2355 of this title or Section 624 or 628 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes for every person in this state primarily engaged in mining, producing or extracting coal, and holding a valid permit issued by the Oklahoma Department of Mines in the amount of ninety-five cents (\$0.95) per ton for each ton of coal mined, produced or extracted from thin seams in this state by such person; provided, the credit shall not apply to such coal sold to any consumer who purchases at least seven hundred fifty thousand (750,000) tons of Oklahoma-mined coal per year.
 - F. In addition to the credit allowed pursuant to the provisions of subsection D of this section and except as otherwise provided in

- subsection G of this section, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2005, and ending on or before December 31, 2005, and for the period of January 1, 2006, through June 30, 2006, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 1803 or Section 2355 of this title or that portion of the tax imposed by Section 624 or 628 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes, which is actually paid to and placed into the General Revenue Fund, in the amount of ninety-five cents (\$0.95) per ton for each ton of coal mined, produced or extracted from thin seams in this state by such person on or after July 1, 2005.
 - G. The credits provided in subsections D and E of this section shall not be allowed for coal mined, produced or extracted in any month in which the average price of coal is Sixty-eight Dollars (\$68.00) or more per ton, excluding freight charges, as determined by the Tax Commission.

H. The additional credits allowed pursuant to subsections B, C, D and E of this section but not used shall be freely transferable after January 1, 2002, and before January 1, 2013, by written agreement to subsequent transferees at any time during the five (5) years following the year of qualification; provided, the additional credits allowed pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 4 of subsection B of this section but not used shall be freely transferable after January 1, 2008, and before January 1, 2013, by written agreement to subsequent transferees at any time during the

five (5) years following the year of qualification. An eligible transferee shall be any taxpayer subject to the tax imposed by Section 1803 or Section 2355 of this title or Section 624 or 628 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes. The person originally allowed the credit and the subsequent transferee shall jointly file a copy of the written credit transfer agreement with the Tax Commission within thirty (30) days of the transfer. The written agreement shall contain the name, address and taxpayer identification number of the parties to the transfer, the amount of credit being transferred, the year the credit was originally allowed to the transferring person and the tax year or years for which the credit may be claimed. The Tax Commission may promulgate rules to permit verification of the validity and timeliness of a tax credit claimed upon a tax return pursuant to this subsection but shall not promulgate any rules which unduly restrict or hinder the transfers of such tax credit. For tax year 2013 and all subsequent tax years, no credit provided pursuant to this section may be allocated by a pass-through entity to a shareholder, partner or member.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

I. The additional credit allowed pursuant to subsection F of this section but not used shall be freely transferable on or after July 1, 2006, by written agreement to subsequent transferees at any time during the five (5) years following the year of qualification. An eligible transferee shall be any taxpayer subject to the tax imposed by Section 1803 or Section 2355 of this title or Section 624

1 or 628 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes. The person originally 2 allowed the credit and the subsequent transferee shall jointly file a copy of the written credit transfer agreement with the Tax 3 Commission within thirty (30) days of the transfer. The written 4 5 agreement shall contain the name, address and taxpayer identification number of the parties to the transfer, the amount of 6 7 credit being transferred, the year the credit was originally allowed to the transferring person and the tax year or years for which the 8 9 credit may be claimed. The Tax Commission may promulgate rules to 10 permit verification of the validity and timeliness of a tax credit 11 claimed upon a tax return pursuant to this subsection but shall not 12 promulgate any rules which unduly restrict or hinder the transfers of such tax credit. 13

J. Any person receiving tax credits pursuant to the provisions of this section shall apply the credits against taxes payable or shall transfer the credits as provided in this section. Credits shall not be used to lower the price of any Oklahoma-mined coal sold that is produced by a subsidiary of the person receiving a tax credit under this section to other buyers of the Oklahoma-mined coal.

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

K. The credits allowed by subsections B, C, D, E and F of this section, upon election of the taxpayer, shall be treated and may be claimed as a payment of tax, a prepayment of tax or a payment of

estimated tax for purposes of Section 1803 or 2355 of this title or Section 624 or 628 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

3

4

5

6

19

20

24

- L. Any credits allowed pursuant to the provisions of subsections B, C, D, E and F of this section but not used in any tax year may be carried over in order to each of the five (5) years following the year of qualification.
- 7 No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this Μ. section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, 8 9 expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for 10 which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of 11 this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012. 12 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be 13 claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions 14 15 of this section except as provided in this subsection. Beginning July 1, 2012, credit authorized by this section shall be refundable 16 and shall be allowed at eighty percent (80%) of the amount otherwise 17 18 allowed pursuant to this section.
 - SECTION 7. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.26, is amended to read as follows:
- Section 2357.26. A. Except as otherwise provided by subsection G of this section, for tax years beginning after December 31, 2001, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section

2355 of this title for employers incurring eligible expenses in connection with the provision of child care services.

- B. As used in this section:
- 1. "Eligible expenses" means amounts paid for:
 - a. the purchase of qualifying child care services that are actually provided to children of employees, at a program licensed by the Department of Human Services with a rating of two stars or higher pursuant to rules promulgated by the Department, at a:
 - (1) child care center, or
 - (2) family child care home,
 - planning, preparing a site and constructing a child care center,
 - c. renovating or remodeling a structure to be used for a child care center,
 - d. purchasing equipment necessary for use by a child care center,
 - e. expanding a child care center,
 - f. maintaining and operating a child care center, including paying direct administrative and staff costs,
 - g. purchasing child care slots actually provided or reserved for children of employees, or

Req. No. 3503 Page 36

10

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

11

12

13

15

14

16 17

18

20

19

21

2.2

23

24

h. fees and grants provided to child care resource and referral organizations doing business within this state; and

- 2. "Employer" means a taxpayer who employs one or more fulltime-equivalent employees and whose primary source of income is from a business other than the business of providing child care services.
- C. In lieu of a deduction from taxable income, the credit allowed by subsection A of this section shall be twenty percent (20%) of the amount of eligible expenses.
- D. The amount of eligible expenses upon which the credit will be based in any taxable year shall be limited to:
- 1. Three Thousand One Hundred Dollars (\$3,100.00) for expenses described in subparagraph a of paragraph 1 of subsection B of this section for each child of an employee receiving qualifying child care services;
- 2. Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) for expenses described in subparagraphs b through g of paragraph 1 of subsection B of this section; and
- 3. Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) for expenses described in subparagraph h of paragraph 1 of subsection B of this section.
- E. Any credits allowed but not used in any tax year may be carried over in order to each of the four (4) tax years following the year of qualification.

Req. No. 3503 Page 37

F. The Oklahoma Tax Commission, on or before January 31 of each year, shall submit a report regarding the credit authorized by this section to both houses of the Oklahoma Legislature. Such report shall summarize the total amount of credits claimed and likely to be claimed and allowed under this section.

- G. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.
- 15 SECTION 8. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.27, is 16 amended to read as follows:
 - Section 2357.27. A. Except as otherwise provided by subsection E of this section, for tax years beginning after December 31, 1998 there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title for eligible expenses incurred by entities primarily engaged in the business of providing child care services.
 - B. As used in this section, "eligible expenses" means amounts paid by an entity primarily engaged in the business of providing child care services for expenses incurred by the entity to comply

with the standards promulgated by a national accrediting association recognized by the Department of Human Services and which would not have been incurred by the entity to comply with the Oklahoma Child Care Facilities Licensing Act.

- C. The credit allowed by subsection A of this section shall be twenty percent (20%) of the amount of eligible expenses. Such credit shall not be allowed for any amounts for which the entity claims or receives an income tax credit, exemption or deduction.
- D. Any credits allowed but not used in any tax year may be carried over in order to each of the four (4) tax years following the year of qualification.
- E. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.
- 21 SECTION 9. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.30, is 22 amended to read as follows:
- Section 2357.30. A. As used in this section, "small business"

 24 means any corporation, partnership, sole proprietorship or other

business entity qualifying as "small" under the standards contained in Section 121 of Title 13 of the Code of Federal Regulations (13 C.F.R., Section 121).

- B. Except as otherwise provided in subsection E of this section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1998, every small business operating within this state shall be entitled to claim as a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes this title, subject to the limitations provided by subsection C of this section, any amount paid to the U.S. Small Business Administration as a guaranty fee pursuant to the obtaining of financing guaranteed by the Small Business Administration.
- C. The credit authorized by this section shall only be claimed against the tax liability resulting from income generated by the small business. If an income tax return upon which this credit is claimed includes taxable income from sources other than the small business, the credit shall only be allowed to be claimed upon a percentage of the income tax liability which does not exceed the percentage of income generated by the small business as compared to the total Oklahoma adjusted gross income shown on the return. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules and prescribe forms to implement the provisions of this section.
- D. If the credit authorized by this section exceeds the amount of income taxes due or if there are no state income taxes due on the

```
income of the taxpayer as computed pursuant to the provisions of
subsection C of this section, the amount of the credit not used may
be carried forward as a credit against subsequent income tax
liability for a period not to exceed five (5) years. The credit
shall be claimable only by the small business which is the primary
obligor in the financing transaction and which actually paid the
guaranty fee.
```

- E. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.
- SECTION 10. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.22, is amended to read as follows:
 - Section 2357.22. A. For tax years beginning before January 1, 2015, there shall be allowed a one-time credit against the income tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title
- 1. For investments in qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property placed in service after December 31, 1990; and

- 2. For investments in qualified electric motor vehicle property placed in service after December 31, 1995, and before July 1, 2010.
- B. As used in this section, "qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property" means:

- 1. Equipment installed to modify a motor vehicle which is propelled by gasoline or diesel fuel so that the vehicle may be propelled by a hydrogen fuel cell, compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas; provided, equipment installed on a vehicle propelled by a hydrogen fuel cell shall only be eligible for tax year 2010. The equipment covered by this paragraph must be new and must not have been previously used to modify or retrofit any vehicle propelled by gasoline or diesel fuel;
- 2. A motor vehicle originally equipped so that the vehicle may be propelled by a hydrogen fuel cell, compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas but only to the extent of the portion of the basis of such motor vehicle which is attributable to the storage of such fuel, the delivery to the engine of such motor vehicle of such fuel, and the exhaust of gases from combustion of such fuel. A motor vehicle originally equipped so that the vehicle may be propelled by a hydrogen fuel cell shall only be eligible for tax year 2010;
- 3. Property, not including a building and its structural components, which is:

a. directly related to the delivery of compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas, or hydrogen, for commercial purposes or for a fee or charge, into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle propelled by such fuel including compression equipment and storage tanks for such fuel at the point where such fuel is so delivered but only if such property is not used to deliver such fuel into any other type of storage tank or receptacle and such fuel is not used for any purpose other than to propel a motor vehicle, or

2.2

b. a metered-for-fee, public access recharging system for motor vehicles propelled in whole or in part by electricity. The property covered by this paragraph must be new, and must not have been previously installed or used to refuel vehicles powered by compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas, hydrogen or electricity.

Any property covered by this paragraph which is related to the delivery of hydrogen into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle shall only be eligible for tax year 2010; or

4. Property which is directly related to the compression and delivery of natural gas from a private home or residence, for noncommercial purposes, into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle

propelled by compressed natural gas. The property covered by this paragraph must be new and must not have been previously installed or used to refuel vehicles powered by natural gas.

- C. As used in this section, "qualified electric motor vehicle property" means a motor vehicle originally equipped to be propelled only by electricity; provided, if a motor vehicle is also equipped with an internal combustion engine, then such vehicle shall be considered "qualified electric motor vehicle property" only to the extent of the portion of the basis of such motor vehicle which is attributable to the propulsion of the vehicle by electricity. The term "qualified electric motor vehicle property" shall not apply to vehicles known as "golf carts", "go-carts" and other motor vehicles which are manufactured principally for use off the streets and highways.
- D. As used in this section, "motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle originally designed by the manufacturer to operate lawfully and principally on streets and highways.
- E. The Except as provided in subsection J of this section, the credit provided for in subsection A of this section shall be as follows:
- 1. For the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property defined in paragraph 1 or 2 of subsection B of this section and for the qualified electric motor vehicle property, fifty percent (50%)

of the cost of the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property or qualified electric motor vehicle property;

2.2

- 2. For qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property defined in paragraph 3 of subsection B of this section, a perlocation credit of seventy-five percent (75%) of the cost of the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property; and
- 3. For qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property defined in paragraph 4 of subsection B of this section, a perlocation credit of the lesser of fifty percent (50%) of the cost of the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property or Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00).
- F. In cases where no credit has been claimed pursuant to paragraph 1 of subsection E of this section by any prior owner and in which a motor vehicle is purchased by a taxpayer with qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property or qualified electric motor vehicle property installed by the manufacturer of such motor vehicle and the taxpayer is unable or elects not to determine the exact basis which is attributable to such property, the taxpayer may claim a credit in an amount not exceeding the lesser of ten percent (10%) of the cost of the motor vehicle or One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00).
- G. If the tax credit allowed pursuant to subsection A of this section exceeds the amount of income taxes due or if there are no state income taxes due on the income of the taxpayer, the amount of

the credit not used as an offset against the income taxes of a taxable year may be carried forward as a credit against subsequent income tax liability for a period not to exceed five (5) years.

is amended to read as follows:

- H. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half (1/2) of the tax credit that would have been allowed for a joint return.
- I. The Oklahoma Tax Commission is herein empowered to promulgate rules by which the purpose of this section shall be administered, including the power to establish and enforce penalties for violations thereof.
- J. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, the
 amount of credit provided pursuant to this section shall be limited
 to eighty percent (80%) of the total amount of accrued credit.

 SECTION 11. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.32A,

Section 2357.32A. A. Except as otherwise provided in subsection H of this section, for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2003, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title to a taxpayer for the taxpayer's production and sale to an unrelated person of electricity generated by zero-emission facilities located in this state. As used in this section:

- 1. "Electricity generated by zero-emission facilities" means electricity that is exclusively produced by any facility located in this state with a rated production capacity of one megawatt (1 mw) or greater, constructed for the generation of electricity and placed in operation after June 4, 2001, which utilizes eligible renewable resources as its fuel source. The construction and operation of such facilities shall result in no pollution or emissions that are or may be harmful to the environment, pursuant to a determination by the Department of Environmental Quality; and
 - 2. "Eligible renewable resources" means resources derived from:
 - a. wind,

- b. moving water,
- c. sun, or
- d. geothermal energy.
- B. For facilities placed in operation on or after January 1, 2003, and before January 1, 2007, the electricity generated on or after January 1, 2003, but prior to January 1, 2004, the amount of the credit shall be seventy-five one hundredths of one cent (\$0.0075) for each kilowatt-hour of electricity generated by zero-emission facilities. For electricity generated on or after January 1, 2004, but prior to January 1, 2007, the amount of the credit shall be fifty one hundredths of one cent (\$0.0050) per kilowatt-hour for electricity generated by zero-emission facilities. For electricity generated on or after January 1, 2007, but prior to

January 1, 2012, the amount of the credit shall be twenty-five one hundredths of one cent (\$0.0025) per kilowatt-hour of electricity generated by zero-emission facilities. For facilities placed in operation on or after January 1, 2007, and before January 1, 2016, for the electricity generated by these facilities the amount of the credit shall be fifty one hundredths of one cent (\$0.0050) for each kilowatt-hour of electricity generated by zero-emission facilities.

- C. Credits may be claimed with respect to electricity generated on or after January 1, 2003, during a ten-year period following the date that the facility is placed in operation on or after June 4, 2001.
- D. If the credit allowed pursuant to this section exceeds the amount of income taxes due or if there are no state income taxes due on the income of the taxpayer, the amount of the credit allowed but not used in any tax year may be carried forward as a credit against subsequent income tax liability for a period not exceeding ten (10) years.
- E. Any nontaxable entities, including agencies of the State of Oklahoma or political subdivisions thereof, shall be eligible to establish a transferable tax credit in the amount provided in subsection B of this section. Such tax credit shall be a property right available to a state agency or political subdivision of this state to transfer or sell to a taxable entity, whether individual or corporate, who shall have an actual or anticipated income tax

liability under Section 2355 of this title. These tax credit provisions are authorized as an incentive to the State of Oklahoma, its agencies and political subdivisions to encourage the expenditure of funds in the development, construction and utilization of electricity from zero-emission facilities as defined in subsection A of this section.

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

The Before January 1, 2013, the amount of the credit F. allowed, but not used, shall be freely transferable at any time during the ten (10) years following the year of qualification. person to whom or to which a tax credit is transferred shall have only such rights to claim and use the credit under the terms that would have applied to the entity by whom or by which the tax credit was transferred. The provisions of this subsection shall not limit the ability of a tax credit transferee to reduce the tax liability of the transferee, regardless of the actual tax liability of the tax credit transferor, for the relevant taxable period. The transferor initially allowed the credit and any subsequent transferees shall jointly file a copy of any written transfer agreement with the Oklahoma Tax Commission within thirty (30) days of the transfer. The written agreement shall contain the name, address and taxpayer identification number or social security number of the parties to the transfer, the amount of the credit being transferred, the year the credit was originally allowed to the transferor, and the tax year or years for which the credit may be claimed.

- Commission may promulgate rules to permit verification of the validity and timeliness of the tax credit claimed upon a tax return pursuant to this subsection but shall not promulgate any rules that unduly restrict or hinder the transfers of such tax credit. credit allowed by this section, upon the election of the taxpayer, may be claimed as a payment of tax, a prepayment of tax or a payment of estimated tax for purposes of Section 1803 or Section 2355 of this title. For tax year 2013 and all subsequent tax years, no credit provided pursuant to this section may be allocated by a pass-through entity to a shareholder, partner or member.
 - G. For electricity generation produced and sold in a calendar year, the tax credit allowed by the provisions of this section, upon election of the taxpayer, shall be treated and may be claimed as a payment of tax, a prepayment of tax or a payment of estimated tax for purposes of Section 2355 of this title on or after July 1 of the following calendar year.

- H. No credit Credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable until the provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2011.

 during specified time periods may be claimed as follows:
- 1. Beginning July 1, 2011, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment,

```
1 expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010,
```

- 2 | according to the provisions of this section $\pm i$
- 3 2. Any tax credits which accrue during the period of July 1,
- 4 | 2010, through June 30, 2011, may not be claimed for any period prior
- 5 to the taxable year beginning January 1, 2012. No credits which
- 6 accrue during the period of July 1, 2010, through June 30, 2011, may
- 7 be used to file an amended tax return for any taxable year prior to
- 8 | the taxable year beginning January 1, 2012;
- 9 3. Any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act
- 10 | for which a credit would otherwise be allowed pursuant to this
- 11 section, which occurs on or after July 1, 2012, and before January
- 12 | 1, 2014, shall be limited to eighty percent (80%) of the total
- 13 | amount of accrued credit; and
- 4. Credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this
- 15 section shall be refundable on or after January 1, 2013.
- 16 | SECTION 12. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.32B,
- 17 | is amended to read as follows:

- 18 Section 2357.32B. A. Except as otherwise provided by
- 19 subsection G of this section, for tax years beginning on or after
- 20 January 1, 2003, and ending on or before December 31, 2012, there
- 21 | shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 624 or
- 22 | 628 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes, and actually paid to and
- 23 placed into the General Revenue Fund, or Section 2370 or 2355 of

this title to Oklahoma manufacturers of advanced small wind turbines. As used in this section:

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

- 1. "Oklahoma manufacturers" means manufacturers who operate facilities located in this state which have the capability to manufacture small wind turbine products, including rotor blade and alternator fabrication; and
- 2. "Advanced small wind turbines" means upwind, furling wind turbines that meet the following requirements:
 - a. have a rated capacity of at least one kilowatt (1 kw) but not greater than fifty kilowatts (50 kw),
 - b. incorporate advanced technologies such as new airfoils, new generators, and new power electronics, variable speed,
 - c. at least one unit of each model has undergone testing at the US-DOE National Wind Technology Center, and
 - d. comply with appropriate interconnection safety standards of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers applicable to small wind turbines.
- B. The amount of the credit shall be based on the square footage of rotor swept area of advanced small wind turbines manufactured in this state. The amount of the credit shall be Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) per square foot produced in calendar year 2003, Twelve Dollars and fifty cents (\$12.50) per square foot

produced in calendar year 2004, and Twenty-five Dollars (\$25.00) per square foot produced in calendar years 2005 through 2012.

2.2

- C. The companies claiming the credit allowed by this section shall agree in advance to allow their production and claims to be audited by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and they must be able to show that they have made economic development investments in this state over the period of time for which the credit was claimed that exceed the net proceeds from the amount of credit claimed.
- D. If the amount of the credits allowed pursuant to this section exceeds the amount of income taxes due or if there are no state income taxes due on the income of the taxpayer, the amount of the credit allowed but not used in any taxable year may be carried forward as a credit against subsequent income tax liability for a period not exceeding ten (10) years.
- E. The Before January 1, 2013, the amount of the credit allowed but not used shall be freely transferable at any time during the ten (10) years following the year of qualification. Any person to whom or to which a tax credit is transferred shall have only such rights to claim and use the credit under the terms that would have applied to the entity by whom or by which the tax credit was transferred. The provisions of this subsection shall not limit the ability of a tax credit transferee to reduce the tax liability of the transferee regardless of the actual tax liability of the tax credit transferor for the relevant taxable period. The transferor originally allowed

the credit and the subsequent transferee shall jointly file a copy of the written credit transfer agreement with the Tax Commission within thirty (30) days of the transfer. The written agreement shall contain the name, address and taxpayer identification number of the parties to the transfer, the amount of the credit being transferred, the year the credit was originally allowed to the transferor and the tax year or years for which the credit may be claimed. The Tax Commission may promulgate rules to permit verification of the validity and timeliness of a tax credit claimed upon a tax return pursuant to this subsection but shall not promulgate any rules that unduly restrict or hinder the transfers of such tax credit. For tax year 2013 and all subsequent tax years, no credit provided pursuant to this section may be allocated by a pass-through entity to a shareholder, partner or member.

2.2

- F. For advanced small wind turbines produced in a calendar year, the tax credit allowed by the provisions of this section, upon election of the taxpayer, shall be treated and may be claimed as a payment of tax, a prepayment of tax or a payment of estimated tax for purposes of Section 624 or 628 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes, and actually paid to and placed into the General Revenue Fund, or Section 2370 or 2355 of this title on or after July 1 of the following calendar year.
- G. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment,

```
expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for

which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of

this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be

claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other

act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions
```

6 act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions
7 of this section.

SECTION 13. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.33, is amended to read as follows:

Section 2357.33. A. Except as otherwise provided by subsection E of this section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title for amounts paid by a taxpayer operating one or more food service establishments for immunizations against Hepatitis A for employees of the taxpayer who work in such establishments.

- B. As used in this section, "food service establishment" means an establishment where food or drink is offered for sale or sold to the public and which is licensed pursuant to the provisions of Section 1-1118 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- C. The amount of the credit allowed pursuant to the provisions of this section for each employee of the taxpayer shall not exceed the usual and customary fee that would be allowed for an

Req. No. 3503 Page 55

1 immunization against Hepatitis A as approved by the State and 2 Education Employees Group Insurance Board.

3

4

5

6

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

- D. The credit provided by this section shall be available to the taxpayer in the tax year in which an employee was immunized and shall not carry forward to subsequent tax years. Such credit shall not be refunded to the taxpayer.
- 7 No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this Ε. section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, 8 9 expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for 10 which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012. 11 12 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be 13 claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions 14 15 of this section.
 - SECTION 14. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.41, is amended to read as follows:
 - Section 2357.41. A. Except as otherwise provided by subsection I of this section, for tax years beginning after December 31, 2000, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Sections 2355 and 2370 of this title or that portion of the tax imposed by Section 624 or 628 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes that would otherwise have been apportioned to the General Revenue Fund for qualified rehabilitation expenditures incurred in connection with

any certified historic hotel or historic newspaper plant building
located in an increment or incentive district created pursuant to
the Local Development Act or for qualified rehabilitation
expenditures incurred after January 1, 2006, in connection with any

certified historic structure.

- B. The amount of the credit shall be one hundred percent (100%) of the federal rehabilitation credit provided for in Section 47 of Title 26 of the United States Code. The credit authorized by this section may be claimed at any time after the relevant local governmental body responsible for doing so issues a certificate of occupancy or other document that is a precondition for the applicable use of the building or structure that is the basis upon which the credit authorized by this section is claimed.
- C. All requirements with respect to qualification for the credit authorized by Section 47 of Title 26 of the United States Code shall be applicable to the credit authorized by this section.
- D. If the credit allowed pursuant to this section exceeds the amount of income taxes due or if there are no state income taxes due on the income of the taxpayer, the amount of the credit allowed but not used in any taxable year may be carried forward as a credit against subsequent income tax liability for a period not exceeding ten (10) years following the qualified expenditures.
- E. All rehabilitation work to which the credit may be applied shall be reviewed by the State Historic Preservation Office which

1 will in turn forward the information to the National Park Service for certification in accordance with 36 C.F.R., Part 67. A 2 certified historic structure may be rehabilitated for any lawful use 3 or uses, including without limitation mixed uses and still retain 4 eligibility for the credit provided for in this section.

5

The Before January 1, 2013, the amount of the credit allowed 6 for any credit claimed for a certified historic hotel or historic 7 newspaper plant building or any certified historic structure, but 9 not used, shall be freely transferable, in whole or in part, to 10 subsequent transferees at any time during the five (5) years 11 following the year of qualification. Any person to whom or to which 12 a tax credit is transferred shall have only such rights to claim and 13 use the credit under the terms that would have applied to the entity by whom or by which the tax credit was transferred. The provisions 14 of this subsection shall not limit the ability of a tax credit 15 transferee to reduce the tax liability of the transferee regardless 16 of the actual tax liability of the tax credit transferor for the 17 relevant taxable period. The transferor of the credit and the 18 transferee shall jointly file a copy of the written credit transfer 19 agreement with the Oklahoma Tax Commission within thirty (30) days 20 of the transfer. Such filing of the written credit transfer 21 agreement with the Oklahoma Tax Commission shall perfect such 22 transfer. The written agreement shall contain the name, address and 23 taxpayer identification number of the parties to the transfer, the 24

amount of credit being transferred, the year the credit was originally allowed to the transferor, the tax year or years for which the credit may be claimed, and a representation by the transferor that the transferor has neither claimed for its own behalf nor conveyed such credits to any other transferee. Commission shall develop a standard form for use by subsequent transferees of the credit demonstrating eligibility for the transferee to reduce its applicable tax liabilities resulting from ownership of the credit. The Tax Commission shall develop a system to record and track the transfers of the credit and certify the ownership of the credit and may promulgate rules to permit verification of the validity and timeliness of a tax credit claimed upon a tax return pursuant to this subsection but shall not promulgate any rules which unduly restrict or hinder the transfers of such tax credit. For tax year 2013 and all subsequent tax years, no credit provided pursuant to this section may be allocated by a pass-through entity to a shareholder, partner or member.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

G. Notwithstanding any other provisions in this section, on or after January 1, 2009, if a credit allowed pursuant to this section which has been transferred is subsequently reduced as the result of an adjustment by the Internal Revenue Service, Tax Commission, or any other applicable government agency, only the transferor originally allowed the credit and not any subsequent transferee of

the credit, shall be held liable to repay any amount of disallowed credit.

H. As used in this section:

2.2

- 1. "Certified historic hotel or historic newspaper plant building" means a hotel or newspaper plant building that is listed on the National Register of Historic Places within thirty (30) months of taking the credit pursuant to this section.
- 2. "Certified historic structure" means a building that is listed on the National Register of Historic Places within thirty (30) months of taking the credit pursuant to this section or a building located in Oklahoma which is certified by the State Historic Preservation Office as contributing to the historic significance of a certified historic district listed on the National Register of Historic Places, or a local district that has been certified by the State Historic Preservation Office as eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places; and
- 3. "Qualified rehabilitation expenditures" means capital expenditures that qualify for the federal rehabilitation credit provided in Section 47 of Title 26 of the United States Code and that were paid after December 31, 2000. Qualified rehabilitation expenditures do not include capital expenditures for nonhistoric additions except an addition that is required by state or federal regulations that relate to safety or accessibility. In addition,

qualified rehabilitation expenditures do not include expenditures related to the cost of acquisition of the property.

- I. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010,—for which the credit would otherwise be allowable until the provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, according to the provisions of this section. except as follows:
- 1. Any tax credits which accrue during the period of July 1, 2010, through June 30, 2012, may not be claimed for any period prior to the taxable year beginning January 1, 2012. No credits which accrue during the period of July 1, 2010, through June 30, 2012, may be used to file an amended tax return for any taxable year prior to the taxable year beginning January 1, 2012; and
- 2. Any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, shall be limited to eighty percent (80%) of the total amount of accrued credit; and
- 3. Credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after January 1, 2013, shall be refundable.

1 SECTION 15. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.43, is 2 amended to read as follows: Section 2357.43. For tax years beginning after December 31, 3 2001, and ending before January 1, 2013, there shall be allowed to a 4 5 resident individual or a part-year resident individual as a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title five percent 6 (5%) of the earned income tax credit allowed under Section 32 of the 7 Internal Revenue Code of the United States, 26 U.S.C., Section 32. 9 However, this credit shall not be paid in advance pursuant to the 10 provisions of Section 3507 of the Internal Revenue Code. If the 11 credit exceeds the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title, the 12 excess amount shall be refunded to the taxpayer. The maximum earned 13 income tax credit allowable on the Oklahoma income tax return shall be prorated on the ratio that Oklahoma adjusted gross income bears 14 15 to the federal adjusted gross income. SECTION 16. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.45, is 16 amended to read as follows: 17 Section 2357.45. A. 1. For tax years beginning after December 18 31, 2004, and ending before January 1, 2014, there shall be allowed 19 against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title, a credit for 20 any taxpayer who makes a donation to an independent biomedical 21 research institute and for tax years beginning after December 31, 22 2010, and ending before January 1, 2014, a credit for any taxpayer 23

Req. No. 3503 Page 62

who makes a donation to a cancer research institute.

24

- 2. The credit authorized by paragraph 1 of this subsection shall be limited as follows:
 - a. for calendar year 2007 and all subsequent years, the credit percentage, not to exceed fifty percent (50%), shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimate of the credits does not exceed Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000.00) annually. The formula to be used for the percentage adjusted shall be fifty percent (50%) times One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) divided by the credits claimed in the preceding year for each donation to an independent biomedical research institute and fifty percent (50%) times One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) divided by the credits claimed in the preceding year for each donation to a cancer research institute.
 - b. in no event shall a taxpayer claim more than one credit for a donation to any independent biomedical research institute and one credit for a donation to a cancer research institute in each taxable year nor shall the credit exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer for each type of donation,

2.2

c. for tax year 2011, no more than Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) in total tax credits for donations to a cancer research institute shall be allowed,

2.2

- d. in no event shall more than fifty percent (50%) of the Two Million Dollars (\$2,000,000.00) in total tax credits authorized by this section, for any calendar year after the effective date of this act January 1, 2011, be allocated for credits for donations to a cancer research institute, and
- e. in the event the total tax credits authorized by this section exceed One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any calendar year for either a cancer research institute or an independent biomedical research institute, the Oklahoma Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) but shall factor such excess into the percentage adjustment formula for subsequent years for that type of donation. However, any such adjustment to the formula for donations to an independent biomedical research institute shall not affect the formula for donations to a cancer research institute, and any such adjustment to the formula for donations to a cancer research institute shall not affect the formula for

donations to an independent biomedical research institute.

- 3. For purposes of this section, "independent biomedical research institute" means an organization which is exempt from taxation pursuant to the provisions of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 501(c)(3) whose primary focus is conducting peer-reviewed basic biomedical research. The organization shall:
 - a. have a board of directors,

2.2

- b. be able to accept grants in its own name,
- c. be an identifiable institute that has its own employees and administrative staff, and
- d. receive at least Fifteen Million Dollars (\$15,000,000.00) in National Institute of Health funding each year.
- 4. For purposes of this section, "cancer research institute" means an organization which is exempt from taxation pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code and whose primary focus is raising the standard of cancer clinical care in Oklahoma through peer-reviewed cancer research and education or a not-for-profit supporting organization, as that term is defined by the Internal Revenue Code, affiliated with a tax-exempt organization whose primary focus is raising the standard of cancer clinical care in Oklahoma through peer-reviewed cancer research and education. The tax-exempt

organization whose primary focus is raising the standard of cancer

clinical care in Oklahoma through peer-reviewed cancer research and

education shall:

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

20

21

2.2

23

24

- a. either be an independent research institute or a program that is part of a state university which is a member of The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education, and
- b. receive at least Four Million Dollars (\$4,000,000.00)in National Cancer Institute funding each year.
- B. In no event shall the amount of the credit exceed the amount of any tax liability of the taxpayer.
- C. Any credits allowed but not used in any tax year may be carried over, in order, to each of the four (4) years following the year of qualification.
- D. The Tax Commission shall have the authority to prescribe forms for purposes of claiming the credit authorized by this section.
- 18 SECTION 17. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.46, is 19 amended to read as follows:

Section 2357.46. A. Except as otherwise provided by subsection G of this section, for tax years beginning after December 31, 2005, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of Title 68 of Oklahoma Statutes this title for eligible expenditures incurred by a contractor in the construction of energy

efficient residential property of two thousand (2,000) square feet or less. The amount of the credit shall be based upon the following:

- 1. For any eligible energy efficient residential property constructed and certified as forty percent (40%) or more above the International Energy Conservation Code 2003 and any supplement in effect at the time of completion, the amount of the credit shall be equal to the eligible expenses, not to exceed Four Thousand Dollars (\$4,000.00) for the taxpayer who is the contractor; and
- 2. For any eligible energy efficient residential property constructed and certified as between twenty percent (20%) and thirty-nine percent (39%) above the International Energy Conservation Code 2003 and any supplement in effect at the time of completion, the credit shall be equal to the eligible expenditures, not to exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) for the taxpayer who is the contractor.
 - B. As used in this section:

2.2

- 1. "Eligible expenditure" means any:
 - a. energy efficient heating or cooling system,
 - b. insulation material or system which is specifically and primarily designed to reduce the heat gain or loss of a residential property when installed in or on such property,
 - c. exterior windows, including skylights,

d. exterior doors, and

2.2

e. any metal roof installed on a residential property,
but only if such roof has appropriate pigmented
coatings which are specifically and primarily designed
to reduce the heat gain of such dwelling unit and
which meet Energy Star program requirements;

- 2. "Contractor" means the taxpayer who constructed the residential property or manufactured home, or if more than one taxpayer qualifies as the contractor, the primary contractor; and
- 3. "Eligible energy efficient residential property" means a newly constructed residential property or manufactured home property which is located in the State of Oklahoma and substantially complete after December 31, 2005, and which is two thousand (2,000) square feet or less:
 - a. for the credit provided pursuant to paragraph 1 of subsection A of this section, which is certified by an accredited Residential Energy Services Network Provider using the Home Energy Rating System to have:
 - (1) a level of annual heating and cooling energy consumption which is at least forty percent (40%) below the annual level of heating and cooling energy consumption of a comparable residential property constructed in accordance with the standards of Chapter 4 of the 2003 International

24

Energy Conservation Code, as such code is in effect on the effective date of this act November 1, 2005,

- (2) heating and cooling equipment efficiencies which correspond to the minimum allowed under the regulations established by the Department of Energy pursuant to the National Appliance Energy Conservation Act of 1987 and in effect at the time of construction of the property, and
- (3) building envelope component improvements which account for at least one-fifth of the reduced annual heating and cooling energy consumption levels,
- b. for the credit provided pursuant to paragraph 2 of subsection A of this section, which is certified by an accredited Residential Energy Services Network Provider using the Home Energy Rating System to have:
 - (1) a level of annual heating and cooling energy consumption which is between twenty percent (20%) and thirty-nine percent (39%) below the annual level of heating and cooling energy consumption of a comparable residential property constructed in accordance with the standards of Chapter 4 of the 2003 International Energy Conservation Code,

as such code is in effect on the effective date

of this act November 1, 2005,

- (2) heating and cooling equipment efficiencies which correspond to the minimum allowed under the regulations established by the Department of Energy pursuant to the National Appliance Energy Conservation Act of 1987 and in effect at the time of construction of the property, and
- (3) building envelope component improvements which account for at least one-third of the reduced annual heating and cooling energy consumption levels.
- C. The credit provided for in subsection A of this section may only be claimed once for the contractor of any eligible residential energy efficient property during the taxable year when the property is substantially complete.
- D. If the credit allowed pursuant to this section exceeds the amount of income taxes due or if there are no state income taxes due on the income of the taxpayer, the amount of credit allowed but not used in any taxable year may be carried forward as a credit against subsequent income tax liability for a period not exceeding four (4) years following the qualified expenditures.
- E. For credits earned on or after the effective date of this act August 25, 2006, through December 31, 2012, the credits

```
1
   authorized by this section shall be freely transferable to
2
   subsequent transferees. For tax year 2013 and all subsequent tax
   years, no credit provided pursuant to this section may be allocated
3
   by a pass-through entity to a shareholder, partner or member.
4
```

6

20

21

23

24

- The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules necessary to implement this act.
- 7 No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this G. section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, 8 9 expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010 for 10 which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012. 11 12 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be 13 claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions 14 15 of this section except as provided in this subsection. Total 16 credits allowed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act pursuant to this section for the time period beginning 17 on July 1, 2012, shall be limited to eighty percent (80%) of the 18 total amount of accrued credit and shall be refundable. 19
 - SECTION 18. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.47, is amended to read as follows:
- Section 2357.47. A. 1. Except as otherwise provided in 2.2 subsection D of this section, for tax years beginning after December 31, 2005, there shall be allowed against the tax imposed by Section

- 2355 of this title, a credit for eligible wages paid by an employer to an employee. The amount of the credit shall be ten percent (10%) of the amount of the gross wages paid to the employee for a period not to exceed ninety (90) days but in no event shall the credit exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) for each employee of each taxpayer. In no event shall the total credit claimed exceed Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) in any one year for any taxpayer.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided by subsection D of this section, for tax years beginning after December 31, 2005, there shall be allowed against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title, a credit for eligible modification expenses of an employer. The amount of the credit shall be fifty percent (50%) of the amount of the funds expended for eligible modification expenses or new tools or equipment but in no event shall the credit exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for eligible modification expenses incurred for any single employee. In no event shall the total credit claimed exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) in any year for any taxpayer.
 - 3. As used in this section:

- a. "employee", "employer", "maximum medical improvement",
 "treating physician", and "wages" shall be defined as
 in Section 3 of Title 85 of the Oklahoma Statutes,
- b. "eligible wages" means gross wages paid by an employerto an employee who is injured as a result of an injury

which is compensable under the Workers' Compensation

Act and which are paid beginning when the employee

returns to work with restricted duties as provided by

the employee's treating physician or an independent

medical examiner before the employee has reached

maximum medical improvement, and ending after ninety

(90) days or when the employee has reached maximum

medical improvement, and

- c. "eligible modification expenses" means expenses incurred by an employer to modify a workplace, tools or equipment or to obtain new tools or equipment and which are incurred by an employer solely to enable a specific injured employee who is injured as a result of an injury which is compensable under the Workers' Compensation Act to return to work with restricted duties as provided by the employee's treating physician or an independent medical examiner before the employee has reached maximum medical improvement, and which workplace, tools or equipment are used primarily by the injured employee.
- B. In no event shall the amount of the credit(s) exceed the amount of any tax liability of the taxpayer.

C. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall have the authority to promulgate rules necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section.

2.2

- D. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.
 - SECTION 19. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.59, is amended to read as follows:

Section 2357.59. A. Except as otherwise provided by subsection F of this section, if any person, firm, corporation, partnership or other legal entity has made application or filed an information report on forms prescribed by the Oklahoma Tax Commission to receive a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title or Section 624 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes pursuant to the provisions of Sections 2357.23, 2357.51, 2357.52, 2357.53, 2357.54, 2357.55, 2357.56, 2357.57 or 2357.58 of this title on or before July 1, 1993, such credit may be received notwithstanding the provisions of Section 51 of Senate Bill No. 459 of the 1st Session of the 44th

Oklahoma Legislature or that the other requirements for allowance of such credit are not established until after July 1, 1993.

1

2

3

4

5

- B. Except as provided in this section, no person, firm, corporation, partnership or other legal entity shall qualify to receive any such credit after July 1, 1993.
- C. For any person, firm, corporation, partnership or other 6 7 legal entity or its successor who has filed the information report specified in subsection A of this section, for taxable years 8 9 beginning after December 31, 1995, and ending on or before December 10 31, 2000, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title for fifteen percent (15%) of the 11 12 investment cost of a new qualified recycling facility. A person, 13 firm, corporation, partnership or other legal entity or its successor which has withdrawn its application or information report 14 specified in subsection A of this section shall not be eligible for 15 such credit. For purposes of this subsection, a "qualified 16 recycling facility" shall mean buildings, land, improvements, 17 machinery and equipment located in Oklahoma and used in 18 manufacturing as defined by the Standard Industrial Classification 19 Code and at which facility is produced a qualified finished product, 20 provided that up to ten percent (10%) of the square feet of a 21 building may be devoted to office space used to provide clerical 22 support for the manufacturing operation. Such ten percent (10%) may 23 be in a separate building as long as it is part of the same 24

- contiguous tract of property on which the manufacturing facility is
 located. For purposes of this subsection, a "qualified finished

 product" shall mean a marketable product or component thereof which

 has economic value to the consumer and ninety percent (90%) of which

 is composed of materials which have been separated, diverted or

 removed from the waste stream and incorporated into the finished

 product by any means or method.
- 8 D. The credit provided for in subsection C of this section
 9 shall be subject to the following limitations:

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

- 1. The credit shall apply to investment in a qualified recycling facility only if construction or on-site installation of the facility commences on or after January 1, 1996, and before December 31, 1999;
- 2. The credit shall only be available if the total cost of the new qualified recycling facility exceeds Twenty Million Dollars (\$20,000,000.00) and employs at least seventy-five new full-time-equivalent employees, as certified by the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission;
- 3. The credit shall be initially allowed for the tax year in which the qualified recycling facility is placed in service.

 However, any credit allowed but not used in any tax year due to the limitation provided in paragraph 4 of this subsection shall be carried over in order, but used only once, to each of the fourteen (14) years following the year of initial allowance; and

4. The credit shall not be utilized in any tax year to reduce the income tax liability of the owner of the qualified recycling facility for such year by more than fifty percent (50%) of the tax liability calculated from the income of the qualified recycling facility. For purposes of subsections C and D of this section, the "owner" shall include the user of a qualified recycling facility under a lease with a term of five (5) years or more.

- E. The Oklahoma Tax Commission may promulgate rules in order to implement the provisions of this section including requirements to submit any additional information as deemed necessary to implement and administer this credit.
- F. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.
- 21 SECTION 20. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.81, is 22 amended to read as follows:
 - Section 2357.81. A. Subject to the limitation imposed pursuant to subsection C of Section 842 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes

and except as otherwise provided by subsection F of this section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2000, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed pursuant to Section 2355 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes this title, an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of ad valorem taxes exempted pursuant to the provisions of Section 860 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes for an enterprise locating a new facility within or expanding an existing facility within an enterprise zone as designated pursuant to Section 690.2 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes this title if such facility is also located within an incentive district.

B. The income tax credit authorized by this section shall only be available, to the extent otherwise allowable and except as otherwise provided by subsection F of this section, for ad valorem taxes for which an exemption has been provided pursuant to Section 860 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes on or after January 1, 2001. The county assessor of the county in which the facility is located, or any part of the facility, shall provide an annual certification to the Oklahoma Tax Commission not later than January 31 of each calendar year as to the amount of ad valorem taxes which would have been payable by the owner of the facility without the exemption provided by Section 860 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

- C. In order to claim the credit authorized by this section, the taxpayer shall obtain a certification from the local governing body approving the incentive district which shall be acknowledged by the chief elected official of the local governing body. The certification shall be signed by the Director of the Oklahoma Department of Commerce or designee, that the facility is located within an enterprise zone. The signature required by this subsection shall be acknowledged in the manner provided by law.
- D. The credit authorized by this section shall be allowable only to the extent of ad valorem taxes which would have been levied upon the taxable value of real property and improvements physically attached to real property constituting the eligible facility without the exemption provided by Section 860 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes and shall not be allowable to the extent that the credit is claimed for ad valorem taxes which would have been levied upon the taxable value of personal property of the enterprise even if the incentive granted by the participating governmental entities in the incentive district includes personal property.
- E. If the tax credit authorized by this section exceeds the amount of taxes due or if there are no state taxes due of the taxpayer, the amount of the claim not used as an offset against the taxes of a taxable year may be carried forward for a period not to exceed ten (10) years.

Req. No. 3503

```
F. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.
```

SECTION 21. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.100, is amended to read as follows:

Section 2357.100. A. For taxable years beginning after

December 31, 2004, and ending on or before December 31, 2009, there

shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of

this title for the purchase and transportation of poultry litter.

Subject to the limitations provided in subsection C of this section,

the credit shall be available to the purchaser of the poultry litter

and shall equal Five Dollars (\$5.00) per ton purchased and

transported.

B. Except as provided in subsection F of this section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, and ending on or before December 31, 2013, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title for the purchase and transportation of poultry litter. Subject to the limitations

provided in subsection C of this section, the credit shall be available to the purchaser of the poultry litter and shall equal Ten Dollars (\$10.00) per ton purchased and transported.

- C. 1. The total of the credits authorized by this section shall not exceed Three Hundred Seventy-five Thousand Dollars (\$375,000.00) annually. The amount of the credit for each purchaser shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimate of the credits authorized by this section does not exceed Three Hundred Seventy-five Thousand Dollars (\$375,000.00). The formula to be used for the percentage adjustment shall be Three Hundred Seventy-five Thousand Dollars (\$375,000.00) divided by the credits claimed in the preceding year. In no event shall the credit be claimed more than once by a taxpayer each taxable year.
 - 2. In the event the total tax credits authorized by this section exceed Three Hundred Seventy-five Thousand Dollars (\$375,000.00) in any calendar year, the Oklahoma Tax Commission shall permit any excess over Three Hundred Seventy-five Thousand Dollars (\$375,000.00) but shall factor such excess into the percentage adjustment formula for subsequent years.
- D. In order to qualify for the credit provided for in subsections A and B of this section:
- 1. The poultry litter shall only be purchased from an Oklahomabased poultry operation registered with the State Board of Agriculture and located within an environmentally sensitive and

nutrient-limited watershed area as defined in the most recent Oklahoma Water Quality Standards;

- 2. The poultry litter shall be used or spread in a watershed that is not environmentally sensitive and nutrient-limited as defined in the most recent Oklahoma Water Quality Standards; and
- 3. The poultry litter shall be applied by a certified poultry waste applicator as defined by Section 10-9.1 of Title 2 of the Oklahoma Statutes and in accordance with the provisions of Sections 10-9.16 through 10-9.21 of Title 2 of the Oklahoma Statutes the Oklahoma Poultry Waste Applicators Certification Act and any rules promulgated by the Oklahoma Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry.
- E. The credit allowed by this section shall be available to the taxpayer in the year in which the poultry litter was purchased and transported, provided the taxpayer is found by the Oklahoma

 Department of Agriculture, Food, and Forestry to have applied the poultry litter in a manner consistent with an Animal Waste

 Management Plan, as defined in Section 10-9.1 of Title 2 of the Oklahoma Statutes, specifically designed to restore and protect beneficial uses from impairment from nutrients. If the credit exceeds the amount of income taxes due or if there are no state income taxes due on the income of the taxpayer, the amount of the credit not used as an offset against the income taxes for a year may

be carried forward as a credit against subsequent income tax

2 liability for a period not to exceed five (5) years.

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012. Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.

12 SECTION 22. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.101, 13 is amended to read as follows:

Section 2357.101. A. Except as otherwise provided in subsection G E of this section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, there shall be allowed against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes this title, a credit equal to twenty-five percent (25%) of the amount of profit made by a taxpayer from investment in an existing Oklahoma film or music project with a production company to pay for production costs that is reinvested by the taxpayer with the production company to pay for the production cost of the production company for a new Oklahoma film or music project.

- B. In no event shall the amount of the credit provided for in subsection A of this section for an eligible taxpayer exceed the tax liability of the taxpayer in a calendar year.
- C. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall have the authority to prescribe forms for purposes of claiming the credit authorized in subsection A of this section. The forms shall include, but not be limited to, requests for information that prove who the investment was with, the amount of the original investment and the amount of the profit realized from the investment.
- D. As used in this section:

- 1. "Film" means a professional single media, multimedia program or feature, which is not child pornography as defined in subsection A of Section 1024.1 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes or obscene material as defined in paragraph 1 of subsection B of Section 1024.1 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes including, but not limited to, national advertising messages that are broadcast on a national affiliate or cable network, fixed on film or digital video, which can be viewed or reproduced and which is exhibited in theaters, licensed for exhibition by individual television stations, groups of stations, networks, cable television stations or other means or licensed for home viewing markets;
- 2. "Music project" means a professional recording released on a national or international level, whether via traditional manufacturing or distributing or electronic distribution, using

technology currently in use or future technology including, but not limited to, music CDs, radio commercials, jingles, cues, or electronic device recordings;

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

- 3. "Production company" means a person who produces a film or music project for exhibition in theaters, on television or elsewhere;
 - 4. "Total production cost" includes, but is not limited to:
 - a. wages or salaries of persons who have earned income from working on a film or music project in this state, including payments to personal services corporations with respect to the services of qualified performing artists, as determined under Section 62(a)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code,
 - the cost of construction and operations, wardrobe,
 accessories and related services,
 - c. the cost of photography, sound synchronization, lighting and related services,
 - d. the cost of editing and related services,
 - e. rental of facilities and equipment, and
 - f. other direct costs of producing a film or music project;
- 5. "Existing Oklahoma film or music project" means a film or music project produced after July 1, 2005;

6. "Profit" means the amount made by the taxpayer to be determined as follows:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

- a. the gross revenues less gross expenses, including direct production, distribution and marketing costs and an allocation of indirect overhead costs, of the film or music project shall be multiplied by,
- b. a ratio, the numerator of which is Oklahoma production costs, as defined in paragraph 7 of this subsection, and the denominator of which is total production costs, as defined in paragraph 4 of this subsection, which shall be multiplied by,
- c. the percent of the taxpayer's taxable income allocated to Oklahoma in a taxable year, and
- d. subtract from the result of the formula calculated pursuant to subparagraphs a through c of this paragraph the profit made by a taxpayer from investment in an existing Oklahoma film or music project in previous taxable years. Profit shall include either a net profit or net loss;
- 7. "Oklahoma production cost" means that portion of total production costs which are incurred with any qualified vendor;
 - 8. a. "Qualified vendor" means an Oklahoma entity which provides goods or services to a production company and for which:

1 (1) fifty percent (50%) or more of its employees are
2 Oklahoma residents, and
3 (2) fifty percent (50%) or more of gross wages, as

2.2

- reported on Internal Revenue Service Form W-2 or Form 1099, are paid to Oklahoma residents.
- b. For purposes of this paragraph, an employee shall include a self-employed individual reporting income from a qualified vendor on Internal Revenue Service Form 1040.
- c. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall prescribe forms by which an entity may be certified to a production company as a qualified vendor for purposes of this section; and
- 9. "Investment" means costs associated with the original production company. Film or music projects acquired from an original production company do not qualify as investment under subsection A of this section.
- G. E. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other

act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.

SECTION 23. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.102, is amended to read as follows:

Section 2357.102. A. Except as otherwise provided by subsection G of this section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes this title for the cost of the purchase of a dry fire hydrant or the cost to provide an acceptable means of water storage for such dry fire hydrant including a pond, tank, or other storage facility with the primary purpose of fire protection within the State of Oklahoma. The credit shall be equal to fifty percent (50%) of the purchase price of the dry fire hydrant or the actual expenditure for any new water storage construction, equipment, development and installation of the dry hydrant, including pipes, valves, hydrants, and labor for each installation of a dry hydrant or new water storage facility but in no event shall the amount of the credit exceed Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) for each taxpayer.

- B. In order to qualify for the tax credit provided for in subsection A of this section, the dry fire hydrant or new water storage facility must meet the following minimum requirements:
- 1. Each body of water or water storage structure must be able to provide two hundred fifty (250) gallons per minute for a

1 continuous two-hour period during a fifty-year drought or freeze at 2 a vertical lift of eighteen (18) feet;

2.2

- 2. Each dry fire hydrant must be located within twenty-five (25) feet of an all-weather roadway and must be accessible to fire protection equipment; and
- 3. Dry fire hydrants shall be located a reasonable distance from other dry or pressurized hydrants.
- C. In no event shall the amount of the credit exceed the amount of any tax liability of the taxpayer.
- D. Any credits allowed but not used in any tax year may be carried over, in order, to each of the four (4) years following the year of qualification.
 - E. The Oklahoma Tax Commission and the State Fire Marshal Commission shall promulgate rules to establish the requirements for the construction of a dry fire hydrant or new water storage facility and permit verification of eligibility of a dry fire hydrant or new water storage facility for the credit provided for in subsection A of this section.
- F. As used in this section, "dry fire hydrant" means nonpressurized pipes permanently installed in lakes, farm ponds, and streams that provide a ready means of drawing water.
- G. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for

```
which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.
```

Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.

SECTION 24. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.104, is amended to read as follows:

Section 2357.104. A. Except as otherwise provided by subsection G of this section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title equal to fifty percent (50%) of an eligible taxpayer's qualified railroad reconstruction or replacement expenditures.

- B. 1. Except as provided in paragraph 2 of this subsection, the amount of the credit shall be limited to the product of Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) for tax year 2007 and Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) for tax year 2008 and subsequent tax years and the number of miles of railroad track owned or leased within this state by the eligible taxpayer as of the close of the taxable year.
- 2. In tax year 2009 and subsequent tax years, a taxpayer may elect to increase the limit provided in paragraph 1 of this subsection to an amount equal to three times the limit specified in paragraph 1 of this subsection for qualified expenditures made in

the tax year, provided the taxpayer may only claim one third (1/3) of the credit in any one taxable period.

1

2

The Before January 1, 2013, the credit allowed pursuant to 3 subsection A of this section but not used shall be freely 4 5 transferable, by written agreement, to subsequent transferees at any time during the five (5) years following the year of qualification. 6 7 An eligible transferee shall be any taxpayer subject to the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title. The person originally 8 9 allowed the credit and the subsequent transferee shall jointly file 10 a copy of the written credit transfer agreement with the Oklahoma 11 Tax Commission within thirty (30) days of the transfer. The written agreement shall contain the name, address and taxpayer 12 13 identification number of the parties to the transfer, the amount of credit being transferred, the year the credit was originally allowed 14 15 to the transferring person and the tax year or years for which the credit may be claimed. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to 16 permit verification of the timeliness of a tax credit claimed upon a 17 tax return pursuant to this subsection but shall not promulgate any 18 rules which unduly restrict or hinder the transfers of such tax 19 credit. The Department of Transportation shall promulgate rules to 20 permit verification of the eligibility of an eligible taxpayer's 21 expenditures for the purpose of claiming the credit. The rules 22 shall provide for the approval of qualified railroad reconstruction 23 or replacement expenditures prior to commencement of a project and 24

- 1 provide a certificate of verification upon completion of a project
- 2 | that uses qualified railroad reconstruction or replacement
- 3 expenditures. The certificate of verification shall satisfy all
- 4 | requirements of the Tax Commission pertaining to the eligibility of
- 5 | the person claiming the credit. For tax year 2013 and all
- 6 subsequent tax years, no credit provided pursuant to this section
- 7 may be allocated by a pass-through entity to a shareholder, partner
- 8 or member.
- 9 D. Any credits allowed pursuant to the provisions of subsection
- 10 A of this section but not used in any tax year may be carried over
- 11 | in order to each of the five (5) years following the year of
- 12 | qualification.
- 13 E. A taxpayer who elects to increase the limitation on the
- 14 | credit under paragraph 2 of subsection B of this section shall not
- 15 be granted additional credits under subsection A of this section
- 16 during the period of such election.
- 17 F. As used in this section:
- 18 1. "Class II and Class III railroad" means a railroad that is
- 19 | classified by the United States Surface Transportation Board as a
- 20 | Class II or Class III railroad;
- 21 | 2. "Eligible taxpayer" means any Class II or Class III
- 22 | railroad; and
- 3. "Qualified railroad reconstruction or replacement
- 24 expenditures means expenditures for:

a. reconstruction or replacement of railroad infrastructure including track, roadbed, bridges, industrial leads and track-related structures owned or leased by a Class II or Class III railroad as of January 1, 2006, or

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

24

- b. new construction of industrial leads, switches, spurs and sidings and extensions of existing sidings by a Class II or Class III railroad.
- 9 G. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this 10 section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for 11 which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of 12 13 this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012. Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be 14 15 claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions 16 of this section except as provided in this subsection. Total 17 credits allowed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure 18 or other act pursuant to this section for the time period beginning 19 on July 1, 2012, shall be limited to eighty percent (80%) of the 20 total amount of accrued credit and such credits shall be refundable. 21 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.203, SECTION 25. AMENDATORY 2.2 is amended to read as follows: 23

Req. No. 3503 Page 93

Section 2357.203. A. As used in this section:

1. "Nonqualified operating expenditures" means labor costs, salary and other compensation, whether direct or indirect, paid to directors, officers, limited liability company members, limited liability company managers, partners or other principals or employees of the business entity;

2.2

- 2. "Qualified direct costs" means expenditures, other than nonqualified operating expenditures, to construct dog kennels, fences, pens, training areas for canines, structures for office space or other improvements to real property necessary for the proper training of a specially trained canine, including the cost of food, water, veterinary expenses and other costs directly related to the operation of the training facility; and
- 3. "Specially trained canines" means dogs that are raised by a person who is officially licensed as a dog breeder by the United States Department of Agriculture.
- B. Except as provided in subsection F of this section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed pursuant to Section 2355 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes this title in the amount of fifty percent (50%) of the qualified direct costs associated with the operation of a business enterprise the principal purpose of which is the rearing of specially trained canines.
- C. The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to nonqualified operating expenditures.

D. The credit authorized by this section shall not be used to reduce the tax liability of the taxpayer to less than zero (0). Any credits authorized by this section claimed for a taxable year which are unable to be used may be carried over, in order, to each of the five (5) subsequent taxable years.

- E. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall be authorized to prescribe such forms as may be necessary in order to administer the tax credit authorized by this section. The Tax Commission may request such additional documentation as may be required from the taxpayer in order to verify the eligibility for the credit authorized by this section.
- F. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.
- 21 SECTION 26. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.206, 22 is amended to read as follows:
- Section 2357.206. A. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Oklahoma Equal Opportunity Education Scholarship Act".

B. 1. Except as provided in subsection E of this section, after the effective date of this act, there shall be allowed a credit for any taxpayer who makes a contribution to an eligible scholarship-granting organization. The credit shall be equal to fifty percent (50%) of the total amount of contributions made during a taxable year, not to exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for single individuals, Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) for married individuals filing jointly, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) for any taxpayer which is a legal business entity including limited and general partnerships, corporations, and limited liability companies; provided, if total credits claimed pursuant to this paragraph exceed the caps established pursuant to paragraph 2 of this subsection, the credit shall be equal to the taxpayer's proportionate share of the cap for the taxable year, as determined pursuant to subsection G of this section.

2.2

2. a. The total credits authorized by paragraph 1 of this subsection for all single individuals and married individuals filing jointly shall not exceed One Million Seven Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars

(\$1,750,000.00) annually for tax years ending prior to January 1, 2013, and shall not exceed One Million Four Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$1,400,000.00) annually for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2013.

b. The total credits authorized by paragraph 1 of this subsection for all other taxpayers not subject to subparagraph a of this paragraph shall not exceed One Million Seven Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars

(\$1,750,000.00) annually for tax years ending prior to January 1, 2013, and shall not exceed One Million Four Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$1,400,000.00) annually for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2013.

- c. Each cap on total credits as provided for in this paragraph shall be allocated by the Oklahoma Tax Commission as provided in subsection G of this section.
- C. 1. Except as provided in subsection E of this section, after the effective date of this act, there shall be allowed a credit for any taxpayer who makes a contribution to an eligible educational improvement grant organization. The credit shall be equal to fifty percent (50%) of the total amount of contributions made during a taxable year, not to exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for single individuals, Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00) for married individuals filing jointly, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) for any taxpayer which is a legal business entity including limited and general partnerships, corporations, and limited liability companies; provided, if total credits claimed pursuant to this paragraph exceed the cap established pursuant to

paragraph 3 of this subsection, the credit shall be equal to the taxpayer's proportionate share of the cap for the taxable year, as determined pursuant to subsection G of this section.

2.2

- 2. For any taxpayer who makes a contribution to an eligible educational improvement grant organization and makes a written commitment to contribute the same amount for two (2) additional consecutive years the credit shall be equal to seventy-five percent (75%) of the total amount of the contribution established in paragraph 1 of this subsection, not to exceed the amounts established in paragraph 1 of this subsection for the taxable year in which the credit provided in this subsection is claimed; provided, if total credits claimed pursuant to this paragraph exceed the cap established pursuant to paragraph 3 of this subsection, the credit shall be equal to the taxpayer's proportionate share of the cap for the taxable year, as determined pursuant to subsection G of this section. The taxpayer shall provide evidence of the written commitment to the Oklahoma Tax Commission at the time of filing the refund claim.
 - 3. a. The total credits authorized by paragraph 1 of this subsection for all single individuals, married individuals filing jointly and for all other taxpayers shall not exceed One Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$1,500,000.00) annually for tax years ending prior to January 1, 2013, and shall not exceed One

Million Two Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$1,200,000.00)

annually for tax years beginning on or after January

1, 2013.

b. The cap on total credits as provided for in this paragraph shall be allocated by the Oklahoma Tax Commission as provided in subsection G of this section.

- D. For credits claimed for eligible contributions made during tax year 2014 and thereafter, a credit shall not be allowed by the Oklahoma Tax Commission for contributions made to a scholarship-granting organization or an educational improvement grant organization if that organization's percentage of funds actually awarded is less than ninety percent (90%). For purposes of this section, the "percentage of funds actually awarded" shall be determined by dividing the total amount of funds actually awarded as educational scholarships or educational improvement grants over the most recent twenty-four (24) months by the total amount available to award as educational scholarships or educational improvement grants over the most recent twenty-four (24) months.
- E. Any tax credits which are earned by a taxpayer pursuant to this section during the time period beginning on the effective date of this act through December 31, 2012, may not be claimed for any period prior to the taxable year beginning January 1, 2013. No credits which accrue during the time period beginning on the

effective date of this act through December 31, 2012, may be used to file an amended tax return for any taxable year prior to the taxable year beginning January 1, 2013.

F. As used in this section:

- 1. "Eligible student" means a child of school age who is lawfully present in the United States and who is a member of a household in which the total annual income during the preceding tax year does not exceed an amount equal to three hundred percent (300%) of the income standard used to qualify for a free or reduced school lunch or who, during the immediately preceding school year, attended or, by virtue of the location of such student's place of residence, was eligible to attend a public school in this state which has been identified for school improvement as determined by the State Board of Education pursuant to the requirements of the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001, P.L. No. 107-110. Once a student has received an educational scholarship, as defined in paragraph 3 of this subsection, the student and any siblings who are members of the same household shall remain eligible until they graduate from high school or reach twenty-one (21) years of age, whichever occurs first;
- 2. "Eligible special needs student" means a child of school age who has attended public school in our state with an individualized education program pursuant to the Individuals With Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C.A., Section 1400 et seq.;
 - 3. "Educational scholarships" means:

a. scholarships to an eligible student of up to Five

Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) or eighty percent (80%)

of the average per-pupil expenditure in the school

district where the recipient student resides,

whichever is greater, to cover all or part of the

tuition, fees and transportation costs of a qualified

school which is accredited by the State Board of

Education or an accrediting association approved by

the Board pursuant to Section 3-104 of Title 70 of the

Oklahoma Statutes, or

2.2

- b. scholarships to an eligible special needs student of up to Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) to cover all or part of the tuition, fees and transportation costs of a qualified school for eligible special needs students which is accredited by the State Board of Education or an accrediting association approved by the Board pursuant to Section 3-104 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
- 4. "Low-income eligible student" means an eligible student or eligible special needs student who qualifies for a free or reduced-price lunch;
- 5. "Qualified school" means an elementary or secondary private school in this state, including schools which provide prekindergarten educational programs for four-year-olds, which:

1 is accredited by the State Board of Education or an 2 accrediting association approved by the Board pursuant to Section 3-104 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, 3 b. is in compliance with all applicable health and safety 4 5 laws and codes, has a stated policy against discrimination in 6 c. 7 admissions on the basis of race, color, national origin or disability, and 8 9 d. ensures academic accountability to parents and 10 guardians of students through regular progress 11 reports; "Qualified school for eligible special needs students" means 12 13 an elementary or secondary private school in a county in this state; 7. "Scholarship-granting organization" means an organization 14 which: 15 is a nonprofit entity exempt from taxation pursuant to 16 a. the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 17 U.S.C., Section 501(c)(3), 18 b. distributes periodic scholarship payments as checks 19 made out to an eligible student's or eligible special 20 needs student's parent or guardian and mailed to the 21

Reg. No. 3503 Page 102

2.2

23

24

c.

qualified school where the student is enrolled,

revenue on expenditures other than educational

spends no more than ten percent (10%) of its annual

scholarships as defined in paragraph 3 of this
subsection,

d. spends each year a portion of its expenditures on

2.2

- d. spends each year a portion of its expenditures on educational scholarships for low-income eligible students, as defined in paragraph 4 of this subsection, in an amount equal to or greater than the percentage of low-income eligible students in the state,
- e. ensures that scholarships are portable during the school year and can be used at any qualified school that accepts the eligible student or at any qualified school for special needs students that accepts the eligible special needs student,
- f. registers with the Oklahoma Tax Commission as a scholarship-granting organization, and
- g. has policies in place to:
 - (1) carry out criminal background checks on all employees and board members to ensure that no individual is involved with the organization who might reasonably pose a risk to the appropriate use of contributed funds, and
 - (2) maintain full and accurate records with respect
 to the receipt of contributions and expenditures
 of those contributions and supply such records

and any other documentation required by the Tax

Commission to demonstrate financial

accountability;

- 8. "Annual revenue" means the total amount or value of contributions received by an organization from taxpayers awarded credits during the organization's fiscal year and all amounts earned from interest or investments;
- 9. "Public school" means public schools as defined in Section 1-106 of Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
- 10. "Eligible school" means any public school that is not located within a ten-mile radius of a qualified school in this state, or any public school that is located within a ten-mile radius of a qualified school in this state but offers grade-level instruction different from the qualified school or any public school located within a public school district with fewer than four thousand five hundred (4,500) students;
- 11. "Early childhood education program" means a program provided to children who are at least four (4) years of age but not more than five (5) years of age on or before September 1;
- 12. "Innovative educational program" means an advanced academic or academic improvement program that is not part of the regular coursework of a public school but that enhances the curriculum or academic program of the school or provides early childhood education programs to students;

13. "Educational improvement grant" means a grant to an eligible public school to implement an innovative educational program for students, including the ability for multiple public schools to make an application and be awarded a grant to jointly provide an innovative educational program; and

2.2

- 14. "Educational improvement grant organization" means an organization which:
 - a. is a nonprofit entity exempt from taxation pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26

 U.S.C., Section 501(c)(3), and
 - b. contributes at least ninety percent (90%) of its annual receipts as grants to eligible schools for innovative educational programs. For purposes of this subparagraph, an educational improvement grant organization contributes its annual cash receipts when it expends or otherwise irrevocably encumbers those funds for expenditure during the then current fiscal year of the organization or during the next succeeding fiscal year of the organization.
- G. Total credits authorized by this section shall be allocated as follows:
- 1. By January 10 of the year immediately following each calendar year, a scholarship-granting organization or an educational improvement grant organization which accepts contributions pursuant

to this section shall provide electronically to the Tax Commission information on each contribution accepted during such taxable year.

At least once each taxable year, the scholarship-granting organization or the educational improvement grant organization shall notify each contributor that Oklahoma law provides for a total, statewide cap on the amount of income tax credits allowed annually;

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

2. If the Tax Commission determines the total combined a. credits claimed for contributions made to scholarshipgranting organizations during the most recently completed calendar year by all single individual taxpayers and married individuals filing jointly are in excess of One Million Seven Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$1,750,000.00) for tax years ending prior to January 1, 2013, and shall not exceed One Million Four Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$1,400,000.00) annually for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, plus any additional amount allocated pursuant to subsection H of this section, the Tax Commission shall determine the percentage of the contribution which establishes the proportionate share of the credit which may be claimed by any taxpayer so that the maximum credits authorized by subparagraph a of paragraph 2 of subsection B of this section are not exceeded.

1 b. If the Tax Commission determines the total combined 2 credits claimed for contributions made to scholarshipgranting organizations during the most recently 3 completed calendar year by all taxpayers not subject 4 5 to subparagraph a of this paragraph are in excess of One Million Seven Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars 6 7 (\$1,750,000.00) for tax years ending prior to January 1, 2013, and shall not exceed One Million Four Hundred 8 9 Thousand Dollars (\$1,400,000.00) annually for tax 10 years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, plus any additional amount allocated pursuant to subsection H 11 12 of this section, the Tax Commission shall determine 13 the percentage of the contribution which establishes the proportionate share of the credit which may be 14 15 claimed by any taxpayer so that the maximum credits authorized by subparagraph b of paragraph 2 of 16 subsection B of this section are not exceeded. 17 If the Tax Commission determines the total combined 18

c. If the Tax Commission determines the total combined credits claimed for contributions made to educational improvement grant organizations during the most recently completed calendar year by all single individual taxpayers, married individuals filing jointly and all other taxpayers are in excess of One Million Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$1,500,000.00)

Reg. No. 3503 Page 107

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

for tax years ending prior to January 1, 2013, and shall not exceed One Million Two Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$1,200,000.00) annually for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2013, plus any additional amount allocated pursuant to subsection H of this section, the Tax Commission shall determine the percentage of the contribution which establishes the proportionate share of the credit which may be claimed by any taxpayer so that the maximum credits authorized by subparagraph a of paragraph 3 of subsection C of this section are not exceeded; and

3. The Tax Commission shall publish the percentage of the contribution which may be claimed as a credit by contributors for the most recently completed calendar year on the Tax Commission website no later than February 15 of each calendar year for contributions made the previous year. Each scholarship-granting organization or educational improvement grant organization shall notify contributors of that amount annually.

2.2

- H. The provisions of this subsection shall be applicable with respect to any calendar year for which any one of the tax credit pools is fully utilized and for which one or both of the remaining tax credit pool amounts are not fully utilized.
- 1. If for any calendar year there is any amount of available credit remaining pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2 of

subsection G of this section, and only one of the other tax credit pools has been fully utilized, the remaining amount from the tax credit pool which was not fully utilized shall be allocated to and added to the total tax credit pool amount for the other tax credit.

2.2

- 2. If for any calendar year there is any amount of available credit remaining pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 2 of subsection G of this section, and the other two tax credit pools have both been fully utilized, the remaining amount from the tax credit pool which was not fully utilized shall be divided by the whole number two (2) and the resulting amount shall be allocated to and added to the amount of available tax credits for each of the other tax credit pools.
- I. The credit authorized by this section shall not be used to reduce the tax liability of the taxpayer to less than zero (0).
- J. Any credits allowed but not used in any tax year may be carried over, in order, to each of the three (3) years following the year of qualification.
- K. 1. In order to qualify under this section, an educational improvement grant organization shall submit an application with information to the Oklahoma Tax Commission on a form prescribed by the Tax Commission that:
 - a. enables the Tax Commission to confirm that the organization is a nonprofit entity exempt from

taxation pursuant to the provisions of the Internal

Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 501(c)(3), and

- describes the proposed innovative educational program
 or programs supported by the organization.
- 2. The Tax Commission shall review and approve or disapprove the application, in consultation with the State Department of Education.
- 3. In order to maintain eligibility under this section, an educational improvement grant organization shall annually report the following information to the Tax Commission by September 1 of each year:
 - a. the name of the innovative educational program or programs and the total amount of the grant or grants made to those programs during the immediately preceding school year,
 - b. a description of how each grant was utilized during the immediately preceding school year and a description of any demonstrated or expected innovative educational improvements,
 - c. the names of the public school and school districts where innovative educational programs that received grants during the immediately preceding school year were implemented,

Req. No. 3503 Page 110

23

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

24

d. where the organization collects information on a county-by-county basis, and

2.2

- e. the total number and total amount of grants made during the immediately preceding school year for innovative educational programs at public school by each county in which the organization made grants.
- 4. The information required under paragraph 3 of this subsection shall be submitted on a form provided by the Tax Commission. No later than May 1 of each year, the Tax Commission shall annually distribute sample forms together with the forms on which the reports are required to be made to each approved organization.
- 5. The Tax Commission shall not require any other information be provided by an organization, except as expressly authorized in this section.
- L. In consultation with the State Department of Education, the Tax Commission shall promulgate rules necessary to implement this act. The rules shall include procedures for the registration of a scholarship-granting organization or an educational improvement grant organization for purposes of determining if the organization meets the requirements of this act, for the revocation of the registration of an organization, if applicable, and for notice as required in subsection G of this section.

1 SECTION 27. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2358, is 2 amended to read as follows:

2.2

Section 2358. For all tax years beginning after December 31, 1981, taxable income and adjusted gross income shall be adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross income as required by this section.

- A. The taxable income of any taxpayer shall be adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for corporations and Oklahoma adjusted gross income for individuals, as follows:
- 1. There shall be added interest income on obligations of any state or political subdivision thereto which is not otherwise exempted pursuant to other laws of this state, to the extent that such interest is not included in taxable income and adjusted gross income.
- 2. There shall be deducted amounts included in such income that the state is prohibited from taxing because of the provisions of the Federal Constitution, the State Constitution, federal laws or laws of Oklahoma.
- 3. The amount of any federal net operating loss deduction shall be adjusted as follows:
 - a. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years

 beginning before January 1, 1981, the amount of any

 net operating loss deduction allowed to a taxpayer for

 federal income tax purposes shall be reduced to an

amount which is the same portion thereof as the loss from sources within this state, as determined pursuant to this section and Section 2362 of this title, for the taxable year in which such loss is sustained is of the total loss for such year;

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years b. beginning after December 31, 1980, the amount of any net operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable year shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the Oklahoma net operating loss carryovers and carrybacks to such year. Oklahoma net operating losses shall be separately determined by reference to Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, as modified by the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, and shall be allowed without regard to the existence of a federal net operating loss. For tax years beginning after December 31, 2000, and ending before January 1, 2008, the years to which such losses may be carried shall be determined solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income".

1 tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and 2 ending before January 1, 2009, years to which such losses may be carried back shall be limited to two (2) 3 years. For tax years beginning after December 31, 4 5 2008, the years to which such losses may be carried back shall be determined solely by reference to 6 Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., 7 Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net 8 9 operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced 10 with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma

4. Items of the following nature shall be allocated as indicated. Allowable deductions attributable to items separately allocable in subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph, whether or not such items of income were actually received, shall be allocated on the same basis as those items:

taxable income".

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- a. Income from real and tangible personal property, such as rents, oil and mining production or royalties, and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be allocated in accordance with the situs of such property;
- b. Income from intangible personal property, such as interest, dividends, patent or copyright royalties, and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall

be allocated in accordance with the domiciliary situs of the taxpayer, except that:

2.2

- (1) where such property has acquired a nonunitary business or commercial situs apart from the domicile of the taxpayer such income shall be allocated in accordance with such business or commercial situs; interest income from investments held to generate working capital for a unitary business enterprise shall be included in apportionable income; a resident trust or resident estate shall be treated as having a separate commercial or business situs insofar as undistributed income is concerned, but shall not be treated as having a separate commercial or business situs insofar as distributed income is concerned,
- (2) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2003, capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an ownership interest in a publicly traded partnership, as defined by Section 7704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall be allocated to this state in the ratio of the original cost of such partnership's tangible property in this state to the original cost of

20

21

2.2

23

24

as determined at the time of the sale; if more than fifty percent (50%) of the value of the partnership's assets consists of intangible assets, capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an ownership interest in the partnership shall be allocated to this state in accordance with the sales factor of the partnership for its first full tax period immediately preceding its tax period during which the ownership interest in the partnership was sold; the provisions of this division shall only apply if the capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an ownership interest in a partnership do not constitute qualifying gain receiving capital treatment as defined in subparagraph a of paragraph 2 of subsection F of this section. income from such property which is required to be

such partnership's tangible property everywhere,

- (3) income from such property which is required to be allocated pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 5 of this subsection shall be allocated as herein provided;
- c. Net income or loss from a business activity which is not a part of business carried on within or without

24

the state of a unitary character shall be separately allocated to the state in which such activity is conducted;

- d. In the case of a manufacturing or processing enterprise the business of which in Oklahoma consists solely of marketing its products by:
 - (1) sales having a situs without this state, shipped directly to a point from without the state to a purchaser within the state, commonly known as interstate sales,
 - (2) sales of the product stored in public warehouses within the state pursuant to "in transit" tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser within the state,
 - (3) sales of the product stored in public warehouses within the state where the shipment to such warehouses is not covered by "in transit" tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser within or without the state,

the Oklahoma net income shall, at the option of the taxpayer, be that portion of the total net income of the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes derived

from the manufacture and/or processing and sales
everywhere as determined by the ratio of the sales
defined in this section made to the purchaser within
the state to the total sales everywhere. The term
"public warehouse" as used in this subparagraph means
a licensed public warehouse, the principal business of
which is warehousing merchandise for the public;

- e. In the case of insurance companies, Oklahoma taxable income shall be taxable income of the taxpayer for federal tax purposes, as adjusted for the adjustments provided pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 of this subsection, apportioned as follows:
 - (1) except as otherwise provided by division (2) of this subparagraph, taxable income of an insurance company for a taxable year shall be apportioned to this state by multiplying such income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks in this state, and the denominator of which is the direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks everywhere. For purposes of this subsection, the term "direct premiums written" means the total amount of direct premiums written, assessments and annuity

considerations as reported for the taxable year on the annual statement filed by the company with the Insurance Commissioner in the form approved by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, or such other form as may be prescribed in lieu thereof,

4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 |

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

if the principal source of premiums written by an (2) insurance company consists of premiums for reinsurance accepted by it, the taxable income of such company shall be apportioned to this state by multiplying such income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the sum of (a) direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks in this state, plus (b) premiums written for reinsurance accepted in respect of property or risks in this state, and the denominator of which is the sum of (c) direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks everywhere, plus (d) premiums written for reinsurance accepted in respect of property or risks everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph, premiums written for reinsurance accepted in respect of property or risks in this state, whether or not otherwise determinable, may at the

election of the company be determined on the basis of the proportion which premiums written for insurance accepted from companies commercially domiciled in Oklahoma bears to premiums written for reinsurance accepted from all sources, or alternatively in the proportion which the sum of the direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks in this state by each ceding company from which reinsurance is accepted bears to the sum of the total direct premiums written by each such ceding company for the taxable year.

2.2

5. The net income or loss remaining after the separate allocation in paragraph 4 of this subsection, being that which is derived from a unitary business enterprise, shall be apportioned to this state on the basis of the arithmetical average of three factors consisting of property, payroll and sales or gross revenue enumerated as subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph. Net income or loss as used in this paragraph includes that derived from patent or copyright royalties, purchase discounts, and interest on accounts receivable relating to or arising from a business activity, the income from which is apportioned pursuant to this subsection, including the sale or other disposition of such property and any other property used in the unitary enterprise. Deductions used in

computing such net income or loss shall not include taxes based on or measured by income. Provided, for corporations whose property for purposes of the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title has an initial investment cost equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) and such investment is made on or after July 1, 1997, or for corporations which expand their property or facilities in this state and such expansion has an investment cost equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) over a period not to exceed three (3) years, and such expansion is commenced on or after January 1, 2000, the three factors shall be apportioned with property and payroll, each comprising twenty-five percent (25%) of the apportionment factor and sales comprising fifty percent (50%) of the apportionment factor. The apportionment factors shall be computed as follows:

2.2

- a. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in this state during the tax period and the denominator of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property everywhere owned or rented and used during the tax period.
 - (1) Property, the income from which is separately allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection, shall not be included in determining this

fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall include a portion of the investment in transportation and other equipment having no fixed situs, such as rolling stock, buses, trucks and trailers, including machinery and equipment carried thereon, airplanes, salespersons' automobiles and other similar equipment, in the proportion that miles traveled in Oklahoma by such equipment bears to total miles traveled,

- (2) Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at its original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer is valued at eight times the net annual rental rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual rental rate paid by the taxpayer, less any annual rental rate received by the taxpayer from subrentals,
- (3) The average value of property shall be determined by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the tax period but the Oklahoma Tax

 Commission may require the averaging of monthly values during the tax period if reasonably required to reflect properly the average value of the taxpayer's property;

b. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total compensation for services rendered in the state during the tax period, and the denominator of which is the total compensation for services rendered everywhere during the tax period.

"Compensation", as used in this subsection means those paid-for services to the extent related to the unitary business but does not include officers' salaries, wages and other compensation.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

- (1) In the case of a transportation enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall include a portion of such expenditure in connection with employees operating equipment over a fixed route, such as railroad employees, airline pilots, or bus drivers, in this state only a part of the time, in the proportion that mileage traveled in Oklahoma bears to total mileage traveled by such employees,
- (2) In any case the numerator of the fraction shall include a portion of such expenditures in connection with itinerant employees, such as traveling salespersons, in this state only a part of the time, in the proportion that time spent in

1 Oklahoma bears to total time spent in furtherance of the enterprise by such employees;

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

- The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which c. is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer in this state during the tax period, and the denominator of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer everywhere during the tax period. "Sales", as used in this subsection does not include sales or gross revenue which are separately allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection.
 - Sales of tangible personal property have a situs in this state if the property is delivered or shipped to a purchaser other than the United States government, within this state regardless of the FOB point or other conditions of the sale; or the property is shipped from an office, store, warehouse, factory or other place of storage in this state and (a) the purchaser is the United States government or (b) the taxpayer is not doing business in the state of the destination of the shipment.
 - In the case of a railroad or interurban railway (2) enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall not be less than the allocation of revenues to

this state as shown in its annual report to the Corporation Commission.

2.2

- (3) In the case of an airline, truck or bus enterprise or freight car, tank car, refrigerator car or other railroad equipment enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall include a portion of revenue from interstate transportation in the proportion that interstate mileage traveled in Oklahoma bears to total interstate mileage traveled.
- (4) In the case of an oil, gasoline or gas pipeline enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall be either the total of traffic units of the enterprise within Oklahoma or the revenue allocated to Oklahoma based upon miles moved, at the option of the taxpayer, and the denominator of which shall be the total of traffic units of the enterprise or the revenue of the enterprise everywhere as appropriate to the numerator. A "traffic unit" is hereby defined as the transportation for a distance of one (1) mile of one (1) barrel of oil, one (1) gallon of gasoline or one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of natural or casinghead gas, as the case may be.

(5) In the case of a telephone or telegraph or other communication enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall include that portion of the interstate revenue as is allocated pursuant to the accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission; provided that in respect to each corporation or business entity required by the Federal Communications Commission to keep its books and records in accordance with a uniform system of accounts prescribed by such Commission, the intrastate net income shall be determined separately in the manner provided by such uniform system of accounts and only the interstate income shall be subject to allocation pursuant to the provisions of this subsection. Provided further, that the gross revenue factors shall be those as are determined pursuant to the accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

In any case where the apportionment of the three factors prescribed in this paragraph attributes to Oklahoma a portion of net income of the enterprise out of all appropriate proportion to the property owned and/or business transacted within this state, because of the fact that one or more of the factors so prescribed are not

employed to any appreciable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because one or more factors not so prescribed are employed to a considerable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because of other reasons, the Tax Commission is empowered to permit, after a showing by taxpayer that an excessive portion of net income has been attributed to Oklahoma, or require, when in its judgment an insufficient portion of net income has been attributed to Oklahoma, the elimination, substitution, or use of additional factors, or reduction or increase in the weight of such prescribed factors.

Provided, however, that any such variance from such prescribed factors which has the effect of increasing the portion of net income attributable to Oklahoma must not be inherently arbitrary, and application of the recomputed final apportionment to the net income of the enterprise must attribute to Oklahoma only a reasonable portion thereof.

6. For calendar years 1997 and 1998, the owner of a new or expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, fifteen percent (15%) of the investment by the owner in the new or expanded agricultural commodity processing facility. For calendar year 1999, and all subsequent years, the percentage, not to exceed fifteen percent (15%), available to the owner of a new or expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state claiming

the exemption shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimated reduction in tax liability does not exceed One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) annually. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules for determining the percentage of the investment which each eligible taxpayer may exclude. The exclusion provided by this paragraph shall be taken in the taxable year when the investment is made. the event the total reduction in tax liability authorized by this paragraph exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and shall factor such excess into the percentage for subsequent years. Any amount of the exemption permitted to be excluded pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph but not used in any year may be carried forward as an exemption from income pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph for a period not exceeding six (6) years following the year in which the investment was originally made.

For purposes of this paragraph:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

a. "Agricultural commodity processing facility" means building, structures, fixtures and improvements used or operated primarily for the processing or production of marketable products from agricultural commodities.

The term shall also mean a dairy operation that requires a depreciable investment of at least Two

Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) and which

produces milk from dairy cows. The term does not

include a facility that provides only, and nothing

more than, storage, cleaning, drying or transportation

of agricultural commodities, and

- b. "Facility" means each part of the facility which is used in a process primarily for:
 - (1) the processing of agricultural commodities, including receiving or storing agricultural commodities, or the production of milk at a dairy operation,
 - (2) transporting the agricultural commodities or product before, during or after the processing, or
 - (3) packaging or otherwise preparing the product for sale or shipment.
- 7. Despite any provision to the contrary in paragraph 3 of this subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, in the case of a taxpayer which has a farming loss, such farming loss shall be considered a net operating loss carryback in accordance with and to the extent of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172(b)(G). However, the amount of the net operating loss carryback shall not exceed the lesser of:
 - a. Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), or

Req. No. 3503 Page 129

5

6

7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

15

16

17 18

19

20

21

22

23

24

b. the loss properly shown on Schedule F of the Internal Revenue Service Form 1040 reduced by one-half (1/2) of the income from all other sources other than reflected on Schedule F.

- 8. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, and ending before January 1, 2013, all qualified wages equal to the federal income tax credit set forth in 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, shall be deducted from taxable income. The deduction allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall only be permitted for the tax years in which the federal tax credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, is allowed. For purposes of this paragraph, "qualified wages" means those wages used to calculate the federal credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A.
- 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, and ending before January 1, 2013, an employer that is eligible for and utilizes the Safety Pays OSHA Consultation Service provided by the Oklahoma Department of Labor shall receive an exemption from taxable income in the amount of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the tax year that the service is utilized.
- 10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred income not included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment

Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). There shall be subtracted from Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred income included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). The taxable income of any corporation shall be further В. adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income, except those corporations electing treatment as provided in subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1361 et seq., and Section 2365 of this title, deductions pursuant to the provisions of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System as defined and allowed in the Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, Public Law 97-34, 26 U.S.C., Section 168, for depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, shall not be allowed in calculating Oklahoma taxable income. Such corporations shall be allowed a deduction for depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1 et seq., in effect immediately prior to the enactment of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System. The Oklahoma tax basis for all such assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, calculated in this section shall be retained and utilized for all Oklahoma income tax purposes through the final disposition of such assets.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, or of the Internal Revenue Code to the contrary, this subsection shall control calculation of depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, and before January 1, 1983.

For assets placed in service and held by a corporation in which accelerated cost recovery system was previously disallowed, an adjustment to taxable income is required in the first taxable year beginning after December 31, 1982, to reconcile the basis of such assets to the basis allowed in the Internal Revenue Code. The purpose of this adjustment is to equalize the basis and allowance for depreciation accounts between that reported to the Internal Revenue Service and that reported to Oklahoma.

- 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and ending on or before December 31, 2009, there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income any amount in excess of One Hundred Seventy-five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00) which has been deducted as a small business expense under Internal Revenue Code, Section 179 as provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.
- C. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, and ending before January 1, 2013, the taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for transfers of technology to qualified small businesses located in Oklahoma. Such transferor corporation shall be allowed an exemption

from taxable income of an amount equal to the amount of royalty payment received as a result of such transfer; provided, however, such amount shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the amount of gross proceeds received by such transferor corporation as a result of the technology transfer. Such exemption shall be allowed for a period not to exceed ten (10) years from the date of receipt of the first royalty payment accruing from such transfer. No exemption may be claimed for transfers of technology to qualified small businesses made prior to January 1, 1988.

2. For purposes of this subsection:

2.2

- a. "Qualified small business" means an entity, whether organized as a corporation, partnership, or proprietorship, organized for profit with its principal place of business located within this state and which meets the following criteria:
 - (1) Capitalization of not more than Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00),
 - (2) Having at least fifty percent (50%) of its employees and assets located in Oklahoma at the time of the transfer, and
 - (3) Not a subsidiary or affiliate of the transferor corporation;
- b. "Technology" means a proprietary process, formula, pattern, device or compilation of scientific or

technical information which is not in the public domain;

- c. "Transferor corporation" means a corporation which is the exclusive and undisputed owner of the technology at the time the transfer is made; and
- d. "Gross proceeds" means the total amount of consideration for the transfer of technology, whether the consideration is in money or otherwise.
- D. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, the taxable income of any corporation, estate or trust, shall be further adjusted for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment. Such corporations, estates or trusts shall be allowed a deduction from Oklahoma taxable income for the amount of qualifying gains receiving capital treatment earned by the corporation, estate or trust during the taxable year and included in the federal taxable income of such corporation, estate or trust.
 - 2. As used in this subsection:

2.2

- a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
 the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in the
 federal income tax return of the corporation, estate
 or trust that result from:
 - (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal property located within Oklahoma that has been

2.2

directly or indirectly owned by the corporation, estate or trust for a holding period of at least five (5) years prior to the date of the transaction from which such net capital gains arise,

- (2) the sale of stock or on the sale of an ownership interest in an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or partnership where such stock or ownership interest has been directly or indirectly owned by the corporation, estate or trust for a holding period of at least three (3) years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise, or
- (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal property or intangible personal property located within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or partnership where such property has been directly or indirectly owned by such entity owned by the owners of such entity, and used in or derived from such entity for a period of at least three (3) years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise,

1 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of The holding period shall include any additional period when the property was held by another individual or entity, if such additional period is included in the taxpayer's holding period for the asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code,

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

- "Oklahoma company", "limited liability company", or c. "partnership" means an entity whose primary headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise,
- d. "direct" means the taxpayer directly owns the asset, and
- "indirect" means the taxpayer owns an interest in a e. pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.
 - (1) With respect to sales of real property or tangible personal property located within Oklahoma, the deduction described in this subsection shall not apply unless the passthrough entity that makes the sale has held the property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted

years prior to the date of the transaction that created the capital gain, and each pass-through entity included in the chain of ownership has been a member, partner, or shareholder of the pass-through entity in the tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted period of not less than five (5) years.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

- (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership interest in or sales of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or partnership, the deduction described in this subsection shall not apply unless the pass-through entity that makes the sale has held the stock or ownership interest or the assets for not less than three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the transaction that created the capital gain, and each pass-through entity included in the chain of ownership has been a member, partner or shareholder of the pass-through entity in the tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted period of not less than three (3) years.
- E. The For taxable years beginning before January 1, 2013, if otherwise authorized by Legislative enactment, Oklahoma adjusted

gross income of any individual taxpayer shall be further adjusted as follows provided in this subsection, to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

- 1. In Except as provided in this subparagraph, in the case of individuals, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow personal exemptions of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed by the Internal Revenue Code. For tax year 2013 and all subsequent tax years, for single individuals and married individuals filing separately whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is greater than Thirty-five Thousand Dollars (\$35,000.00) and for married individuals filing jointly and surviving spouse, to the extent and in the manner that a surviving spouse is permitted to file a joint return under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, and heads of households as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is greater than Seventy Thousand Dollars (\$70,000.00), the exemption shall be allowed.
 - b. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or spouse who is blind at the close of the tax year. For

1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |

purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is blind only if the central visual acuity of the individual does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with correcting lenses, or if the visual acuity of the individual is greater than 20/200, but is accompanied by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle no greater than twenty (20) degrees.

c. There For tax years beginning before January 1, 2013, there shall be allowed an additional exemption of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or spouse who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at the close of the tax year based upon the filing status and federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer.

Taxpayers with the following filing status may claim this exemption if the federal adjusted gross income does not exceed:

- (1) Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) if married and filing jointly;
- (2) Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00) if married and filing separately;
- 3) Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) if single; and

(4) Nineteen Thousand Dollars (\$19,000.00) if a qualifying head of household.

2.2

Provided, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, amounts included in the calculation of federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the conversion of a traditional individual retirement account to a Roth individual retirement account shall be excluded from federal adjusted gross income for purposes of the income thresholds provided in this subparagraph.

2. a. For taxable years beginning on or before December 31, 2005, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to the larger of fifteen percent (15%) of the Oklahoma adjusted gross income or One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), but not to exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), except that in the case of a married individual filing a separate return such deduction shall be the larger of fifteen percent (15%) of such Oklahoma adjusted gross income or Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), but not to exceed

the maximum amount of One Thousand Dollars

(\$1,000.00),

- b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, and before January 1, 2007, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
 - (1) Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00), if the filing status is married filing joint, head of household or qualifying widow; or
 - (2) Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.
- c. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2007, and ending December 31, 2007, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

23

3

4

5

6

7

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

24

24

- (1) Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00), if the filing status is married filing joint or qualifying widow; or
- (2) Four Thousand One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars (\$4,125.00) for a head of household; or
- (3) Two Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$2,750.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.
- d. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2008, and ending December 31, 2008, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
 - (1) Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$6,500.00), if the filing status is married filing joint or qualifying widow, or
 - (2) Four Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-five Dollars (\$4,875.00) for a head of household, or
 - (3) Three Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$3,250.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.

2.2

e. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2009, and ending December 31, 2009, in the case of individuals who use the standard deduction in determining taxable income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

- (1) Eight Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$8,500.00), if the filing status is married filing joint or qualifying widow, or
- (2) Six Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-five Dollars (\$6,375.00) for a head of household, or
- (3) Four Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$4,250.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.

Oklahoma adjusted gross income shall be increased by any amounts paid for motor vehicle excise taxes which were deducted as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code.

f. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
2010, in the case of individuals who use the standard
deduction in determining taxable income, there shall
be added or deducted, as the case may be, the
difference necessary to allow a standard deduction
equal to the standard deduction allowed by the

Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, based upon the amount and filing status prescribed by such Code for purposes of filing federal individual income tax returns.

2.2

- 3. In the case of resident and part-year resident individuals having adjusted gross income from sources both within and without the state, the itemized or standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be reduced to an amount which is the same portion of the total thereof as Oklahoma adjusted gross income is of adjusted gross income. To the extent itemized deductions include allowable moving expense, proration of moving expense shall not be required or permitted but allowable moving expense shall be fully deductible for those taxpayers moving within or into Oklahoma and no part of moving expense shall be deductible for those taxpayers moving without or out of Oklahoma. All other itemized or standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be subject to proration as provided by law.
- 4. A resident individual with a physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to employment may deduct from Oklahoma adjusted gross income such expenditures to modify a motor vehicle, home or workplace as are necessary to compensate for his or her handicap. A veteran certified by the Department of Veterans Affairs of the federal government as having a service-connected disability shall be conclusively presumed to be an individual with a

physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to
employment. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules containing a
list of combinations of common disabilities and modifications which
may be presumed to qualify for this deduction. The Tax Commission
shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

2.2

- 5. a. Before July 1, 2010, the first One Thousand Five

 Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person

 from the United States as salary or compensation in

 any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member

 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United

 States shall be deducted from taxable income.
 - b. On or after July 1, 2010, and ending before January 1, 2015, one hundred percent (100%) of the income received by any person from the United States as salary or compensation in any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member of any component of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be deducted from taxable income.
 - c. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2015, and every year thereafter, if the State Board of Equalization makes a determination pursuant to Section 2355.1D of this title that, for the purposes of this paragraph, revenue collections exceed revenue reductions, the one hundred percent (100%) deduction

1 2 be claimed. d. 3 4 5 6 7 9 10

- provided for in subparagraph b of this paragraph may
- For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2015, and every year thereafter, if the State Board of Equalization makes a determination pursuant to Section 2355.1D of this title that, for the purposes of this paragraph, revenue collections do not exceed revenue reductions, a deduction of the first One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person from the United States as salary or compensation in any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member of any component of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be allowed.
- Whenever the filing of a timely income tax return by a e. member of the Armed Forces of the United States is made impracticable or impossible of accomplishment by reason of:
 - absence from the United States, which term includes only the states and the District of Columbia;
 - absence from the State of Oklahoma while on (2) active duty; or

23

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

24

(3) confinement in a hospital within the United

States for treatment of wounds, injuries or

disease,

2.2

the time for filing a return and paying an income tax shall be and is hereby extended without incurring liability for interest or penalties, to the fifteenth day of the third month following the month in which:

- Such individual shall return to the United
 States if the extension is granted pursuant
 to subparagraph a of this paragraph, return
 to the State of Oklahoma if the extension is
 granted pursuant to subparagraph b of this
 paragraph or be discharged from such
 hospital if the extension is granted
 pursuant to subparagraph c of this
 paragraph; or
- (b) An executor, administrator, or conservator of the estate of the taxpayer is appointed, whichever event occurs the earliest.

Provided, that the Tax Commission may, in its discretion, grant any member of the Armed Forces of the United States an extension of time for filing of income tax returns and payment of income tax without incurring liabilities for interest or penalties. Such extension may be granted only when in the judgment of the Tax

Commission a good cause exists therefor and may be for a period in excess of six (6) months. A record of every such extension granted, and the reason therefor, shall be kept.

2.2

- 6. Before July 1, 2010, the salary or any other form of compensation, received from the United States by a member of any component of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be deducted from taxable income during the time in which the person is detained by the enemy in a conflict, is a prisoner of war or is missing in action and not deceased; provided, after July 1, 2010, all such salary or compensation shall be subject to the deduction as provided pursuant to paragraph 5 of this subsection.
- 7. Notwithstanding anything in the Internal Revenue Code or in the Oklahoma Income Tax Act to the contrary, it is expressly provided that, in the case of resident individuals, amounts received as dividends or distributions of earnings from savings and loan associations or credit unions located in Oklahoma, and interest received on savings accounts and time deposits from such sources or from state and national banks or trust companies located in Oklahoma, shall qualify as dividends for the purpose of the dividend exclusion, and taxable income shall be adjusted accordingly to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income; provided, however, that the dividend, distribution of earnings and/or interest exclusion provided for hereinabove shall not be cumulative to the maximum dividend exclusion allowed by the Internal Revenue Code. Any

dividend exclusion already allowed by the Internal Revenue Code and reflected in the taxpayer's Oklahoma taxable income together with exclusion allowed herein shall not exceed the total of One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) per individual or Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00) per couple filing a joint return for tax years before January 1, 2013.

2.2

- 8. a. An individual taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, may deduct an amount equal to the federal income taxes paid by the taxpayer during the taxable year.
 - b. Federal taxes as described in subparagraph a of this paragraph shall be deductible by any individual taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, only to the extent they relate to income subject to taxation pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax Act. The maximum amount allowable in the preceding paragraph shall be prorated on the ratio of the Oklahoma adjusted gross income to federal adjusted gross income.
 - c. For the purpose of this paragraph, "federal income taxes paid" shall mean federal income taxes, surtaxes imposed on incomes or excess profits taxes, as though the taxpayer was on the accrual basis. In determining the amount of deduction for federal income taxes for

tax year 2001, the amount of the deduction shall not be adjusted by the amount of any accelerated ten percent (10%) tax rate bracket credit or advanced refund of the credit received during the tax year provided pursuant to the federal Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, P.L. No. 107-16, and the advanced refund of such credit shall not be subject to taxation.

- d. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, and beginning before January 1, 2006.
- 9. Retirement benefits not to exceed Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax years, which are received by an individual from the civil service of the United States, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System, the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the Oklahoma Law Enforcement Retirement System, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, the employee retirement systems created by counties pursuant to Section 951 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges, the Oklahoma Wildlife Conservation Department Retirement Fund, the Oklahoma

Employment Security Commission Retirement Plan, or the employee retirement systems created by municipalities pursuant to Section 48-101 et seq. of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

2.2

- 10. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984, Social Security benefits received by an individual shall be exempt from taxable income, to the extent such benefits are included in the federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86.
- 11. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, lumpsum distributions from employer plans of deferred compensation,
 which are not qualified plans within the meaning of Section 401(a)
 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401(a), and which
 are deposited in and accounted for within a separate bank account or
 brokerage account in a financial institution within this state,
 shall be excluded from taxable income in the same manner as a
 qualifying rollover contribution to an individual retirement account
 within the meaning of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
 U.S.C., Section 408. Amounts withdrawn from such bank or brokerage
 account, including any earnings thereon, shall be included in
 taxable income when withdrawn in the same manner as withdrawals from
 individual retirement accounts within the meaning of Section 408 of
 the Internal Revenue Code.

12. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, and ending on or before December 1, 2012, contributions made to and interest received from a medical savings account established pursuant to Sections 2621 through 2623 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes the Medical Savings Account Act shall be exempt from taxable income.

- 13. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer who is a swine or poultry producer may be further adjusted for the deduction for depreciation allowed for new construction or expansion costs which may be computed using the same depreciation method elected for federal income tax purposes except that the useful life shall be seven (7) years for purposes of this paragraph. If depreciation is allowed as a deduction in determining the adjusted gross income of an individual, any depreciation calculated and claimed pursuant to this section shall in no event be a duplication of any depreciation allowed or permitted on the federal income tax return of the individual.
 - 14. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2002, nonrecurring adoption expenses paid by a resident individual taxpayer in connection with:
 - (1) the adoption of a minor, or
 - (2) a proposed adoption of a minor which did not result in a decreed adoption,

may be deducted from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income.

2.2

- b. The deductions for adoptions and proposed adoptions authorized by this paragraph shall not exceed Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per calendar year.
- c. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall contain a specific list of nonrecurring adoption expenses which may be presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.
- d. "Nonrecurring adoption expenses" means adoption fees, court costs, medical expenses, attorney fees and expenses which are directly related to the legal process of adoption of a child including, but not limited to, costs relating to the adoption study, health and psychological examinations, transportation and reasonable costs of lodging and food for the child or adoptive parents which are incurred to complete the adoption process and are not reimbursed by other sources. The term "nonrecurring adoption expenses" shall not include attorney fees incurred for the purpose of litigating a contested adoption, from and after the point of the initiation of the contest,

1 costs associated with physical remodeling, renovation and alteration of the adoptive parents' home or property, except for a special needs child as authorized by the court.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

- 15. In taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005, retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts specified in this paragraph, which are received by an individual sixty-five (65) years of age or older and whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less if the filing status is single, head of household, or married filing separate, or Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status is married filing joint or qualifying widow, shall be exempt from taxable income. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts specified in this paragraph, which are received by an individual whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is less than the qualifying amount specified in this paragraph, shall be exempt from taxable income.
 - b. For purposes of this paragraph, the qualifying amount shall be as follows:
 - in taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and prior to January 1, 2007, the

qualifying amount shall be Thirty-seven Thousand
Five Hundred Dollars (\$37,500.00) or less if the
filing status is single, head of household, or
married filing separate, or Seventy-Five Thousand
Dollars (\$75,000.00) or less if the filing status
is married filing jointly or qualifying widow,

- (2) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, the qualifying amount shall be Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status is single, head of household, or married filing separate, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is married filing jointly or qualifying widow,
- in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, the qualifying amount shall be Sixty-two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$62,500.00) or less if the filing status is single, head of household, or married filing separate, or One Hundred Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00) or less if the filing status is married filing jointly or qualifying widow,
- (4) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, the qualifying amount shall be One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the

filing status is single, head of household, or married filing separate, or Two Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$200,000.00) or less if the filing status is married filing jointly or qualifying widow, and

- (5) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, and subsequent taxable years, there shall be no limitation upon the qualifying amount.
- c. For purposes of this paragraph, "retirement benefits" means the total distributions or withdrawals from the following:
 - (1) an employee pension benefit plan which satisfies the requirements of Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401,
 - (2) an eligible deferred compensation plan that satisfies the requirements of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 457,
 - (3) an individual retirement account, annuity or trust or simplified employee pension that satisfies the requirements of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 408,
 - (4) an employee annuity subject to the provisions of Section 403(a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 403(a) or (b),

3

4

5

6

7

9

10 11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

24 endir

- (5) United States Retirement Bonds which satisfy the requirements of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, or
- (6) lump-sum distributions from a retirement plan which satisfies the requirements of Section 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 402(e).
- d. The amount of the exemption provided by this paragraph shall be limited to Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the tax year 2006 and for all subsequent tax years. Any individual who claims the exemption provided for in paragraph 9 of this subsection shall not be permitted to claim a combined total exemption pursuant to this paragraph and paragraph 9 of this subsection in an amount exceeding Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax years.
- 16. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, and ending on or before December 31, 2012, for an individual engaged in

production agriculture who has filed a Schedule F form with the
taxpayer's federal income tax return for such taxable year, there
shall be excluded from taxable income any amount which was included
as federal taxable income or federal adjusted gross income and which
consists of the discharge of an obligation by a creditor of the
taxpayer incurred to finance the production of agricultural
products.

- 17. In taxable years beginning December 31, 2000, and ending on or before December 31, 2012, an amount equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of any scholarship or stipend received from participation in the Oklahoma Police Corps Program, as established in Section 2-140.3 of Title 47 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.
 - 18. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, and before January 1, 2005, there shall be allowed a deduction in the amount of contributions to accounts established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to accounts, but in no event shall the deduction for each contributor exceed Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) each taxable year for each account.
 - b. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and ending on or before December 31, 2012, each

2.2

23

24

taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for contributions to accounts established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The maximum annual deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to all such accounts plus any contributions to such accounts by the taxpayer for prior taxable years after December 31, 2004, which were not deducted, but in no event shall the deduction for each tax year exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each individual taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of a contribution that is not deducted by the taxpayer in the year for which the contribution is made may be carried forward as a deduction from income for the succeeding five (5) years. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, deductions may be taken for contributions and rollovers made during a taxable year and up to April 15 of the succeeding year, or the due date of a taxpayer's state income tax return, excluding extensions, whichever is later. Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may

c. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, deductions for contributions made pursuant to

not be taken for two (2) different taxable years.

subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be limited as follows:

2.2

- (1) for a taxpayer who qualified for the five-year carryforward election and who takes a rollover or nonqualified withdrawal during that period, the tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced by the amount which is equal to the rollover or nonqualified withdrawal, and
- (2) for a taxpayer who elects to take a rollover or nonqualified withdrawal within the same tax year in which a contribution was made to the taxpayer's account, the tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of the contribution which is equal to the rollover or nonqualified withdrawal.
- d. If a taxpayer elects to take a rollover on a contribution for which a deduction has been taken pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph within one year of the date of contribution, the amount of such rollover shall be included in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of the rollover.

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	

2.2

23

e. If a taxpayer makes a nonqualified withdrawal of contributions for which a deduction was taken pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph, such nonqualified withdrawal and any earnings thereon shall be included in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of the nonqualified withdrawal.

f. As used in this paragraph:

- (1) "non-qualified withdrawal" means a withdrawal from an Oklahoma College Savings Plan account other than one of the following:
 - (a) a qualified withdrawal,
 - (b) a withdrawal made as a result of the death or disability of the designated beneficiary of an account,
 - a withdrawal that is made on the account of a scholarship or the allowance or payment described in Section 135(d)(1)(B) or (C) or by the Internal Revenue Code, received by the designated beneficiary to the extent the amount of the refund does not exceed the amount of the scholarship, allowance, or payment, or
 - (d) a rollover or change of designated
 beneficiary as permitted by subsection F of

Section 3970.7 of Title 70 of Oklahoma

Statutes, and

- (2) "rollover" means the transfer of funds from the Oklahoma College Savings Plan to any other plan under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 19. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, retirement benefits received by an individual from any component of the Armed Forces of the United States in an amount not to exceed the greater of seventy-five percent (75%) of such benefits or Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) shall be exempt from taxable income but in no case less than the amount of the exemption provided by paragraph 15 of this subsection.
- 20. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, retirement benefits received by federal civil service retirees, including survivor annuities, paid in lieu of Social Security benefits shall be exempt from taxable income to the extent such benefits are included in the federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, according to the following schedule:
 - a. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, twenty percent (20%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
 - b. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, forty percent (40%) of such benefits shall be exempt,

Reg. No. 3503 Page 162

c. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, sixty percent (60%) of such benefits shall be exempt,

- d. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, eighty percent (80%) of such benefits shall be exempt, and
- e. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2011, and subsequent taxable years, one hundred percent (100%) of such benefits shall be exempt.
- 21. a. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007,

 and ending on or before December 31, 2012, a resident
 individual may deduct up to Ten Thousand Dollars

 (\$10,000.00) from Oklahoma adjusted gross income if
 the individual, or the dependent of the individual,
 while living, donates one or more human organs of the
 individual to another human being for human organ
 transplantation. As used in this paragraph, "human
 organ" means all or part of a liver, pancreas, kidney,
 intestine, lung, or bone marrow. A deduction that is
 claimed under this paragraph may be claimed in the
 taxable year in which the human organ transplantation
 occurs.
 - b. An individual may claim this deduction only once, and the deduction may be claimed only for unreimbursed expenses that are incurred by the individual and related to the organ donation of the individual.

c. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall contain a specific list of expenses which may be presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

- 22. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, there shall be exempt from taxable income any amount received by the beneficiary of the death benefit for an emergency medical technician or a registered emergency medical responder provided by Section 1-2505.1 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- 23. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, taxable income shall be increased by any unemployment compensation exempted under Section 85 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 85(c)(2009).
- 24. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, and ending on or before December 31, 2012, there shall be exempt from taxable income any payment in an amount less than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) received by a person as an award for participation in a competitive livestock show event. For purposes of this paragraph, the payment shall be treated as a scholarship amount paid by the entity sponsoring the event and the sponsoring entity shall cause the payment to be categorized as a scholarship in its books and records.

25. For the taxable year beginning after December 31, 2012, taxable income shall be increased by fifty percent (50%) of any amount of state and local taxes deducted under Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 164. For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2013, taxable income shall be increased by any amount of state and local taxes deducted under Section 164 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 164.

- F. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a deduction from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer shall be allowed for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment that are included in the federal adjusted gross income of such individual taxpayer during the taxable year.
 - 2. As used in this subsection:

2.2

- a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
 the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in an
 individual taxpayer's federal income tax return that
 result from:
 - (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal property located within Oklahoma that has been directly or indirectly owned by the individual taxpayer for a holding period of at least five (5) years prior to the date of the transaction from which such net capital gains arise,

1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

- (2) the sale of stock or the sale of a direct or indirect ownership interest in an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or partnership where such stock or ownership interest has been directly or indirectly owned by the individual taxpayer for a holding period of at least two (2) years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise, or
- (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal property or intangible personal property located within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or partnership or an Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise where such property has been directly or indirectly owned by such entity or business enterprise or owned by the owners of such entity or business enterprise for a period of at least two (2) years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise,
- b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of time. The holding period shall include any additional

2.2

period when the property was held by another individual or entity, if such additional period is included in the taxpayer's holding period for the asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code,

- "Oklahoma company," "limited liability company," or

 "partnership" means an entity whose primary

 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at

 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date

 of the transaction from which the net capital gains

 arise,
- d. "direct" means the individual taxpayer directly owns the asset,
- e. "indirect" means the individual taxpayer owns an interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.
 - tangible personal property located within
 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this
 subsection shall not apply unless the passthrough entity that makes the sale has held the
 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted
 years prior to the date of the transaction that
 created the capital gain, and each pass-through

entity included in the chain of ownership has been a member, partner, or shareholder of the pass-through entity in the tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted period of not less than five (5) years.

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

2.2

23

24

(2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership interest in or sales of all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, partnership or Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise, the deduction described in this subsection shall not apply unless the pass-through entity that makes the sale has held the stock or ownership interest for not less than two (2) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the transaction that created the capital gain, and each pass-through entity included in the chain of ownership has been a member, partner or shareholder of the passthrough entity in the tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted period of not less than two (2) years. For purposes of this division, uninterrupted ownership prior to the effective date of this act shall be included in the

Reg. No. 3503

determination of the required holding period prescribed by this division, and

- f. "Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise" means a business enterprise whose income and expenses have been reported on Schedule C or F of an individual taxpayer's federal income tax return, or any similar successor schedule published by the Internal Revenue Service and whose primary headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise.
- G. 1. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under this section, the dividends-paid deduction otherwise allowed by federal law in computing net income of a real estate investment trust that is subject to federal income tax shall be added back in computing the tax imposed by this state under this title if the real estate investment trust is a captive real estate investment trust.
- 2. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under this section, a taxpayer shall add back otherwise deductible rents and interest expenses paid to a captive real estate investment trust that is not subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this subsection. As used in this subsection:

2.2

- a. the term "real estate investment trust" or "REIT"

 means the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 856

 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended,
- b. the term "captive real estate investment trust" means a real estate investment trust, the shares or beneficial interests of which are not regularly traded on an established securities market and more than fifty percent (50%) of the voting power or value of the beneficial interests or shares of which are owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, or constructively, by a single entity that is:
 - (1) treated as an association taxable as a corporation under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and
 - (2) not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to the provisions of Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

The term shall not include a real estate investment trust that is intended to be regularly traded on an established securities market, and that satisfies the requirements of Section 856(a)(5) and (6) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code by reason of Section 856(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	

2.2

23

- c. the term "association taxable as a corporation" shall not include the following entities:
 - (1) any real estate investment trust as defined in paragraph a of this subsection other than a "captive real estate investment trust", or
 - (2) any qualified real estate investment trust subsidiary under Section 856(i) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, other than a qualified REIT subsidiary of a "captive real estate investment trust", or
 - Australian unit trust registered as a "Managed Investment Scheme" under the Australian Corporations Act in which the principal class of units is listed on a recognized stock exchange in Australia and is regularly traded on an established securities market), or an entity organized as a trust, provided that a Listed Australian Property Trust owns or controls, directly or indirectly, seventy-five percent (75%) or more of the voting power or value of the beneficial interests or shares of such trust, or
 - (4) any Qualified Foreign Entity, meaning a corporation, trust, association or partnership

24

organized outside the laws of the United States and which satisfies the following criteria:

- (a) at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the entity's total asset value at the close of its taxable year is represented by real estate assets, as defined in Section 856(c)(5)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, thereby including shares or certificates of beneficial interest in any real estate investment trust, cash and cash equivalents, and U.S. Government securities,
- (b) the entity receives a dividend-paid deduction comparable to Section 561 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or is exempt from entity level tax,
- (c) the entity is required to distribute at least eighty-five percent (85%) of its taxable income, as computed in the jurisdiction in which it is organized, to the holders of its shares or certificates of beneficial interest on an annual basis,
- (d) not more than ten percent (10%) of the voting power or value in such entity is held

directly or indirectly or constructively by
a single entity or individual, or the shares
or beneficial interests of such entity are
regularly traded on an established

securities market, and

2.2

- (e) the entity is organized in a country which has a tax treaty with the United States.
- 3. For purposes of this subsection, the constructive ownership rules of Section 318(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as modified by Section 856(d)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, shall apply in determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net profits of any person.
- 4. A real estate investment trust that does not become regularly traded on an established securities market within one (1) year of the date on which it first becomes a real estate investment trust shall be deemed not to have been regularly traded on an established securities market, retroactive to the date it first became a real estate investment trust, and shall file an amended return reflecting such retroactive designation for any tax year or part year occurring during its initial year of status as a real estate investment trust. For purposes of this subsection, a real estate investment trust becomes a real estate investment trust on the first day it has both met the requirements of Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code and has elected to be treated as a real estate

```
1 investment trust pursuant to Section 856(c)(1) of the Internal 2 Revenue Code.
```

- 3 SECTION 28. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2358.3, is 4 amended to read as follows:
- Section 2358.3. A person who contributes money to a political party or to a candidate or candidate committee shall be entitled to deduct the amount contributed, not to exceed One Hundred Dollars

 (\$100.00) in any one tax year for tax years beginning before January

 1, 2013, from the person's adjusted gross income in the computation
- 11 SECTION 29. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2370, is 12 amended to read as follows:

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

of Oklahoma income tax.

- Section 2370. A. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1989, for the privilege of doing business within this state, every state banking association, national banking association and credit union organized under the laws of this state, located or doing business within the limits of the State of Oklahoma shall annually pay to this state a privilege tax at the rate of six percent (6%) of the amount of the taxable income as provided in this section.
- B. 1. The privilege tax levied by this section shall be in addition to the Business Activity Tax levied in Section 1218 of this title and the franchise tax levied in Article 12 of this title and in lieu of the tax levied by Section 2355 of this title and in lieu

of all taxes levied by the State of Oklahoma, or any subdivision
thereof, upon the shares of stock or personal property of any
banking association or credit union subject to taxation under this
section.

- 2. Nothing in this section shall be construed to exempt the real property of any banking associations or credit unions from taxation to the same extent, according to its value, as other real property is taxed. Nothing herein shall be construed to exempt an association from payment of any fee or tax authorized or levied pursuant to the banking laws.
- 3. Personal property which is subject to a lease agreement between a bank or credit union, as lessor, and a nonbanking business entity or individual, as lessee, is not exempt from personal property ad valorem taxation. Provided further, that it shall be the duty of the lessee of such personal property to return sworn lists or schedules of their taxable property within each county to the county assessor of such county as provided in Sections 2433 and 2434 of this title.
- C. Any tax levied under this section shall accrue on the last day of the taxable year and be payable as provided in Section 2375 of this title. The accrual of such tax for the first taxable year to which this act applies, shall apply notwithstanding the prior accrual of a tax in the same taxable year based upon the net income of the next preceding taxable year; provided, however, any

additional deduction enuring to the benefit of the taxpayer shall be deducted in accordance with the optional transitional deduction procedures in Section 2354 of this title.

2.2

- D. The basis of the tax shall be United States taxable income as defined in paragraph 10 of Section 2353 of this title and any adjustments thereto under the provisions of Section 2358 of this title with the following adjustments:
- 1. There shall be deducted all interest income on obligations of the United States government and agencies thereof not otherwise exempted and all interest income on obligations of the State of Oklahoma or political subdivisions thereof, including public trust authorities, not otherwise exempted under the laws of this state; and
- 2. Expense deductions claimed in arriving at taxable income under paragraph 10 of Section 2353 of this title shall be reduced by an amount equal to fifty percent (50%) of excluded interest income on obligations of the United States government or agencies thereof and obligations of the State of Oklahoma or political subdivisions thereof.
- E. 1. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph 2 of this subsection, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax levied in subsection A of this section in an amount equal to the amount of taxable income received by a participating financial institution as defined in Section 90.2 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes

1 pursuant to a loan made under the Rural Economic Development Loan Such credit shall be limited each year to five percent (5%) of the amount of annual payroll certified by the Oklahoma Rural 3 Economic Development Loan Program Review Board pursuant to the 4 5 provisions of paragraph 3 of subsection B of Section 90.4 of Title 62 of the Oklahoma Statutes with respect to the loan made by the 6 7 participating financial institution and may be claimed for any number of years necessary until the amount of total credits claimed 9 is equal to the total amount of taxable income received by the 10 participating financial institution pursuant to the loan. Any 11 credit allowed but not used in a taxable year may be carried forward 12 for a period not to exceed five (5) taxable years. In no event 13 shall a credit allowed pursuant to the provisions of this subsection be transferable or refundable. 14

2. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this subsection may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010 for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this paragraph shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this subsection may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this subsection.

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

SECTION 30. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2370.3, is amended to read as follows:

Section 2370.3. A. There shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2370 of Title 68 of the Oklahoma Statutes

this title for any state banking association, national banking association, or credit union domiciled in this state for the amount of the origination fee paid by the banking association or credit union to the United States Department of Education pursuant to the "Stafford" loan guaranty program for an Oklahoma resident.

- B. Except as provided in subsection F of this section, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for origination fees paid on or after July 1, 2007.
- C. No credit may be claimed pursuant to this section if, pursuant to the agreement between the banking association or credit union and the student to which proceeds are made available, the banking association or credit union adds the amount of the U.S. Department of Education origination fee to the amount financed by the borrower or in any other way recovers the origination fee amount from the borrower.
- D. The credit authorized by this section may be claimed, and if not fully used in the initial year for which the credit is claimed, may be carried over, in order, to each of the five (5) succeeding taxable years. The credit authorized by this section may not be

Reg. No. 3503 Page 178

1 used to reduce the tax liability of the credit claimant below zero 2 (0).

- E. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall prepare a report regarding the amount of tax credits claimed as authorized by this section.

 The report shall be submitted to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and to the President Pro Tempore of the Senate not later than March 31 of each year.
- F. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions of this section.
- SECTION 31. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2911, is amended to read as follows:
 - Section 2911. Claims for property tax relief filed under

 Sections 104 through 111 of this act shall be allowed as a direct
 tax credit on the taxpayer's individual income tax return filed for
 the calendar year 1991 and each year thereafter. In all cases where
 claimants have no income tax liability or where the property tax
 relief authorized by this act exceeds the claimant's income tax

- liability, such claim, or any balance thereof, shall be paid out in the same manner and out of the same fund as refunds of income taxes are paid and so much of said fund as is necessary for such purposes
- 5 SECTION 32. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 3624, is 6 amended to read as follows:

is hereby appropriated.

4

15

16

17

18

19

20

- 7 There is hereby created the Oklahoma Film Section 3624. Α. Enhancement Rebate Program. A rebate in the amount of up to 9 seventeen percent (17%) of documented expenditures made in Oklahoma 10 directly attributable to the production of a film, television 11 production, or television commercial, as defined in Section 3623 of 12 this title, in this state, may be paid to the production company 13 responsible for the production. Provided, for documented expenditures made after: 14
 - 1. On or after July 1, 2009, and before January 1, 2013, the rebate amount shall be thirty-five percent (35%), except as provided in subsection B of this section; and
 - 2. On or after January 1, 2013, the rebate amount shall be twenty-eight percent (28%), except as provided in subsection B of this section.
- B. <u>1.</u> The amount of rebate paid to the production company as provided for in subsection A of this section shall be increased by an additional two percent (2%) of documented expenditures if a production company spends at least Twenty Thousand Dollars

- 1 (\$20,000.00) for the use of music created by an Oklahoma resident
 2 that is recorded in Oklahoma or for the cost of recording songs or
 3 music in Oklahoma for use in the production.
 - C. The rebate program shall be administered by the Office of the Oklahoma Film and Music Commission and the Oklahoma Tax

 Commission, as provided in the Compete with Canada Film Act.
 - D. To be eligible for a rebate payment:

- 1. The production company responsible for a film, television production, or television commercial, as defined in Section 3623 of this title, made in this state shall submit documentation to the Office of the Oklahoma Film and Music Commission of the amount of wages paid for employment in this state to residents of this state directly relating to the production and the amount of other production costs incurred in this state directly relating to the production;
- 2. The production company has filed or will file any Oklahoma tax return or tax document which may be required by law;
- 3. Except major studio productions, the production company shall provide the name of the completion guarantor and a copy of the bond guaranteeing the completion of the project or if a film has not secured a completion bond, the production company shall provide evidence that all Oklahoma crew and local vendors have been paid and there are no liens against the production company pending in the state;

4. The minimum budget for the film shall be Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) of which not less than Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) shall be expended in this state;

- 5. The production company shall provide evidence of financing for production prior to the commencement of principal photography; and
- 6. The production company shall provide evidence of a certificate of general liability insurance with a minimum coverage of One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and a workers' compensation policy pursuant to state law, which shall include coverage of employer's liability.
- E. A production company shall not be eligible to receive both a rebate payment pursuant to the provisions of this act the Compete with Canada Film Act and an exemption from sales taxes pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 21 of Section 1357 of this title. If a production company has received such an exemption from sales taxes and submits a claim for rebate pursuant to the provisions of the Compete with Canada Film Act, the company shall be required to fully repay the amount of the exemption to the Tax Commission. A claim for a rebate shall include documentation from the Tax Commission that repayment has been made as required herein or shall include an affidavit from the production company that the company has not received an exemption from sales taxes pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 21 of Section 1357 of this title.

F. The Office shall approve or disapprove all claims for rebate and shall notify the Tax Commission. The Tax Commission shall, upon notification of approval from the Office of the Film and Music Commission, issue payment for all approved claims from funds in the Oklahoma Film Enhancement Rebate Program Revolving Fund created in Section 3625 of this title. Provided, no claims for rebate for expenditures made on or after July 1, 2009, shall be paid prior to July 1, 2010. The amount of payments in any single fiscal year shall not exceed Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000.00). If the amount of approved claims exceeds the amount specified in this subsection in a fiscal year, payments shall be made in the order in which the claims are approved by the Office. If an approved claim is not paid in whole or in part, the unpaid claim or unpaid portion may be paid in the following fiscal year subject to the limitations specified in this subsection.

SECTION 33. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 5013, is amended to read as follows:

Section 5013. A. All claims for relief authorized by the Sales Tax Relief Act shall be received by and in the possession of the Oklahoma Tax Commission on or before June 30 of each year for sales taxes paid for the preceding calendar year. Claimants shall be allowed a direct credit against income taxes owed by such claimant to the State of Oklahoma for the amount of such claim, in which case such claim shall be filed with the income tax return of the claimant

on or before April 15 following the close of the taxable year, unless the claimant has been granted an extension of time in order to file an income tax return, in which case the claim may be filed with the return filed pursuant to the extension. In all cases where claimants have no income tax liability or where the sales tax relief authorized by this section exceeds the income tax liability of the claimant, such claim, or any balance thereof, shall be paid out in the same manner and out of the same fund as refunds of income taxes are paid and so much of said fund as is necessary for such purposes is hereby appropriated.

B. 1. Sales tax relief for families receiving assistance pursuant to the federal program of Temporary Aid to Needy Families shall be transferred from the Oklahoma Tax Commission to the Department of Human Services as provided in this subsection for purposes of obtaining federal matching funds to increase the payments to recipients of Temporary Aid to Needy Families. The determination of the amount to be transferred by the Oklahoma Tax Commission shall be based on a statistical report prepared monthly by the Department of Human Services which identifies the number of recipients of Temporary Aid to Needy Families. The amount transferred shall equal one-twelfth (1/12) of the annual sales tax relief for all persons receiving assistance during the month of the report. The amount transferred shall be paid out of the Income Tax Withholding Refund Account of the Tax Commission.

2. Monies received from the Tax Commission shall be deposited in the Human Services Fund. Recipients of assistance pursuant to the federal program of Temporary Aid to Needy Families shall receive sales tax relief as a part of their monthly Temporary Aid to Needy Families.

- C. All duties of the Tax Commission to make sales tax relief payments to recipients since January 1, 1992, of state supplemental payments or medical assistance as patients in long-term care facilities who have received such supplemental payments or medical assistance throughout the calendar year are hereby transferred to the Department of Human Services. Receipt of such supplemental payments or medical assistance shall constitute automatic eligibility for sales tax relief under the provisions of the Sales Tax Relief Act. Sales tax relief payments to persons identified in this subsection shall be made as soon as practicable after the commencement of each calendar year. The Department of Human Services shall notify the Tax Commission of the total amount of the sales tax relief payments made in order that such sum may be transferred from the Income Tax Withholding Refund Account of the Tax Commission to the Department.
- D. For those individuals receiving assistance or state supplemental payments as provided in subsections B and C of this section, the Department of Human Services shall make the sales tax

1 relief payment without the requirement of an additional application 2 form.

2.2

- E. To avoid duplication of payment, at the end of each calendar year, the Department of Human Services shall provide the Tax Commission with a list of the individuals who received sales tax relief from the Department. Persons receiving sales tax relief payments directly from the Department of Human Services shall not be entitled to additional sales tax relief payments from the Tax Commission.
 - F. The Department of Human Services and the Tax Commission shall work jointly to notify individuals receiving assistance or state supplemental payments from the Department of Human Services of their possible entitlement and right to apply for sales tax relief as provided for in the Sales Tax Relief Act.
- SECTION 34. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 54006, is amended to read as follows:
- Section 54006. A. Except as provided in subsection F of this section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1992, and before January 1, 2003, and for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, there shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title for a net increase in the number of full-time-equivalent employees engaged in computer services, data processing or research and development as defined in

Section 54003 of this title, in this state including employees engaged in support services.

1

2

19

20

21

22

23

24

- The credit provided for in subsection A of this section 3 В. shall be allowed in each of the four (4) subsequent years only if 4 5 the level of new employees is maintained in the subsequent year; provided, such credit shall be allowed in each of the eight (8) 6 7 subsequent years only if the level of new employees is maintained in the subsequent year and if the credit is taken for taxable years 8 9 beginning after December 31, 2005. In calculating the credit by the 10 number of new employees, only those employees whose paid wages or 11 salary were at least Thirty-five Thousand Dollars (\$35,000.00) during each year the credit is claimed shall be included in the 12 13 calculation. The number of new employees shall be determined by comparing the monthly average number of full-time employees subject 14 to Oklahoma income tax withholding for the final quarter of the 15 taxable year with the corresponding period of the prior taxable 16 year, as substantiated by such reports as may be required by the Tax 17 Commission. 18
 - C. For credits taken for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1992, and before January 1, 2003, in order to be eligible to receive the credit provided for in subsection A of this section, a new or expanding business shall not include the existing employee positions of any business enterprise that is directly or beneficially owned by a corporation, trust, joint venture,

proprietorship, or partnership doing business in this state as of January 1, 1992. For credits taken for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, in order to be eligible to receive the credit provided for in subsection A of this section, a new or expanding business shall not include the existing employee positions of any business enterprise that is directly or beneficially owned by a corporation, trust, joint venture, proprietorship, or partnership doing business in this state as of January 1, 2005.

- D. The credit allowed by subsection A of this section shall be Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) for each new employee, but not to exceed fifty new employees.
- E. Any credits allowed but not used in any taxable year may be carried over in order to each of the four (4) years following the year of qualification and to the extent not used in those years in order to each of the five (5) years following the initial five-year period.
- F. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2012.

 Beginning July 1, 2012, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other

1 | act occurring on or after July 1, 2012, according to the provisions
2 | of this section.

3 | SECTION 35. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.303,

4 | is amended to read as follows:

Section 2357.303. A. Except as provided in subsection F of this section, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, and ending before January 1, 2015 January 1, 2013, a qualified employer shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed pursuant to Section 2355 of this title for compensation paid to a qualified employee.

- B. The credit authorized by subsection A of this section shall be in the amount of:
- 1. Ten percent (10%) of the compensation paid for the first through fifth years of employment in the aerospace sector if the qualified employee graduated from an institution located in this state; or
- 2. Five percent (5%) of the compensation paid for the first through fifth years of employment in the aerospace sector if the qualified employee graduated from an institution located outside this state.
- C. The credit authorized by this section shall not exceed
 Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00) for each qualified
 employee annually.

- D. The credit authorized by this section shall not be used to reduce the tax liability of the qualified employer to less than zero (0).
 - E. No credit authorized pursuant to this section shall be claimed after the fifth year of employment.
 - F. No credit otherwise authorized by the provisions of this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2010, for which the credit would otherwise be allowable. The provisions of this subsection shall cease to be operative on July 1, 2011.

 Beginning July 1, 2011, the credit authorized by this section may be claimed for any event, transaction, investment, expenditure or other act occurring on or after July 1, 2011, according to the provisions of this section.
- 15 SECTION 36. This act shall become effective July 1, 2012.
- SECTION 37. It being immediately necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety, an emergency is hereby declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage and approval.
- 20 | SECTION 38. REPEALER 68 O.S. 2011, Sections 1370.3,
- 21 2357.13, 2357.24, 2357.31, 2357.40 and 2357.402, are hereby repealed.
- SECTION 39. REPEALER 74 O.S. 2011, Sections 5075 and
- 24 | 5078, are hereby repealed.

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

1				
2	53-2-3503	JCR	5/24/2012 12:13:16 P	M
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				