## In the Senate of the United States,

July 31 (legislative day, July 21), 2003.

Resolved, That the bill from the House of Representatives (H.R. 6) entitled "An Act to enhance energy conservation and research and development, to provide for security and diversity in the energy supply for the American people, and for other purposes.", do pass with the following

## **AMENDMENT:**

Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert:

## 1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 This Act may be cited as the "Energy Policy Act of
- 3 2003".

## 1 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- Sec. 1. Short title.
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## DIVISION A—RELIABLE AND DI-VERSE POWER GENERATION 2 AND TRANSMISSION 3 TITLE I—REGIONAL 4 COORDINATION 5

- SEC. 101. POLICY ON REGIONAL COORDINATION.
- 7 (a) Statement of Policy.—It is the policy of the
- Federal Government to encourage States to coordinate, on
- a regional basis, State energy policies to provide reliable
- 10 and affordable energy services to the public while mini-
- 11 mizing the impact of providing energy services on commu-
- 12 nities and the environment.
- 13 (b) Definition of Energy Services.—For purposes
- of this section, the term "energy services" means—
- 15 (1) the generation or transmission of electric en-
- 16 ergy,

1	(2) the transportation, storage, and distribution
2	of crude oil, residual fuel oil, refined petroleum prod-
3	uct, or natural gas, or
4	(3) the reduction in load through increased effi-
5	ciency, conservation, or load control measures.
6	SEC. 102. FEDERAL SUPPORT FOR REGIONAL COORDINA-
7	TION.
8	(a) Technical Assistance.—The Secretary of En-
9	ergy shall provide technical assistance to States and re-
10	gional organizations formed by two or more States to assist
11	them in coordinating their energy policies on a regional
12	basis. Such technical assistance may include assistance
13	in—
14	(1) identifying the areas with the greatest energy
15	resource potential, and assessing future supply avail-
16	ability and demand requirements,
17	(2) planning, coordinating, and siting addi-
18	tional energy infrastructure, including generating fa-
19	cilities, electric transmission facilities, pipelines, re-
20	fineries, and distributed generation facilities to maxi-
21	mize the efficiency of energy resources and infrastruc-
22	ture and meet regional needs with the minimum ad-
23	verse impacts on the environment,
24	(3) identifying and resolving problems in dis-
25	tribution networks

1	(4) developing plans to respond to surge demand
2	or emergency needs, and
3	(5) developing renewable energy, energy effi-
4	ciency, conservation, and load control programs.
5	(b) Annual Conference on Regional Energy Co-
6	ORDINATION.—
7	(1) Annual conference.—The Secretary of
8	Energy shall convene an annual conference to pro-
9	mote regional coordination on energy policy and in-
10	frastructure issues.
11	(2) Participation.—The Secretary of Energy
12	shall invite appropriate representatives of Federal,
13	State, and regional energy organizations, and other
14	interested parties.
15	(3) State and federal agency coopera-
16	TION.—The Secretary of Energy shall consult and co-
17	operate with State and regional energy organizations,
18	the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Agri-
19	culture, the Secretary of Commerce, the Secretary of
20	the Treasury, the Chairman of the Federal Energy
21	Regulatory Commission, the Administrator of the En-
22	vironmental Protection Agency, and the Chairman of
23	the Council on Environmental Quality in the plan-
24	ning and conduct of the conference.

1	(4) Agenda.—The Secretary of Energy, in con-
2	sultation with the officials identified in paragraph
3	(3) and participants identified in paragraph (2),
4	shall establish an agenda for each conference that pro-
5	motes regional coordination on energy policy and in-
6	frastructure issues.
7	(5) Recommendations.—Not later than 60 days
8	after the conclusion of each annual conference, the
9	Secretary of Energy shall report to the President and
10	the Congress recommendations arising out of the con-
11	ference that may improve—
12	(A) regional coordination on energy policy
13	and infrastructure issues, and
14	(B) Federal support for regional coordina-
15	tion.
16	TITLE II—ELECTRICITY
17	Subtitle A—Amendments to the
18	Federal Power Act
19	SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.
20	(a) Definition of Electric Utility.—Section
21	3(22) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. $796(22)$ ) is
22	amended to read as follows:
23	"(22) 'electric utility' means any person or Fed-
24	eral or State agency (including any municipality)
25	that sells electric energy; such term includes the Ten-

1	nessee Valley Authority and each Federal power mar-
2	keting agency.".
3	(b) Definition of Transmitting Utility.—Section
4	3(23) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(23)) is
5	amended to read as follows:
6	"(23) Transmitting utility.—The term 'trans-
7	mitting utility' means an entity (including any enti-
8	ty described in section 201(f)) that owns or operates
9	facilities used for the transmission of electric energy
10	in—
11	"(A) interstate commerce; or
12	"(B) for the sale of electric energy at whole-
13	sale.".
14	SEC. 202. ELECTRIC UTILITY MERGERS.
15	Section 203(a) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C.
16	824b) is amended to read as follows:
17	"(a)(1) No public utility shall, without first having se-
18	cured an order of the Commission authorizing it to do so—
19	"(A) sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of the whole
20	of its facilities subject to the jurisdiction of the Com-
21	mission, or any part thereof of a value in excess of
22	\$10,000,000,
23	"(B) merge or consolidate, directly or indirectly,
24	such facilities or any part thereof with the facilities
25	of any other person, by any means whatsoever,

- 1 "(C) purchase, acquire, or take any security of 2 any other public utility, or
- 3 "(D) purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire exist-
- 4 ing facilities for the generation of electric energy un-
- 5 less such facilities will be used exclusively for the sale
- 6 of electric energy at retail.
- 7 "(2) No holding company in a holding company sys-
- 8 tem that includes a transmitting utility or an electric util-
- 9 ity company shall purchase, acquire, or take any security
- 10 of, or, by any means whatsoever, directly or indirectly,
- 11 merge or consolidate with a transmitting utility, an electric
- 12 utility company, a gas utility company, or a holding com-
- 13 pany in a holding company system that includes a trans-
- 14 mitting utility, an electric utility company, or a gas utility
- 15 company, without first having secured an order of the Com-
- 16 mission authorizing it to do so.
- 17 "(3) Upon application for such approval the Commis-
- 18 sion shall give reasonable notice in writing to the Governor
- 19 and State commission of each of the States in which the
- 20 physical property affected, or any part thereof, is situated,
- 21 and to such other persons as it may deem advisable.
- 22 "(4) After notice and opportunity for hearing, the
- 23 Commission shall approve the proposed disposition, consoli-
- 24 dation, acquisition, or control, if it finds that the proposed
- 25 transaction—

- "(A) will be consistent with the public interest;
  "(B) will not adversely affect the interests of consumers of electric energy of any public utility that is
  a party to the transaction or is an associate company
  of any party to the transaction;
  "(C) will not impair the ability of the Commis
  - sion or any State commission having jurisdiction over any public utility that is a party to the transaction or an associate company of any party to the transaction to protect the interests of consumers or the public; and
- "(D) will not lead to cross-subsidization of associate companies or encumber any utility assets for the
  benefit of an associate company.
- 15 "(5) The Commission shall, by rule, adopt procedures for the expeditious consideration of applications for the approval of dispositions, consolidations, or acquisitions under 17 18 this section. Such rules shall identify classes of transactions, 19 or specify criteria for transactions, that normally meet the standards established in paragraph (4), and shall require 20 21 the Commission to grant or deny an application for approval of a transaction of such type within 90 days after 23 the conclusion of the hearing or opportunity to comment under paragraph (4). If the Commission does not act within 90 days, such application shall be deemed granted unless

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- 1 the Commission finds that further consideration is required
- 2 to determine whether the proposed transaction meets the
- 3 standards of paragraph (4) and issues one or more orders
- 4 tolling the time for acting on the application for an addi-
- 5 tional 90 days.
- 6 "(6) For purposes of this subsection, the terms 'asso-
- 7 ciate company', 'electric utility company', 'gas utility com-
- 8 pany', 'holding company', and 'holding company system'
- 9 have the meaning given those terms in the Public Utility
- 10 Holding Company Act of 2003.".
- 11 SEC. 203. MARKET-BASED RATES.
- 12 (a) Approval of Market-Based Rates.—Section
- 13 205 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824d) is amended
- 14 by adding at the end the following:
- 15 "(h) The Commission may determine whether a mar-
- 16 ket-based rate for the sale of electric energy subject to the
- 17 jurisdiction of the Commission is just and reasonable and
- 18 not unduly discriminatory or preferential. In making such
- 19 determination, the Commission shall consider such factors
- 20 as the Commission may deem to be appropriate and in the
- 21 public interest, including to the extent the Commission con-
- 22 siders relevant to the wholesale power market—
- 23 "(1) market power;
- 24 "(2) the nature of the market and its response
- 25 mechanisms; and

1	"(3) reserve margins.".
2	(b) Revocation of Market-Based Rates.—Section
3	206 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824e) is amended
4	by adding at the end the following:
5	"(f) Whenever the Commission, after a hearing had
6	upon its own motion or upon complaint, finds that a rate
7	charged by a public utility authorized to charge a market-
8	based rate under section 205 is unjust, unreasonable, un-
9	duly discriminatory or preferential, the Commission shall
10	determine the just and reasonable rate and fix the same by
11	order.".
12	SEC. 204. REFUND EFFECTIVE DATE.
13	Section 206(b) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C.
14	824e(b)) is amended by—
15	(1) striking "the date 60 days after the filing of
16	such complaint nor later than 5 months after the ex-
17	piration of such 60-day period" in the second sen-
18	tence and inserting "the date of the filing of such
19	complaint nor later than 5 months after the filing of
20	such complaint";
21	(2) striking "60 days after" in the third sentence
22	and inserting "of"; and
23	(3) striking "expiration of such 60-day period"
24	in the third sentence and inserting "publication
25	date".

1	SEC. 205. OPEN ACCESS TRANSMISSION BY CERTAIN UTILI-
2	TIES.
3	Part II of the Federal Power Act is further amended
4	by inserting after section 211 the following:
5	"OPEN ACCESS BY UNREGULATED TRANSMITTING
6	UTILITIES
7	"Sec. 211A. (a) Subject to section 212(h), the Commis-
8	sion may, by rule or order, require an unregulated trans-
9	mitting utility to provide transmission services—
10	"(1) at rates that are comparable to those that
11	the unregulated transmitting utility charges itself,
12	and
13	"(2) on terms and conditions (not relating to
14	rates) that are comparable to those under Commission
15	rules that require public utilities to offer open access
16	transmission services and that are not unduly dis-
17	criminatory or preferential.
18	"(b) The Commission shall exempt from any rule or
19	order under this subsection any unregulated transmitting
20	utility that—
21	"(1) sells no more than 4,000,000 megawatt
22	hours of electricity per year;
23	"(2) does not own or operate any transmission
24	facilities that are necessary for operating an inter-
25	connected transmission system (or any portion there-
26	of); or

1	"(3) meets other criteria the Commission deter-
2	mines to be in the public interest.
3	"(c) The rate changing procedures applicable to public
4	utilities under subsections (c) and (d) of section 205 are
5	applicable to unregulated transmitting utilities for pur-
6	poses of this section.
7	"(d) In exercising its authority under paragraph (1),
8	the Commission may remand transmission rates to an un-
9	regulated transmitting utility for review and revision where
10	necessary to meet the requirements of subsection (a).
11	"(e) The provision of transmission services under sub-
12	section (a) does not preclude a request for transmission
13	services under section 211.
14	"(f) The Commission may not require a State or mu-
15	nicipality to take action under this section that constitutes
16	a private business use for purposes of section 141 of the
17	Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 141).
18	"(g) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'unregu-
19	lated transmitting utility' means an entity that—
20	"(1) owns or operates facilities used for the
21	transmission of electric energy in interstate com-
22	merce, and
23	"(2) is either an entity described in section
24	201(f) or a rural electric cooperative.".

## 1 SEC. 206. ELECTRIC RELIABILITY STANDARDS.

2	Part II of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824 et
3	seq.) is amended by inserting the following after section 215
4	as added by this Act:
5	"SEC. 216. ELECTRIC RELIABILITY.
6	"(a) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
7	"(1) bulk-power system' means the network of
8	interconnected transmission facilities and generating
9	facilities;
10	"(2) 'electric reliability organization' means a
11	self-regulating organization certified by the Commis-
12	sion under subsection (c) whose purpose is to promote
13	the reliability of the bulk-power system; and
14	"(3) 'reliability standard' means a requirement
15	to provide for reliable operation of the bulk-power sys-
16	tem approved by the Commission under this section.
17	"(b) Jurisidiction and Applicability.—The Com-
18	mission shall have jurisdiction, within the United States,
19	over an electric reliability organization, any regional enti-
20	ties, and all users, owners and operators of the bulk-power
21	system, including but not limited to the entities described
22	in section 201(f), for purposes of approving reliability
23	standards and enforcing compliance with this section. All
24	users, owners and operators of the bulk-power system shall
25	comply with reliability standards that take effect under this
26	section.

1	"(c) Certification.—(1) The Commission shall issue
2	a final rule to implement the requirements of this section
3	not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this
4	section.
5	"(2) Following the issuance of a Commission rule
6	under paragraph (1), any person may submit an applica-
7	tion to the Commission for certification as an electric reli-
8	ability organization. The Commission may certify an ap-
9	plicant if the Commission determines that the applicant—
10	"(A) has the ability to develop, and enforce reli-
11	ability standards that provide for an adequate level
12	of reliability of the bulk-power system;
13	"(B) has established rules that—
14	"(i) assure its independence of the users and
15	owners and operators of the bulk-power system;
16	while assuring fair stakeholder representation in
17	the selection of its directors and balanced deci-
18	sionmaking in any committee or subordinate or-
19	$ganizational\ structure;$
20	"(ii) allocate equitably dues, fees, and other
21	charges among end users for all activities under
22	$this\ section;$
23	"(iii) provide fair and impartial procedures
24	for enforcement of reliability standards through
25	imposition of penalties (including limitations on

1	activities,	functions,	or	operations,	or	other	ap-
2	propriate	sanctions);	an	d			

- "(iv) provide for reasonable notice and opportunity for public comment, due process, openness, and balance of interests in developing reliability standards and otherwise exercising its duties.
- 8 "(3) If the Commission receives two or more timely
  9 applications that satisfy the requirements of this subsection,
  10 the Commission shall approve only the application it con11 cludes will best implement the provisions of this section.
- "(d) Reliability Standards.—(1) An electric reliability organization shall file a proposed reliability standard ard or modification to a reliability standard with the Commission.
- "(2) The Commission may approve a proposed reli17 ability standard or modification to a reliability standard
  18 if it determines that the standard is just, reasonable, not
  19 unduly discriminatory or preferential, and in the public
  20 interest. The Commission shall give due weight to the tech21 nical expertise of the electric reliability organization with
  22 respect to the content of a proposed standard or modifica23 tion to a reliability standard, but shall not defer with re24 spect to its effect on competition.

- 1 "(3) The electric reliability organization and the Com-
- 2 mission shall rebuttably presume that a proposal from a
- 3 regional entity organized on an interconnection-wide basis
- 4 for a reliability standard or modification to a reliability
- 5 standard to be applicable on an interconnection-wide basis
- 6 is just, reasonable, and not unduly discriminatory or pref-
- 7 erential, and in the public interest.
- 8 "(4) The Commission shall remand to the electric reli-
- 9 ability organization for further consideration a proposed re-
- 10 liability standard or a modification to a reliability stand-
- 11 ard that the Commission disapproves in whole or in part.
- 12 "(5) The Commission, upon its own motion or upon
- 13 complaint, may order an electric reliability organization
- 14 to submit to the Commission a proposed reliability stand-
- 15 ard or a modification to a reliability standard that address-
- 16 es a specific matter if the Commission considers such a new
- 17 or modified reliability standard appropriate to carry out
- 18 this section.
- 19 "(e) Enforcement.—(1) An electric reliability orga-
- 20 nization may impose a penalty on a user or owner or oper-
- 21 ator of the bulk-power system if the electric reliability orga-
- 22 nization, after notice and an opportunity for a hearing—
- 23 "(A) finds that the user or owner or operator of
- 24 the bulk-power system has violated a reliability

- 1 standard approved by the Commission under sub-
- 2 section (d); and
- 3 "(B) files notice with the Commission, which
- 4 shall affirm, set aside or modify the action.
- 5 "(2) On its own motion or upon complaint, the Com-
- 6 mission may order compliance with a reliability standard
- 7 and may impose a penalty against a user or owner or oper-
- 8 ator of the bulk-power system, if the Commission finds, after
- 9 notice and opportunity for a hearing, that the user or owner
- 10 or operator of the bulk-power system has violated or threat-
- 11 ens to violate a reliability standard.
- 12 "(3) The Commission shall establish regulations au-
- 13 thorizing the electric reliability organization to enter into
- 14 an agreement to delegate authority to a regional entity for
- 15 the purpose of proposing and enforcing reliability stand-
- 16 ards (including related activities) if the regional entity sat-
- 17 isfies the provisions of subsection (c)(2) (A) and (B) and
- 18 the agreement promotes effective and efficient administra-
- 19 tion of bulk-power system reliability, and may modify such
- 20 delegation. The electric reliability organization and the
- 21 Commission shall rebuttably presume that a proposal for
- 22 delegation to a regional entity organized on an interconnec-
- 23 tion-wide basis promotes effective and efficient administra-
- 24 tion of bulk-power system reliability and should be ap-
- 25 proved. Such regulation may provide that the Commission

- 1 may assign the electric reliability organization's authority
- 2 to enforce reliability standards directly to a regional entity
- 3 consistent with the requirements of this paragraph.
- 4 "(4) The Commission may take such action as is nec-
- 5 essary or appropriate against the electric reliability organi-
- 6 zation or a regional entity to ensure compliance with a reli-
- 7 ability standard or any Commission order affecting the
- 8 electric reliability organization or a regional entity.
- 9 "(f) Changes in Electricity Reliability Organi-
- 10 ZATION RULES.—An electric reliability organization shall
- 11 file with the Commission for approval any proposed rule
- 12 or proposed rule change, accompanied by an explanation
- 13 of its basis and purpose. The Commission, upon its own
- 14 motion or complaint, may propose a change to the rules
- 15 of the electric reliability organization. A proposed rule or
- 16 proposed rule change shall take effect upon a finding by
- 17 the Commission, after notice and opportunity for comment,
- 18 that the change is just, reasonable, not unduly discrimina-
- 19 tory or preferential, is in the public interest, and satisfies
- 20 the requirements of subsection (c)(2).
- 21 "(g) Coordination With Canada and Mexico.—(1)
- 22 The electric reliability organization shall take all appro-
- 23 priate steps to gain recognition in Canada and Mexico.
- 24 "(2) The President shall use his best efforts to enter
- 25 into international agreements with the governments of Can-

- 1 ada and Mexico to provide for effective compliance with re-
- 2 liability standards and the effectiveness of the electric reli-
- 3 ability organization in the United States and Canada or
- 4 Mexico.
- 5 "(h) Reliability Reports.—The electric reliability
- 6 organization shall conduct periodic assessments of the reli-
- 7 ability and adequacy of the interconnected bulk-power sys-
- 8 tem in North America.
- 9 "(i) Savings Provisions.—(1) The electric reliability
- 10 organization shall have authority to develop and enforce
- 11 compliance with standards for the reliable operation of only
- 12 the bulk-power system.
- 13 "(2) This section does not provide the electric reli-
- 14 ability organization or the Commission with the authority
- 15 to order the construction of additional generation or trans-
- 16 mission capacity or to set and enforce compliance with
- 17 standards for adequacy or safety of electric facilities or serv-
- 18 *ices*.
- 19 "(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to pre-
- 20 empt any authority of any State to take action to ensure
- 21 the safety, adequacy, and reliability of electric service with-
- 22 in that State, as long as such action is not inconsistent
- 23 with any reliability standard.
- 24 "(4) Within 90 days of the application of the electric
- 25 reliability organization or other affected party, and after

1	notice and opportunity for comment, the Commission shall
2	issue a final order determining whether a State action is
3	inconsistent with a reliability standard, taking into consid-
4	eration any recommendation of the electric reliability orga-
5	nization.
6	"(5) The Commission, after consultation with the elec-
7	tric reliability organization, may stay the effectiveness of
8	any State action, pending the Commission's issuance of a
9	final order.
10	"(j) Application of Antitrust Laws.—
11	"(1) In general.—To the extent undertaken to
12	develop, implement, or enforce a reliability standard,
13	each of the following activities shall not, in any ac-
14	tion under the antitrust laws, be deemed illegal per
15	se—
16	"(A) activities undertaken by an electric re-
17	liability organization under this section, and
18	"(B) activities of a user or owner or oper-
19	ator of the bulk-power system undertaken in good
20	faith under the rules of an electric reliability or-
21	ganization.
22	"(2) Rule of Reason.—In any action under
23	the antitrust laws, an activity described in paragraph
24	(1) shall be judged on the basis of its reasonableness.

- taking into account all relevant factors affecting com petition and reliability.
- 3 "(3) Definition.—For purposes of this sub-
- 4 section, 'antitrust laws' has the meaning given the
- 5 term in subsection (a) of the first section of the Clay-
- 6 ton Act (15 U.S.C. 12(a)), except that it includes sec-
- 7 tion 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.
- 8 S.C. 45) to the extent that section 5 applies to unfair
- 9 methods of competition.
- 10 "(k) REGIONAL ADVISORY BODIES.—The Commission
- 11 shall establish a regional advisory body on the petition of
- 12 at least two-thirds of the States within a region that have
- 13 more than one-half of their electric load served within the
- 14 region. A regional advisory body shall be composed of one
- 15 member from each participating State in the region, ap-
- 16 pointed by the Governor of each State, and may include
- 17 representatives of agencies, States, and provinces outside the
- 18 United States. A regional advisory body may provide ad-
- 19 vice to the electric reliability organization, a regional reli-
- 20 ability entity, or the Commission regarding the governance
- 21 of an existing or proposed regional reliability entity within
- 22 the same region, whether a standard proposed to apply
- 23 within the region is just, reasonable, not unduly discrimi-
- 24 natory or preferential, and in the public interest, whether
- 25 fees proposed to be assessed within the region are just, rea-

- 1 sonable, not unduly discriminatory or preferential, and in
- 2 the public interest and any other responsibilities requested
- 3 by the Commission. The Commission may give deference to
- 4 the advice of any such regional advisory body if that body
- 5 is organized on an interconnection-wide basis.
- 6 "(l) Application to Alaska and Hawaii.—The pro-
- 7 visions of this section do not apply to Alaska or Hawaii.".
- 8 SEC. 207. MARKET TRANSPARENCY RULES.
- 9 Part II of the Federal Power Act is further amended
- 10 by adding at the end the following:
- 11 "SEC. 216. MARKET TRANSPARENCY RULES.
- 12 "(a) Commission Rules.—Not later than 180 days
- 13 after the date of enactment of this section, the Commission
- 14 shall issue rules establishing an electronic information sys-
- 15 tem to provide information about the availability and price
- 16 of wholesale electric energy and transmission services to the
- 17 Commission, State commissions, buyers and sellers of
- 18 wholesale electric energy, users of transmission services, and
- 19 the public on a timely basis.
- 20 "(b) Information Required.—The Commission
- 21 shall require—
- 22 "(1) each regional transmission organization to
- 23 provide statistical information about the available ca-
- 24 pacity and capacity constraints of transmission fa-
- 25 cilities operated by the organization; and

1	"(2) each broker, exchange, or other market-mak-
2	ing entity that matches offers to sell and offers to buy
3	wholesale electric energy in interstate commerce to
4	provide statistical information about the amount and
5	sale price of sales of electric energy at wholesale in
6	interstate commerce it transacts.
7	"(c) Timely Basis.—The Commission shall require
8	the information required under subsection (b) to be posted
9	on the Internet as soon as practicable and updated as fre-
10	quently as practicable.
11	"(d) Protection of Sensitive Information.—The
12	Commission shall exempt from disclosure commercial or fi-
13	nancial information that the Commission, by rule or order,
14	determines to be privileged, confidential, or otherwise sen-
15	sitive.".
16	SEC. 208. ACCESS TO TRANSMISSION BY INTERMITTENT
17	GENERATORS.
18	Part II of the Federal Power Act is further amended
19	by adding at the end the following:
20	"SEC. 217. ACCESS TO TRANSMISSION BY INTERMITTENT
21	GENERATORS.
22	"(a) Fair Treatment of Intermittent Genera-

23 Tors.—The Commission shall ensure that all transmitting

24 utilities provide transmission service to intermittent gen-

1	erators in a manner that does not unduly prejudice or dis-
2	advantage such generators for characteristics that are—
3	"(1) inherent to intermittent energy resources,
4	and
5	"(2) are beyond the control of such generators.
6	"(b) Policies.—The Commission shall ensure that the
7	requirement in subsection (a) is met by adopting such poli-
8	cies as it deems appropriate which shall include the fol-
9	lowing:
10	"(1) Subject to the sole exception set forth in
11	paragraph (2), the Commission shall ensure that the
12	rates transmitting utilities charge intermittent gener-
13	ator customers for transmission services do not un-
14	duly prejudice or disadvantage intermittent generator
15	customers for scheduling deviations.
16	"(2) The Commission may exempt a transmit-
17	ting utility from the requirement set forth in para-
18	graph (1) if the transmitting utility demonstrates
19	that scheduling deviations by its intermittent gener-
20	ator customers are likely to have an adverse impact
21	on the reliability of the transmitting utility's system.
22	"(3) The Commission shall ensure that to the ex-
23	tent any transmission charges recovering the trans-
24	mitting utility's embedded costs are assessed to such

intermittent generators, they are assessed to such gen-

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1	erators on the basis of kilowatt-hours generated or
2	some other method to ensure that they are fully recov-
3	ered by the transmitting utility.
4	"(4) The Commission shall require transmitting
5	utilities to offer to intermittent generators, and may
6	require transmitting utilities to offer to all trans-
7	mission customers, access to nonfirm transmission
8	service.
9	"(c) Definitions.—As used in this section:
10	"(1) The term 'intermittent generator' means of
11	facility that generates electricity using wind or solar
12	energy and no other energy source.
13	"(2) The term 'nonfirm transmission service
14	means transmission service provided on an 'as avail-
15	able' basis.
16	"(3) The term 'scheduling deviation' means de-
17	livery of more or less energy than has previously been
18	forecast in a schedule submitted by an intermittent
19	generator to a control area operator or transmitting
20	utility.".
21	SEC. 209. ENFORCEMENT.
22	(a) Complaints.—Section 306 of the Federal Power
23	Act (16 U.S.C. 825e) is amended by—
24	(1) inserting "electric utility," after "Any per-
25	son,"; and

son,"; and

- 1 (2) inserting "transmitting utility," after "li-
- 2 censee" each place it appears.
- 3 (b) Investigations.—Section 307(a) of the Federal
- 4 Power Act (16 U.S.C. 825f(a)) is amended by inserting "or
- 5 transmitting utility" after "any person" in the first sen-
- 6 tence.
- 7 (c) Review of Commission Orders.—Section 313(a)
- 8 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 8251) is amended by
- 9 inserting "electric utility," after "Any person," in the first
- 10 sentence.
- 11 (d) Criminal Penalties.—Section 316(c) of the Fed-
- 12 *eral Power Act* (16 U.S.C. 8250(c)) *is repealed*.
- 13 (e) Civil Penalties.—Section 316A of the Federal
- 14 Power Act (16 U.S.C. 8250-1) is amended by striking "sec-
- 15 tion 211, 212, 213, or 214" each place it appears and in-
- 16 serting "Part II".
- 17 SEC. 210. ELECTRIC POWER TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS.
- 18 The Federal Government should be attentive to electric
- 19 power transmission issues, including issues that can be ad-
- 20 dressed through policies that facilitate investment in, the
- 21 enhancement of, and the efficiency of electric power trans-
- 22 mission systems.

1	Subtitle B—Amendments to the
2	Public Utility Holding Company
3	Act
4	SEC. 221. SHORT TITLE.
5	This subtitle may be cited as the "Public Utility Hold-
6	ing Company Act of 2003".
7	SEC. 222. DEFINITIONS.
8	For purposes of this subtitle:
9	(1) The term "affiliate" of a company means
10	any company, 5 percent or more of the outstanding
11	voting securities of which are owned, controlled, or
12	held with power to vote, directly or indirectly, by
13	such company.
14	(2) The term "associate company" of a company
15	means any company in the same holding company
16	system with such company.
17	(3) The term "Commission" means the Federal
18	Energy Regulatory Commission.
19	(4) The term "company" means a corporation,
20	partnership, association, joint stock company, busi-
21	ness trust, or any organized group of persons, whether
22	incorporated or not, or a receiver, trustee, or other
23	liquidating agent of any of the foregoing.
24	(5) The term "electric utility company" means
25	any company that owns or operates facilities used for

- the generation, transmission, or distribution of electric energy for sale.
  - (6) The terms "exempt wholesale generator" and "foreign utility company" have the same meanings as in sections 32 and 33, respectively, of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 (15 U.S.C. 79z–5a, 79z–5b), as those sections existed on the day before the effective date of this subtitle.
    - (7) The term "gas utility company" means any company that owns or operates facilities used for distribution at retail (other than the distribution only in enclosed portable containers or distribution to tenants or employees of the company operating such facilities for their own use and not for resale) of natural or manufactured gas for heat, light, or power.

## (8) The term "holding company" means—

- (A) any company that directly or indirectly owns, controls, or holds, with power to vote, 10 percent or more of the outstanding voting securities of a public utility company or of a holding company of any public utility company; and
- (B) any person, determined by the Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, to exercise directly or indirectly (either alone or pursuant to an arrangement or understanding

- with one or more persons) such a controlling influence over the management or policies of any
  public utility company or holding company as to
  make it necessary or appropriate for the rate
  protection of utility customers with respect to
  rates that such person be subject to the obligations, duties, and liabilities imposed by this subtitle upon holding companies.
  - (9) The term "holding company system" means a holding company, together with its subsidiary companies.
  - (10) The term "jurisdictional rates" means rates established by the Commission for the transmission of electric energy in interstate commerce, the sale of electric energy at wholesale in interstate commerce, the transportation of natural gas in interstate commerce, and the sale in interstate commerce of natural gas for resale for ultimate public consumption for domestic, commercial, industrial, or any other use.
  - (11) The term "natural gas company" means a person engaged in the transportation of natural gas in interstate commerce or the sale of such gas in interstate commerce for resale.
- 24 (12) The term "person" means an individual or company.

1	(13) The term "public utility" means any person
2	who owns or operates facilities used for transmission
3	of electric energy in interstate commerce or sales of
4	electric energy at wholesale in interstate commerce.
5	(14) The term "public utility company" means
6	an electric utility company or a gas utility company.
7	(15) The term "State commission" means any
8	commission, board, agency, or officer, by whatever
9	name designated, of a State, municipality, or other
10	political subdivision of a State that, under the laws
11	of such State, has jurisdiction to regulate public util-
12	ity companies.
13	(16) The term "subsidiary company" of a hold-
14	ing company means—
15	(A) any company, 10 percent or more of the
16	outstanding voting securities of which are di-
17	rectly or indirectly owned, controlled, or held
18	with power to vote, by such holding company;
19	and
20	(B) any person, the management or policies
21	of which the Commission, after notice and oppor-
22	tunity for hearing, determines to be subject to a
23	controlling influence, directly or indirectly, by
24	such holding company (either alone or pursuant

to an arrangement or understanding with one or

- more other persons) so as to make it necessary
  for the rate protection of utility customers with
  respect to rates that such person be subject to the
  obligations, duties, and liabilities imposed by
  this subtitle upon subsidiary companies of holding companies.
- 7 (17) The term "voting security" means any secu-8 rity presently entitling the owner or holder thereof to 9 vote in the direction or management of the affairs of 10 a company.
- 11 SEC. 223. REPEAL OF THE PUBLIC UTILITY HOLDING COM-
- 12 **PANY ACT OF 1935.**
- 13 The Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935 (15 14 U.S.C. 79 et seq.) is repealed.
- 15 SEC. 224. FEDERAL ACCESS TO BOOKS AND RECORDS.
- 16 (a) In General.—Each holding company and each
- 17 associate company thereof shall maintain, and shall make
- 18 available to the Commission, such books, accounts, memo-
- 19 randa, and other records as the Commission deems to be
- 20 relevant to costs incurred by a public utility or natural gas
- 21 company that is an associate company of such holding com-
- 22 pany and necessary or appropriate for the protection of
- 23 utility customers with respect to jurisdictional rates.
- 24 (b) Affiliate Companies.—Each affiliate of a hold-
- 25 ing company or of any subsidiary company of a holding

- 1 company shall maintain, and shall make available to the
- 2 Commission, such books, accounts, memoranda, and other
- 3 records with respect to any transaction with another affil-
- 4 iate, as the Commission deems to be relevant to costs in-
- 5 curred by a public utility or natural gas company that is
- 6 an associate company of such holding company and nec-
- 7 essary or appropriate for the protection of utility customers
- 8 with respect to jurisdictional rates.
- 9 (c) Holding Company Systems.—The Commission
- 10 may examine the books, accounts, memoranda, and other
- 11 records of any company in a holding company system, or
- 12 any affiliate thereof, as the Commission deems to be rel-
- 13 evant to costs incurred by a public utility or natural gas
- 14 company within such holding company system and nec-
- 15 essary or appropriate for the protection of utility customers
- 16 with respect to jurisdictional rates.
- 17 (d) Confidentiality.—No member, officer, or em-
- 18 ployee of the Commission shall divulge any fact or informa-
- 19 tion that may come to his or her knowledge during the
- 20 course of examination of books, accounts, memoranda, or
- 21 other records as provided in this section, except as may be
- 22 directed by the Commission or by a court of competent ju-
- 23 risdiction.

### 1 SEC. 225. STATE ACCESS TO BOOKS AND RECORDS.

2	(a) In General.—Upon the written request of a State
3	commission having jurisdiction to regulate a public utility
4	company in a holding company system, the holding com-
5	pany or any associate company or affiliate thereof, other
6	than such public utility company, wherever located, shall
7	produce for inspection books, accounts, memoranda, and
8	other records that—
9	(1) have been identified in reasonable detail by
10	the State commission;
11	(2) the State commission deems are relevant to
12	costs incurred by such public utility company; and
13	(3) are necessary for the effective discharge of the
14	responsibilities of the State commission with respect
15	to such proceeding.
16	(b) Limitation.—Subsection (a) does not apply to
17	any person that is a holding company solely by reason of
18	ownership of one or more qualifying facilities under the
19	Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C.
20	2601 et seq.).
21	(c) Confidentiality of Information.—The produc-
22	tion of books, accounts, memoranda, and other records
23	under subsection (a) shall be subject to such terms and con-
24	ditions as may be necessary and appropriate to safeguard

25 against unwarranted disclosure to the public of any trade

26 secrets or sensitive commercial information.

- 1 (d) Effect on State Law.—Nothing in this section 2 shall preempt applicable State law concerning the provision
- 3 of books, accounts, memoranda, and other records, or in any
- 4 way limit the rights of any State to obtain books, accounts,
- 5 memoranda, and other records under any other Federal
- 6 law, contract, or otherwise.
- 7 (e) Court Jurisdiction.—Any United States district
- 8 court located in the State in which the State commission
- 9 referred to in subsection (a) is located shall have jurisdic-
- 10 tion to enforce compliance with this section.
- 11 SEC. 226. EXEMPTION AUTHORITY.
- 12 (a) Rulemaking.—Not later than 90 days after the
- 13 effective date of this subtitle, the Commission shall promul-
- 14 gate a final rule to exempt from the requirements of section
- 15 224 any person that is a holding company, solely with re-
- 16 spect to one or more—
- 17 (1) qualifying facilities under the Public Utility
- 18 Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2601 et
- 19 *seq.*);
- 20 (2) exempt wholesale generators; or
- 21 (3) foreign utility companies.
- 22 (b) Other Authority.—The Commission shall ex-
- 23 empt a person or transaction from the requirements of sec-
- 24 tion 224, if, upon application or upon the motion of the
- 25 Commission—

- (1) the Commission finds that the books, accounts, memoranda, and other records of any person
   are not relevant to the jurisdictional rates of a public
   utility or natural gas company; or
- 5 (2) the Commission finds that any class of trans-6 actions is not relevant to the jurisdictional rates of a 7 public utility or natural gas company.

#### 8 SEC. 227. AFFILIATE TRANSACTIONS.

9 (a) COMMISSION AUTHORITY UNAFFECTED.—Nothing 10 in this subtitle shall limit the authority of the Commission 11 under the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 791a et seq.) to 12 require that jurisdictional rates are just and reasonable, in-13 cluding the ability to deny or approve the pass through of 14 costs, the prevention of cross-subsidization, and the promul-15 gation of such rules and regulations as are necessary or ap-

propriate for the protection of utility consumers.

17 (b) RECOVERY OF COSTS.—Nothing in this subtitle
18 shall preclude the Commission or a State commission from
19 exercising its jurisdiction under otherwise applicable law
20 to determine whether a public utility company, public util21 ity, or natural gas company may recover in rates any costs
22 of an activity performed by an associate company, or any
23 costs of goods or services acquired by such public utility
24 company from an associate company.

#### 1 SEC. 228. APPLICABILITY.

- 2 Except as otherwise specifically provided in this sub-
- 3 title, no provision of this subtitle shall apply to, or be
- 4 deemed to include—
- 5 (1) the United States;
- 6 (2) a State or any political subdivision of a
- 7 State;
- 8 (3) any foreign governmental authority not oper-
- 9 ating in the United States;
- 10 (4) any agency, authority, or instrumentality of
- any entity referred to in paragraph (1), (2), or (3);
- 12 *or*
- 13 (5) any officer, agent, or employee of any entity
- 14 referred to in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) acting as
- such in the course of his or her official duty.
- 16 SEC. 229. EFFECT ON OTHER REGULATIONS.
- Nothing in this subtitle precludes the Commission or
- 18 a State commission from exercising its jurisdiction under
- 19 otherwise applicable law to protect utility customers.
- 20 SEC. 230. ENFORCEMENT.
- 21 The Commission shall have the same powers as set
- 22 forth in sections 306 through 317 of the Federal Power Act
- 23 (16 U.S.C. 825e-825p) to enforce the provisions of this sub-
- 24 title.

#### SEC. 231. SAVINGS PROVISIONS.

- 2 (a) In General.—Nothing in this subtitle prohibits
- 3 a person from engaging in or continuing to engage in ac-
- 4 tivities or transactions in which it is legally engaged or
- 5 authorized to engage on the effective date of this subtitle.
- 6 (b) Effect on Other Commission Authority.—
- 7 Nothing in this subtitle limits the authority of the Commis-
- 8 sion under the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 791a et seq.)
- 9 (including section 301 of that Act) or the Natural Gas Act
- 10 (15 U.S.C. 717 et seq.) (including section 8 of that Act).
- 11 SEC. 232. IMPLEMENTATION.
- Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment
- 13 of this subtitle, the Commission shall—
- 14 (1) promulgate such regulations as may be nec-
- 15 essary or appropriate to implement this subtitle
- 16 (other than section 225); and
- 17 (2) submit to the Congress detailed recommenda-
- 18 tions on technical and conforming amendments to
- 19 Federal law necessary to carry out this subtitle and
- 20 the amendments made by this subtitle.
- 21 SEC. 233. TRANSFER OF RESOURCES.
- 22 All books and records that relate primarily to the func-
- 23 tions transferred to the Commission under this subtitle shall
- 24 be transferred from the Securities and Exchange Commis-
- 25 sion to the Commission.

1	SEC. 234. INTER-AGENCY REVIEW OF COMPETITION IN THE
2	WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MARKETS FOR
3	ELECTRIC ENERGY.
4	(a) Task Force.—There is established an inter-agen-
5	cy task force, to be known as the "Electric Energy Market
6	Competition Task Force" (referred to in this section as the
7	"task force"), which shall consist of—
8	(1) one member each from—
9	(A) the Department of Justice, to be ap-
10	pointed by the Attorney General of the United
11	States;
12	(B) the Federal Energy Regulatory Com-
13	mission, to be appointed by the chairman of that
14	Commission; and
15	(C) the Federal Trade Commission, to be
16	appointed by the chairman of that Commission;
17	and
18	(2) two advisory members (who shall not vote),
19	of whom—
20	(A) one shall be appointed by the Secretary
21	of Agriculture to represent the Rural Utility
22	Service; and
23	(B) one shall be appointed by the Chairman
24	of the Securities and Exchange Commission to
25	represent that Commission.
26	(b) Study and Report.—

1	(1) Study.—The task force shall perform a
2	study and analysis of the protection and promotion
3	of competition within the wholesale and retail market
4	for electric energy in the United States.
5	(2) Report.—
6	(A) Final report.—Not later than 1 year
7	after the effective date of this subtitle, the task
8	force shall submit a final report of its findings
9	under paragraph (1) to the Congress.
10	(B) Public comment.—At least 60 days
11	before submission of a final report to the Con-
12	gress under subparagraph (A), the task force
13	shall publish a draft report in the Federal Reg-
14	ister to provide for public comment.
15	(c) Focus.—The study required by this section shall
16	examine—
17	(1) the best means of protecting competition
18	within the wholesale and retail electric market;
19	(2) activities within the wholesale and retail
20	electric market that may allow unfair and unjustified
21	discriminatory and deceptive practices;
22	(3) activities within the wholesale and retail
23	electric market, including mergers and acquisitions,
24	that denu market access or suppress competition:

1	(4) cross-subsidization that may occur between
2	regulated and nonregulated activities; and
3	(5) the role of State public utility commissions
4	in regulating competition in the wholesale and retail
5	electric market.
6	(d) Consultation.—In performing the study required
7	by this section, the task force shall consult with and solicit
8	comments from its advisory members, the States, represent-
9	atives of the electric power industry, and the public.
10	SEC. 235. GAO STUDY ON IMPLEMENTATION.
11	(a) Study.—The Comptroller General shall conduct a
12	study of the success of the Federal Government and the
13	States during the 18-month period following the effective
14	date of this subtitle in—
15	(1) the prevention of anticompetitive practices
16	and other abuses by public utility holding companies,
17	including cross-subsidization and other market power
18	abuses; and
19	(2) the promotion of competition and efficient
20	energy markets to the benefit of consumers.
21	(b) Report to Congress.—Not earlier than 18
22	months after the effective date of this subtitle or later than
23	24 months after that effective date, the Comptroller General
24	shall submit a report to the Congress on the results of the
25	study conducted under subsection (a), including probable

- 1 causes of its findings and recommendations to the Congress
- 2 and the States for any necessary legislative changes.
- 3 SEC. 236. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 4 This subtitle shall take effect 18 months after the date
- 5 of enactment of this subtitle.
- 6 SEC. 237. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 7 There are authorized to be appropriated such funds as
- 8 may be necessary to carry out this subtitle.
- 9 SEC. 238. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL
- 10 **POWER ACT.**
- 11 (a) Conflict of Jurisdiction.—Section 318 of the
- 12 Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 825q) is repealed.
- 13 (b) Definitions.—(1) Section 201(g) of the Federal
- 14 Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824(g)) is amended by striking
- 15 "1935" and inserting "2002".
- 16 (2) Section 214 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C.
- 17 824m) is amended by striking "1935" and inserting
- 18 "2002".

1	Subtitle C—Amendments to the
2	Public Utility Regulatory Poli-
3	cies Act of 1978
4	SEC. 241. REAL-TIME PRICING AND TIME-OF-USE METERING
5	STANDARDS.
6	(a) Adoption of Standards.—Section 111(d) of the
7	Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C.
8	2621(d)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
9	"(11) Real-time pricing.—(A) Each electric
10	utility shall, at the request of an electric consumer,
11	provide electric service under a real-time rate sched-
12	ule, under which the rate charged by the electric util-
13	ity varies by the hour (or smaller time interval) ac-
14	cording to changes in the electric utility's wholesale
15	power cost. The real-time pricing service shall enable
16	the electric consumer to manage energy use and cost
17	through real-time metering and communications tech-
18	nology.
19	"(B) For purposes of implementing this para-
20	graph, any reference contained in this section to the
21	date of enactment of the Public Utility Regulatory
22	Policies Act of 1978 shall be deemed to be a reference
23	to the date of enactment of this paragraph.
24	"(C) Notwithstanding subsections (b) and (c) of
25	section 112 each State regulatory authority shall con-

- sider and make a determination concerning whether

  it is appropriate to implement the standard set out

  in subparagraph (A) not later than 1 year after the

  date of enactment of this paragraph.
  - "(12) Time-of-use metering.—(A) Each electric utility shall, at the request of an electric consumer, provide electric service under a time-of-use rate schedule which enables the electric consumer to manage energy use and cost through time-of-use metering and technology.
    - "(B) For purposes of implementing this paragraph, any reference contained in this section to the date of enactment of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 shall be deemed to be a reference to the date of enactment of this paragraph.
    - "(C) Notwithstanding subsections (b) and (c) of section 112, each State regulatory authority shall consider and make a determination concerning whether it is appropriate to implement the standards set out in subparagraph (A) not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this paragraph.".
- 22 (b) Special Rules.—Section 115 of the Public Util-23 ity Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2625) is 24 amended by adding at the end the following:

- 1 "(i) Real-Time Pricing.—In a State that permits 2 third-party marketers to sell electric energy to retail electric 3 consumers, the electric consumer shall be entitled to receive 4 the same real-time metering and communication service as 5 a direct retail electric consumer of the electric utility. 6 "(j) Time-of-Use Metering.—In a State that permits third-party marketers to sell electric energy to retail 8 electric consumers, the electric consumer shall be entitled to receive the same time-of-use metering and communication service as a direct retail electric consumer of the elec-11 tric utility.". SEC. 242. ADOPTION OF ADDITIONAL STANDARDS. 13 (a) Adoption of Standards.—Section 113(b) of the 14 Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 15 2623(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(6) Distributed Generation.—Each electric 16 17 utility shall provide distributed generation, combined 18 heat and power, and district heating and cooling sys-19 tems competitive access to the local distribution grid 20 and competitive pricing of service, and shall use sim-21 plified standard contracts for the interconnection of 22 generating facilities that have a power production ca-23 pacity of 250 kilowatts or less.
- 24 "(7) DISTRIBUTION INTERCONNECTIONS.—No 25 electric utility may refuse to interconnect a gener-

- ating facility with the distribution facilities of the
  electric utility if the owner or operator of the generating facility complies with technical standards
  adopted by the State regulatory authority and agrees
  to pay the costs established by such State regulatory
  authority.
- "(8) MINIMUM FUEL AND TECHNOLOGY DIVER8 SITY STANDARD.—Each electric utility shall develop a
  9 plan to minimize dependence on one fuel source and
  10 to ensure that the electric energy it sells to consumers
  11 is generated using a diverse range of fuels and tech12 nologies, including renewable technologies.
- "(9) Fossil fuel efficiency.—Each electric

  utility shall develop and implement a ten-year plan

  to increase the efficiency of its fossil fuel generation

  and shall monitor and report to its State regulatory

  authority excessive greenhouse gas emissions resulting

  from the inefficient operation of its fossil fuel gener
  ating plants.".
- 20 (b) Time for Adopting Standards.—Section 113 of 21 the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 22 U.S.C. 2623) is further amended by adding at the end the
- 23 following:
- 24 "(d) Special Rule.—For purposes of implementing 25 paragraphs (6), (7), (8), and (9) of subsection (b), any ref-

- 1 erence contained in this section to the date of enactment
- 2 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 shall
- 3 be deemed to be a reference to the date of enactment of this
- 4 subsection.".
- 5 SEC. 243. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.
- 6 Section 132(c) of the Public Utility Regulatory Poli-
- 7 cies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2642(c)) is amended to read
- 8 as follows:
- 9 "(c) Technical Assistance for Certain Respon-
- 10 SIBILITIES.—The Secretary may provide such technical as-
- 11 sistance as he determines appropriate to assist State regu-
- 12 latory authorities and electric utilities in carrying out their
- 13 responsibilities under section 111(d)(11) and paragraphs
- 14 (6), (7), (8), and (9) of section 113(b).".
- 15 SEC. 244. COGENERATION AND SMALL POWER PRODUCTION
- 16 PURCHASE AND SALE REQUIREMENTS.
- 17 (a) Termination of Mandatory Purchase and
- 18 Sale Requirements.—Section 210 of the Public Utility
- 19 Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. 824a-3) is
- 20 amended by adding at the end the following:
- 21 "(m) Termination of Mandatory Purchase and
- 22 Sale Requirements.—
- 23 "(1) Obligation to purchase.— After the date
- of enactment of this subsection, no electric utility
- 25 shall be required to enter into a new contract or obli-

gation to purchase electric energy from a qualifying cogeneration facility or a qualifying small power production facility under this section if the Commission finds that the qualifying cogeneration facility or qualifying small power production facility has access to independently administered, auction-based day ahead and real time wholesale markets for the sale of electric energy.

- "(2) OBLIGATION TO SELL.—After the date of enactment of this subsection, no electric utility shall be required to enter into a new contract or obligation to sell electric energy to a qualifying cogeneration facility or a qualifying small power production facility under this section if competing retail electric suppliers are able to provide electric energy to the qualifying cogeneration facility or qualifying small power production facility.
- "(3) No effect on existing rights and rem-Edies.—Nothing in this subsection affects the rights or remedies of any party under any contract or obligation, in effect on the date of enactment of this subsection, to purchase electric energy or capacity from or to sell electric energy or capacity to a facility under this Act (including the right to recover costs of purchasing electric energy or capacity).

# 1 "(4) Recovery of costs.—

"(A) REGULATION.—To ensure recovery by an electric utility that purchases electric energy or capacity from a qualifying facility pursuant to any legally enforceable obligation entered into or imposed under this section before the date of enactment of this subsection, of all prudently incurred costs associated with the purchases, the Commission shall issue and enforce such regulations as may be required to ensure that the electric utility shall collect the prudently incurred costs associated with such purchases.

"(B) Enforcement.—A regulation under subparagraph (A) shall be enforceable in accordance with the provisions of law applicable to enforcement of regulations under the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 791a et seq.).".

## (b) Elimination of Ownership Limitations.—

(1) Section 3(17)(C) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 796(17)(C)) is amended to read as follows:

"(C) 'qualifying small power production facility' means a small power production facility that the Commission determines, by rule, meets such requirements (including requirements respecting minimum size, fuel use, and fuel effi-

1	ciency) as the Commission may, by rule, pre-
2	scribe.".
3	(2) Section 3(18)(B) of the Federal Power Act
4	(16 U.S.C. $796(18)(B)$ ) is amended to read as follows:
5	"(B) 'qualifying cogeneration facility' means a cogen-
6	eration facility that the Commission determines, by rule,
7	meets such requirements (including requirements respecting
8	minimum size, fuel use, and fuel efficiency) as the Commis-
9	sion may, by rule, prescribe.".
10	SEC. 245. NET METERING.
11	(a) Adoption of Standard.—Section 111(d) of the
12	Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C.
13	2621(d)) is further amended by adding at the end the fol-
14	lowing:
15	"(13) Net metering.—(A) Each electric utility
16	shall make available upon request net metering serv-
17	ice to any electric consumer that the electric utility
18	serves.
19	"(B) For purposes of implementing this para-
20	graph, any reference contained in this section to the
21	date of enactment of the Public Utility Regulatory
22	Policies Act of 1978 shall be deemed to be a reference
23	to the date of enactment of this paragraph.
24	"(C) Notwithstanding subsections (b) and (c) of
25	section 112, each State regulatory authority shall con-

1	sider and make a determination concerning whether
2	it is appropriate to implement the standard set out
3	in subparagraph (A) not later than 1 year after the
4	date of enactment of this paragraph.".
5	(b) Special Rules for Net Metering.—Section
6	115 of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978
7	(16 U.S.C. 2625) is further amended by adding at the end
8	the following:
9	"(k) Net Metering.—
10	"(1) Rates and charges.—An electric
11	utility—
12	"(A) shall charge the owner or operator of
13	an on-site generating facility rates and charges
14	that are identical to those that would be charged
15	other electric consumers of the electric utility in
16	the same rate class; and
17	"(B) shall not charge the owner or operator
18	of an on-site generating facility any additional
19	standby, capacity, interconnection, or other rate
20	or charge.
21	"(2) Measurement.—An electric utility that
22	sells electric energy to the owner or operator of an on-
23	site generating facility shall measure the quantity of
24	electric energy produced by the on-site facility and the
25	quantity of electric energy consumed by the owner or

operator of an on-site generating facility during a billing period in accordance with normal metering practices.

- "(3) ELECTRIC ENERGY SUPPLIED EXCEEDING
  ELECTRIC ENERGY GENERATED.—If the quantity of
  electric energy sold by the electric utility to an on-site
  generating facility exceeds the quantity of electric energy supplied by the on-site generating facility to the
  electric utility during the billing period, the electric
  utility may bill the owner or operator for the net
  quantity of electric energy sold, in accordance with
  normal metering practices.
- "(4) Electric energy generated exceeding electric energy supplied by the on-site generating facility to the electric utility exceeds the quantity of electric energy sold by the electric utility to the on-site generating facility during the billing period—
  - "(A) the electric utility may bill the owner or operator of the on-site generating facility for the appropriate charges for the billing period in accordance with paragraph (2); and
  - "(B) the owner or operator of the on-site generating facility shall be credited for the excess kilowatt-hours generated during the billing pe-

1	riod, with the kilowatt-hour credit appearing on
2	the bill for the following billing period.
3	"(5) Safety and Performance Standards.—
4	An eligible on-site generating facility and net meter-
5	ing system used by an electric consumer shall meet all
6	applicable safety, performance, reliability, and inter-
7	connection standards established by the National
8	Electrical Code, the Institute of Electrical and Elec-
9	tronics Engineers, and Underwriters Laboratories.
10	"(6) Additional control and testing re-
11	Quirements.—The Commission, after consultation
12	with State regulatory authorities and nonregulated
13	electric utilities and after notice and opportunity for
14	comment, may adopt, by rule, additional control and
15	testing requirements for on-site generating facilities
16	and net metering systems that the Commission deter-
17	mines are necessary to protect public safety and sys-
18	$tem\ reliability.$
19	"(7) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
20	section:
21	"(A) The term 'eligible on-site generating
22	facility' means—
23	"(i) a facility on the site of a residen-
24	tial electric consumer with a maximum gen-
25	erating capacity of 10 kilowatts or less that

1	is fueled by solar energy, wind energy, or
2	fuel cells; or
3	"(ii) a facility on the site of a commer-
4	cial electric consumer with a maximum
5	generating capacity of 500 kilowatts or less
6	that is fueled solely by a renewable energy
7	resource, landfill gas, or a high efficiency
8	system.
9	"(B) The term 'renewable energy resource'
10	means solar, wind, biomass, or geothermal en-
11	ergy.
12	"(C) The term high efficiency system"
13	means fuel cells or combined heat and power.
14	"(D) The term 'net metering service' means
15	service to an electric consumer under which elec-
16	tric energy generated by that electric consumer
17	from an eligible on-site generating facility and
18	delivered to the local distribution facilities may
19	be used to offset electric energy provided by the
20	electric utility to the electric consumer during
21	the applicable billing period.".
22	Subtitle D—Consumer Protections
23	SEC. 251. INFORMATION DISCLOSURE.
24	(a) Offers and Solicitations.—The Federal Trade
25	Commission shall issue rules requiring each electric utility

1	that makes an offer to sell electric energy, or solicits electric
2	consumers to purchase electric energy to provide the electric
3	consumer a statement containing the following
4	information—
5	(1) the nature of the service being offered, includ-
6	$ing\ information\ about\ interruptibility\ of\ service;$
7	(2) the price of the electric energy, including a
8	description of any variable charges;
9	(3) a description of all other charges associated
10	with the service being offered, including access
11	charges, exit charges, back-up service charges, strand-
12	ed cost recovery charges, and customer service charges,
13	and
14	(4) information the Federal Trade Commission
15	determines is technologically and economically fea-
16	sible to provide, is of assistance to electric consumers
17	in making purchasing decisions, and concerns—
18	(A) the product or its price;
19	(B) the share of electric energy that is gen-
20	erated by each fuel type; and
21	(C) the environmental emissions produced
22	in generating the electric energy.
23	(b) Periodic Billings.—The Federal Trade Commis-
24	sion shall issue rules requiring any electric utility that sells
25	electric energy to transmit to each of its electric consumers,

- 1 in addition to the information transmitted pursuant to sec-
- 2 tion 115(f) of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of
- 3 1978 (16 U.S.C. 2625(f)), a clear and concise statement
- 4 containing the information described in subsection (a)(4)
- 5 for each billing period (unless such information is not rea-
- 6 sonably ascertainable by the electric utility).

#### 7 SEC. 252. CONSUMER PRIVACY.

- 8 (a) Prohibition.—The Federal Trade Commission
- 9 shall issue rules prohibiting any electric utility that obtains
- 10 consumer information in connection with the sale or deliv-
- 11 ery of electric energy to an electric consumer from using,
- 12 disclosing, or permitting access to such information unless
- 13 the electric consumer to whom such information relates pro-
- 14 vides prior written approval.
- 15 (b) PERMITTED USE.—The rules issued under this sec-
- 16 tion shall not prohibit any electric utility from using, dis-
- 17 closing, or permitting access to consumer information re-
- 18 ferred to in subsection (a) for any of the following
- 19 purposes—
- 20 (1) to facilitate an electric consumer's change in
- 21 selection of an electric utility under procedures ap-
- 22 proved by the State or State regulatory authority;
- 23 (2) to initiate, render, bill, or collect for the sale
- or delivery of electric energy to electric consumers or
- 25 for related services;

1	(3) to protect the rights or property of the person
2	obtaining such information;
3	(4) to protect retail electric consumers from
4	fraud, abuse, and unlawful subscription in the sale or
5	delivery of electric energy to such consumers;
6	(5) for law enforcement purposes; or
7	(6) for purposes of compliance with any Federal,
8	State, or local law or regulation authorizing disclo-
9	sure of information to a Federal, State, or local agen-
10	cy.
11	(c) Aggregate Consumer Information.—The rules
12	issued under this subsection may permit a person to use,
13	disclose, and permit access to aggregate consumer informa-
14	tion and may require an electric utility to make such infor-
15	mation available to other electric utilities upon request and
16	payment of a reasonable fee.
17	(d) Definitions.—As used in this section:
18	(1) The term "aggregate consumer information"
19	means collective data that relates to a group or cat-
20	egory of retail electric consumers, from which indi-
21	vidual consumer identities and characteristics have
22	been removed.
23	(2) The term "consumer information" means in-
24	formation that relates to the quantity, technical con-

1	figuration, type, destination, or amount of use of elec-
2	tric energy delivered to any retail electric consumer.
3	SEC. 253. OFFICE OF CONSUMER ADVOCACY.
4	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
5	(1) Commission.—The term "Commission"
6	means the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.
7	(2) Energy customer.—The term "energy cus-
8	tomer" means a residential customer or a small com-
9	mercial customer that receives products or services
10	from a public utility or natural gas company under
11	the jurisdiction of the Commission.
12	(3) Natural gas company.—The term "natural
13	gas company" has the meaning given the term in sec-
14	tion 2 of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717a), as
15	modified by section 601(a) of the Natural Gas Policy
16	Act of 1978 (15 U.S.C. 3431(a)).
17	(4) Office.—The term "Office" means the Office
18	of Consumer Advocacy established by subsection
19	(b)(1).
20	(5) Public utility.—The term "public utility"
21	has the meaning given the term in section 201(e) of
22	the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824(e)).
23	(6) Small commercial customer.—The term
24	"small commercial customer" means a commercial

1	customer that has a peak demand of not more than
2	1,000 kilowatts per hour.
3	(b) Office.—
4	(1) Establishment.—There is established with-
5	in the Department of Justice the Office of Consumer
6	Advocacy.
7	(2) DIRECTOR.—The Office shall be headed by a
8	Director to be appointed by the President, by and
9	with the advice and consent of the Senate.
10	(3) Duties.—The Office may represent the in-
11	terests of energy customers on matters concerning
12	rates or service of public utilities and natural gas
13	companies under the jurisdiction of the
14	Commission—
15	(A) at hearings of the Commission;
16	(B) in judicial proceedings in the courts of
17	the United States;
18	(C) at hearings or proceedings of other Fed-
19	eral regulatory agencies and commissions.
20	SEC. 254. UNFAIR TRADE PRACTICES.
21	(a) Slamming.—The Federal Trade Commission shall
22	issue rules prohibiting the change of selection of an electric
23	utility except with the informed consent of the electric con-
24	sumer.

- 1 (b) Cramming.—The Federal Trade Commission shall
- 2 issue rules prohibiting the sale of goods and services to an
- 3 electric consumer unless expressly authorized by law or the
- 4 electric consumer.

#### 5 SEC. 255. APPLICABLE PROCEDURES.

- 6 The Federal Trade Commission shall proceed in ac-
- 7 cordance with section 553 of title 5, United States Code,
- 8 when prescribing a rule required by this subtitle.

#### 9 SEC. 256. FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION ENFORCEMENT.

- 10 Violation of a rule issued under this subtitle shall be
- 11 treated as a violation of a rule under section 18 of the Fed-
- 12 eral Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57a) respecting un-
- 13 fair or deceptive acts or practices. All functions and powers
- 14 of the Federal Trade Commission under such Act are avail-
- 15 able to the Federal Trade Commission to enforce compliance
- 16 with this subtitle notwithstanding any jurisdictional limits
- 17 in such Act.

#### 18 SEC. 257. STATE AUTHORITY.

- Nothing in this subtitle shall be construed to preclude
- 20 a State or State regulatory authority from prescribing and
- 21 enforcing laws, rules, or procedures regarding the practices
- 22 which are the subject of this section.

#### 23 SEC. 258. APPLICATION OF SUBTITLE.

- 24 The provisions of this subtitle apply to each electric
- 25 utility if the total sales of electric energy by such utility

- 1 for purposes other than resale exceed 500 million kilowatt-
- 2 hours per calendar year. The provisions of this subtitle do
- 3 not apply to the operations of an electric utility to the ex-
- 4 tent that such operations relate to sales of electric energy
- 5 for purposes of resale.

#### 6 SEC. 259. DEFINITIONS.

13

14

15

- 7 As used in this subtitle:
- 8 (1) The term "aggregate consumer information"
  9 means collective data that relates to a group or cat10 egory of electric consumers, from which individual
  11 consumer identities and identifying characteristics
  12 have been removed.
  - (2) The term "consumer information" means information that relates to the quantity, technical configuration, type, destination, or amount of use of electric energy delivered to an electric consumer.
- 17 (3) The terms "electric consumer", "electric util18 ity", and "State regulatory authority" have the
  19 meanings given such terms in section 3 of the Public
  20 Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16 U.S.C.
  21 2602).

## Subtitle E—Renewable Energy and Rural Construction Grants

2	Rural Construction Grants
3	SEC. 261. RENEWABLE ENERGY PRODUCTION INCENTIVE.
4	(a) Incentive Payments.—Section 1212(a) of the
5	Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13317(a)) is amended
6	by striking "and which satisfies" and all that follows
7	through "Secretary shall establish." and inserting the fol-
8	lowing: ". The Secretary shall establish other procedures
9	necessary for efficient administration of the program. The
10	Secretary shall not establish any criteria or procedures that
11	have the effect of assigning to proposals a higher or lower
12	priority for eligibility or allocation of appropriated funds
13	on the basis of the energy source proposed.".
14	(b) Qualified Renewable Energy Facility.—Sec-
15	tion 1212(b) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C.
16	13317(b)) is amended—
17	(1) by striking "a State or any political" and
18	all that follows through "nonprofit electrical coopera-
19	tive" and inserting the following: "a nonprofit elec-
20	trical cooperative, a public utility described in section
21	115 of such Code, a State, Commonwealth, territory,
22	or possession of the United States or the District of
23	Columbia, or a political subdivision thereof, or an In-

dian tribal government or subdivision thereof,"; and

- 1 (2) by inserting "landfill gas, incremental hy-
- 2 dropower, ocean" after "wind, biomass,".
- 3 (c) Eligibility Window.—Section 1212(c) of the En-
- 4 ergy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13317(c)) is amended
- 5 by striking "during the 10-fiscal year period beginning
- 6 with the first full fiscal year occurring after the enactment
- 7 of this section" and inserting "before October 1, 2013".
- 8 (d) Payment Period.—Section 1212(d) of the Energy
- 9 Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13317(d)) is amended by in-
- 10 serting "or in which the Secretary finds that all necessary
- 11 Federal and State authorizations have been obtained to
- 12 begin construction of the facility" after "eligible for such
- 13 payments".
- 14 (e) Amount of Payment.—Section 1212(e)(1) of the
- 15 Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13317(e)(1)) is
- 16 amended by inserting 'landfill gas, incremental hydro-
- 17 power, ocean" after "wind, biomass,".
- 18 (f) SUNSET.—Section 1212(f) of the Energy Policy Act
- 19 of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13317(f)) is amended by striking "the
- 20 expiration of" and all that follows through "of this section"
- 21 and inserting "September 30, 2023".
- 22 (g) Incremental Hydropower; Authorization of
- 23 Appropriations.—Section 1212 of the Energy Policy Act
- 24 of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13317) is further amended by striking
- 25 subsection (g) and inserting the following:

1	"(g) Incremental Hydropower.—
2	"(1) Programs.—Subject to subsection (h)(2), i
3	an incremental hydropower program meets the re
4	quirements of this section, as determined by the Sec
5	retary, the incremental hydropower program shall be
6	eligible to receive incentive payments under this sec
7	tion.
8	"(2) Definition of Incremental Hydro
9	POWER.—In this subsection, the term 'incremental hy
10	dropower' means additional generating capacity
11	achieved from increased efficiency or additions of new
12	capacity at a hydroelectric facility in existence on the
13	date of enactment of this paragraph.
14	"(h) Authorization of Appropriations.—
15	"(1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2)
16	there are authorized to be appropriated such sums a
17	may be necessary to carry out this section for fisca
18	years 2003 through 2023.
19	"(2) Limitation on funds used for incre
20	MENTAL HYDROPOWER PROGRAMS.—Not more than
21	30 percent of the amounts made available under
22	paragraph (1) shall be used to carry out programs de

scribed in subsection (g)(2).

1	"(3) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Funds made
2	available under paragraph (1) shall remain available
3	until expended.".
4	SEC. 262. ASSESSMENT OF RENEWABLE ENERGY RE-
5	SOURCES.
6	(a) Resource Assessment.—Not later than 3
7	months after the date of enactment of this title, and each
8	year thereafter, the Secretary of Energy shall review the
9	available assessments of renewable energy resources avail-
10	able within the United States, including solar, wind, bio-
11	mass, ocean, geothermal, and hydroelectric energy resources,
12	and undertake new assessments as necessary, taking into
13	account changes in market conditions, available tech-
14	nologies and other relevant factors.
15	(b) Contents of Reports.—Not later than 1 year
16	after the date of enactment of this title, and each year there-
17	after, the Secretary shall publish a report based on the as-
18	sessment under subsection (a). The report shall contain—
19	(1) a detailed inventory describing the available
20	amount and characteristics of the renewable energy
21	resources, and
22	(2) such other information as the Secretary of
23	Energy believes would be useful in developing such re-
24	newable energy resources, including descriptions of
25	surrounding terrain, population and load centers,

- 1 nearby energy infrastructure, location of energy and 2 water resources, and available estimates of the costs needed to develop each resource, together with an 3 identification of any barriers to providing adequate transmission for remote sources of renewable energy 5 6 resources to current and emerging markets, recommendations for removing or addressing such bar-7 8 riers, and ways to provide access to the grid that do 9 not unfairly disadvantage renewable or other energy 10 producers.
- 11 SEC. 263. FEDERAL PURCHASE REQUIREMENT.
- 12 (a) Requirement.—The President shall seek to ensure
- 13 that, to the extent economically feasible and technically
- 14 practicable, of the total amount of electric energy the Fed-
- 15 eral Government consumes during any fiscal year—
- 16 (1) not less than 3 percent in fiscal years 2003
- 17 through 2004,
- 18 (2) not less than 5 percent in fiscal years 2005
- 19 through 2009, and
- 20 (3) not less than 7.5 percent in fiscal year 2010
- 21 and each fiscal year thereafter,
- 22 shall be renewable energy. The President shall encourage the
- 23 use of innovative purchasing practices by Federal agencies.
- 24 (b) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
- 25 term "renewable energy" means electric energy generated

- 1 from solar, wind, biomass, geothermal, fuel cells, municipal
- 2 solid waste, or additional hydroelectric generation capacity
- 3 achieved from increased efficiency or additions of new ca-
- 4 pacity.
- 5 (c) Tribal Power Generation.—The President shall
- 6 seek to ensure that, to the extent economically feasible and
- 7 technically practicable, not less than one-tenth of the
- 8 amount specified in subsection (a) shall be renewable energy
- 9 that is generated by an Indian tribe or by a corporation,
- 10 partnership, or business association which is wholly or ma-
- 11 jority owned, directly or indirectly, by an Indian tribe. For
- 12 purposes of this subsection, the term "Indian tribe" means
- 13 any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group
- 14 or community, including any Alaskan Native village or re-
- 15 gional or village corporation as defined in or established
- 16 pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43
- 17 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), which is recognized as eligible for the
- 18 special programs and services provided by the United States
- 19 to Indians because of their status as Indians.
- 20 (d) Biennial Report.—In 2004 and every 2 years
- 21 thereafter, the Secretary of Energy shall report to the Com-
- 22 mittee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and
- 23 the appropriate committees of the House of Representatives
- 24 on the progress of the Federal Government in meeting the
- 25 goals established by this section.

## SEC. 264. RENEWABLE PORTFOLIO STANDARD.

- 2 Title VI of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act
- 3 of 1978 is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 4 "SEC. 606. FEDERAL RENEWABLE PORTFOLIO STANDARD.
- 5 "(a) Minimum Renewable Generation Require-
- 6 MENT.—For each calendar year beginning in calendar year
- 7 2005, each retail electric supplier shall submit to the Sec-
- 8 retary, not later than April 1 of the following calendar year,
- 9 renewable energy credits in an amount equal to the required
- 10 annual percentage specified in subsection (b).
- 11 "(b) Required Annual Percentage.—(1) For cal-
- 12 endar years 2005 through 2020, the required annual per-
- 13 centage of the retail electric supplier's base amount that
- 14 shall be generated from renewable energy resources shall be
- 15 the percentage specified in the following table:

	Kequirea annuai
"Calendar Years	percentage
2005 through 2006	
2007 through 2008	
2009 through 2010	3.4
2011 through 2012	4.6
2013 through 2014	
2015 through 2016	7.0
2017 through 2018	8.5
2019 through 2020	

- 16 "(2) Not later than January 1, 2015, the Secretary
- 17 may, by rule, establish required annual percentages in
- 18 amounts not less than 10.0 for calendar years 2020 through
- 19 2030.

1	"(c) Submission of Credits.—(1) A retail electric
2	supplier may satisfy the requirements of subsection (a)
3	through the submission of renewable energy credits—
4	"(A) issued to the retail electric supplier under
5	subsection (d);
6	"(B) obtained by purchase or exchange under
7	subsection (e); or
8	"(C) borrowed under subsection (f).
9	"(2) A credit may be counted toward compliance with
10	subsection (a) only once.
11	"(d) Issuance of Credits.—(1) The Secretary shall
12	establish, not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
13	of this section, a program to issue, monitor the sale or ex-
14	change of, and track renewable energy credits.
15	"(2) Under the program, an entity that generates elec-
16	tric energy through the use of a renewable energy resource
17	may apply to the Secretary for the issuance of renewable
18	energy credits. The application shall indicate—
19	"(A) the type of renewable energy resource used
20	to produce the electricity,
21	"(B) the location where the electric energy was
22	produced, and
23	"(C) any other information the Secretary deter-
24	mines appropriate.

- 1 "(3)(A) Except as provided in paragraphs (B), (C),
- 2 and (D), the Secretary shall issue to an entity one renew-
- 3 able energy credit for each kilowatt-hour of electric energy
- 4 the entity generates from the date of enactment of this sec-
- 5 tion and in each subsequent calendar year through the use
- 6 of a renewable energy resource at an eligible facility.
- 7 "(B) For incremental hydropower the credits shall be
- 8 calculated based on the expected increase in average annual
- 9 generation resulting from the efficiency improvements or
- 10 capacity additions. The number of credits shall be cal-
- 11 culated using the same water flow information used to de-
- 12 termine a historic average annual generation baseline for
- 13 the hydroelectric facility and certified by the Secretary or
- 14 the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The calcula-
- 15 tion of the credits for incremental hydropower shall not be
- 16 based on any operational changes at the hydroelectric facil-
- 17 ity not directly associated with the efficiency improvements
- $18 \ \ or\ capacity\ additions.$
- 19 "(C) The Secretary shall issue two renewable energy
- 20 credits for each kilowatt-hour of electric energy generated
- 21 and supplied to the grid in that calendar year through the
- 22 use of a renewable energy resource at an eligible facility
- 23 located on Indian land. For purposes of this paragraph,
- 24 renewable energy generated by biomass cofired with other

- 1 fuels is eligible for two credits only if the biomass was
- 2 grown on the land eligible under this paragraph.
- 3 "(D) For renewable energy resources produced from a
- 4 generation offset, the Secretary shall issue two renewable
- 5 energy credits for each kilowatt-hour generated.
- 6 "(E) To be eligible for a renewable energy credit, the
- 7 unit of electric energy generated through the use of a renew-
- 8 able energy resource may be sold or may be used by the
- 9 generator. If both a renewable energy resource and a non-
- 10 renewable energy resource are used to generate the electric
- 11 energy, the Secretary shall issue credits based on the propor-
- 12 tion of the renewable energy resource used. The Secretary
- 13 shall identify renewable energy credits by type and date of
- 14 generation.
- 15 "(5) When a generator sells electric energy generated
- 16 through the use of a renewable energy resource to a retail
- 17 electric supplier under a contract subject to section 210 of
- 18 this Act, the retail electric supplier is treated as the gener-
- 19 ator of the electric energy for the purposes of this section
- 20 for the duration of the contract.
- 21 "(6) The Secretary may issue credits for existing facil-
- 22 ity offsets to be applied against a retail electric supplier's
- 23 own required annual percentage. The credits are not
- 24 tradeable and may only be used in the calendar year gen-
- 25 eration actually occurs.

- 1 "(e) Credit Trading.—A renewable energy credit
- 2 may be sold or exchanged by the entity to whom issued or
- 3 by any other entity who acquires the credit. A renewable
- 4 energy credit for any year that is not used to satisfy the
- 5 minimum renewable generation requirement of subsection
- 6 (a) for that year may be carried forward for use within
- 7 the next 4 years.
- 8 "(f) Credit Borrowing.—At any time before the end
- 9 of calendar year 2005, a retail electric supplier that has
- 10 reason to believe it will not have sufficient renewable energy
- 11 credits to comply with subsection (a) may—
- 12 "(1) submit a plan to the Secretary dem-
- onstrating that the retail electric supplier will earn
- sufficient credits within the next 3 calendar years
- 15 which, when taken into account, will enable the retail
- 16 electric supplier's to meet the requirements of sub-
- section (a) for calendar year 2005 and the subsequent
- 18 calendar years involved; and
- 19 "(2) upon the approval of the plan by the Sec-
- 20 retary, apply credits that the plan demonstrates will
- be earned within the next 3 calendar years to meet
- the requirements of subsection (a) for each calendar
- 23 year involved.
- 24 "(g) Credit Cost Cap.—The Secretary shall offer re-
- 25 newable energy credits for sale at the lesser of 3 cents per

- 1 kilowatt-hour or 200 percent of the average market value
- 2 of credits for the applicable compliance period. On January
- 3 1 of each year following calendar year 2005, the Secretary
- 4 shall adjust for inflation the price charged per credit for
- 5 such calendar year, based on the Gross Domestic Product
- 6 Implicit Price Deflator.
- 7 "(h) Enforcement.—The Secretary may bring an ac-
- 8 tion in the appropriate United States district court to im-
- 9 pose a civil penalty on a retail electric supplier that does
- 10 not comply with subsection (a), unless the retail electric
- 11 supplier was unable to comply with subsection (a) for rea-
- 12 sons outside of the supplier's reasonable control (including
- 13 weather-related damage, mechanical failure, lack of trans-
- 14 mission capacity or availability, strikes, lockouts, actions
- 15 of a governmental authority). A retail electric supplier who
- 16 does not submit the required number of renewable energy
- 17 credits under subsection (a) shall be subject to a civil pen-
- 18 alty of not more than the greater of 3 cents or 200 percent
- 19 of the average market value of credits for the compliance
- 20 period for each renewable energy credit not submitted.
- 21 "(i) Information Collection.—The Secretary may
- 22 collect the information necessary to verify and audit—
- 23 "(1) the annual electric energy generation and
- 24 renewable energy generation of any entity applying
- 25 for renewable energy credits under this section,

1	"(2) the validity of renewable energy credits sub-
2	mitted by a retail electric supplier to the Secretary,
3	and
4	"(3) the quantity of electricity sales of all retail
5	$electric\ suppliers.$
6	"(j) Environmental Savings Clause.—Incremental
7	hydropower shall be subject to all applicable environmental
8	laws and licensing and regulatory requirements.
9	"(k) State Savings Clause.—This section does not
10	preclude a State from requiring additional renewable en-
11	ergy generation in that State, or from specifying technology
12	mix.
13	"(l) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
14	"(1) Biomass.—The term biomass' means any
15	organic material that is available on a renewable or
16	recurring basis, including dedicated energy crops,
17	trees grown for energy production, wood waste and
18	wood residues, plants (including aquatic plants,
19	grasses, and agricultural crops), residues, fibers, ani-
20	mal wastes and other organic waste materials, and
21	fats and oils, except that with respect to material re-
22	moved from National Forest System lands the term
23	includes only organic material from—
24	"(A) thinnings from trees that are less than
25	12 inches in diameter;

1	"(B) slash;
2	"(C) brush; and
3	"(D) mill residues.
4	"(2) Eligible facility.—The term 'eligible fa-
5	cility' means—
6	"(A) a facility for the generation of electric
7	energy from a renewable energy resource that is
8	placed in service on or after the date of enact-
9	ment of this section; or
10	"(B) a repowering or cofiring increment
11	that is placed in service on or after the date of
12	enactment of this section at a facility for the
13	generation of electric energy from a renewable
14	energy resource that was placed in service before
15	that date.
16	"(3) Eligible renewable energy re-
17	SOURCE.—The term 'renewable energy resource'
18	means solar, wind, ocean, or geothermal energy, bio-
19	mass (excluding solid waste and paper that is com-
20	monly recycled), landfill gas, a generation offset, or
21	incremental hydropower.
22	"(4) Generation offset.—The term 'genera-
23	tion offset' means reduced electricity usage metered at
24	a site where a customer consumes energy from a re-
25	newable energy technology.

1	"(5) Existing facility offset.—The term 'ex-
2	isting facility offset' means renewable energy gen-
3	erated from an existing facility, not classified as an
4	eligible facility, that is owned or under contract to a
5	retail electric supplier on the date of enactment of
6	this section.
7	"(6) Incremental hydropower.—The term
8	'incremental hydropower' means additional genera-
9	tion that is achieved from increased efficiency or ad-
10	ditions of capacity after the date of enactment of this
11	section at a hydroelectric dam that was placed in
12	service before that date.
13	"(7) Indian Land.—The term 'Indian land'
14	means—
15	"(A) any land within the limits of any In-
16	dian reservation, pueblo, or rancheria,
17	"(B) any land not within the limits of any
18	Indian reservation, pueblo, or rancheria title to
19	which was on the date of enactment of this para-
20	graph either held by the United States for the
21	benefit of any Indian tribe or individual or held
22	by any Indian tribe or individual subject to re-
23	striction by the United States against alienation,
24	"(C) any dependent Indian community,
25	and

1	"(D) any land conveyed to any Alaska Na-
2	tive corporation under the Alaska Native Claims
3	Settlement Act.

- "(8) Indian tribe, band, nation, or other organized group or community, including any Alaskan Native village or regional or village corporation as defined in or established pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), which is recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians.
- "(9) Renewable energy" means electric energy generated by a renewable energy resource.
- "(10) Renewable energy resource' means solar, wind, ocean, or geothermal energy, biomass (including municipal solid waste), landfill gas, a generation offset, or incremental hydropower.
- "(11) Repowering or cofiring increment' means the additional generation from a modification that is placed in service on or after the date of enactment of this section to expand electricity production at a fa-

cility used to generate electric energy from a renewable energy resource or to cofire biomass that was placed in service before the date of enactment of this section, or the additional generation above the average generation in the 3 years preceding the date of enactment of this section, to expand electricity production at a facility used to generate electric energy from a renewable energy resource or to cofire biomass that was placed in service before the date of enactment of this section.

"(12) Retail electric supplier' means a person that sells electric energy to electric consumers and sold not less than 1,000,000 megawatt-hours of electric energy to electric consumers for purposes other than resale during the preceding calendar year; except that such term does not include the United States, a State or any political subdivision of a State, or any agency, authority, or instrumentality of any one or more of the foregoing, or a rural electric cooperative.

"(13) Retail electric supplier's base amount' means the total amount of electric energy sold by the retail electric supplier to electric customers during the most recent calendar year for which infor-

1	mation is available, excluding electric energy gen-
2	erated by—
3	"(A) an eligible renewable energy resource;
4	"(B) municipal solid waste; or
5	"(C) a hydroelectric facility.
6	"(m) Sunset.—This section expires December 31,
7	2030.".
8	SEC. 265. RENEWABLE ENERGY ON FEDERAL LAND.
9	(a) Cost-Share Demonstration Program.—With-
10	in 12 months after the date of enactment of this section,
11	the Secretaries of the Interior, Agriculture, and Energy
12	shall develop guidelines for a cost-share demonstration pro-
13	gram for the development of wind and solar energy facilities
14	on Federal land.
15	(b) Definition of Federal Land.—As used in this
16	section, the term "Federal land" means land owned by the
17	United States that is subject to the operation of the mineral
18	leasing laws; and is either—
19	(1) public land as defined in section 103(e) of
20	the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of
21	1976 (42 U.S.C. 1702(e)); or
22	(2) a unit of the National Forest System as that
23	term is used in section 11(a) of the Forest and Range-
24	land Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16
25	U.S.C. 1609(a)).

1	(c) Rights-of-Way.—The demonstration program
2	shall provide for the issuance of rights-of-way pursuant to
3	the provisions of title V of the Federal Land Policy and
4	Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1761 et seq.) by the
5	Secretary of the Interior with respect to Federal land under
6	the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior, and by
7	the Secretary of Agriculture with respect to Federal lands
8	$under\ the\ jurisdiction\ of\ the\ Department\ of\ Agriculture.$
9	(d) Available Sites.—For purposes of this dem-
10	onstration program, the issuance of rights-of-way shall be
11	limited to areas—
12	(1) of high energy potential for wind or solar de-
13	velopment;
14	(2) that have been identified by the wind or solar
15	energy industry, through a process of nomination, ap-
16	plication, or otherwise, as being of particular interest
17	to one or both industries;
18	(3) that are not located within roadless areas;
19	(4) where operation of wind or solar facilities
20	would be compatible with the scenic, recreational, en-
21	vironmental, cultural, or historic values of the Fed-
22	eral land, and would not require the construction of
23	new roads for the siting of lines or other transmission
24	facilities: and

- 1 (5) where issuance of the right-of-way is con-2 sistent with the land and resource management plans 3 of the relevant land management agencies.
- 4 (e) Cost-Share Payments by DOE.—The Secretary
- 5 of Energy, in cooperation with the Secretary of the Interior
- 6 with respect to Federal land under the jurisdiction of the
- 7 Department of the Interior, and the Secretary of Agri-
- 8 culture with respect to Federal land under the jurisdiction
- 9 of the Department of Agriculture, shall determine if the por-
- 10 tion of a project on Federal land is eligible for financial
- 11 assistance pursuant to this section. Only those projects that
- 12 are consistent with the requirements of this section and fur-
- 13 ther the purposes of this section shall be eligible. In the event
- 14 a project is selected for financial assistance, the Secretary
- 15 of Energy shall provide no more than 15 percent of the costs
- 16 of the project on the Federal land, and the remainder of
- 17 the costs shall be paid by non-Federal sources.
- 18 (f) Revision of Land Use Plans.—The Secretary of
- 19 the Interior shall consider development of wind and solar
- 20 energy, as appropriate, in revisions of land use plans under
- 21 section 202 of the Federal Land Policy and Management
- 22 Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 1712); and the Secretary of Agri-
- 23 culture shall consider development of wind and solar en-
- 24 ergy, as appropriate, in revisions of land and resource
- 25 management plans under section 5 of the Forest and Range-

1	land Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C.
2	1604). Nothing in this subsection shall preclude the issuance
3	of a right-of-way for the development of a wind or solar
4	energy project prior to the revision of a land use plan by
5	the appropriate land management agency.
6	(g) Report to Congress.—Within 24 months after
7	the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary of the
8	Interior shall develop and report to Congress recommenda-
9	tions on any statutory or regulatory changes the Secretary
10	believes would assist in the development of renewable energy
11	on Federal land. The report shall include—
12	(1) a five-year plan developed by the Secretary
13	of the Interior, in cooperation with the Secretary of
14	Agriculture, for encouraging the development of wind
15	and solar energy on Federal land in an environ-
16	mentally sound manner; and
17	(2) an analysis of—
18	(A) whether the use of rights-of-ways is the
19	best means of authorizing use of Federal land for
20	the development of wind and solar energy, or
21	whether such resources could be better developed
22	through a leasing system, or other method;
23	(B) the desirability of grants, loans, tax
24	credits or other provisions to promote wind and
25	solar energy development on Federal land; and

- 1 (C) any problems, including environmental
  2 concerns, which the Secretary of the Interior or
  3 the Secretary of Agriculture have encountered in
  4 managing wind or solar energy projects on Fed5 eral land, or believe are likely to arise in rela6 tion to the development of wind or solar energy
  7 on Federal land;
- 8 (3) a list, developed in consultation with the Sec-9 retaries of Energy and Defense, of lands under the ju-10 risdiction of the Departments of Energy and Defense 11 that would be suitable for development for wind or 12 solar energy, and recommended statutory and regu-13 latory mechanisms for such development.
- 14 (h) National Academy of Sciences Study.— Within 90 days after the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Interior shall contract with the National Academy 16 of Sciences to study the potential for the development of wind, solar, and ocean energy on the Outer Continental 18 19 Shelf; assess existing Federal authorities for the development of such resources; and recommend statutory and requ-20 21 latory mechanisms for such development. The results of the study shall be transmitted to Congress within 24 months after the enactment of this Act.

## Subtitle F—General Provisions

2	SEC. 271. CHANGE 3 CENTS TO 1.5 CENTS.
3	Not withstanding any other provision in this Act, "3
4	cents" shall be considered by law to be "1.5 cents" in any
5	place "3 cents" appears in title II of this Act.
6	SEC. 272. BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION BONDS.
7	Section 13 of the Federal Columbia River Trans-
8	mission System Act (16 U.S.C. 838k) is amended—
9	(1) by striking the section heading and all that
10	follows through "(a) The Administrator" and insert-
11	ing the following:
12	"SEC. 13. BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION BONDS.
13	"(a) Bonds.—
14	"(1) In General.—The Administrator"; and
15	(2) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(2) Additional Borrowing Authority.—In
17	addition to the borrowing authority of the Adminis-
18	trator authorized under paragraph (1) or any other
19	provision of law, an additional \$1,300,000,000 is
20	made available, to remain outstanding at any one
21	time—
22	"(A) to provide funds to assist in financing
23	the construction, acquisition, and replacement of
24	the transmission system of the Bonneville Power
25	Administration; and

1	"(B) to implement the authorities of the Ad-
2	ministrator under the Pacific Northwest Electric
3	Power Planning and Conservation Act (16
4	U.S.C. 839 et seq.).".
5	TITLE III—HYDROELECTRIC
6	RELICENSING
7	SEC. 301. ALTERNATIVE CONDITIONS AND FISHWAYS.
8	(a) Alternative Mandatory Conditions.—Section
9	4 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 797) is amended
10	by adding at the end the following:
11	"(h)(1) Whenever any person applies for a license for
12	any project works within any reservation of the United
13	States under subsection (e), and the Secretary of the depart-
14	ment under whose supervision such reservation falls (in this
15	subsection referred to as the 'Secretary') shall deem a condi-
16	tion to such license to be necessary under the first proviso
17	of such section, the license applicant may propose an alter-
18	native condition.
19	"(2) Notwithstanding the first proviso of subsection
20	(e), the Secretary of the department under whose super-
21	vision the reservation falls shall accept the proposed alter-
22	native condition referred to in paragraph (1), and the Com-
23	mission shall include in the license such alternative condi-
24	tion, if the Secretary of the appropriate department deter-

1	mines, based on substantial evidence provided by the license
2	applicant, that the alternative condition—
3	"(A) provides for the adequate protection and
4	utilization of the reservation; and
5	"(B) will either—
6	"(i) cost less to implement, or
7	"(ii) result in improved operation of the
8	project works for electricity production as com-
9	pared to the condition initially deemed necessary
10	by the Secretary.
11	"(3) The Secretary shall submit into the public record
12	of the Commission proceeding with any condition under
13	subsection (e) or alternative condition it accepts under this
14	subsection a written statement explaining the basis for such
15	condition, and reason for not accepting any alternative con-
16	dition under this subsection, including the effects of the con-
17	dition accepted and alternatives not accepted on energy
18	supply, distribution, cost, and use, air quality, flood con-
19	trol, navigation, and drinking, irrigation, and recreation
20	water supply, based on such information as may be avail-
21	able to the Secretary, including information voluntarily
22	provided in a timely manner by the applicant and others.
23	"(4) Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit other in-
24	terested parties from proposing alternative conditions."

1	(b) Alternative Fishways.—Section 18 of the Fed-
2	eral Power Act (16 U.S.C. 811) is amended by—
3	(1) inserting "(a)" before the first sentence; and
4	(2) adding at the end the following:
5	"(b)(1) Whenever the Secretary of the Interior or the
6	Secretary of Commerce prescribes a fishway under this sec-
7	tion, the license applicant or the licensee may propose an
8	alternative to such prescription to construct, maintain, or
9	operate a fishway.
10	"(2) Notwithstanding subsection (a), the Secretary of
11	the Interior or the Secretary of Commerce, as appropriate,
12	shall accept and prescribe, and the Commission shall re-
13	quire, the proposed alternative referred to in paragraph (1),
14	if the Secretary of the appropriate department determines,
15	based on substantial evidence provided by the licensee, that
16	the alternative—
17	"(A) will be no less protective of the fish re-
18	sources than the fishway initially prescribed by the
19	Secretary; and
20	"(B) will either—
21	"(i) cost less to implement, or
22	"(ii) result in improved operation of the
23	project works for electricity production as com-
24	pared to the fishway initially prescribed by the
25	Secretary.

1	"(3) The Secretary shall submit into the public record
2	of the Commission proceeding with any prescription under
3	subsection (a) or alternative prescription it accepts under
4	this subsection a written statement explaining the basis for
5	such prescription, and reason for not accepting any alter-
6	native prescription under this subsection, including the ef-
7	fects of the prescription accepted or alternative not accepted
8	on energy supply, distribution, cost, and use, air quality,
9	flood control, navigation, and drinking, irrigation, and
10	recreation water supply, based on such information as may
11	be available to the Secretary, including information volun-
12	tarily provided in a timely manner by the applicant and
13	others.
14	"(4) Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit other in-
15	terested parties from proposing alternative prescriptions.".
16	(c) Time of Filing Application.—Section 15(c)(1)
17	of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 808(c)(1)) is amended
18	by striking the first sentence and inserting the following:
19	"(1) Each application for a new license pursu-
20	ant to this section shall be filed with the
21	Commission—
22	"(A) at least 24 months before the expira-
23	tion of the term of the existing license in the case
24	of licenses that expire prior to 2008; and

1	"(B) at least 36 months before the expira-
2	tion of the term of the existing license in the case
3	of licenses that expire in 2008 or any year there-
4	after.".
5	TITLE IV—INDIAN ENERGY
6	SEC. 401. COMPREHENSIVE INDIAN ENERGY PROGRAM.
7	Title XXVI of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (25
8	U.S.C. 3501–3506) is amended by adding after section 2606
9	the following:
10	"SEC. 2607. COMPREHENSIVE INDIAN ENERGY PROGRAM.
11	"(a) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
12	"(1) the term 'Director' means the Director of the
13	Office of Indian Energy Policy and Programs estab-
14	lished by section 217 of the Department of Energy
15	Organization Act, and
16	"(2) the term 'Indian land' means—
17	"(A) any land within the limits of an In-
18	dian reservation, pueblo, or rancheria;
19	"(B) any land not within the limits of an
20	Indian reservation, pueblo, or rancheria whose
21	title is held—
22	"(i) in trust by the United States for
23	the benefit of an Indian tribe.

1	"(ii) by an Indian tribe subject to re-
2	striction by the United States against alien-
3	ation, or
4	"(iii) by a dependent Indian commu-
5	nity; and
6	"(C) land conveyed to an Alaska Native
7	Corporation under the Alaska Native Claims
8	Settlement Act.
9	"(b) Indian Energy Education Planning and Man-
10	AGEMENT ASSISTANCE.—(1) The Director shall establish
11	programs within the Office of Indian Energy Policy and
12	Programs to assist Indian tribes in meeting their energy
13	education, research and development, planning, and man-
14	agement needs.
15	"(2) The Director may make grants, on a competitive
16	basis, to an Indian tribe for—
17	"(A) renewable energy, energy efficiency, and
18	$conservation\ programs;$
19	"(B) studies and other activities supporting trib-
20	al acquisition of energy supplies, services, and facili-
21	ties;
22	"(C) planning, constructing, developing, oper-
23	ating, maintaining, and improving tribal electrical
24	generation, transmission, and distribution facilities;
25	and

1	"(D) developing, constructing, and inter-
2	connecting electric power transmission facilities with
3	transmission facilities owned and operated by a Fed-
4	eral power marketing agency or an electric utility
5	that provides open access transmission service.
6	"(3) The Director may develop, in consultation with
7	Indian tribes, a formula for making grants under this sec-
8	tion. The formula may take into account the following—
9	"(A) the total number of acres of Indian land
10	owned by an Indian tribe;
11	"(B) the total number of households on the In-
12	dian tribe's Indian land;
13	"(C) the total number of households on the In-
14	dian tribe's Indian land that have no electricity serv-
15	ice or are under-served; and
16	"(D) financial or other assets available to the In-
17	dian tribe from any source.
18	"(4) In making a grant under paragraph (2), the Di-
19	rector shall give priority to an application received from
20	an Indian tribe that is not served or is served inadequately
21	by an electric utility, as that term is defined in section 3(4)
22	of the Public Utility Regulatory Policies Act of 1978 (16
23	U.S.C. 2602(4)), or by a person, State agency, or any other
24	non-Federal entity that owns or operates a local distribu-

1	tion facility used for the sale of electric energy to an electric
2	consumer.
3	"(5) There are authorized to be appropriated to the
4	Department of Energy such sums as may be necessary to
5	carry out the purposes of this section.
6	"(6) The Secretary is authorized to promulgate such
7	regulations as the Secretary determines to be necessary to
8	carry out the provisions of this subsection.
9	"(c) Loan Guarantee Program.—
10	"(1) Authority.—The Secretary may guarantee
11	not more than 90 percent of the unpaid principal and
12	interest due on any loan made to any Indian tribe
13	for energy development, including the planning, devel-
14	opment, construction, and maintenance of electrical
15	generation plants, and for transmission and delivery
16	mechanisms for electricity produced on Indian land.
17	A loan guaranteed under this subsection shall be
18	made by—
19	"(A) a financial institution subject to the
20	examination of the Secretary; or
21	"(B) an Indian tribe, from funds of the In-
22	dian tribe, to another Indian tribe.
23	"(2) Availability of appropriations.—
24	Amounts appropriated to cover the cost of loan guar-
25	antees shall be available without fiscal year limita-

- tion to the Secretary to fulfill obligations arising
   under this subsection.
- "(3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—(A)

  There are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary such sums as may be necessary to cover the

  cost of loan guarantees, as defined by section 502(5)

  of the Federal Credit Reform Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C.

  661a(5)).
- 9 "(B) There are authorized to be appropriated to
  10 the Secretary such sums as may be necessary to cover
  11 the administrative expenses related to carrying out
  12 the loan guarantee program established by this sub13 section.
  - "(4) Limitation on amount.—The aggregate outstanding amount guaranteed by the Secretary of Energy at any one time under this subsection shall not exceed \$2,000,000,000.
- "(5) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary is authorized to promulgate such regulations as the Secretary
  determines to be necessary to carry out the provisions
  of this subsection.
- "(d) Indian Energy Preference.—(1) An agency
  or department of the United States Government may give,
  in the purchase of electricity, oil, gas, coal, or other energy
  product or by-product, preference in such purchase to an

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- 1 energy and resource production enterprise, partnership,
- 2 corporation, or other type of business organization majority
- 3 or wholly owned and controlled by a tribal government.
- 4 "(2) In implementing this subsection, an agency or de-
- 5 partment shall pay no more than the prevailing market
- 6 price for the energy product or by-product and shall obtain
- 7 no less than existing market terms and conditions.
- 8 "(e) Effect on Other Laws.—This section does
- 9 not—
- 10 "(1) limit the discretion vested in an Adminis-
- 11 trator of a Federal power marketing agency to market
- 12 and allocate Federal power, or
- 13 "(2) alter Federal laws under which a Federal
- 14 power marketing agency markets, allocates, or pur-
- 15 chases power.".
- 16 SEC. 402. OFFICE OF INDIAN ENERGY POLICY AND PRO-
- 17 GRAMS.
- 18 Title II of the Department of Energy Organization Act
- 19 is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 20 "OFFICE OF INDIAN ENERGY POLICY AND PROGRAMS
- 21 "Sec. 217. (a) There is established within the Depart-
- 22 ment an Office of Indian Energy Policy and Programs.
- 23 This Office shall be headed by a Director, who shall be ap-
- 24 pointed by the Secretary and compensated at the rate equal
- 25 to that of level IV of the Executive Schedule under section
- 26 5315 of title 5, United States Code.

1	"(b) The Director shall provide, direct, foster, coordi-
2	nate, and implement energy planning, education, manage-
3	ment, conservation, and delivery programs of the Depart-
4	ment that—
5	"(1) promote tribal energy efficiency and utiliza-
6	tion;
7	"(2) modernize and develop, for the benefit of In-
8	dian tribes, tribal energy and economic infrastructure
9	related to natural resource development and elec-
10	trification;
11	"(3) preserve and promote tribal sovereignty and
12	self determination related to energy matters and en-
13	ergy deregulation;
14	"(4) lower or stabilize energy costs; and
15	"(5) electrify tribal members' homes and tribal
16	lands.
17	"(c) The Director shall carry out the duties assigned
18	the Secretary or the Director under title XXVI of the En-
19	ergy Policy Act of 1992 (25 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.).".
20	SEC. 403. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
21	(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section
22	2603(c) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (25 U.S.C.
23	3503(c)) is amended to read as follows:

1	"(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are
2	authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be nec-
3	essary to carry out the purposes of this section.".
4	(b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents of the
5	Department of Energy Act is amended by inserting after
6	the item relating to section 216 the following new item:
	"Sec. 217. Office of Indian Energy Policy and Programs.".
7	(c) Executive Schedule.—Section 5315 of title 5,
8	United States Code, is amended by inserting "Director, Of-
9	fice of Indian Energy Policy and Programs, Department
10	of Energy." after "Inspector General, Department of En-
11	ergy.".
12	SEC. 404. SITING ENERGY FACILITIES ON TRIBAL LANDS.
13	(a) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
14	(1) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe"
15	means any Indian tribe, band, nation, or other orga-
16	nized group or community, which is recognized as eli-
17	gible for the special programs and services provided
18	by the United States to Indians because of their sta-
19	tus as Indians, except that such term does not include
20	any Regional Corporation as defined in section 3(g)
21	of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43
22	$U.S.C.\ 1602(g)).$
23	(2) Interested party.—The term "interested
24	party" means a person whose interests could be ad-

1	versely affected by the decision of an Indian tribe to
2	grant a lease or right-of-way pursuant to this section.
3	(3) Petition.—The term "petition" means a
4	written request submitted to the Secretary for the re-
5	view of an action (or inaction) of the Indian tribe
6	that is claimed to be in violation of the approved trib-
7	al regulations.
8	(4) Reservation.—The term "reservation"
9	means—
10	(A) with respect to a reservation in a State
11	other than Oklahoma, all land that has been set
12	aside or that has been acknowledged as having
13	been set aside by the United States for the use
14	of an Indian tribe, the exterior boundaries of
15	which are more particularly defined in a final
16	tribal treaty, agreement, executive order, Federal
17	statute, secretarial order, or judicial determina-
18	tion;
19	(B) with respect to a reservation in the
20	State of Oklahoma, all land that is—
21	(i) within the jurisdictional area of an
22	Indian tribe, and
23	(ii) within the boundaries of the last
24	reservation of such tribe that was estab-

1	lished by treaty, executive order, or secre-
2	$tarial\ order.$
3	(5) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
4	the Secretary of the Interior.
5	(6) Tribal Lands.—The term 'tribal lands'
6	means any tribal trust lands, or other lands owned by
7	an Indian tribe that are within such tribe's reserva-
8	tion.
9	(b) Leases Involving Generation, Transmission,
10	Distribution or Energy Processing Facilities.—An
11	Indian tribe may grant a lease of tribal land for electric
12	generation, transmission, or distribution facilities, or facili-
13	ties to process or refine renewable or nonrenewable energy
14	resources developed on tribal lands, and such leases shall
15	not require the approval of the Secretary if the lease is exe-
16	cuted under tribal regulations approved by the Secretary
17	under this subsection and the term of the lease does not ex-
18	ceed 30 years.
19	(c) Rights-of-Way for Electric Generation,
20	Transmission, Distribution or Energy Processing
21	Facilities.—An Indian tribe may grant a right-of-way
22	over tribal lands for a pipeline or an electric transmission
23	or distribution line without separate approval by the Sec-
24	retary, if—

1	(1) the right-of-way is executed under and com-
2	plies with tribal regulations approved by the Sec-
3	retary and the term of the right-of-way does not ex-
4	ceed 30 years; and
5	(2) the pipeline or electric transmission or dis-
6	tribution line serves—
7	(A) an electric generation, transmission or
8	distribution facility located on tribal land, or
9	(B) a facility located on tribal land that
10	processes or refines renewable or nonrenewable
11	energy resources developed on tribal lands.
12	(d) Renewals.—Leases or rights-of-way entered into
13	under this subsection may be renewed at the discretion of
14	the Indian tribe in accordance with the requirements of this
15	section.
16	(e) Tribal Regulation Requirements.—(1) The
17	Secretary shall have the authority to approve or disapprove
18	tribal regulations required under this subsection. The Sec-
19	retary shall approve such tribal regulations if they are com-
20	prehensive in nature, including provisions that address—
21	(A) securing necessary information from the les-
22	see or right-of-way applicant;
23	(B) term of the conveyance;
24	(C) amendments and renewals;
25	(D) consideration for the lease or right-of-way;

1	(E) technical or other relevant requirements;
2	(F) requirements for environmental review as set
3	forth in paragraph (3);
4	(G) requirements for complying with all applica-
5	ble environmental laws; and
6	$(H)\ final\ approval\ authority.$
7	(2) No lease or right-of-way shall be valid unless au-
8	thorized in compliance with the approved tribal regula-
9	tions.
10	(3) An Indian tribe, as a condition of securing Secre-
11	tarial approval as contemplated in paragraph (1), must es-
12	tablish an environmental review process that includes the
13	following—
14	(A) an identification and evaluation of all sig-
15	nificant environmental impacts of the proposed action
16	as compared to a no action alternative;
17	(B) identification of proposed mitigation;
18	(C) a process for ensuring that the public is in-
19	formed of and has an opportunity to comment on the
20	proposed action prior to tribal approval of the lease
21	or right-of-way; and
22	(D) sufficient administrative support and tech-
23	nical capability to carry out the environmental re-
24	view process.

- 1 (4) The Secretary shall review and approve or dis-
- 2 approve the regulations of the Indian tribe within 180 days
- 3 of the submission of such regulations to the Secretary. Any
- 4 disapproval of such regulations by the Secretary shall be
- 5 accompanied by written documentation that sets forth the
- 6 basis for the disapproval. The 180-day period may be ex-
- 7 tended by the Secretary after consultation with the Indian
- 8 tribe.
- 9 (5) If the Indian tribe executes a lease or right-of-way
- 10 pursuant to tribal regulations required under this sub-
- 11 section, the Indian tribe shall provide the Secretary with—
- 12 (A) a copy of the lease or right-of-way document
- and all amendments and renewals thereto; and
- 14 (B) in the case of regulations or a lease or right-
- of-way that permits payment to be made directly to
- 16 the Indian tribe, documentation of the payments suf-
- 17 ficient to enable the Secretary to discharge the trust
- 18 responsibility of the United States as appropriate
- 19 under existing law.
- 20 (6) The United States shall not be liable for losses sus-
- 21 tained by any party to a lease executed pursuant to tribal
- 22 regulations under this subsection, including the Indian
- 23 tribe.
- 24 (7)(A) An interested party may, after exhaustion of
- 25 tribal remedies, submit, in a timely manner, a petition to

1	the Secretary to review the compliance of the Indian tribe
2	with any tribal regulations approved under this subsection
3	If upon such review, the Secretary determines that the regu
4	lations were violated, the Secretary may take such action
5	as may be necessary to remedy the violation, including re-
6	scinding or holding the lease or right-of-way in abeyance
7	until the violation is cured. The Secretary may also rescine
8	the approval of the tribal regulations and reassume the re-
9	sponsibility for approval of leases or rights-of-way associ
10	ated with the facilities addressed in this section.
11	(B) If the Secretary seeks to remedy a violation de-
12	scribed in subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall—
13	(i) make a written determination with respect to
14	the regulations that have been violated;
15	(ii) provide the Indian tribe with a written no
16	tice of the alleged violation together with such writter
17	determination; and
18	(iii) prior to the exercise of any remedy or the
19	rescission of the approval of the regulations involved
20	and reassumption of the lease or right-of-way ap-
21	proval responsibility, provide the Indian tribe with a
22	hearing and a reasonable opportunity to cure the al-
23	leged violation.
24	(C) The tribe shall retain all rights to appeal as pro-

25 vided by regulations promulgated by the Secretary.

- 1 (f) AGREEMENTS.—(1) Agreements between an Indian
- 2 tribe and a business entity that are directly associated with
- 3 the development of electric generation, transmission or dis-
- 4 tribution facilities, or facilities to process or refine renew-
- 5 able or nonrenewable energy resources developed on tribal
- 6 lands, shall not separately require the approval of the Sec-
- 7 retary pursuant to section 18 of title 25, United States
- 8 Code, so long as the activity that is the subject of the agree-
- 9 ment has been the subject of an environmental review proc-
- 10 ess pursuant to subsection (e) of this section.
- 11 (2) The United States shall not be liable for any losses
- 12 or damages sustained by any party, including the Indian
- 13 tribe, that are associated with an agreement entered into
- 14 under this subsection.
- 15 (g) Disclaimer.—Nothing in this section is intended
- 16 to modify or otherwise affect the applicability of any provi-
- 17 sion of the Indian Mineral Leasing Act of 1938 (25 U.S.C.
- 18 396a-396g); Indian Mineral Development Act of 1982 (25
- 19 U.S.C. 2101-2108); Surface Mining Control and Reclama-
- 20 tion Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 1201–1328); any amendments
- 21 thereto; or any other laws not specifically addressed in this
- 22 section.
- 23 SEC. 405. INDIAN MINERAL DEVELOPMENT ACT REVIEW.
- 24 (a) In General.—The Secretary of the Interior shall
- 25 conduct a review of the activities that have been conducted

- 1 by the governments of Indian tribes under the authority of
- 2 the Indian Mineral Development Act of 1982 (25 U.S.C.
- 3 2101 et seq.).
- 4 (b) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
- 5 the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall transmit to
- 6 the Committee on Resources of the House of Representatives
- 7 and the Committee on Indian Affairs and the Committee
- 8 on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate a report
- 9 containing—
- 10 (1) the results of the review;
- 11 (2) recommendations designed to help ensure
- 12 that Indian tribes have the opportunity to develop
- 13 their nonrenewable energy resources; and
- 14 (3) an analysis of the barriers to the development
- of energy resources on Indian land, including Federal
- 16 policies and regulations, and make recommendations
- 17 regarding the removal of those barriers.
- 18 (c) Consultation.—The Secretary shall consult with
- 19 Indian tribes on a government-to-government basis in devel-
- 20 oping the report and recommendations as provided in this
- 21 subsection.
- 22 SEC. 406. RENEWABLE ENERGY STUDY.
- 23 (a) In General.—Not later than 2 years after the
- 24 date of the enactment of this Act, and once every 2 years
- 25 thereafter, the Secretary of Energy shall transmit to the

- 1 Committees on Energy and Commerce and Resources of the
- 2 House of Representatives and the Committees on Energy
- 3 and Natural Resources and Indian Affairs of the Senate
- 4 a report on energy consumption and renewable energy de-
- 5 velopment potential on Indian land. The report shall iden-
- 6 tify barriers to the development of renewable energy by In-
- 7 dian tribes, including Federal policies and regulations, and
- 8 make recommendations regarding the removal of such bar-
- 9 riers.
- 10 (b) Consultation.—The Secretary shall consult with
- 11 Indian tribes on a government-to-government basis in devel-
- 12 oping the report and recommendations as provided in this
- 13 section.
- 14 SEC. 407. FEDERAL POWER MARKETING ADMINISTRATIONS.
- 15 Title XXVI of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (25
- 16 U.S.C. 3501) (as amended by section 201) is amended by
- 17 adding at the end the following:
- 18 "SEC. 2608. FEDERAL POWER MARKETING ADMINISTRA-
- 19 **TIONS**.
- 20 "(a) Definition of Administrator.—In this sec-
- 21 tion, the term 'Administrator' means—
- 22 "(1) the Administrator of the Bonneville Power
- 23 Administration; or
- 24 "(2) the Administrator of the Western Area
- 25 Power Administration.

"(b) Assistance for Transmission Studies.—(1) 1 Each Administrator may provide technical assistance to In-3 dian tribes seeking to use the high-voltage transmission sys-4 tem for delivery of electric power. The costs of such technical 5 assistance shall be funded— 6 "(A) by the Administrator using non-reimburs-7 able funds appropriated for this purpose, or 8 "(B) by the Indian tribe. 9 "(2) Priority for assistance for transmission STUDIES.—In providing discretionary assistance to Indian 10 tribes under paragraph (1), each Administrator shall give priority in funding to Indian tribes that have limited financial capability to conduct such studies. "(c) Power Allocation Study.—(1) Not later than 14 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall transmit to the Committees on Energy and 16 Commerce and Resources of the House of Representatives and the Committees on Energy and Natural Resources and 18 Indian Affairs of the Senate a report on Indian tribes' utili-19 zation of Federal power allocations of the Western Area 21 Power Administration, or power sold by the Southwestern Power Administration, and the Bonneville Power Adminis-

tration to or for the benefit of Indian tribes in their service

areas. The report shall identify—

1	"(A) the amount of power allocated to tribes by
2	the Western Area Power Administration, and how the
3	benefit of that power is utilized by the tribes;
4	"(B) the amount of power sold to tribes by other
5	Power Marketing Administrations; and
6	"(C) existing barriers that impede tribal access
7	to and utilization of Federal power, and opportuni-
8	ties to remove such barriers and improve the ability
9	of the Power Marketing Administration to facilitate
10	the utilization of Federal power by Indian tribes.
11	"(2) The Power Marketing Administrations shall con-
12	sult with Indian tribes on a government-to-government
13	basis in developing the report provided in this section.
14	"(d) Authorization for Appropriation.—There
15	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of En-
16	ergy such sums as may be necessary to carry out the pur-
17	poses of this section.".
18	SEC. 408. FEASIBILITY STUDY OF COMBINED WIND AND HY-
19	DROPOWER DEMONSTRATION PROJECT.
20	(a) Study.—The Secretary of Energy, in coordination
21	with the Secretary of the Army and the Secretary of the
22	Interior, shall conduct a study of the cost and feasibility
23	of developing a demonstration project that would use wind
24	energy generated by Indian tribes and hydropower gen-
25	erated by the Army Corps of Engineers on the Missouri

1	River to supply firming power to the Western Area Power
2	Administration.
3	(b) Scope of Study.—The study shall—
4	(1) determine the feasibility of the blending of
5	wind energy and hydropower generated from the Mis-
6	souri River dams operated by the Army Corps of En-
7	gineers;
8	(2) review historical purchase requirements and
9	projected purchase requirements for firming and the
10	patterns of availability and use of firming energy;
11	(3) assess the wind energy resource potential on
12	tribal lands and projected cost savings through a
13	blend of wind and hydropower over a thirty-year pe-
14	riod;
15	(4) include a preliminary interconnection study
16	and a determination of resource adequacy of the
17	Upper Great Plains Region of the Western Area
18	$Power\ Administration;$
19	(5) determine seasonal capacity needs and asso-
20	ciated transmission upgrades for integration of tribal
21	wind generation; and
22	(6) include an independent tribal engineer as a
23	study team member.
24	(c) Report.—The Secretary of Energy and Secretary
25	of the Army shall submit a report to Congress not later than

1	1 year after the date of enactment of this title. The Secre-
2	taries shall include in the report—
3	(1) an analysis of the potential energy cost sav-
4	ings to the customers of the Western Area Power Ad-
5	ministration through the blend of wind and hydro-
6	power;
7	(2) an evaluation of whether a combined wind
8	and hydropower system can reduce reservoir fluctua-
9	tion, enhance efficient and reliable energy production
10	and provide Missouri River management flexibility;
11	(3) recommendations for a demonstration project
12	which the Western Area Power Administration could
13	carry out in partnership with an Indian tribal gov-
14	ernment or tribal government energy consortium to
15	demonstrate the feasibility and potential of using
16	wind energy produced on Indian lands to supply
17	firming energy to the Western Area Power Adminis-
18	tration or other Federal power marketing agency; and
19	(4) an identification of the economic and envi-
20	ronmental benefits to be realized through such a Fed-
21	eral-tribal partnership and identification of how such
22	a partnership could contribute to the energy security
23	of the United States.
24	(d) Consultation.—The Secretary shall consult with
25	Indian tribes on a government-to-government basis in devel-

I	oping the report and recommendations provided in this sec-
2	tion.
3	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are
4	authorized to be appropriated \$500,000 to carry out this
5	section, which shall remain available until expended. All
6	costs incurred by the Western Area Power Administration
7	associated with performing the tasks required under this
8	section shall be nonreimbursable.
9	TITLE V—NUCLEAR POWER
10	Subtitle A—Price-Anderson Act
11	${\it Reauthorization}$
12	SEC. 501. SHORT TITLE.
13	This subtitle may be cited as the "Price-Anderson
14	Amendments Act of 2003".
15	SEC. 502. EXTENSION OF INDEMNIFICATION AUTHORITY.
16	(a) Indemnification of Nuclear Regulatory
17	Commission Licensees.—Section 170c. of the Atomic En-
18	ergy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2210(c)) is amended—
19	(1) in the subsection heading, by striking "LI-
20	CENSES" and inserting "LICENSEES"; and
21	(2) by striking "August 1, 2002" each place in
22	appears and inserting "August 1, 2012".
23	(b) Indemnification of Department of Energy
24	Contractors.—Section 170d.(1)(A) of the Atomic Energy

1	Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2210(d)(1)(A)) is amended by strik-
2	ing ", until August 1, 2002,".
3	(c) Indemnification of Nonprofit Educational
4	Institutions.—Section 170k. of the Atomic Energy Act of
5	1954 (42 U.S.C. 2210(k)) is amended by striking "August
6	1, 2002" each place it appears and inserting "August 1,
7	2012".
8	SEC. 503. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY LIABILITY LIMIT.
9	(a) Indemnification of Department of Energy
10	Contractors.—Section 170d. of the Atomic Energy Act
11	of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2210(d)) is amended by striking para-
12	graph (2) and inserting the following:
13	"(2) In agreements of indemnification entered
14	into under paragraph (1), the Secretary—
15	"(A) may require the contractor to provide
16	and maintain financial protection of such a type
17	and in such amounts as the Secretary shall de-
18	termine to be appropriate to cover public liabil-
19	ity arising out of or in connection with the con-
20	tractual activity; and
21	"(B) shall indemnify the persons indem-
22	nified against such liability above the amount of
23	the financial protection required, in the amount
24	of \$10,000,000,000 (subject to adjustment for in-
25	flation under subsection t.), in the aggregate, for

1	all persons indemnified in connection with such
2	contract and for each nuclear incident, including
3	such legal costs of the contractor as are approved
4	by the Secretary.".
5	(b) Contract Amendments.—Section 170d. of the
6	Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2210(d)) is further
7	amended by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the fol-
8	lowing:
9	"(3) All agreements of indemnification under
10	which the Department of Energy (or its predecessor
11	agencies) may be required to indemnify any person
12	under this section shall be deemed to be amended, on
13	the date of the enactment of the Price-Anderson
14	Amendments Act of 2003, to reflect the amount of in-
15	demnity for public liability and any applicable fi-
16	nancial protection required of the contractor under
17	this subsection.".
18	(c) Liability Limit.—Section 170e.(1)(B) of the
19	Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2210(e)(1)(B)) is
20	amended—
21	(1) by striking "the maximum amount of finan-
22	cial protection required under subsection b. or"; and
23	(2) by striking "paragraph (3) of subsection d.,
24	whichever amount is more" and inserting "paragraph
25	(2) of subsection d.".

1	SEC. 504. INCIDENTS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.
2	(a) Amount of Indemnification.—Section 170d.(5)
3	of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2210(d)(5))
4	is amended by striking "\$100,000,000" and inserting
5	"\$500,000,000".
6	(b) Liability Limit.—Section 170e.(4) of the Atomic
7	Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2210(e)(4)) is amended by
8	striking "\$100,000,000" and inserting "\$500,000,000".
9	SEC. 505. REPORTS.
10	Section 170p. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42
11	U.S.C. 2210(p)) is amended by striking "August 1, 1998"
12	and inserting "August 1, 2008".
13	SEC. 506. INFLATION ADJUSTMENT.
14	Section 170t. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42
15	U.S.C. 2210(t)) is amended—
16	(1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as para-
17	graph (3); and
18	(2) by adding after paragraph (1) the following:
19	"(2) The Secretary shall adjust the amount of in-
20	demnification provided under an agreement of indem-
21	nification under subsection d. not less than once dur-
22	ing each 5-year period following July 1, 2002, in ac-
23	cordance with the aggregate percentage change in the
24	Consumer Price Index since—
25	"(A) that date, in the case of the first ad-

justment under this paragraph; or

1	"(B) the previous adjustment under this
2	paragraph.".
3	SEC. 507. CIVIL PENALTIES.
4	(a) Repeal of Automatic Remission.—Section
5	234Ab.(2) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C.
6	2282a(b)(2)) is amended by striking the last sentence.
7	(b) Limitation for Not-For-Profit Institu-
8	TIONS.—Subsection d. of section 234A of the Atomic Energy
9	Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2282a(d)) is amended to read as
10	follows:
11	"d.(1) Notwithstanding subsection a., in the case
12	of any not-for-profit contractor, subcontractor, or sup-
13	plier, the total amount of civil penalties assessed
14	under subsection a. may not exceed the total amount
15	of fees paid within any one-year period (as deter-
16	mined by the Secretary) under the contract under
17	which the violation occurs.
18	"(2) For purposes of this section, the term 'not-
19	for-profit' means that no part of the net earnings of
20	the contractor, subcontractor, or supplier inures, or
21	may lawfully inure, to the benefit of any natural per-
22	son or for-profit artificial person.".
23	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
24	section shall not apply to any violation of the Atomic En-

- 1 ergy Act of 1954 occurring under a contract entered into
- 2 before the date of enactment of this section.
- 3 SEC. 508. TREATMENT OF MODULAR REACTORS.
- 4 Section 170b. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42
- 5 U.S.C. 2210(b)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 6 lowing:
- 7 "(5)(A) For purposes of this section only, the
- 8 Commission shall consider a combination of facilities
- 9 described in subparagraph (B) to be a single facility
- 10 having a rated capacity of 100,000 electrical kilo-
- 11 watts or more.
- "(B) A combination of facilities referred to in
- 13 subparagraph (A) is two or more facilities located at
- a single site, each of which has a rated capacity of
- 15 100,000 electrical kilowatts or more but not more
- 16 than 300,000 electrical kilowatts, with a combined
- 17 rated capacity of not more than 1,300,000 electrical
- 18 *kilowatts.*".
- 19 SEC. 509. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- The amendments made by sections 503(a) and 504 do
- 21 not apply to any nuclear incident that occurs before the
- 22 date of the enactment of this subtitle.

## Subtitle B—Miscellaneous 1 **Provisions** 2 SEC. 511. URANIUM SALES. (a) Inventory Sales.—Section 3112(d) of the USEC 4 Privatization Act (42 U.S.C. 2297h–10(d)) is amended to read as follows: 7 "(d) Inventory Sales.—(1) In addition to the transfers authorized under subsections (b), (c), and (e), the Secretary may, from time to time, sell or transfer uranium (including natural uranium concentrates, natural uranium 11 hexafluoride, enriched uranium, and depleted uranium) 12 from the Department of Energy's stockpile. 13 "(2) Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), and (e), the Secretary may not deliver uranium in any form 15 for consumption by end users in any year in excess of the 16 following amounts: "Annual Maximum Deliveries to End Users (Million lbs. $U_3O_8$ "Year: equivalent) 2003 through 2009 ..... 2010 ..... 5 5 2011 ..... 7 2012 ..... 2013 and each year thereafter ..... 10. 17 "(3) Except as provided in subsections (b), (c), and (e), no sale or transfer of uranium in any form shall be 19 made unless— 20 "(A) the President determines that the material

is not necessary for national security needs;

1	"(B) the Secretary determines, based on the writ-
2	ten views of the Secretary of State and the Assistant
3	to the President for National Security Affairs, that
4	the sale or transfer will not adversely affect the na-
5	tional security interests of the United States;
6	"(C) the Secretary determines that the sale of the
7	material will not have an adverse material impact on
8	the domestic uranium mining, conversion, or enrich-
9	ment industry, taking into account the sales of ura-
10	nium under the Russian HEU Agreement and the
11	Suspension Agreement; and
12	"(D) the price paid to the Secretary will not be
13	less than the fair market value of the material.".
14	(b) Exempt Transfers and Sales.—Section 3112(e)
15	of the USEC Privatization Act (42 U.S.C. 2297h–10(e)) is
16	amended to read as follows:
17	"(e) Exempt Sales or Transfers.—Notwith-
18	standing subsection (d)(2), the Secretary may transfer or
19	sell uranium—
20	"(1) to the Tennessee Valley Authority for use
21	pursuant to the Department of Energy's highly en-
22	riched uranium or tritium program, to the extent
23	provided by law;
24	"(2) to research and test reactors under the Uni-
25	versity Reactor Fuel Assistance and Support Pro-

1	gram or the Reduced Enrichment for Research and
2	Test Reactors Program;
3	"(3) to USEC Inc. to replace contaminated ura-
4	nium received from the Department of Energy when
5	the United States Enrichment Corporation was
6	privatized;
7	"(4) to any person for emergency purposes in the
8	event of a disruption in supply to end users in the
9	United States; and
10	"(5) to any person for national security pur-
11	poses, as determined by the Secretary.".
12	SEC. 512. REAUTHORIZATION OF THORIUM REIMBURSE-
13	MENT.
14	(a) Reimbursement of Thorium Licensees.—Sec-
15	$tion\ 1001(b)(2)(C)$ of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42)
16	U.S.C. 2296a) is amended—
17	(1) by striking "\$140,000,000" and inserting
18	"\$365,000,000"; and
19	(2) by adding at the end the following: "Such
20	payments shall not exceed the following amounts:
21	"(i) \$90,000,000 in fiscal year 2002.
22	"(ii) \$55,000,000 in fiscal year 2003.
23	"(iii) \$20,000,000 in fiscal year 2004.
24	"(iv) \$20,000,000 in fiscal year 2005.

1	"(vi) \$20,000,000 in fiscal year 2007.
2	Any amounts authorized to be paid in a fiscal
3	year under this subparagraph that are not paid
4	in that fiscal year may be paid in subsequent
5	fiscal years.".
6	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section
7	1003(a) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 2296a-
8	2) is amended by striking "\$490,000,000" and inserting
9	"\$715,000,000".
10	(c) Decontamination and Decommissioning
11	Fund.—Section 1802(a) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954
12	(42 U.S.C. 2297g–1(a)) is amended—
13	(1) by striking "\$488,333,333" and inserting
14	"\$518,233,333"; and
15	(2) by inserting after "inflation" the following:
16	'beginning on the date of enactment of the Energy
17	Policy Act of 1992".
18	SEC. 513. FAST FLUX TEST FACILITY.
19	The Secretary of Energy shall not reactivate the Fast
20	Flux Test Facility to conduct—
21	(1) any atomic energy defense activity,
22	(2) any space-related mission, or
23	(3) any program for the production or utiliza-
24	tion of nuclear material if the Secretary has deter-

1	mined, in a record of decision, that the program can
2	be carried out at existing operating facilities.
3	SEC. 514. NUCLEAR POWER 2010.
4	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
5	(1) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
6	the Secretary of Energy.
7	(2) Office.—The term "Office" means the Office
8	of Nuclear Energy Science and Technology of the De-
9	partment of Energy.
10	(3) Director.—The term "Director" means the
11	Director of the Office of Nuclear Energy Science and
12	Technology of the Department of Energy.
13	(4) Program.—The term "Program" means the
14	Nuclear Power 2010 Program.
15	(b) Establishment.—The Secretary shall carry out
16	a program, to be managed by the Director.
17	(c) Purpose.—The program shall aggressively pursue
18	those activities that will result in regulatory approvals and
19	design completion in a phased approach, with joint govern-
20	ment/industry cost sharing, which would allow for the con-
21	struction and startup of new nuclear plants in the United
22	States by 2010.
23	(d) Activities.—In carrying out the program, the Di-
24	rector shall—

- 1 (1) issue a solicitation to industry seeking pro-2 posals from joint venture project teams comprised of 3 reactor vendors and power generation companies to 4 participate in the Nuclear Power 2010 program;
  - (2) seek innovative business arrangements, such as consortia among designers, constructors, nuclear steam supply systems and major equipment suppliers, and plant owner/operators, with strong and common incentives to build and operate new plants in the United States;
  - (3) conduct the Nuclear Power 2010 program consistent with the findings of "A Roadmap to Deploy New Nuclear Power Plants in the United States by 2010" issued by the Near-Term Deployment Working Group of the Nuclear Energy Research Advisory Committee of the Department of Energy;
  - (4) rely upon the expertise and capabilities of the Department of Energy national laboratories and sites in the areas of advanced nuclear fuel cycles and fuels testing, giving consideration to existing lead laboratory designations and the unique capabilities and facilities available at each national laboratory and site;
  - (5) pursue deployment of both water-cooled and gas-cooled reactor designs on a dual track basis that

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1	will provide maximum potential for the success of
2	both;
3	(6) include participation of international col-
4	laborators in research and design efforts where bene-
5	ficial; and
6	(7) seek to accomplish the essential regulatory
7	and technical work, both generic and design-specific,
8	to make possible new nuclear plants within this dec-
9	ade.
10	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are
11	authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out
12	the purposes of this section such sums as are necessary for
13	fiscal year 2003 and for each fiscal year thereafter.
14	SEC. 515. OFFICE OF SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL RESEARCH.
15	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
16	(1) before the Federal Government takes any ir-
17	reversible action relating to the disposal of spent nu-
18	clear fuel, Congress must determine whether the spent
19	fuel in the repository should be treated as waste sub-
20	ject to permanent burial or should be considered an
21	energy resource that is needed to meet future energy
22	requirements; and
23	(2) national policy on spent nuclear fuel may
24	evolve with time as improved technologies for spent
25	fuel are developed or as national energy needs evolve.

1	(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
2	(1) Associate director.—The term "Associate
3	Director" means the Associate Director of the Office.
4	(2) Office.—The term "Office" means the Office
5	of Spent Nuclear Fuel Research within the Office of
6	Nuclear Energy Science and Technology of the De-
7	partment of Energy.
8	(c) Establishment.—There is established an Office
9	of Spent Nuclear Fuel Research within the Office of Nuclear
10	Energy Science and Technology of the Department of En-
11	ergy.
12	(d) Head of Office.—The Office shall be headed by
13	the Associate Director, who shall be a member of the Senior
14	Executive Service appointed by the Director of the Office
15	of Nuclear Energy Science and Technology, and com-
16	pensated at a rate determined by applicable law.
17	(e) Duties of the Associate Director.—
18	(1) In General.—The Associate Director shall
19	be responsible for carrying out an integrated research,
20	development, and demonstration program on tech-
21	nologies for treatment, recycling, and disposal of
22	high-level nuclear radioactive waste and spent nuclear
23	fuel, subject to the general supervision of the Sec-
24	retary.

1	(2) Participation.—The Associate Director
2	shall coordinate the participation of national labora-
3	tories, universities, the commercial nuclear industry,
4	and other organizations in the investigation of tech-
5	nologies for the treatment, recycling, and disposal of
6	spent nuclear fuel and high-level radioactive waste.
7	(3) Activities.—The Associate Director shall—
8	(A) develop a research plan to provide rec-
9	ommendations by 2015;
10	(B) identify promising technologies for the
11	treatment, recycling, and disposal of spent nu-
12	clear fuel and high-level radioactive waste;
13	(C) conduct research and development ac-
14	tivities for promising technologies;
15	(D) ensure that all activities include as key
16	objectives minimization of proliferation concerns
17	and risk to the health of the general public or
18	site workers, as well as development of cost-effec-
19	$tive \ technologies;$
20	(E) require research on both reactor- and
21	$accelerator \hbox{-} based\ transmutation\ systems;$
22	(F) require research on advanced processing
23	and separations;
24	(G) include participation of international
25	collaborators in research efforts, and provide

1	funding to a collaborator that brings unique ca-
2	pabilities not available in the United States if
3	the country in which the collaborator is located
4	is unable to provide for their support; and

- (H) ensure that research efforts are coordinated with research on advanced fuel cycles and reactors conducted by the Office of Nuclear Energy Science and Technology.
- 9 (f) Grant and Contract Authority.—The Sec-10 retary may make grants, or enter into contracts, for the 11 purposes of the research projects and activities described in 12 this section.
- 13 (g) REPORT.—The Associate Director shall annually
  14 submit to Congress a report on the activities and expendi15 tures of the Office that describes the progress being made
  16 in achieving the objectives of this section.

## 17 SEC. 516. DECOMMISSIONING PILOT PROGRAM.

18 (a) PILOT PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Energy shall
19 establish a decommissioning pilot program to decommission
20 and decontaminate the sodium-cooled fast breeder experi21 mental test-site reactor located in northwest Arkansas in
22 accordance with the decommissioning activities contained
23 in the August 31, 1998, Department of Energy report on
24 the reactor.

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1	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
2	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
3	\$16,000,000.
4	Subtitle C—Growth of Nuclear
5	Energy
6	SEC. 521. COMBINED LICENSE PERIODS.
7	Section 103c. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42
8	U.S.C. 2133(c)) is amended—
9	(1) by striking "c. Each such" and inserting the
10	following:
11	"c. License Period.—
12	"(1) In general.—Each such"; and
13	(2) by adding at the end the following:
14	"(2) Combined licenses.—In the case of a
15	combined construction and operating license issued
16	under section 185(b), the duration of the operating
17	phase of the license period shall not be less than the
18	duration of the operating license if application had
19	been made for separate construction and operating li-
20	censes.".

1	Subtitle D—NRC Regulatory
2	Reform
3	SEC. 531. ANTITRUST REVIEW.
4	(a) In General.—Section 105 of the Atomic Energy
5	Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2135) is amended by adding at the
6	end the following:
7	"d. Antitrust Laws.—
8	"(1) Notification.—Except as provided in
9	paragraph (4), when the Commission proposes to
10	issue a license under section 103 or 104b., the Com-
11	mission shall notify the Attorney General of the pro-
12	posed license and the proposed terms and conditions
13	of the license.
14	"(2) Action by the attorney general.—
15	Within a reasonable time (but not more than 90
16	days) after receiving notification under paragraph
17	(1), the Attorney General shall submit to the Commis-
18	sion and publish in the Federal Register a determina-
19	tion whether, insofar as the Attorney General is able
20	to determine, the proposed license would tend to cre-
21	ate or maintain a situation inconsistent with the
22	antitrust laws.
23	"(3) Information.—On the request of the Attor-
24	ney General, the Commission shall furnish or cause to

be furnished such information as the Attorney Gen-

1	eral determines to be appropriate or necessary to en-
2	able the Attorney General to make the determination
3	under paragraph (2).
4	"(4) Applicability.—This subsection shall not
5	apply to such classes or type of licenses as the Com-
6	mission, with the approval of the Attorney General,
7	determines would not significantly affect the activities
8	of a licensee under the antitrust laws.".
9	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 105c. of the
10	Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2135(c)) is amended
11	by adding at the end the following:
12	"(9) Applicability.—This subsection does not
13	apply to an application for a license to construct or
14	operate a utilization facility under section 103 or
15	104b. that is filed on or after the date of enactment
16	of subsection d.".
17	SEC. 532. DECOMMISSIONING.
18	(a) Authority Over Former Licensees for De-
19	COMMISSIONING FUNDING.—Section 161i. of the Atomic
20	Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2201(i)) is amended—
21	(1) by striking "and (3)" and inserting "(3)";
22	and
23	(2) by inserting before the semicolon at the end
24	the following: ", and (4) to ensure that sufficient
25	funds will be available for the decommissioning of

- 1 any production or utilization facility licensed under
- 2 section 103 or 104b., including standards and restric-
- 3 tions governing the control, maintenance, use, and
- 4 disbursement by any former licensee under this Act
- 5 that has control over any fund for the decommis-
- 6 sioning of the facility".
- 7 (b) Treatment of Nuclear Reactor Financial
- 8 Obligations.—Section 523 of title 11, United States Code,
- 9 is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 10 "(f) Treatment of Nuclear Reactor Financial
- 11 Obligations.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
- 12 this title—
- "(1) any funds or other assets held by a licensee
- or former licensee of the Nuclear Regulatory Commis-
- sion, or by any other person, to satisfy the responsi-
- bility of the licensee, former licensee, or any other per-
- son to comply with a regulation or order of the Nu-
- 18 clear Regulatory Commission governing the decon-
- 19 tamination and decommissioning of a nuclear power
- 20 reactor licensed under section 103 or 104b. of the
- 21 Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2133, 2134(b))
- shall not be used to satisfy the claim of any creditor
- in any proceeding under this title, other than a claim
- 24 resulting from an activity undertaken to satisfy that
- 25 responsibility, until the decontamination and decom-

- missioning of the nuclear power reactor is completed
  to the satisfaction of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission;
- "(2) obligations of licensees, former licensees, or any other person to use funds or other assets to satisfy a responsibility described in paragraph (1) may not be rejected, avoided, or discharged in any proceeding under this title or in any liquidation, reorganization, receivership, or other insolvency proceeding under Federal or State law; and
- 11 "(3) private insurance premiums and standard 12 deferred premiums held and maintained in accord-13 ance with section 170b. of the Atomic Energy Act of 14 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2210(b)) shall not be used to satisfy 15 the claim of any creditor in any proceeding under this title, until the indemnification agreement exe-16 17 cuted in accordance with section 170c. of that Act (42) 18  $U.S.C.\ 2210(c)$ ) is terminated.".

## Subtitle E—NRC Personnel Crisis

- 20 SEC. 541. ELIMINATION OF PENSION OFFSET.
- 21 Section 161 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42
- 22 U.S.C. 2201) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 23 "y. exempt from the application of sections 8344 and
- 24 8468 of title 5, United States Code, an annuitant who was
- 25 formerly an employee of the Commission who is hired by

1	the Commission as a consultant, if the Commission finds
2	that the annuitant has a skill that is critical to the perform-
3	ance of the duties of the Commission.".
4	SEC. 542. NRC TRAINING PROGRAM.
5	(a) In General.—In order to maintain the human
6	resource investment and infrastructure of the United States
7	in the nuclear sciences, health physics, and engineering
8	fields, in accordance with the statutory authorities of the
9	Commission relating to the civilian nuclear energy pro-
10	gram, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission shall carry out
11	a training and fellowship program to address shortages of
12	individuals with critical safety skills.
13	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—
14	(1) In general.—There are authorized to be ap-
15	propriated to carry out this section \$1,000,000 for
16	each of fiscal years 2003 through 2006.
17	(2) AVAILABILITY — Funds made available under

paragraph (1) shall remain available until expended.

1	DIVISION B—DOMESTIC OIL AND
2	GAS PRODUCTION AND
3	TRANSPORTATION
4	TITLE VI—OIL AND GAS
5	PRODUCTION
6	SEC. 601. PERMANENT AUTHORITY TO OPERATE THE STRA-
7	TEGIC PETROLEUM RESERVE.
8	(a) Amendment to Title I of the Energy Policy
9	AND CONSERVATION ACT.—Title I of the Energy Policy and
10	Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6211 et seq.) is amended—
11	(1) by striking section 166 (42 U.S.C. 6246) and
12	inserting—
13	"Sec. 166. There are authorized to be appropriated
14	to the Secretary such sums as may be necessary to carry
15	out this part, to remain available until expended."; and
16	(2) by striking part E (42 U.S.C. 6251; relating
17	to the expiration of title I of the Act) and its heading.
18	(b) Amendment to Title II of the Energy Policy
19	AND CONSERVATION ACT.—Title II of the Energy Policy
20	and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6271 et seq.) is
21	amended—
22	(1) by striking section 256(h) (42 U.S.C.
23	6276(h)) and inserting—
24	"(h) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
25	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary such

1	sums as may be necessary to carry out this part, to remain
2	available until expended.";
3	(2) by striking section 273(e) (42 U.S.C. 6283(e);
4	relating to the expiration of summer fill and fuel
5	budgeting programs); and
6	(3) by striking part D (42 U.S.C. 6285; relating
7	to the expiration of title II of the Act) and its head-
8	ing.
9	(c) Technical Amendments.—The table of contents
10	for the Energy Policy and Conservation Act is amended by
11	striking the items relating to part D of title I and part
12	D of title II.
13	SEC. 602. FEDERAL ONSHORE LEASING PROGRAMS FOR OIL
14	AND GAS.
15	(a) Timely Action on Leases and Permits.—To
16	ensure timely action on oil and gas leases and applications
	ensure timely action on oil and gas leases and applications for permits to drill on lands otherwise available for leasing,
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17	for permits to drill on lands otherwise available for leasing,
17 18	for permits to drill on lands otherwise available for leasing, the Secretary of the Interior shall—
17 18 19	for permits to drill on lands otherwise available for leasing, the Secretary of the Interior shall—  (1) ensure expeditious compliance with the re-
17 18 19 20	for permits to drill on lands otherwise available for leasing, the Secretary of the Interior shall—  (1) ensure expeditious compliance with the re- quirements of section 102(2)(C) of the National Envi-
17 18 19 20 21	for permits to drill on lands otherwise available for leasing, the Secretary of the Interior shall—  (1) ensure expeditious compliance with the re- quirements of section 102(2)(C) of the National Envi- ronmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332(2)(C));
17 18 19 20 21 22	for permits to drill on lands otherwise available for leasing, the Secretary of the Interior shall—  (1) ensure expeditious compliance with the re- quirements of section 102(2)(C) of the National Envi- ronmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332(2)(C)); (2) improve consultation and coordination with

- 1 (b) Improved Enforcement.—The Secretary shall
- 2 improve inspection and enforcement of oil and gas activi-
- 3 ties, including enforcement of terms and conditions in per-
- 4 mits to drill.
- 5 (c) Authorization of Appropriations.—For each
- 6 of the fiscal years 2003 through 2006, in addition to
- 7 amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated for the
- 8 purpose of carrying out section 17 of the Mineral Leasing
- 9 Act (30 U.S.C. 226), there are authorized to be appro-
- 10 priated to the Secretary of the Interior—
- 11 (1) \$40,000,000 for the purpose of carrying out
- 12 paragraphs (1) through (3) of subsection (a); and
- 13 (2) \$20,000,000 for the purpose of carrying out
- 14 subsection (b).
- 15 SEC. 603. OIL AND GAS LEASE ACREAGE LIMITATIONS.
- 16 Section 27(d)(1) of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C.
- 17 184(d)(1)) is amended by inserting after "acreage held in
- 18 special tar sand areas" the following: "as well as acreage
- 19 under any lease any portion of which has been committed
- 20 to a federally approved unit or cooperative plan or
- 21 communitization agreement, or for which royalty, includ-
- 22 ing compensatory royalty or royalty in kind, was paid in
- 23 the preceding calendar year,".

1	SEC. 604. ORPHANED AND ABANDONED WELLS ON FEDERAL
2	LAND.
3	(a) Establishment.—(1) The Secretary of the Inte-
4	rior, in cooperation with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall
5	establish a program to ensure within 3 years after the date
6	of enactment of this Act, remediation, reclamation, and clo-
7	sure of orphaned oil and gas wells located on lands admin-
8	istered by the land management agencies within the De-
9	partment of the Interior and the United States Forest Serv-
10	ice that are—
11	(A) abandoned;
12	(B) orphaned; or
13	(C) idled for more than 5 years and having no
14	beneficial use.
15	(2) The program shall include a means of ranking crit-
16	ical sites for priority in remediation based on potential en-
17	vironmental harm, other land use priorities, and public
18	health and safety.
19	(3) The program shall provide that responsible parties
20	be identified wherever possible and that the costs of remedi-
21	ation be recovered.
22	(4) In carrying out the program, the Secretary of the
23	$Interior\ shall\ work\ cooperatively\ with\ the\ Secretary\ of\ Agri-$
24	culture and the States within which the Federal lands are
25	located, and shall consult with the Secretary of Energy, and
26	the Interstate Oil and Gas Compact Commission.

- 1 (b) Plan.—Within 6 months from the date of enact-
- 2 ment of this section, the Secretary of the Interior, in co-
- 3 operation with the Secretary of Agriculture, shall prepare
- 4 a plan for carrying out the program established under sub-
- 5 section (a). Copies of the plan shall be transmitted to the
- 6 Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate
- 7 and the Committee on Resources of the House of Representa-
- 8 tives.
- 9 (c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are
- 10 authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of the Inte-
- 11 rior \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2003 through 2005
- 12 to carry out the activities provided for in this section.
- 13 SEC. 605. ORPHANED AND ABANDONED OIL AND GAS WELL
- 14 **PROGRAM**.
- 15 (a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Energy shall
- 16 establish a program to provide technical assistance to the
- 17 various oil and gas producing States to facilitate State ef-
- 18 forts over a 10-year period to ensure a practical and eco-
- 19 nomical remedy for environmental problems caused by or-
- 20 phaned and abandoned exploration or production well sites
- 21 on State and private lands. The Secretary shall work with
- 22 the States, through the Interstate Oil and Gas Compact
- 23 Commission, to assist the States in quantifying and miti-
- 24 gating environmental risks of onshore abandoned and or-
- 25 phaned wells on State and private lands.

1	(b) Program Elements.—The program should
2	include—
3	(1) mechanisms to facilitate identification of re-
4	sponsible parties wherever possible;
5	(2) criteria for ranking critical sites based on
6	factors such as other land use priorities, potential en-
7	vironmental harm and public visibility; and
8	(3) information and training programs on best
9	practices for remediation of different types of sites.
10	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are
11	authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Energy
12	for the activities under this section \$5,000,000 for each of
13	fiscal years 2003 through 2005 to carry out the provisions
14	of this section.
15	SEC. 606. OFFSHORE DEVELOPMENT.
16	Section 5 of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act
17	of 1953 (43 U.S.C. 1334) is amended by adding at the end
18	the following:
19	"(k) Suspension of Operations for Subsalt Ex-
20	PLORATION.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law
21	or regulation, the Secretary may grant a request for a sus-
22	pension of operations under any lease to allow the lessee
23	to reprocess or reinterpret geologic or geophysical data be-
24	neath allocthonous salt sheets, when in the Secretary's judg-
25	ment such suspension is necessary to prevent waste caused

1	by the drilling of unnecessary wells, and to maximize ulti-
2	mate recovery of hydrocarbon resources under the lease.
3	Such suspension shall be limited to the minimum period
4	of time the Secretary determines is necessary to achieve the
5	objectives of this subsection.".
6	SEC. 607. COALBED METHANE STUDY.
7	(a) Study.—The National Academy of Sciences shall
8	conduct a study on the effects of coalbed methane production
9	on surface and water resources.
10	(b) Data Analysis.—The study shall analyze avail-
11	able hydrogeologic and water quality data, along with other
12	pertinent environmental or other information to
13	determine—
14	(1) adverse effects associated with surface or sub-
15	surface disposal of waters produced during extraction
16	of coalbed methane;
17	(2) depletion of groundwater aquifers or drink-
18	ing water sources associated with production of coal-
19	bed methane;
20	(3) any other significant adverse impacts to sur-
21	face or water resources associated with production of
22	coalbed methane; and
23	(4) production techniques or other factors that
24	can mitigate adverse impacts from coalbed methane
25	development.

1	(c) Recommendations.—The study shall analyze ex-
2	isting Federal and State laws and regulations, and make
3	recommendations as to changes, if any, to Federal law nec-
4	essary to address adverse impacts to surface or water re-
5	sources attributable to coalbed methane development.
6	(d) Completion of Study.—The National Academy
7	of Sciences shall submit the study to the Secretary of the
8	Interior within 18 months after the date of enactment of
9	this Act, and shall make the study available to the public
10	at the same time.
11	(e) Report to Congress.—The Secretary of the Inte-
12	rior shall report to Congress within 6 months of her receipt
13	of the study on—
14	(1) the findings and recommendations of the
15	study;
16	(2) the Secretary's agreement or disagreement
17	with each of its findings and recommendations; and
18	(3) any recommended changes in funding to ad-
19	dress the effects of coalbed methane production on sur-
20	face and water resources.
21	SEC. 608. FISCAL POLICIES TO MAXIMIZE RECOVERY OF DO-
22	MESTIC OIL AND GAS RESOURCES.
23	(a) Evaluation.—The Secretary of Energy, in coordi-
24	nation with the Secretaries of the Interior, Commerce, and
25	Treasury, Indian tribes and the Interstate Oil and Gas

- 1 Compact Commission, shall evaluate the impact of existing
- 2 Federal and State tax and royalty policies on the develop-
- 3 ment of domestic oil and gas resources and on revenues to
- 4 Federal, State, local and tribal governments.
- 5 (b) Scope.—The evaluation under subsection (a) 6 shall—
- 7 (1) analyze the impact of fiscal policies on oil 8 and natural gas exploration, development drilling, 9 and production under different price scenarios, in-10 cluding the impact of the individual and corporate 11 Alternative Minimum Tax, State and local produc-12 tion taxes and fixed royalty rates during low price 13 periods;
  - (2) assess the effect of existing Federal and State fiscal policies on investment under different geological and developmental circumstances, including but not limited to deepwater environments, subsalt formations, deep and deviated wells, coalbed methane and other unconventional oil and gas formations;
  - (3) assess the extent to which Federal and State fiscal policies negatively impact the ultimate recovery of resources from existing fields and smaller accumulations in offshore waters, especially in water depths less than 800 meters, of the Gulf of Mexico;

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1	(4) compare existing Federal and State policies
2	with tax and royalty regimes in other countries with
3	particular emphasis on similar geological, develop-
4	mental and infrastructure conditions; and
5	(5) evaluate how alternative tax and royalty
6	policies, including counter-cyclical measures, could
7	increase recovery of domestic oil and natural gas re-
8	sources and revenues to Federal, State, local and trib-
9	al governments.
10	(c) Policy Recommendations.—Based upon the
11	findings of the evaluation under subsection (a), a report de-
12	scribing the findings and recommendations for policy
13	changes shall be provided to the President, the Congress, the
14	Governors of the member States of the Interstate Oil and
15	Gas Compact Commission, and Indian tribes having an oil
16	and gas lease approved by the Secretary of the Interior. The
17	recommendations should ensure that the public interest in
18	receiving the economic benefits of tax and royalty revenues

- 19 is balanced with the broader national security and eco-
- 20 nomic interests in maximizing recovery of domestic re-
- 21 sources. The report should include recommendations regard-
- 22 ing actions to—
- 23 (1) ensure stable development drilling during pe-24 riods of low oil and/or natural gas prices to maintain
- 25 reserve replacement and deliverability;

1	(2) minimize the negative impact of a volatile
2	investment climate on the oil and gas service industry
3	and domestic oil and gas exploration and production;
4	(3) ensure a consistent level of domestic activity
5	to encourage the education and retention of a tech-
6	nical workforce; and
7	(4) maintain production capability during peri-
8	ods of low oil and/or natural gas prices.
9	(d) Royalty Guidelines.—The recommendations re-
10	quired under (c) should include guidelines for private re-
11	source holders as to the appropriate level of royalties given
12	geology, development cost, and the national interest in
13	maximizing recovery of oil and gas resources.
14	(e) Report.—The study under subsection (a) shall be
15	completed not later than 18 months after the date of enact-
16	ment of this section. The report and recommendations re-
17	quired in (c) shall be transmitted to the President, the Con-
18	gress, Indian tribes, and the Governors of the member States
19	of the Interstate Oil and Gas Compact Commission.
20	SEC. 609. STRATEGIC PETROLEUM RESERVE.
21	(a) Full Capacity.—The President shall—
22	(1) fill the Strategic Petroleum Reserve estab-
23	lished pursuant to part B of title I of the Energy Pol-
24	icy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6231 et seq.) to
25	full capacity as soon as practicable;

1	(2) acquire petroleum for the Strategic Petro-
2	leum Reserve by the most practicable and cost-effec-
3	tive means, including the acquisition of crude oil the
4	United States is entitled to receive in kind as royal-
5	ties from production on Federal lands; and
6	(3) ensure that the fill rate minimizes impacts
7	on petroleum markets.
8	(b) Recommendations.—Not later than 180 days
9	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of En-
10	ergy shall submit to Congress a plan to—
11	(1) eliminate any infrastructure impediments
12	that may limit maximum drawdown capability; and
13	(2) determine whether the capacity of the Stra-
14	tegic Petroleum Reserve on the date of enactment of
15	this section is adequate in light of the increasing con-
16	sumption of petroleum and the reliance on imported
17	petroleum.
18	SEC. 610. HYDRAULIC FRACTURING.
19	Section 1421 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
20	U.S.C. 300h) is amended by adding at the end the following:
21	"(e) Hydraulic Fracturing for Oil and Gas Pro-
22	DUCTION.—
23	"(1) Study of the effects of hydraulic
24	FRACTURING.—

"(A) In General.—As soon as practicable, but in no event later than 24 months after the date of enactment of this subsection, the Administrator shall complete a study of the known and potential effects on underground drinking water sources of hydraulic fracturing, including the effects of hydraulic fracturing on underground drinking water sources on a nationwide basis, and within specific regions, States, or portions of States.

"(B) Consultation.—In planning and conducting the study, the Administrator shall consult with the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Energy, the Ground Water Protection Council, affected States, and, as appropriate, representatives of environmental, industry, academic, scientific, public health, and other relevant organizations. Such study may be accomplished in conjunction with other ongoing studies related to the effects of oil and gas production on groundwater resources.

"(C) Study elements.—The study conducted under subparagraph (A) shall, at a minimum, examine and make findings as to whether—

1	"(i) such hydraulic fracturing has en-
2	dangered or will endanger (as defined under
3	$subsection \ (d)(2)) \ underground \ drinking$
4	water sources, including those sources with-
5	in specific regions, States or portions of
6	States;
7	"(ii) there are specific methods, prac-
8	tices, or hydrogeologic circumstances in
9	which hydraulic fracturing has endangered
10	or will endanger underground drinking
11	water sources; and
12	"(iii) there are any precautionary ac-
13	tions that may reduce or eliminate any
14	such endangerment.
15	"(D) Study of hydraulic fracturing in
16	A PARTICULAR TYPE OF GEOLOGIC FORMATION.—
17	The Administrator may also complete a separate
18	study on the known and potential effects on un-
19	derground drinking water sources of hydraulic
20	fracturing in a particular type of geologic for-
21	mation:
22	"(i) If such a study is undertaken, the
23	Administrator shall follow the procedures
24	for study preparation and independent sci-
25	entific review set forth in subparagraphs (1)

1	(B) and (C) and (2) of this subsection. The
2	Administrator may complete this separate
3	study prior to the completion of the broader
4	study of hydraulic fracturing required pur-
5	suant to subparagraph (A) of this sub-
6	section.
7	"(ii) At the conclusion of independent
8	scientific review for any separate study, the
9	Administrator shall determine, pursuant to
10	paragraph (3), whether regulation of hy-
11	draulic fracturing in the particular type of
12	geologic formation addressed in the separate
13	study is necessary under this part to ensure
14	that underground sources of drinking water
15	will not be endangered on a nationwide
16	basis, or within a specific region, State or
17	portions of a State. Subparagraph (4) of
18	this subsection shall apply to any such de-
19	termination by the Administrator.
20	"(iii) If the Administrator completes a
21	separate study, the Administrator may use
22	the information gathered in the course of
23	such a study in undertaking her broad
24	study to the extent appropriate. The broader

 $study\ need\ not\ include\ a\ reexamination\ of$ 

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1	the conclusions reached by the Adminis-
2	trator in any separate study.
3	"(2) Independent scientific review.—
4	"(A) In general.—Prior to the time the
5	study under paragraph (1) is completed, the Ad-
6	ministrator shall enter into an appropriate
7	agreement with the National Academy of
8	Sciences to have the Academy review the conclu-
9	sions of the study.
10	"(B) Report.—Not later than 11 months
11	after entering into an appropriate agreement
12	with the Administrator, the National Academy of
13	Sciences shall report to the Administrator, the
14	Committee on Energy and Commerce of the
15	House of Representatives, and the Committee on
16	Environment and Public Works of the Senate, on
17	the—
18	"(i) findings related to the study con-
19	ducted by the Administrator under para-
20	graph(1);
21	"(ii) the scientific and technical basis
22	for such findings; and
23	"(iii) recommendations, if any, for
24	modifying the findings of the study.
25	"(3) Regulatory Determination.—

1	"(A) In General.—Not later than 6
2	months after receiving the National Academy of
3	Sciences report under paragraph (2), the Admin-
4	istrator shall determine, after informal public
5	hearings and public notice and opportunity for
6	comment, and based on information developed or
7	accumulated in connection with the study re-
8	quired under paragraph (1) and the National
9	Academy of Sciences report under paragraph
10	(2), either—
11	"(i) that regulation of hydraulic frac-
12	turing under this part is necessary to en-
13	sure that underground sources of drinking
14	water will not be endangered on a nation-
15	wide basis, or within a specific region,
16	State or portions of a State; or
17	"(ii) that regulation described under
18	clause (i) is unnecessary.
19	"(B) Publication of Determination.—
20	The Administrator shall publish the determina-
21	tion in the Federal Register, accompanied by an
22	explanation and the reasons for it.
23	"(4) Promulgation of regulations.—
24	"(A) REGULATION NECESSARY.—If the Ad-
25	ministrator determines under paragraph (3) that

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regulation by hydraulic fracturing under this part is necessary to ensure that hydraulic fracturing does not endanger underground drinking water sources on a nationwide basis, or within a specific region, State or portions of a State, the Administrator shall, within 6 months after the issuance of that determination, and after public notice and opportunity for comment, promulgate regulations under section 1421 (42) U.S.C. 300h) to ensure that hydraulic fracturing will not endanger such underground sources of drinking water. However, for purposes of the Administrator's approval or disapproval under section 1422 of any State underground injection control program for regulating hydraulic fracturing, a State at any time may make the alternative demonstration provided for in section 1425 of this title.

"(B) REGULATION UNNECESSARY.—The Administrator shall not regulate or require States to regulate hydraulic fracturing under this part unless the Administrator determines under paragraph (3) that such regulation is necessary. This provision shall not apply to any State which has a program for the regulation of hydraulic frac-

1	turing that was approved by the Administrator
2	under this part prior to the effective date of this
3	subsection.
4	"(C) Existing regulations.—A deter-
5	mination by the Administrator under paragraph
6	(3) that regulation is unnecessary will relieve all
7	States (including those with existing approved
8	programs for the regulation of hydraulic frac-
9	turing) from any further obligation to regulate
10	hydraulic fracturing as an underground injec-
11	tion under this part.
12	"(5) Definition of hydraulic fracturing.—
13	For purposes of this subsection, the term 'hydraulic
14	fracturing' means the process of creating a fracture in
15	a reservoir rock, and injecting fluids and propping
16	agents, for the purposes of reservoir stimulation re-
17	lated to oil and gas production activities.
18	"(6) Savings.—Nothing in this subsection shall
19	in any way limit the authorities of the Administrator
20	under section 1431 (42 U.S.C. 300i).".
21	SEC. 611. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
22	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Admin-
23	istrator of the Environmental Protection Agency \$100,000
24	for fiscal year 2003, to remain available until expended,
25	for a grant to the State of Alabama to assist in the imple-

1	mentation of its regulatory program under section 1425 of
2	the Safe Drinking Water Act.
3	SEC. 612. PRESERVATION OF OIL AND GAS RESOURCE
4	DATA.
5	The Secretary of the Interior, through the United
6	States Geological Survey, may enter into appropriate ar-
7	rangements with State agencies that conduct geological sur-
8	vey activities to collect, archive, and provide public access
9	to data and study results regarding oil and natural gas
10	resources. The Secretary may accept private contributions
11	of property and services for purposes of this section.
12	SEC 613. RESOLUTION OF FEDERAL RESOURCE DEVELOP-
13	MENT CONFLICTS IN THE POWDER RIVER
14	BASIN.
15	The Secretary of the Interior shall undertake a review
16	of existing authorities to resolve conflicts between the devel-
17	opment of Federal coal and the development of Federal and
18	non-Federal coalbed methane in the Powder River Basin
19	in Wyoming and Montana. Not later than 90 days from
20	enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall report to Congress

21 on her plan to resolve these conflicts.

1	TITLE VII—NATURAL GAS
2	<b>PIPELINES</b>
3	Subtitle A—Alaska Natural Gas
4	Pipeline
5	SEC. 701. SHORT TITLE.
6	This subtitle may be cited as the "Alaska Natural Gas
7	Pipeline Act of 2003".
8	SEC. 702. FINDINGS.
9	The Congress finds that:
10	(1) Construction of a natural gas pipeline sys-
11	tem from the Alaskan North Slope to United States
12	markets is in the national interest and will enhance
13	national energy security by providing access to the
14	significant gas reserves in Alaska needed to meet the
15	anticipated demand for natural gas.
16	(2) The Commission issued a conditional certifi-
17	cate of public convenience and necessity for the Alas-
18	ka Natural Gas Transportation System, which re-
19	mains in effect.
20	SEC. 703. PURPOSES.
21	The purposes of this subtitle are—
22	(1) to provide a statutory framework for the ex-
23	pedited approval, construction, and initial operation
24	of an Alaska natural gas transportation project, as
25	an alternative to the framework provided in the Alas-

1	ka Natural Gas Transportation Act of 1976 (15
2	U.S.C. 719-7190), which remains in effect;
3	(2) to establish a process for providing access to
4	such transportation project in order to promote com-
5	petition in the exploration, development and produc-
6	tion of Alaska natural gas;
7	(3) to clarify Federal authorities under the Alas-
8	ka Natural Gas Transportation Act; and
9	(4) to authorize Federal financial assistance to
10	an Alaska natural gas transportation project as pro-
11	vided in this subtitle.
12	SEC. 704. ISSUANCE OF CERTIFICATE OF PUBLIC CONVEN-
13	IENCE AND NECESSITY.
14	(a) Authority of the Commission.—Notwith-
15	standing the provisions of the Alaska Natural Gas Trans-
16	
	portation Act of 1976 (15 U.S.C. 719–7190), the Commis-
17	portation Act of 1976 (15 U.S.C. 719–7190), the Commission may, pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act
18	sion may, pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act
18 19	sion may, pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717f(c)), consider and act on an application for
18 19 20	sion may, pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717f(c)), consider and act on an application for the issuance of a certificate of public convenience and neces-
18 19 20 21	sion may, pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717f(c)), consider and act on an application for the issuance of a certificate of public convenience and neces- sity authorizing the construction and operation of an Alas-
18 19 20 21	sion may, pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717f(c)), consider and act on an application for the issuance of a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the construction and operation of an Alaska natural gas transportation project other than the Alaska
18 19 20 21 22 23	sion may, pursuant to section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717f(c)), consider and act on an application for the issuance of a certificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the construction and operation of an Alaska natural gas transportation project other than the Alaska Natural Gas Transportation System.

- 1 natural gas transportation project under this section if the
- 2 applicant has satisfied the requirements of section 7(e) of
- 3 the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C. 717f(e)).
- 4 (2) In considering an application under this section,
- 5 the Commission shall presume that—
- 6 (A) a public need exists to construct and operate
- 7 the proposed Alaska natural gas transportation
- 8 project; and
- 9 (B) sufficient downstream capacity will exist to
- 10 transport the Alaska natural gas moving through such
- 11 project to markets in the contiguous United States.
- 12 (c) Expedited Approval Process.—The Commis-
- 13 sion shall issue a final order granting or denying any ap-
- 14 plication for a certificate of public convenience and neces-
- 15 sity under section 7(c) of the Natural Gas Act (15 U.S.C.
- 16 717f(c)) and this section not more than 60 days after the
- 17 issuance of the final environmental impact statement for
- 18 that project pursuant to section 705.
- 19 (d) Prohibition on Certain Pipeline Route.—No
- 20 license, permit, lease, right-of-way, authorization or other
- 21 approval required under Federal law for the construction
- 22 of any pipeline to transport natural gas from lands within
- 23 the Prudhoe Bay oil and gas lease area may be granted
- 24 for any pipeline that follows a route that traverses—

1	(1) the submerged lands (as defined by the Sub-
2	merged Lands Act) beneath, or the adjacent shoreline
3	of, the Beaufort Sea; and
4	(2) enters Canada at any point north of 68 de-
5	grees North latitude.
6	(e) Open Season.—Except where an expansion is or-
7	dered pursuant to section 706, initial or expansion capacity
8	on any Alaska natural gas transportation project shall be
9	allocated in accordance with procedures to be established
10	by the Commission in regulations governing the conduct of
11	open seasons for such project. Such procedures shall include
12	the criteria for and timing of any open seasons, be con-
13	sistent with the purposes set forth in section 703(2) and,
14	for any open season for capacity beyond the initial capac-
15	ity, provide the opportunity for the transportation of nat-
16	ural gas other than from the Prudhoe Bay and Point
17	Thompson units. The Commission shall issue such regula-
18	tions no later than 120 days after the enactment of this
19	subtitle.
20	(f) Projects in the Contiguous United States.—
21	Applications for additional or expanded pipeline facilities
22	that may be required to transport Alaska natural gas from
23	Canada to markets in the contiguous United States may
24	be made pursuant to the Natural Gas Act. To the extent
25	such pipeline facilities include the expansion of any facility

- 1 constructed pursuant to the Alaska Natural Gas Transpor-
- 2 tation Act of 1976, the provisions of that Act shall continue
- 3 to apply.
- 4 (g) STUDY OF IN-STATE NEEDS.—The holder of the
- 5 certificate of public convenience and necessity issued, modi-
- 6 fied, or amended by the Commission for an Alaska natural
- 7 gas transportation project shall demonstrate that it has con-
- 8 ducted a study of Alaska in-State needs, including tie-in
- 9 points along the Alaska natural gas transportation project
- 10 for in-State access.
- 11 (h) Alaska Royalty Gas.—The Commission, upon
- 12 the request of the State of Alaska and after a hearing, may
- 13 provide for reasonable access to the Alaska natural gas
- 14 transportation project for the State of Alaska or its designee
- 15 for the transportation of the State's royalty gas for local
- 16 consumption needs within the State: Provided, That the
- 17 rates of existing shippers of subscribed capacity on such
- 18 project shall not be increased as a result of such access.
- 19 (i) Regulations.—The Commission may issue regu-
- 20 lations to carry out the provisions of this section.
- 21 SEC. 705. ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEWS.
- 22 (a) Compliance With NEPA.—The issuance of a cer-
- 23 tificate of public convenience and necessity authorizing the
- 24 construction and operation of any Alaska natural gas
- 25 transportation project under section 704 shall be treated as

- 1 a major Federal action significantly affecting the quality
- 2 of the human environment within the meaning of section
- 3 102(2)(C) of the National Environmental Policy Act of
- 4 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4332(2)(C)).
- 5 (b) Designation of Lead Agency.—The Commis-
- 6 sion shall be the lead agency for purposes of complying with
- 7 the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, and shall
- 8 be responsible for preparing the statement required by sec-
- 9 tion 102(2)(c) of that Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2)(c)) with re-
- 10 spect to an Alaska natural gas transportation project under
- 11 section 704. The Commission shall prepare a single environ-
- 12 mental statement under this section, which shall consolidate
- 13 the environmental reviews of all Federal agencies consid-
- 14 ering any aspect of the project.
- 15 (c) Other Agencies.—All Federal agencies consid-
- 16 ering aspects of the construction and operation of an Alaska
- 17 natural gas transportation project under section 704 shall
- 18 cooperate with the Commission, and shall comply with
- 19 deadlines established by the Commission in the preparation
- 20 of the statement under this section. The statement prepared
- 21 under this section shall be used by all such agencies to sat-
- 22 isfy their responsibilities under section 102(2)(C) of the Na-
- 23 tional Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
- 24 4332(2)(C)) with respect to such project.

1	(d) Expedited Process.—The Commission shall
2	issue a draft statement under this section not later than
3	12 months after the Commission determines the application
4	to be complete and shall issue the final statement not later
5	than 6 months after the Commission issues the draft state-
6	ment, unless the Commission for good cause finds that addi-
7	tional time is needed.
8	SEC. 706. PIPELINE EXPANSION.
9	(a) Authority.—With respect to any Alaska natural
10	gas transportation project, upon the request of one or more
11	persons and after giving notice and an opportunity for a
12	hearing, the Commission may order the expansion of such
13	project if it determines that such expansion is required by
14	the present and future public convenience and necessity.
15	(b) Requirements.—Before ordering an expansion
16	the Commission shall—
17	(1) approve or establish rates for the expansion
18	service that are designed to ensure the recovery, on an
19	incremental or rolled-in basis, of the cost associated
20	with the expansion (including a reasonable rate of re-
21	turn on investment);
22	(2) ensure that the rates as established do not re-
23	quire existing shippers on the Alaska natural gas
24	transportation project to subsidize expansion ship-
25	pers:

1	(3) find that the proposed shipper will comply
2	with, and the proposed expansion and the expansion
3	of service will be undertaken and implemented based
4	on, terms and conditions consistent with the then-ef-
5	fective tariff of the Alaska natural gas transportation
6	project;
7	(4) find that the proposed facilities will not ad-
8	versely affect the financial or economic viability of the
9	Alaska natural gas transportation project;
10	(5) find that the proposed facilities will not ad-
11	versely affect the overall operations of the Alaska nat-
12	ural gas transportation project;
13	(6) find that the proposed facilities will not di-
14	minish the contract rights of existing shippers to pre-
15	viously subscribed certificated capacity;
16	(7) ensure that all necessary environmental re-
17	views have been completed; and
18	(8) find that adequate downstream facilities exist
19	or are expected to exist to deliver incremental Alaska
20	natural gas to market.
21	(c) Requirement for a Firm Transportation
22	AGREEMENT.—Any order of the Commission issued pursu-
23	ant to this section shall be null and void unless the person
24	or persons requesting the order executes a firm transpor-

25 tation agreement with the Alaska natural gas transpor-

1	tation project within a reasonable period of time as speci-
2	fied in such order.
3	(d) Limitation.—Nothing in this section shall be con-
4	strued to expand or otherwise affect any authorities of the
5	Commission with respect to any natural gas pipeline lo-
6	cated outside the State of Alaska.
7	(e) Regulations.—The Commission may issue regu-
8	lations to carry out the provisions of this section.
9	SEC. 707. FEDERAL COORDINATOR.
10	(a) Establishment.—There is established as an inde-
11	pendent establishment in the executive branch, the Office
12	of the Federal Coordinator for Alaska Natural Gas Trans-
13	portation Projects.
14	(b) The Federal Coordinator.—The Office shall be
15	headed by a Federal Coordinator for Alaska Natural Gas
16	Transportation Projects, who shall—
17	(1) be appointed by the President, by and with
18	the advice of the Senate,
19	(2) hold office at the pleasure of the President,
20	and
21	(3) be compensated at the rate prescribed for
22	level III of the Executive Schedule (5 U.S.C. 5314).
23	(c) Duties.—The Federal Coordinator shall be respon-

 $24 \ \textit{sible for} \color{red} --$ 

1	(1) coordinating the expeditious discharge of all
2	activities by Federal agencies with respect to an Alas-
3	ka natural gas transportation project; and
4	(2) ensuring the compliance of Federal agencies
5	with the provisions of this subtitle.
6	(d) Reviews and Actions of Other Federal
7	AGENCIES.—(1) All reviews conducted and actions taken by
8	any Federal officer or agency relating to an Alaska natural
9	gas transportation project authorized under this section
10	shall be expedited, in a manner consistent with completion
11	of the necessary reviews and approvals by the deadlines set
12	forth in this subtitle.
13	(2) No Federal officer or agency shall have the author-
14	ity to include terms and conditions that are permitted, but
15	not required, by law on any certificate, right-of-way, per-
16	mit, lease or other authorization issued to an Alaska nat-
17	ural gas transportation project if the Federal Coordinator
18	determines that the terms and conditions would prevent or
19	impair in any significant respect the expeditious construc-
20	tion and operation of the project.
21	(3) Unless required by law, no Federal officer or agen-
22	cy shall add to, amend, or abrogate any certificate, right-
23	of-way, permit, lease or other authorization issued to an
24	Alaska natural gas transportation project if the Federal Co-
25	ordinator determines that such action would prevent or im-

1	pair in any significant respect the expeditious construction
2	and operation of the project.
3	(e) State Coordination.—The Federal Coordinator
4	shall enter into a Joint Surveillance and Monitoring Agree-
5	ment, approved by the President and the Governor of Alas-
6	ka, with the State of Alaska similar to that in effect during
7	construction of the Trans-Alaska Oil Pipeline to monitor
8	the construction of the Alaska natural gas transportation
9	project. The Federal Government shall have primary sur-
10	veillance and monitoring responsibility where the Alaska
11	natural gas transportation project crosses Federal lands
12	and private lands, and the State government shall have pri-
13	mary surveillance and monitoring responsibility where the
14	Alaska natural gas transportation project crosses State
15	lands.
16	SEC. 708. JUDICIAL REVIEW.
17	(a) Exclusive Jurisdiction.—The United States
18	Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit shall
19	have exclusive jurisdiction to determine—
20	(1) the validity of any final order or action (in-
21	cluding a failure to act) of any Federal agency or of-
22	ficer under this subtitle;
23	(2) the constitutionality of any provision of this
24	subtitle, or any decision made or action taken there-
25	under; or

1	(3) the adequacy of any environmental impact
2	statement prepared under the National Environ-
3	mental Policy Act of 1969 with respect to any action
4	under this subtitle.
5	(b) Deadline for Filing Claim.—Claims arising
6	under this subtitle may be brought not later than 60 days
7	after the date of the decision or action giving rise to the
8	claim.
9	(c) Expedited Consideration.—The United States
10	Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit shall
11	set any action brought under subsection (a) of this section
12	for expedited consideration, taking into account the na-
13	tional interest as described in section 702 of this subtitle.
14	(d) Amendment to ANGTA.—Section 10(c) of the
15	Alaska Gas Transportation Act of 1976 (15 U.S.C. 719h)
16	is amended by adding the following paragraph:
17	"(2) Expedited consideration.—The United
18	States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia
19	Circuit shall set any action brought under subsection
20	(a) of this section for expedited consideration, taking
21	into account the national interest described in section
22	2 of this Act.".

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ı	SEC	709	STATE	JURISDICTION	OVER	IN-STATE	DELIVERY

- 2 **OF NATURAL GAS.**
- 3 (a) Local Distribution.—Any facility receiving
- 4 natural gas from the Alaska natural gas transportation
- 5 project for delivery to consumers within the State of Alaska
- 6 shall be deemed to be a local distribution facility within
- 7 the meaning of section 1(b) of the Natural Gas Act (15
- 8 U.S.C. 717), and therefore not subject to the jurisdiction
- 9 of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.
- 10 (b) ADDITIONAL PIPELINES.—Nothing in this subtitle,
- 11 except as provided in subsection 704(d), shall preclude or
- 12 affect a future gas pipeline that may be constructed to de-
- 13 liver natural gas to Fairbanks, Anchorage, Matanuska-
- 14 Susitna Valley, or the Kenai peninsula or Valdez or any
- 15 other site in the State of Alaska for consumption within
- $16\ \ or\ distribution\ outside\ the\ State\ of\ Alaska.$
- 17 (c) Rate Coordination.—Pursuant to the Natural
- 18 Gas Act, the Commission shall establish rates for the trans-
- 19 portation of natural gas on the Alaska natural gas trans-
- 20 portation project. In exercising such authority, the Commis-
- 21 sion, pursuant to Section 17(b) of the Natural Gas Act (15
- 22 U.S.C. 717p), shall confer with the State of Alaska regard-
- 23 ing rates (including rate settlements) applicable to natural
- 24 gas transported on and delivered from the Alaska natural
- 25 gas transportation project for use within the State of Alas-
- 26 *ka*.

## SEC. 710. LOAN GUARANTEE.

- 2 (a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Energy may guar-
- 3 antee not more than 80 percent of the principal of any loan
- 4 made to the holder of a certificate of public convenience and
- 5 necessity issued under section 704(b) of this Act or section
- 6 9 of the Alaska Natural Gas Transportation Act of 1976
- 7 (15 U.S.C. 719g) for the purpose of constructing an Alaska
- 8 natural gas transportation project.
- 9 (b) Conditions.—(1) The Secretary of Energy may
- 10 not guarantee a loan under this section unless the guarantee
- 11 has filed an application for a certificate of public conven-
- 12 ience and necessity under section 704(b) of this Act or for
- 13 an amended certificate under section 9 of the Alaska Nat-
- 14 ural Gas Transportation Act of 1976 (15 U.S.C. 719g) with
- 15 the Commission not later than 18 months after the date of
- 16 enactment of this subtitle.
- 17 (2) A loan guaranteed under this section shall be made
- 18 by a financial institution subject to the examination of the
- 19 Secretary.
- 20 (3) Loan requirements, including term, maximum size,
- 21 collateral requirements and other features shall be deter-
- 22 mined by the Secretary.
- 23 (c) Limitation on Amount.—Commitments to guar-
- 24 antee loans may be made by the Secretary of Energy only
- 25 to the extent that the total loan principal, any part of which
- 26 is guaranteed, will not exceed \$10,000,000,000.

- 1 (d) Regulations.—The Secretary of Energy may
- 2 issue regulations to carry out the provisions of this section.
- 3 (e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are
- 4 authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary such sums
- 5 as may be necessary to cover the cost of loan guarantees,
- 6 as defined by section 502(5) of the Federal Credit Reform
- 7 Act of 1990 (2 U.S.C. 661a(5)).
- 8 SEC. 711. STUDY OF ALTERNATIVE MEANS OF CONSTRUC-
- 9 **TION**.
- 10 (a) Requirement of Study.—If no application for
- 11 the issuance of a certificate or amended certificate of public
- 12 convenience and necessity authorizing the construction and
- 13 operation of an Alaska natural gas transportation project
- 14 has been filed with the Commission within 18 months after
- 15 the date of enactment of this title, the Secretary of Energy
- 16 shall conduct a study of alternative approaches to the con-
- 17 struction and operation of the project.
- 18 (b) Scope of Study.—The study shall consider the
- 19 feasibility of establishing a Government corporation to con-
- 20 struct an Alaska natural gas transportation project, and
- 21 alternative means of providing Federal financing and own-
- 22 ership (including alternative combinations of Government
- 23 and private corporate ownership) of the project.
- 24 (c) Consultation.—In conducting the study, the Sec-
- 25 retary of Energy shall consult with the Secretary of the

- 1 Treasury and the Secretary of the Army (acting through
- 2 the Commanding General of the Corps of Engineers).
- 3 (d) Report.—If the Secretary of Energy is required
- 4 to conduct a study under subsection (a), he shall submit
- 5 a report containing the results of the study, his rec-
- 6 ommendations, and any proposals for legislation to imple-
- 7 ment his recommendations to the Congress within 6 months
- 8 after the expiration of the Secretary of Energy's authority
- 9 to quarantee a loan under section 710.
- 10 SEC. 712. CLARIFICATION OF ANGTA STATUS AND AUTHORI-
- 11 **TIES.**
- 12 (a) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this subtitle affects
- 13 any decision, certificate, permit, right-of-way, lease, or
- 14 other authorization issued under section 9 of the Alaska
- 15 Natural Gas Transportation Act of 1976 (15 U.S.C. 719g)
- 16 or any Presidential findings or waivers issued in accord-
- 17 ance with that Act.
- 18 (b) Clarification of Authority to Amend Terms
- 19 And Conditions to Meet Current Project Require-
- 20 Ments.—Any Federal officer or agency responsible for
- 21 granting or issuing any certificate, permit, right-of-way,
- 22 lease, or other authorization under section 9 of the Alaska
- 23 Natural Gas Transportation Act of 1976 (15 U.S.C. 719g)
- 24 may add to, amend, or abrogate any term or condition in-
- 25 cluded in such certificate, permit, right-of-way, lease, or

1	other authorization to meet current project requirements
2	(including the physical design, facilities, and tariff speci-
3	fications), so long as such action does not compel a change
4	in the basic nature and general route of the Alaska Natura
5	Gas Transportation System as designated and described in
6	section 2 of the President's Decision, or would otherwise
7	prevent or impair in any significant respect the expeditious
8	construction and initial operation of such transportation
9	system.
10	(c) UPDATED ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEWS.—The Sec-
11	retary of Energy shall require the sponsor of the Alaska
12	Natural Gas Transportation System to submit such up
13	dated environmental data, reports, permits, and impact
14	analyses as the Secretary determines are necessary to de-
15	velop detailed terms, conditions, and compliance plans re-
16	quired by section 5 of the President's Decision.
17	SEC. 713. DEFINITIONS.
18	For purposes of this subtitle:
19	(1) The term "Alaska natural gas" means nat
20	ural gas derived from the area of the State of Alaska
21	lying north of 64 degrees North latitude.
22	(2) The term "Alaska natural gas transportation
23	project" means any natural gas pipeline system that

carries Alaska natural gas to the border between Alas-

ka and Canada (including related facilities subject to

24

25

1	the jurisdiction of the Commission) that is authorized
2	under either—
3	(A) the Alaska Natural Gas Transportation
4	Act of 1976 (15 U.S.C. 719–7190); or
5	(B) section 704 of this subtitle.
6	(3) The term "Alaska Natural Gas Transpor-
7	tation System" means the Alaska natural gas trans-
8	portation project authorized under the Alaska Natural
9	Gas Transportation Act of 1976 and designated and
10	described in section 2 of the President's Decision.
11	(4) The term "Commission" means the Federal
12	Energy Regulatory Commission.
13	(5) The term "President's Decision" means the
14	Decision and Report to Congress on the Alaska Nat-
15	ural Gas Transportation system issued by the Presi-
16	dent on September 22, 1977 pursuant to section 7 of
17	the Alaska Natural Gas Transportation Act of 1976
18	(15 U.S.C. 719c) and approved by Public Law 95–
19	<i>158.</i>
20	SEC. 714. SENSE OF THE SENATE.
21	It is the sense of the Senate that an Alaska natural
22	$gas\ transportation\ project\ will\ provide\ significant\ economic$
23	benefits to the United States and Canada. In order to maxi-
24	mize those benefits, the Senate urges the sponsors of the
25	nipeline project to make every effort to use steel that is man-

- 1 ufactured or produced in North America and to negotiate
- 2 a project labor agreement to expedite construction of the
- 3 pipeline.
- 4 SEC. 715. ALASKAN PIPELINE CONSTRUCTION TRAINING
- 5 **PROGRAM**.
- 6 (a) Within six months after enactment of this Act, the
- 7 Secretary of Labor (in this section referred to as the "Sec-
- 8 retary") shall submit a report to the Committee on Energy
- 9 and Natural Resources of the United States Senate and the
- 10 Committee on Resources of the United States House of Rep-
- 11 resentatives setting forth a program to train Alaska resi-
- 12 dents in the skills and crafts required in the design, con-
- 13 struction, and operation of an Alaska gas pipeline system
- 14 and that will enhance employment and contracting oppor-
- 15 tunities for Alaskan residents. The report shall also describe
- 16 any laws, rules, regulations and policies which act as a de-
- 17 terrent to hiring Alaskan residents or contracting with
- 18 Alaskan residents to perform work on Alaska gas pipelines,
- 19 together with any recommendations for change. For pur-
- 20 poses of this subsection, Alaskan residents shall be defined
- 21 as those individuals eligible to vote within the State of Alas-
- 22 ka on the date of enactment of this Act.
- 23 (b) Within 1 year of the date the report is transmitted
- 24 to Congress, the Secretary shall establish within the State
- 25 of Alaska, at such locations as are appropriate, one or more

- 1 training centers for the express purpose of training Alaskan
- 2 residents in the skills and crafts necessary in the design,
- 3 construction and operation of gas pipelines in Alaska. Each
- 4 such training center shall also train Alaskan residents in
- 5 the skills required to write, offer, and monitor contracts in
- 6 support of the design, construction, and operation of Alaska
- 7 gas pipelines.
- 8 (c) In implementing the report and program described
- 9 in this subsection, the Secretary shall consult with the Alas-
- 10 kan Governor.
- 11 (d) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
- 12 retary such sums as may be necessary, but not to exceed
- 13 \$20,000,000 for the purposes of this subsection.

## 14 Subtitle B—Operating Pipelines

- 15 SEC. 721. ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW AND PERMITTING OF
- 16 NATURAL GAS PIPELINE PROJECTS.
- 17 (a) Interagency Review.—The Chairman of the
- 18 Council on Environmental Quality, in coordination with
- 19 the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, shall establish
- 20 an interagency task force to develop an interagency memo-
- 21 randum of understanding to expedite the environmental re-
- 22 view and permitting of natural gas pipeline projects.
- 23 (b) Membership of Interagency Task Force.—
- 24 The task force shall consist of—

1	(1) the Chairman of the Council on Environ-
2	mental Quality, who shall serve as the Chairman of
3	the interagency task force,
4	(2) the Chairman of the Federal Energy Regu-
5	latory Commission,
6	(3) the Director of the Bureau of Land Manage-
7	ment,
8	(4) the Director of the United States Fish and
9	Wildlife Service,
10	(5) the Commanding General, United States
11	Army Corps of Engineers,
12	(6) the Chief of the Forest Service,
13	(7) the Administrator of the Environmental Pro-
14	$tection\ Agency,$
15	(8) the Chairman of the Advisory Council on
16	Historic Preservation, and
17	(9) the heads of such other agencies as the Chair-
18	man of the Council on Environmental Quality and
19	the Chairman of the Federal Energy Regulatory Com-
20	mission deem appropriate.
21	(c) Memorandum of Understanding.—The agencies
22	represented by the members of the interagency task force
23	shall enter into the memorandum of understanding not
24	later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this
25	section.

1	Subtitle C—Pipeline Safety
2	PART I—SHORT TITLE; AMENDMENT OF
3	TITLE 49
4	SEC. 741. SHORT TITLE; AMENDMENT OF TITLE 49, UNITED
5	STATES CODE.
6	(a) Short Title.—This subtitle may be cited as the
7	"Pipeline Safety Improvement Act of 2003".
8	(b) Amendment of Title 49, United States
9	Code.—Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever
10	in this subtitle an amendment or repeal is expressed in
11	terms of an amendment to, or a repeal of, a section or other
12	provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to
13	a section or other provision of title 49, United States Code.
14	PART II—PIPELINE SAFETY
15	IMPROVEMENT ACT OF 2003
16	SEC. 761. IMPLEMENTATION OF INSPECTOR GENERAL REC-
17	OMMENDATIONS.
18	(a) In General.—Except as otherwise required by
19	this subtitle, the Secretary shall implement the safety im-
20	provement recommendations provided for in the Depart-
21	ment of Transportation Inspector General's Report (RT-
22	2000–069).
23	(b) Reports by the Secretary.—Not later than 90
24	days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 90
25	days thereafter until each of the recommendations referred

- 1 to in subsection (a) has been implemented, the Secretary
- 2 shall transmit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
- 3 Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Trans-
- 4 portation and Infrastructure of the House of Representa-
- 5 tives a report on the specific actions taken to implement
- 6 such recommendations.
- 7 (c) Reports by the Inspector General.—The In-
- 8 spector General shall periodically transmit to the commit-
- 9 tees referred to in subsection (b) a report assessing the Sec-
- 10 retary's progress in implementing the recommendations re-
- 11 ferred to in subsection (a) and identifying options for the
- 12 Secretary to consider in accelerating recommendation im-
- 13 plementation.
- 14 SEC. 762. NTSB SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS.
- 15 (a) In General.—The Secretary of Transportation,
- 16 the Administrator of Research and Special Program Ad-
- 17 ministration, and the Director of the Office of Pipeline
- 18 Safety shall fully comply with section 1135 of title 49,
- 19 United States Code, to ensure timely responsiveness to Na-
- 20 tional Transportation Safety Board recommendations
- 21 about pipeline safety.
- 22 (b) Public Availability.—The Secretary, Adminis-
- 23 trator, or Director, respectively, shall make a copy of each
- 24 recommendation on pipeline safety and response, as de-

- 1 scribed in sections 1135 (a) and (b) of title 49, United
- 2 States Code, available to the public at reasonable cost.
- 3 (c) Reports to Congress.—The Secretary, Admin-
- 4 istrator, or Director, respectively, shall submit to the Con-
- 5 gress by January 1 of each year a report containing each
- 6 recommendation on pipeline safety made by the Board dur-
- 7 ing the prior year and a copy of the response to each such
- 8 recommendation.

## 9 SEC. 763. QUALIFICATIONS OF PIPELINE PERSONNEL.

- 10 (a) Qualification Plan.—Each pipeline operator
- 11 shall make available to the Secretary of Transportation, or,
- 12 in the case of an intrastate pipeline facility operator, the
- 13 appropriate State regulatory agency, a plan that is de-
- 14 signed to enhance the qualifications of pipeline personnel
- 15 and to reduce the likelihood of accidents and injuries. The
- 16 plan shall be made available not more than 6 months after
- 17 the date of enactment of this Act, and the operator shall
- 18 revise or update the plan as appropriate.
- 19 (b) Requirements.—The enhanced qualification plan
- 20 shall include, at a minimum, criteria to demonstrate the
- 21 ability of an individual to safely and properly perform
- 22 tasks identified under section 60102 of title 49, United
- 23 States Code. The plan shall also provide for training and
- 24 periodic reexamination of pipeline personnel qualifications
- 25 and provide for requalification as appropriate. The Sec-

1	retary, or, in the case of an intrastate pipeline facility oper-
2	ator, the appropriate State regulatory agency, may review
3	and certify the plans to determine if they are sufficient to
4	provide a safe operating environment and shall periodically
5	review the plans to ensure the continuation of a safe oper-
6	ation. The Secretary may establish minimum standards for
7	pipeline personnel training and evaluation, which may in-
8	clude written examination, oral examination, work per-
9	formance history review, observation during performance
10	on the job, on the job training, simulations, or other forms
11	of assessment.
12	(c) Report to Congress.—
13	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall submit a
14	report to the Congress evaluating the effectiveness of
15	operator qualification and training efforts,
16	including—
17	(A) actions taken by inspectors;
18	(B) recommendations made by inspectors
19	for changes to operator qualification and train-
20	ing programs; and
21	(C) industry and employee organization re-
22	sponses to those actions and recommendations.
23	(2) Criteria.—The Secretary may establish cri-
24	teria for use in evaluating and reporting on operator

1	qualification and training for purposes of this sub-
2	section.
3	(3) Due date.—The Secretary shall submit the
4	report required by paragraph (1) to the Congress 3
5	years after the date of enactment of this Act.
6	SEC. 764. PIPELINE INTEGRITY INSPECTION PROGRAM.
7	Section 60109 is amended by adding at the end the
8	following:
9	"(c) Integrity Management.—
10	"(1) General requirement.—The Secretary
11	shall promulgate regulations requiring operators of
12	hazardous liquid pipelines and natural gas trans-
13	mission pipelines to evaluate the risks to the opera-
14	tor's pipeline facilities in areas identified pursuant to
15	subsection (a)(1), and to adopt and implement a pro-
16	gram for integrity management that reduces the risk
17	of an incident in those areas. The regulations shall be
18	issued no later than 1 year after the Secretary has
19	issued standards pursuant to subsections (a) and (b)
20	of this section or by December 31, 2003, whichever is
21	sooner.
22	"(2) Standards for program.—In promul-

22 "(2) STANDARDS FOR PROGRAM.—In promul-23 gating regulations under this section, the Secretary 24 shall require an operator's integrity management

1	plan to be based on risk analysis and each plan shall
2	include, at a minimum—
3	"(A) periodic assessment of the integrity of
4	the pipeline through methods including internal
5	inspection, pressure testing, direct assessment, or
6	other effective methods. The assessment period
7	shall be no less than every 5 years unless the De-
8	partment of Transportation Inspector General,
9	after consultation with the Secretary determines
10	there is not a sufficient capability or it is
11	deemed unnecessary because of more technically
12	appropriate monitoring or creates undue inter-
13	ruption of necessary supply to fulfill the require-
14	ments under this paragraph;
15	"(B) clearly defined criteria for evaluating
16	the results of the periodic assessment methods
17	carried out under subparagraph (A) and proce-
18	dures to ensure identified problems are corrected
19	in a timely manner; and
20	"(C) measures, as appropriate, that prevent
21	and mitigate unintended releases, such as leak
22	detection, integrity evaluation, restrictive flow
23	devices, or other measures.
24	"(3) Criteria for program standards.—In
25	deciding how frequently the integrity assessment

methods carried out under paragraph (2)(A) must be conducted, an operator shall take into account the potential for new defects developing or previously identified structural defects caused by construction or installation, the operational characteristics of the pipeline, and leak history. In addition, the Secretary may establish a minimum testing requirement for operators of pipelines to conduct internal inspections.

"(4) State Role.—A State authority that has an agreement in effect with the Secretary under section 60106 is authorized to review and assess an operator's risk analyses and integrity management plans required under this section for interstate pipelines located in that State. The reviewing State authority shall provide the Secretary with a written assessment of the plans, make recommendations, as appropriate, to address safety concerns not adequately addressed in the operator's plans, and submit documentation explaining the State-proposed plan revisions. The Secretary shall carefully consider the State's proposals and work in consultation with the States and operators to address safety concerns.

"(5) Monitoring implementation.—The Secretary of Transportation shall review the risk analysis and program for integrity management required under this section and provide for continued monitoring of such plans. Not later than 2 years after the implementation of integrity management plans under this section, the Secretary shall complete an assessment and evaluation of the effects on safety and the environment of extending all of the requirements mandated by the regulations described in paragraph (1) to additional areas. The Secretary shall submit the assessment and evaluation to Congress along with any recommendations to improve and expand the utilization of integrity management plans.

"(6) Opportunity for local input on integ-RITY Management.—Within 18 months after the date of enactment of the Pipeline Safety Improvement Act of 2003, the Secretary shall, by regulation, establish a process for raising and addressing local safety concerns about pipeline integrity and the operator's pipeline integrity plan. The process shall include—

"(A) a requirement that an operator of a hazardous liquid or natural gas transmission pipeline facility provide information about the risk analysis and integrity management plan required under this section to local officials in a State in which the facility is located;

1	"(B) a description of the local officials re-
2	quired to be informed, the information that is to
3	be provided to them and the manner, which may
4	include traditional or electronic means, in which
5	it is provided;
6	"(C) the means for receiving input from the
7	local officials that may include a public forum
8	sponsored by the Secretary or by the State, or
9	the submission of written comments through tra-
10	ditional or electronic means;
11	"(D) the extent to which an operator of a
12	pipeline facility must participate in a public
13	forum sponsored by the Secretary or in another
14	means for receiving input from the local officials
15	or in the evaluation of that input; and
16	"(E) the manner in which the Secretary
17	will notify the local officials about how their con-
18	cerns are being addressed.".
19	SEC. 765. ENFORCEMENT.
20	(a) In General.—Section 60112 is amended—
21	(1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the
22	following:
23	"(a) General Authority.—After notice and an op-
24	portunity for a hearing, the Secretary of Transportation

1	may decide a pipeline facility is hazardous if the Secretary
2	decides that—
3	"(1) operation of the facility is or would be haz-
4	ardous to life, property, or the environment; or
5	"(2) the facility is, or would be, constructed or
6	operated, or a component of the facility is, or would
7	be, constructed or operated with equipment, material,
8	or a technique that the Secretary decides is hazardous
9	to life, property, or the environment."; and
10	(2) by striking "is hazardous," in subsection (d)
11	and inserting "is, or would be, hazardous,".
12	SEC. 766. PUBLIC EDUCATION, EMERGENCY PREPARED-
13	NESS, AND COMMUNITY RIGHT-TO-KNOW.
13 14	NESS, AND COMMUNITY RIGHT-TO-KNOW.  (a) Section 60116 is amended to read as follows:
	,
14	(a) Section 60116 is amended to read as follows:
14 15	(a) Section 60116 is amended to read as follows:  "§ 60116. Public education, emergency preparedness,
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	(a) Section 60116 is amended to read as follows:  "\$60116. Public education, emergency preparedness, and community right-to-know
14 15 16 17 18	(a) Section 60116 is amended to read as follows:  "§ 60116. Public education, emergency preparedness,  and community right-to-know  "(a) Public Education Programs.—(1) Each
14 15 16 17 18	(a) Section 60116 is amended to read as follows:  "\$60116. Public education, emergency preparedness,  and community right-to-know  "(a) Public Education Programs.—(1) Each owner or operator of a gas or hazardous liquid pipeline fa-
14 15 16 17 18	(a) Section 60116 is amended to read as follows:  "\$60116. Public education, emergency preparedness,  and community right-to-know  "(a) PUBLIC EDUCATION PROGRAMS.—(1) Each owner or operator of a gas or hazardous liquid pipeline facility shall carry out a continuing program to educate the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Section 60116 is amended to read as follows:  "\$60116. Public education, emergency preparedness, and community right-to-know  "(a) Public Education Programs.—(1) Each owner or operator of a gas or hazardous liquid pipeline facility shall carry out a continuing program to educate the public on the use of a one-call notification system prior to
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Section 60116 is amended to read as follows:  "\$60116. Public education, emergency preparedness, and community right-to-know  "(a) PUBLIC EDUCATION PROGRAMS.—(1) Each owner or operator of a gas or hazardous liquid pipeline facility shall carry out a continuing program to educate the public on the use of a one-call notification system prior to excavation and other damage prevention activities, the pos-

- 1 public safety in the event of a pipeline release, and how
- 2 to report such an event.
- 3 "(2) Within 12 months after the date of enactment of
- 4 the Pipeline Safety Improvement Act of 2003, each owner
- 5 or operator of a gas or hazardous liquid pipeline facility
- 6 shall review its existing public education program for effec-
- 7 tiveness and modify the program as necessary. The com-
- 8 pleted program shall include activities to advise affected
- 9 municipalities, school districts, businesses, and residents of
- 10 pipeline facility locations. The completed program shall be
- 11 submitted to the Secretary or, in the case of an intrastate
- 12 pipeline facility operator, the appropriate State agency and
- 13 shall be periodically reviewed by the Secretary or, in the
- 14 case of an intrastate pipeline facility operator, the appro-
- 15 priate State agency.
- 16 "(3) The Secretary may issue standards prescribing
- 17 the elements of an effective public education program. The
- 18 Secretary may also develop material for use in the program.
- 19 "(b) Emergency Preparedness.—
- 20 "(1) Operator liaison.—Within 12 months
- 21 after the date of enactment of the Pipeline Safety Im-
- 22 provement Act of 2003, an operator of a gas trans-
- 23 mission or hazardous liquid pipeline facility shall
- initiate and maintain liaison with the State emer-
- 25 gency response commissions, and local emergency

1	planning committees in the areas of pipeline right-of-
2	way, established under section 301 of the Emergency
3	Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of
4	1986 (42 U.S.C. 11001) in each State in which it op-
5	erates.
6	"(2) Information.—An operator shall, upon re-
7	quest, make available to the State emergency response
8	commissions and local emergency planning commit-
9	tees, and shall make available to the Office of Pipeline
10	Safety in a standardized form for the purpose of pro-
11	viding the information to the public, the information
12	described in section 60102(d), the operator's program
13	for integrity management, and information about im-
14	plementation of that program. The information about
15	the facility shall also include, at a minimum—
16	"(A) the business name, address, telephone
17	number of the operator, including a 24-hour
18	emergency contact number;
19	"(B) a description of the facility, including
20	pipe diameter, the product or products carried,
21	and the operating pressure;
22	"(C) with respect to transmission pipeline
23	facilities, maps showing the location of the facil-
24	ity and, when available, any high consequence

1	areas which the pipeline facility traverses or ad-
2	joins and abuts;
3	"(D) a summary description of the integ-
4	rity measures the operator uses to assure safety
5	and protection for the environment; and
6	"(E) a point of contact to respond to ques-
7	tions from emergency response representative.
8	"(3) Smaller communities.—In a community
9	without a local emergency planning committee, the
10	operator shall maintain liaison with the local fire,
11	police, and other emergency response agencies.
12	"(4) Public Access.—The Secretary shall pre-
13	scribe requirements for public access, as appropriate,
14	to this information, including a requirement that the
15	information be made available to the public by widely
16	accessible computerized database.
17	"(c) Community Right-To-Know.—Not later than 12
18	months after the date of enactment of the Pipeline Safety
19	Improvement Act of 2003, and annually thereafter, the
20	owner or operator of each gas transmission or hazardous
21	liquid pipeline facility shall provide to the governing body
22	of each municipality in which the pipeline facility is lo-
23	cated, a map identifying the location of such facility. The
24	map may be provided in electronic form. The Secretary
25	may provide technical assistance to the pipeline industry

1	on developing public safety and public education program
2	content and best practices for program delivery, and on
3	evaluating the effectiveness of the programs. The Secretary
4	may also provide technical assistance to State and local of-
5	ficials in applying practices developed in these programs
6	to their activities to promote pipeline safety.
7	"(d) Public Availability of Reports.—The Sec-
8	retary shall—
9	"(1) make available to the public—
10	"(A) a safety-related condition report filed
11	by an operator under section 60102(h);
12	"(B) a report of a pipeline incident filed by
13	an operator;
14	"(C) the results of any inspection by the Of-
15	fice of Pipeline Safety or a State regulatory offi-
16	cial; and
17	"(D) a description of any corrective action
18	taken in response to a safety-related condition
19	reported under subparagraph (A), (B), or (C);
20	and
21	"(2) prescribe requirements for public access, as
22	appropriate, to integrity management program infor-
23	mation prepared under this chapter, including re-
24	quirements that will ensure data accessibility to the
25	greatest extent feasible.".

1	(b) Safety Condition Reports.—Section
2	60102(h)(2) is amended by striking "authorities." and in-
3	serting "officials, including the local emergency respond-
4	ers.".
5	(c) Conforming Amendment.—The chapter analysis
6	for chapter 601 is amended by striking the item relating
7	to section 60116 and inserting the following:
	"60116. Public education, emergency preparedness, community right-to-know.".
8	SEC. 767. PENALTIES.
9	(a) Civil Penalties.—Section 60122 is amended—
10	(1) by striking "\$25,000" in subsection (a)(1)
11	and inserting "\$500,000";
12	(2) by striking "\$500,000" in subsection (a)(1)
13	and inserting "\$1,000,000";
14	(3) by adding at the end of subsection (a)(1) the
15	following: "The preceding sentence does not apply to
16	judicial enforcement action under section 60120 or
17	60121."; and
18	(4) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the
19	following:
20	"(b) Penalty Considerations.—In determining the
21	amount of a civil penalty under this section—
22	"(1) the Secretary shall consider—
23	"(A) the nature, circumstances, and gravity
24	of the violation, including adverse impact on the
25	environment;

1	"(B) with respect to the violator, the degree
2	of culpability, any history of prior violations,
3	the ability to pay, any effect on ability to con-
4	tinue doing business; and
5	"(C) good faith in attempting to comply;
6	and
7	"(2) the Secretary may consider—
8	"(A) the economic benefit gained from the
9	violation without any discount because of subse-
10	quent damages; and
11	"(B) other matters that justice requires.".
12	(b) Excavator Damage.—Section 60123(d) is
13	amended—
14	(1) by striking "knowingly and willfully";
15	(2) by inserting "knowingly and willfully" before
16	"engages" in paragraph (1); and
17	(3) striking paragraph (2)(B) and inserting the
18	following:
19	"(B) a pipeline facility, is aware of dam-
20	age, and does not report the damage promptly to
21	the operator of the pipeline facility and to other
22	appropriate authorities; or".
23	(c) Civil Actions.—Section 60120(a)(1) is amended
24	to read as follows:

1	"(1) On the request of the Secretary of Transportation,
2	the Attorney General may bring a civil action in an appro-
3	priate district court of the United States to enforce this
4	chapter, including section 60112 of this chapter, or a regu-
5	lation prescribed or order issued under this chapter. The
6	court may award appropriate relief, including a temporary
7	or permanent injunction, punitive damages, and assessment
8	of civil penalties considering the same factors as prescribed
9	for the Secretary in an administrative case under section
10	60122.".
11	SEC. 768. STATE OVERSIGHT ROLE.
12	(a) State Agreements With Certification.—Sec-
13	tion 60106 is amended—
14	(1) by striking "General Authority.—" in
15	subsection (a) and inserting "AGREEMENTS WITHOUT
16	Certification.—";
17	(2) by redesignating subsections (b), (c), and (d)
18	as subsections (c), (d), and (e); and
19	(3) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
20	lowing:
21	"(b) Agreements With Certification.—
22	"(1) In general.—If the Secretary accepts a
23	certification under section 60105 of this title and
24	makes the determination required under this sub-
25	section, the Secretary may make an agreement with

1 a State authority authorizing it to participate in the 2 oversight of interstate pipeline transportation. Each such agreement shall include a plan for the State au-3 thority to participate in special investigations involv-5 ing incidents or new construction and allow the State 6 authority to participate in other activities overseeing 7 interstate pipeline transportation or to assume addi-8 tional inspection or investigatory duties. Nothing in 9 this section modifies section 60104(c) or authorizes 10 the Secretary to delegate the enforcement of safety 11 standards prescribed under this chapter to a State 12 authority.

- "(2) Determinations required.—The Secretary may not enter into an agreement under this subsection, unless the Secretary determines that—
  - "(A) the agreement allowing participation of the State authority is consistent with the Secretary's program for inspection and consistent with the safety policies and provisions provided under this chapter;
  - "(B) the interstate participation agreement would not adversely affect the oversight responsibilities of intrastate pipeline transportation by the State authority;

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1	"(C) the State is carrying out a program
2	demonstrated to promote preparedness and risk
3	prevention activities that enable communities to
4	live safely with pipelines;
5	"(D) the State meets the minimum stand-
6	ards for State one-call notification set forth in
7	chapter 61; and
8	"(E) the actions planned under the agree-
9	ment would not impede interstate commerce or
10	jeopardize public safety.
11	"(3) Existing agreements.—If requested by
12	the State authority, the Secretary shall authorize a
13	State authority which had an interstate agreement in
14	effect after January 1999, to oversee interstate pipe-
15	line transportation pursuant to the terms of that
16	agreement until the Secretary determines that the
17	State meets the requirements of paragraph (2) and
18	executes a new agreement, or until December 31,
19	2003, whichever is sooner. Nothing in this paragraph
20	shall prevent the Secretary, after affording the State
21	notice, hearing, and an opportunity to correct any al-
22	leged deficiencies, from terminating an agreement
23	that was in effect before enactment of the Pipeline
24	Safety Improvement Act of 2003 if—

1	"(A) the State authority fails to comply
2	with the terms of the agreement;
3	"(B) implementation of the agreement has
4	resulted in a gap in the oversight responsibilities
5	of intrastate pipeline transportation by the State
6	authority; or
7	"(C) continued participation by the State
8	authority in the oversight of interstate pipeline
9	transportation has had an adverse impact on
10	pipeline safety.".
11	(b) Ending Agreements.—Subsection (e) of section
12	60106, as redesignated by subsection (a), is amended to read
13	as follows:
14	"(e) Ending Agreements.—
15	"(1) Permissive termination.—The Secretary
16	may end an agreement under this section when the
17	Secretary finds that the State authority has not com-
18	plied with any provision of the agreement.
19	"(2) Mandatory termination of agree-
20	MENT.—The Secretary shall end an agreement for the
21	oversight of interstate pipeline transportation if the
22	Secretary finds that—
23	"(A) implementation of such agreement has
24	resulted in a gap in the oversight responsibilities

1	of intrastate pipeline transportation by the State
2	authority;
3	"(B) the State actions under the agreement
4	have failed to meet the requirements under sub-
5	section (b); or
6	"(C) continued participation by the State
7	authority in the oversight of interstate pipeline
8	transportation would not promote pipeline safe-
9	ty.
10	"(3) Procedural requirements.—The Sec-
11	retary shall give the notice and an opportunity for a
12	hearing to a State authority before ending an agree-
13	ment under this section. The Secretary may provide
14	a State an opportunity to correct any deficiencies be-
15	fore ending an agreement. The finding and decision
16	to end the agreement shall be published in the Federal
17	Register and may not become effective for at least 15
18	days after the date of publication unless the Secretary
19	finds that continuation of an agreement poses an im-
20	minent hazard.".
21	SEC. 769. IMPROVED DATA AND DATA AVAILABILITY.
22	(a) In General.—Within 12 months after the date
23	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall develop and
24	implement a comprehensive plan for the collection and use
25	of gas and hazardous liquid pipeline data to revise the caus-

- 1 al categories on the incident report forms to eliminate over-
- 2 lapping and confusing categories and include subcategories.
- 3 The plan shall include components to provide the capability
- 4 to perform sound incident trend analysis and evaluations
- 5 of pipeline operator performance using normalized accident
- 6 data.
- 7 (b) Report of Releases Exceeding 5 Gallons.—
- 8 Section 60117(b) is amended—
- 9 (1) by inserting "(1)" before "To";
- 10 (2) redesignating paragraphs (1) and (2) as sub-
- 11 paragraphs (A) and (B);
- 12 (3) inserting before the last sentence the fol-
- 13 lowing:
- 14 "(2) A person owning or operating a hazardous liquid
- 15 pipeline facility shall report to the Secretary each release
- 16 to the environment greater than 5 gallons of the hazardous
- 17 liquid or carbon dioxide transported. This section applies
- 18 to releases from pipeline facilities regulated under this
- 19 chapter. A report must include the location of the release,
- 20 fatalities and personal injuries, type of product, amount
- 21 of product release, cause or causes of the release, extent of
- 22 damage to property and the environment, and the response
- 23 undertaken to clean up the release.
- 24 "(3) During the course of an incident investigation,
- 25 a person owning or operating a pipeline facility shall make

- 1 records, reports, and information required under subsection
- 2 (a) of this section or other reasonably described records, re-
- 3 ports, and information relevant to the incident investiga-
- 4 tion, available to the Secretary within the time limits pre-
- 5 scribed in a written request."; and
- 6 (4) indenting the first word of the last sentence
- 7 and inserting "(4)" before "The Secretary" in that
- 8 *sentence*.
- 9 (c) Penalty Authorities.—(1) Section 60122(a) is
- 10 amended by striking "60114(c)" and inserting
- 11 "60117(b)(3)".
- 12 (2) Section 60123(a) is amended by striking
- 13 "60114(c)," and inserting "60117(b)(3),".
- 14 (d) Establishment of National Depository.—
- 15 Section 60117 is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 16 lowing:
- 17 "(l) National Depository.—The Secretary shall es-
- 18 tablish a national depository of data on events and condi-
- 19 tions, including spill histories and corrective actions for
- 20 specific incidents, that can be used to evaluate the risk of,
- 21 and to prevent, pipeline failures and releases. The Secretary
- 22 shall administer the program through the Bureau of Trans-
- 23 portation Statistics, in cooperation with the Research and
- 24 Special Programs Administration, and shall make such in-

1	formation available for use by State and local planning and
2	emergency response authorities and the public.".
3	SEC. 770. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.
4	(a) Innovative Technology Development.—
5	(1) In general.—As part of the Department of
6	Transportation's research and development program,
7	the Secretary of Transportation shall direct research
8	attention to the development of alternative
9	technologies—
10	(A) to expand the capabilities of internal
11	inspection devices to identify and accurately
12	measure defects and anomalies;
13	(B) to inspect pipelines that cannot accom-
14	modate internal inspection devices available on
15	the date of enactment;
16	(C) to develop innovative techniques meas-
17	uring the structural integrity of pipelines;
18	(D) to improve the capability, reliability,
19	and practicality of external leak detection de-
20	vices; and
21	(E) to develop and improve alternative tech-
22	nologies to identify and monitor outside force
23	damage to pipelines.
24	(2) Cooperative.—The Secretary may partici-
25	pate in additional technological development through

1	cooperative agreements with trade associations, aca-
2	demic institutions, or other qualified organizations.
3	(b) Pipeline Safety and Reliability Research
4	and Development.—
5	(1) In general.—The Secretary of Transpor-
6	tation, in coordination with the Secretary of Energy,
7	shall develop and implement an accelerated coopera-
8	tive program of research and development to ensure
9	the integrity of natural gas and hazardous liquid
10	pipelines. This research and development program—
11	(A) shall include materials inspection tech-
12	niques, risk assessment methodology, and infor-
13	mation systems surety; and
14	(B) shall complement, and not replace, the
15	research program of the Department of Energy
16	addressing natural gas pipeline issues existing
17	on the date of enactment of this Act.
18	(2) Purpose.—The purpose of the cooperative
19	research program shall be to promote pipeline safety
20	research and development to—
21	(A) ensure long-term safety, reliability and
22	service life for existing pipelines;
23	(B) expand capabilities of internal inspec-
24	tion devices to identify and accurately measure
25	defects and anomalies;

1	(C) develop inspection techniques for pipe-
2	lines that cannot accommodate the internal in-
3	spection devices available on the date of enact-
4	ment;
5	(D) develop innovative techniques to meas-
6	ure the structural integrity of pipelines to pre-
7	vent pipeline failures;
8	(E) develop improved materials and coat-
9	ings for use in pipelines;
10	(F) improve the capability, reliability, and
11	practicality of external leak detection devices;
12	(G) identify underground environments that
13	might lead to shortened service life;
14	(H) enhance safety in pipeline siting and
15	land use;
16	(I) minimize the environmental impact of
17	pipelines;
18	(J) demonstrate technologies that improve
19	pipeline safety, reliability, and integrity;
20	(K) provide risk assessment tools for opti-
21	mizing risk mitigation strategies; and
22	(L) provide highly secure information sys-
23	tems for controlling the operation of pipelines.
24	(3) Areas.—In carrying out this subsection, the
25	Secretary of Transportation, in coordination with the

1	Secretary of Energy, shall consider research and de-
2	velopment on natural gas, crude oil and petroleum
3	product pipelines for—
4	(A) early crack, defect, and damage detec-
5	tion, including real-time damage monitoring;
6	(B) automated internal pipeline inspection
7	sensor systems;
8	(C) land use guidance and set back manage-
9	ment along pipeline rights-of-way for commu-
10	nities;
11	(D) internal corrosion control;
12	$(E)\ corrosion\ resistant\ coatings;$
13	(F) improved cathodic protection;
14	(G) inspection techniques where internal in-
15	spection is not feasible, including measurement
16	$of\ structural\ integrity;$
17	(H) external leak detection, including port-
18	able real-time video imaging technology, and the
19	advancement of computerized control center leak
20	detection systems utilizing real-time remote field
21	data input;
22	(I) longer life, high strength, non-corrosive
23	pipeline materials;
24	(I) assessing the remaining strength of ex-
25	isting pipes;

1	(K) risk and reliability analysis models, to
2	be used to identify safety improvements that
3	could be realized in the near term resulting from
4	analysis of data obtained from a pipeline per-
5	formance tracking initiative;
6	(L) identification, monitoring, and preven-
7	tion of outside force damage, including satellite
8	surveillance; and
9	(M) any other areas necessary to ensuring
10	the public safety and protecting the environment.
11	(4) Points of contact.—
12	(A) In general.—To coordinate and im-
13	plement the research and development programs
14	and activities authorized under this subsection—
15	(i) the Secretary of Transportation
16	shall designate, as the point of contact for
17	the Department of Transportation, an offi-
18	cer of the Department of Transportation
19	who has been appointed by the President
20	and confirmed by the Senate; and
21	(ii) the Secretary of Energy shall des-
22	ignate, as the point of contact for the De-
23	partment of Energy, an officer of the De-
24	partment of Energy who has been appointed

1	by the President and confirmed by the Sen-
2	ate.
3	(B) Duties.—
4	(i) The point of contact for the Depart-
5	ment of Transportation shall have the pri-
6	mary responsibility for coordinating and
7	overseeing the implementation of the re-
8	search, development, and demonstration
9	program plan under paragraphs (5) and
10	(6).
11	(ii) The points of contact shall jointly
12	assist in arranging cooperative agreements
13	for research, development and demonstra-
14	tion involving their respective Departments,
15	national laboratories, universities, and in-
16	dustry research organizations.
17	(5) Research and development program
18	PLAN.—Within 240 days after the date of enactment
19	of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation, in co-
20	ordination with the Secretary of Energy and the
21	Pipeline Integrity Technical Advisory Committee,
22	shall prepare and submit to the Congress a 5-year
23	program plan to guide activities under this sub-
24	section. In preparing the program plan, the Secretary

shall consult with appropriate representatives of the

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- natural gas, crude oil, and petroleum product pipeline industries to select and prioritize appropriate project proposals. The Secretary may also seek the advice of utilities, manufacturers, institutions of higher learning, Federal agencies, the pipeline research institutions, national laboratories, State pipeline safety officials, environmental organizations, pipeline safety advocates, and professional and technical societies.
  - (6) Implementation.—The Secretary of Transportation shall have primary responsibility for ensuring the 5-year plan provided for in paragraph (5) is implemented as intended. In carrying out the research, development, and demonstration activities under this paragraph, the Secretary of Transportation and the Secretary of Energy may use, to the extent authorized under applicable provisions of law, contracts, cooperative agreements, cooperative research and development agreements under the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3701 et seq.), grants, joint ventures, other transactions, and any other form of agreement available to the Secretary consistent with the recommendations of the Advisory Committee.
  - (7) Reports to congress.—The Secretary of Transportation shall report to the Congress annually

- 1 as to the status and results to date of the implementa-
- 2 tion of the research and development program plan.
- 3 The report shall include the activities of the Depart-
- 4 ments of Transportation and Energy, the national
- 5 laboratories, universities, and any other research or-
- 6 ganizations, including industry research organiza-
- 7 tions.

## 8 SEC. 771. PIPELINE INTEGRITY TECHNICAL ADVISORY COM-

- 9 *MITTEE*.
- 10 (a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Transpor-
- 11 tation shall enter into appropriate arrangements with the
- 12 National Academy of Sciences to establish and manage the
- 13 Pipeline Integrity Technical Advisory Committee for the
- 14 purpose of advising the Secretary of Transportation and
- 15 the Secretary of Energy on the development and implemen-
- 16 tation of the 5-year research, development, and demonstra-
- 17 tion program plan under section 770(b)(5). The Advisory
- 18 Committee shall have an ongoing role in evaluating the
- 19 progress and results of the research, development, and dem-
- 20 onstration carried out under that section.
- 21 (b) Membership.—The National Academy of Sciences
- 22 shall appoint the members of the Pipeline Integrity Tech-
- 23 nical Advisory Committee after consultation with the Sec-
- 24 retary of Transportation and the Secretary of Energy.
- 25 Members appointed to the Advisory Committee should have

- 1 the necessary qualifications to provide technical contribu-
- 2 tions to the purposes of the Advisory Committee.
- 3 SEC. 772. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 4 (a) Gas and Hazardous Liquids.—Section
- 5 60125(a) is amended to read as follows:
- 6 "(a) Gas and Hazardous Liquid.—To carry out
- 7 this chapter and other pipeline-related damage prevention
- 8 activities of this title (except for section 60107), there are
- 9 authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Trans-
- 10 portation—\$30,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2003,
- 11 2004, and 2005 of which \$23,000,000 is to be derived from
- 12 user fees for fiscal years 2003, 2004, and 2005 collected
- 13 under section 60301 of this title.".
- 14 (b) Grants to States.—Section 60125(c) is amended
- 15 to read as follows:
- 16 "(c) State Grants.—Not more than the following
- 17 amounts may be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out
- 18 section 60107—\$20,000,000 for the fiscal years 2003, 2004,
- 19 and 2005 of which \$18,000,000 is to be derived from user
- 20 fees for fiscal years 2003, 2004, and 2005 collected under
- 21 section 60301 of this title.".
- 22 (c) OIL SPILLS.—Section 60125 is amended by redes-
- 23 ignating subsections (d), (e), and (f) as subsections (e), (f),
- 24 (g) and inserting after subsection (c) the following:

- 1 "(d) OIL SPILL LIABILITY TRUST FUND.—Of the
- 2 amounts available in the Oil Spill Liability Trust Fund,
- 3 \$8,000,000 shall be transferred to the Secretary of Trans-
- 4 portation, as provided in appropriation Acts, to carry out
- 5 programs authorized in this title for each of fiscal years
- 6 2003, 2004, and 2005.".
- 7 (d) Pipeline Integrity Program.—(1) There are
- 8 authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Transpor-
- 9 tation for carrying out sections 770(b) and 771 of this sub-
- 10 title \$3,000,000, to be derived from user fees under section
- 11 60301 of title 49, United States Code, for each of the fiscal
- 12 years 2003 through 2007.
- 13 (2) Of the amounts available in the Oil Spill Liability
- 14 Trust Fund established by section 9509 of the Internal Rev-
- 15 enue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 9509), \$3,000,000 shall be
- 16 transferred to the Secretary of Transportation, as provided
- 17 in appropriation Acts, to carry out programs for detection,
- 18 prevention and mitigation of oil spills under sections 770(b)
- 19 and 771 of this subtitle for each of the fiscal years 2003
- 20 through 2007.
- 21 (3) There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
- 22 retary of Energy for carrying out sections 770(b) and 771
- 23 of this subtitle such sums as may be necessary for each of
- 24 the fiscal years 2003 through 2007.

1	SEC. 773.	<b>OPERATOR</b>	ASSISTANCE	IN INVESTIGAT	TIONS.

2	(a) In General.—If the Department of Transpor-
3	tation or the National Transportation Safety Board inves-
4	tigate an accident, the operator involved shall make avail-
5	able to the representative of the Department or the Board
6	all records and information that in any way pertain to
7	the accident (including integrity management plans and
8	test results), and shall afford all reasonable assistance in
9	the investigation of the accident.
10	(b) Corrective Action Orders.—Section 60112(d)
11	is amended—
12	(1) by inserting "(1)" after "CORRECTIVE AC-
13	TION ORDERS.—"; and
14	(2) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(2) If, in the case of a corrective action order issued
16	following an accident, the Secretary determines that the ac-
17	tions of an employee carrying out an activity regulated
18	$under\ this\ chapter,\ including\ duties\ under\ section\ 60102 (a),$
19	may have contributed substantially to the cause of the acci-
20	dent, the Secretary shall direct the operator to relieve the
21	employee from performing those activities, reassign the em-
22	ployee, or place the employee on leave until the earlier of
23	the date on which—
24	"(A) the Secretary determines, after notice and
25	an opportunity for a hearing, that the employee's per-
26	formance of duty in carrying out the activity did not

1	contribute substantially to the cause of the accident;
2	or
3	"(B) the Secretary determines the employee has
4	been re-qualified or re-trained as provided for in sec-
5	tion 763 of the Pipeline Safety Improvement Act of
6	2003 and can safely perform those activities.
7	"(3) Action taken by an operator under paragraph (2)
8	shall be in accordance with the terms and conditions of any
9	applicable collective bargaining agreement to the extent it
10	is not inconsistent with the requirements of this section.".
11	SEC. 774. PROTECTION OF EMPLOYEES PROVIDING PIPE-
12	LINE SAFETY INFORMATION.
13	(a) In General.—Chapter 601 is amended by adding
14	at the end the following:
15	"§ 60129. Protection of employees providing pipeline
16	safety information
17	"(a) Discrimination Against Pipeline Employ-
18	EES.—No pipeline operator or contractor or subcontractor
19	of a pipeline may discharge an employee or otherwise dis-
20	criminate against an employee with respect to compensa-
21	tion, terms, conditions, or privileges of employment because
22	the employee (or any person acting pursuant to a request
23	of the employee)—
24	"(1) provided, caused to be provided, or is about
25	to provide (with any knowledge of the employer) or

1	cause to be provided to the employer or Federal Gov-
2	ernment information relating to any violation or al-
3	leged violation of any order, regulation, or standard
4	of the Research and Special Programs Administration
5	or any other provision of Federal law relating to
6	pipeline safety under this chapter or any other law
7	of the United States;
8	"(2) has filed, caused to be filed, or is about to
9	file (with any knowledge of the employer) or cause to
10	be filed a proceeding relating to any violation or al-
11	leged violation of any order, regulation, or standard
12	of the Administration or any other provision of Fed-
13	eral law relating to pipeline safety under this chapter
14	or any other law of the United States;
15	"(3) testified or is about to testify in such a pro-
16	ceeding; or
17	"(4) assisted or participated or is about to assist
18	or participate in such a proceeding.

- 19 "(b) Department of Labor Complaint Proce-20 dure.—
- "(1) FILING AND NOTIFICATION.—A person who believes that he or she has been discharged or otherwise discriminated against by any person in violation of subsection (a) may, not later than 90 days after the date on which such violation occurs, file (or

have any person file on his or her behalf) a complaint with the Secretary of Labor alleging such discharge or discrimination. Upon receipt of such a complaint, the Secretary of Labor shall notify, in writing, the person named in the complaint and the Administrator of the Research and Special Programs Administration of the filing of the complaint, of the allegations contained in the complaint, of the substance of evidence supporting the complaint, and of the opportunities that will be afforded to such person under paragraph (2).

# "(2) Investigation; preliminary order.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of receipt of a complaint filed under paragraph (1) and after affording the person named in the complaint an opportunity to submit to the Secretary of Labor a written response to the complaint and an opportunity to meet with a representative of the Secretary to present statements from witnesses, the Secretary of Labor shall conduct an investigation and determine whether there is reasonable cause to believe that the complaint has merit and notify in writing the complainant and the person alleged to have committed a violation of subsection (a) of the Secretary's findings. If the Secretary of

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Labor concludes that there is reasonable cause to believe that a violation of subsection (a) has occurred, the Secretary shall accompany the Secretary's findings with a preliminary order providing the relief prescribed by paragraph (3)(B). Not later than 30 days after the date of notification of findings under this paragraph, either the person alleged to have committed the violation or the complainant may file objections to the findings or preliminary order, or both, and request a hearing on the record. The filing of such objections shall not operate to stay any reinstatement remedy contained in the preliminary order. Such hearings shall be conducted expeditiously. If a hearing is not requested in such 30-day period, the preliminary order shall be deemed a final order that is not subject to judicial review.

# "(B) REQUIREMENTS.—

"(i) Required showing by complaint.—The Secretary of Labor shall dismiss a complaint filed under this subsection and shall not conduct an investigation otherwise required under subparagraph (A) unless the complainant makes a prima facie showing that any behavior described

1	in paragraphs (1) through (4) of subsection
2	(a) was a contributing factor in the unfa-
3	vorable personnel action alleged in the com-
4	plaint.
5	"(ii) Showing by employer.—Not-
6	withstanding a finding by the Secretary
7	that the complainant has made the showing
8	required under clause (i), no investigation
9	otherwise required under subparagraph (A)
10	shall be conducted if the employer dem-
11	onstrates, by clear and convincing evidence,
12	that the employer would have taken the
13	same unfavorable personnel action in the
14	absence of that behavior.
15	"(iii) Criteria for determination
16	By Secretary.—The Secretary may deter-
17	mine that a violation of subsection (a) has
18	occurred only if the complainant dem-
19	onstrates that any behavior described in
20	paragraphs (1) through (4) of subsection (a)
21	was a contributing factor in the unfavorable
22	personnel action alleged in the complaint.
23	"(iv) Prohibition.—Relief may not
24	be ordered under subparagraph (A) if the
25	employer demonstrates by clear and con-

1	vincing evidence that the employer would
2	have taken the same unfavorable personnel
3	action in the absence of that behavior.
4	"(3) Final order.—
5	"(A) Deadline for issuance; settle-
6	Ment agreements.—Not later than 120 days
7	after the date of conclusion of a hearing under
8	paragraph (2), the Secretary of Labor shall issue
9	a final order providing the relief prescribed by
10	this paragraph or denying the complaint. At any
11	time before issuance of a final order, a pro-
12	ceeding under this subsection may be terminated
13	on the basis of a settlement agreement entered
14	into by the Secretary of Labor, the complainant,
15	and the person alleged to have committed the
16	violation.
17	"(B) Remedy.—If, in response to a com-
18	plaint filed under paragraph (1), the Secretary
19	of Labor determines that a violation of sub-
20	section (a) has occurred, the Secretary of Labor
21	shall order the person who committed such viola-
22	tion to—
23	"(i) take affirmative action to abate
24	$the\ violation;$

1	"(ii) reinstate the complainant to his
2	or her former position together with the
3	compensation (including back pay) and re-
4	store the terms, conditions, and privileges
5	associated with his or her employment; and
6	"(iii) provide compensatory damages
7	to the complainant.
8	If such an order is issued under this paragraph,
9	the Secretary of Labor, at the request of the com-
10	plainant, shall assess against the person whom
11	the order is issued a sum equal to the aggregate
12	amount of all costs and expenses (including at-
13	torney's and expert witness fees) reasonably in-
14	curred, as determined by the Secretary of Labor,
15	by the complainant for, or in connection with,
16	the bringing the complaint upon which the order
17	was issued.
18	"(C) Frivolous complaints.—If the Sec-
19	retary of Labor finds that a complaint under
20	paragraph (1) is frivolous or has been brought in
21	bad faith, the Secretary of Labor may award to
22	the prevailing employer a reasonable attorney's
23	fee not exceeding \$1,000.
24	"(4) Review.—

1 "(A) Appeal to court of appeals.—Any 2 person adversely affected or aggrieved by an order issued under paragraph (3) may obtain re-3 4 view of the order in the United States Court of 5 Appeals for the circuit in which the violation, 6 with respect to which the order was issued, alleg-7 edly occurred or the circuit in which the com-8 plainant resided on the date of such violation. 9 The petition for review must be filed not later 10 than 60 days after the date of issuance of the 11 final order of the Secretary of Labor. Review 12 shall conform to chapter 7 of title 5, United 13 States Code. The commencement of proceedings 14 under this subparagraph shall not, unless or-15 dered by the court, operate as a stay of the order.

- "(B) Limitation on collateral attack.—An order of the Secretary of Labor with respect to which review could have been obtained under subparagraph (A) shall not be subject to judicial review in any criminal or other civil proceeding.
- "(5) Enforcement of order by secretary of Labor may file a civil action in the

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United States district court for the district in which the violation was found to occur to enforce such order. In actions brought under this paragraph, the district courts shall have jurisdiction to grant all appropriate relief, including, but not to be limited to, injunctive relief and compensatory damages.

## "(6) Enforcement of order by parties.—

"(A) Commencement of action.—A person on whose behalf an order was issued under paragraph (3) may commence a civil action against the person to whom such order was issued to require compliance with such order. The appropriate United States district court shall have jurisdiction, without regard to the amount in controversy or the citizenship of the parties, to enforce such order.

"(B) Attorney fees.—The court, in issuing any final order under this paragraph, may award costs of litigation (including reasonable attorney and expert witness fees) to any party whenever the court determines such award costs is appropriate.

23 "(c) Mandamus.—Any nondiscretionary duty im-24 posed by this section shall be enforceable in a mandamus

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- 1 proceeding brought under section 1361 of title 28, United
- 2 States Code.
- 3 "(d) Nonapplicability To Deliberate Viola-
- 4 Tions.—Subsection (a) shall not apply with respect to an
- 5 employee of a pipeline, contractor or subcontractor who,
- 6 acting without direction from the pipeline contractor or
- 7 subcontractor (or such person's agent), deliberately causes
- 8 a violation of any requirement relating to pipeline safety
- 9 under this chapter or any other law of the United States.
- 10 "(e) Contractor Defined.—In this section, the term
- 11 'contractor' means a company that performs safety-sensitive
- 12 functions by contract for a pipeline.".
- 13 (b) Civil Penalty.—Section 60122(a) is amended by
- 14 adding at the end the following:
- 15 "(3) A person violating section 60129, or an order
- 16 issued thereunder, is liable to the Government for a civil
- 17 penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each violation. The
- 18 penalties provided by paragraph (1) do not apply to a vio-
- 19 lation of section 60129 or an order issued thereunder.".
- 20 (c) Conforming Amendment.—The chapter analysis
- 21 for chapter 601 is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 22 lowing:

"60129. Protection of employees providing pipeline safety information.".

- 23 SEC. 775. STATE PIPELINE SAFETY ADVISORY COMMITTEES.
- Within 90 days after receiving recommendations for
- 25 improvements to pipeline safety from an advisory com-

- 1 mittee appointed by the Governor of any State, the Sec-
- 2 retary of Transportation shall respond in writing to the
- 3 committee setting forth what action, if any, the Secretary
- 4 will take on those recommendations and the Secretary's rea-
- 5 sons for acting or not acting upon any of the recommenda-
- 6 tions.

#### 7 SEC. 776. FINES AND PENALTIES.

- 8 The Inspector General of the Department of Transpor-
- 9 tation shall conduct an analysis of the Department's assess-
- 10 ment of fines and penalties on gas transmission and haz-
- 11 ardous liquid pipelines, including the cost of corrective ac-
- 12 tions required by the Department in lieu of fines, and, no
- 13 later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act,
- 14 shall provide a report to the Senate Committee on Com-
- 15 merce, Science, and Transportation and the House Com-
- 16 mittee on Transportation and Infrastructure on any find-
- 17 ings and recommendations for actions by the Secretary or
- 18 Congress to ensure the fines assessed are an effective deter-
- 19 rent for reducing safety risks.

#### 20 SEC. 777. STUDY OF RIGHTS-OF-WAY.

- 21 The Secretary of Transportation is authorized to con-
- 22 duct a study on how best to preserve environmental re-
- 23 sources in conjunction with maintaining pipeline rights-
- 24 of-way. The study shall recognize pipeline operators' regu-

1	latory obligations to maintain rights-of-way and to protect
2	public safety.
3	SEC. 778. STUDY OF NATURAL GAS RESERVE.
4	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that:
5	(1) In the last few months, natural gas prices
6	across the country have tripled.
7	(2) In California, natural gas prices have in-
8	creased twenty-fold, from \$3 per million British ther-
9	mal units to nearly \$60 per million British thermal
10	units.
11	(3) One of the major causes of these price in-
12	creases is a lack of supply, including a lack of nat-
13	ural gas reserves.
14	(4) The lack of a reserve was compounded by the
15	rupture of an El Paso Natural Gas Company pipe-
16	line in Carlsbad, New Mexico on August 1, 2000.
17	(5) Improving pipeline safety will help prevent
18	similar accidents that interrupt the supply of natural
19	gas and will help save lives.
20	(6) It is also necessary to find solutions for the
21	lack of natural gas reserves that could be used during
22	emergencies.
23	(b) Study by the National Academy of
24	Sciences.—The Secretary of Energy shall request the Na-
25	tional Academy of Sciences to—

1	(1) conduct a study to—
2	(A) determine the causes of recent increases
3	in the price of natural gas, including whether
4	the increases have been caused by problems with
5	the supply of natural gas or by problems with
6	the natural gas transmission system;
7	(B) identify any Federal or State policies
8	that may have contributed to the price increases;
9	and
10	(C) determine what Federal action would be
11	necessary to improve the reserve supply of nat-
12	ural gas for use in situations of natural gas
13	shortages and price increases, including deter-
14	mining the feasibility and advisability of a Fed-
15	eral strategic natural gas reserve system; and
16	(2) not later than 60 days after the date of en-
17	actment of this Act, submit to Congress a report on
18	the results of the study.
19	SEC. 779. STUDY AND REPORT ON NATURAL GAS PIPELINE
20	AND STORAGE FACILITIES IN NEW ENGLAND.
21	(a) Study.—The Federal Energy Regulatory Commis-
22	sion, in consultation with the Department of Energy, shall
23	conduct a study on the natural gas pipeline transmission
24	network in New England and natural gas storage facilities

1	associated with that network. In carrying out the study,
2	the Commission shall consider—
3	(1) the ability of natural gas pipeline and stor-
4	age facilities in New England to meet current and
5	projected demand by gas-fired power generation
6	plants and other consumers;
7	(2) capacity constraints during unusual weather
8	periods;
9	(3) potential constraint points in regional, inter-
10	state, and international pipeline capacity serving
11	New England; and
12	(4) the quality and efficiency of the Federal envi-
13	ronmental review and permitting process for natural
14	gas pipelines.
15	(b) Report.—Not later than 120 days after the date
16	of the enactment of this Act, the Federal Energy Regulatory
17	Commission shall prepare and submit to the Senate Com-
18	mittee on Energy and Natural Resources and the appro-
19	priate committee of the House of Representatives a report
20	containing the results of the study conducted under sub-
21	section (a), including recommendations for addressing po-
22	tential natural gas transmission and storage capacity prob-
23	lems in New England.

1	PART III—PIPELINE SECURITY SENSITIVE
2	INFORMATION
3	SEC. 781. MEETING COMMUNITY RIGHT TO KNOW WITHOUT
4	SECURITY RISKS.
5	Section 60117 is amended by adding at the end the
6	following:
7	"(l) Withholding Certain Information.—
8	"(1) In general.—Notwithstanding any other
9	provision of this chapter requiring the Secretary to
10	provide information obtained by the Secretary or an
11	officer, employee, or agent in carrying out this chap-
12	ter to State or local government officials, the public,
13	or any other person, the Secretary shall withhold such
14	information if it is information that is described in
15	section 552(b)(1)(A) of title 5, United States Code.
16	"(2) Conditional release.—Notwithstanding
17	paragraph (1), upon the receipt of assurances satis-
18	factory to the Secretary that the information will be
19	handled appropriately, the Secretary may provide in-
20	formation permitted to be withheld under that
21	paragraph—
22	"(A) to the owner or operator of the affected
23	$pipeline\ system;$
24	"(B) to an officer, employee or agent of a
25	Federal, State, tribal, or local government, in-

1	cluding a volunteer fire department, concerned
2	with carrying out this chapter, with protecting
3	the facilities, with protecting public safety, or
4	with national security issues;
5	"(C) in an administrative or judicial pro-
6	ceeding brought under this chapter or an admin-
7	istrative or judicial proceeding that addresses
8	terrorist actions or threats of such actions; or
9	"(D) to such other persons as the Secretary
10	determines necessary to protect public safety and
11	security.
12	"(3) Report to Congress.—The Secretary
13	shall provide an annual report to the Congress, in ap-
14	propriate form as determined by the Secretary, con-
15	taining a summary of determinations made by the
16	Secretary during the preceding year to withhold in-
17	formation from release under paragraph (1).".
18	SEC. 782. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR SECURITY OF PIPE-
19	LINE FACILITIES.
20	The Secretary of Transportation may provide tech-
21	nical assistance to an operator of a pipeline facility or to
22	State, tribal, or local officials to prevent or respond to acts
23	of terrorism that may impact the pipeline facility,
24	including—

1	(1) actions by the Secretary that support the use
2	of National Guard or State or Federal personnel to
3	provide additional security for a pipeline facility at
4	risk of terrorist attack or in response to such an at-
5	tack;
6	(2) use of resources available to the Secretary to
7	develop and implement security measures for a pipe-
8	$line\ facility;$
9	(3) identification of security issues with respect
10	to the operation of a pipeline facility; and
11	(4) the provision of information and guidance on
12	security practices that prevent damage to pipeline fa-
13	cilities from terrorist attacks.
13 14	cilities from terrorist attacks.  SEC. 783. CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR DAMAGING OR DE-
	v
14	SEC. 783. CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR DAMAGING OR DE-
14 15	SEC. 783. CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR DAMAGING OR DE- STROYING A FACILITY.
14 15 16	SEC. 783. CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR DAMAGING OR DE- STROYING A FACILITY.  Section 60123(b) of title 49, United States Code, is
14 15 16 17	SEC. 783. CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR DAMAGING OR DE- STROYING A FACILITY.  Section 60123(b) of title 49, United States Code, is amended—
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 783. CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR DAMAGING OR DE- STROYING A FACILITY.  Section 60123(b) of title 49, United States Code, is amended—  (1) by striking "or" after "gas pipeline facility"
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 783. CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR DAMAGING OR DE- STROYING A FACILITY.  Section 60123(b) of title 49, United States Code, is amended—  (1) by striking "or" after "gas pipeline facility" and inserting a comma; and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 783. CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR DAMAGING OR DE- STROYING A FACILITY.  Section 60123(b) of title 49, United States Code, is amended—  (1) by striking "or" after "gas pipeline facility" and inserting a comma; and  (2) by inserting after "liquid pipeline facility"
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 783. CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR DAMAGING OR DE- STROYING A FACILITY.  Section 60123(b) of title 49, United States Code, is amended—  (1) by striking "or" after "gas pipeline facility" and inserting a comma; and  (2) by inserting after "liquid pipeline facility" the following: ", or either an intrastate gas pipeline
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 783. CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR DAMAGING OR DE- STROYING A FACILITY.  Section 60123(b) of title 49, United States Code, is amended—  (1) by striking "or" after "gas pipeline facility" and inserting a comma; and  (2) by inserting after "liquid pipeline facility" the following: ", or either an intrastate gas pipeline facility or an intrastate hazardous liquid pipeline fa-

1	DIVISION C—DIVERSIFYING EN-
2	ERGY DEMAND AND IMPROV-
3	ING EFFICIENCY
4	TITLE VIII—FUELS AND
5	<b>VEHICLES</b>
6	Subtitle A—CAFE Standards, Alter-
7	native Fuels, and Advanced
8	Technology
9	SEC. 801. INCREASED FUEL ECONOMY STANDARDS.
10	(a) Requirement for New Regulations.—
11	(1) In general.—The Secretary of Transpor-
12	tation shall issue, under section 32902 of title 49,
13	United States Code, new regulations setting forth in-
14	creased average fuel economy standards for auto-
15	mobiles that are determined on the basis of the max-
16	imum feasible average fuel economy levels for the
17	automobiles, taking into consideration the matters set
18	forth in subsection (f) of such section.
19	(2) Time for issuing regulations.—
20	(A) Non-passenger automobiles.—For
21	non-passenger automobiles, the Secretary of
22	Transportation shall issue the final regulations
23	not later than 15 months after the date of the en-
24	actment of this Act.

1	(B) Passenger automobiles.—For pas-
2	senger automobiles, the Secretary of Transpor-
3	tation shall issue—
4	(i) the proposed regulations not later
5	than 180 days after the date of the enact-
6	ment of this Act; and
7	(ii) the final regulations not later than
8	2 years after that date.
9	(b) Phased Increases.—The regulations issued pur-
10	suant to subsection (a) shall specify standards that take ef-
11	fect successively over several vehicle model years not exceed-
12	ing 15 vehicle model years.
13	(c) Clarification of Authority To Amend Pas-
14	SENGER AUTOMOBILE STANDARD.—Section 32902(b) of
15	title 49, United States Code, is amended by inserting before
16	the period at the end the following: "or such other number
17	as the Secretary prescribes under subsection (c)".
18	(d) Environmental Assessment.—When issuing
19	final regulations setting forth increased average fuel econ-
20	omy standards under this section, the Secretary of Trans-
21	portation shall also issue an environmental assessment of
22	the effects of the implementation of the increased standards
23	on the environment under the National Environmental Pol-
24	icy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).

1	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
2	authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Trans-
3	portation for fiscal year 2003, to remain available until
4	expended, \$2,000,000 to carry out this section.
5	SEC. 802. EXPEDITED PROCEDURES FOR CONGRESSIONAL
6	INCREASE IN FUEL ECONOMY STANDARDS.
7	(a) Condition for Applicability.—If the Secretary
8	of Transportation fails to issue final regulations with re-
9	spect to non-passenger automobiles under section 801, or
10	fails to issue final regulations with respect to passenger
11	automobiles under such section, on or before the date by
12	which such final regulations are required by such section
13	to be issued, respectively, then this section shall apply with
14	respect to a bill described in subsection (b).
15	(b) BILL.—A bill referred to in this subsection is a
16	bill that satisfies the following requirements:
17	(1) Introduction.—The bill is introduced by
18	one or more Members of Congress not later than 60
19	days after the date referred to in subsection (a).
20	(2) Title.—The title of the bill is as follows: "A
21	bill to establish new average fuel economy standards
22	for certain motor vehicles.".
23	(3) Text.—The bill provides after the enacting
24	clause only the text specified in subparagraph (A) or

1	(B) or any provision described in subparagraph (C),
2	as follows:
3	(A) Non-passenger automobiles.—In the
4	case of a bill relating to a failure timely to issue
5	final regulations relating to non-passenger auto-
6	mobiles, the following text:
7	"That, section 32902 of title 49, United States Code, is
8	amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
9	"'() Non-passenger automobiles.—The average
10	fuel economy standard for non-passenger automobiles man-
11	ufactured by a manufacturer in a model year after model
12	year shall be miles per gallon.'", the first blank
13	space being filled in with a subsection designation, the sec-
14	ond blank space being filled in with the number of a year,
15	and the third blank space being filled in with a number.
16	(B) Passenger automobiles.—In the
17	case of a bill relating to a failure timely to issue
18	final regulations relating to passenger auto-
19	mobiles, the following text:
20	"That, section 32902(b) of title 49, United States Code, is
21	amended to read as follows:
22	"'(b) Passenger Automobiles.—Except as provided
23	in this section, the average fuel economy standard for pas-
24	senger automobiles manufactured by a manufacturer in a
25	model year after model year shall be miles per

1	gallon.", the first blank space being filled in with the num-
2	ber of a year and the second blank space being filled in
3	with a number.
4	(C) Substitute text.—Any text sub-
5	stituted by an amendment that is in order under
6	subsection $(c)(3)$ .
7	(c) Expedited Procedures.—A bill described in
8	subsection (b) shall be considered in a House of Congress
9	in accordance with the procedures provided for the consider-
10	ation of joint resolutions in paragraphs (3) through (8) of
11	section 8066(c) of the Department of Defense Appropria-
12	tions Act, 1985 (as contained in section 101(h) of Public
13	Law 98-473; 98 Stat. 1936), with the following exceptions:
14	(1) References to resolution.—The ref-
15	erences in such paragraphs to a resolution shall be
16	deemed to refer to the bill described in subsection (b).
17	(2) Committees of Jurisdiction.—The com-
18	mittees to which the bill is referred under this sub-
19	section shall—
20	(A) in the Senate, be the Committee on
21	Commerce, Science, and Transportation; and
22	(B) in the House of Representatives, be the
23	Committee on Energy and Commerce.
24	(3) Amendments.—

1	(A) Amendments in order.—Only four
2	amendments to the bill are in order in each
3	House, as follows:
4	(i) Two amendments proposed by the
5	majority leader of that House.
6	(ii) Two amendments proposed by the
7	minority leader of that House.
8	(B) Form and content.—To be in order
9	under subparagraph (A), an amendment shall
10	propose to strike all after the enacting clause and
11	substitute text that only includes the same text as
12	is proposed to be stricken except for one or more
13	different numbers in the text.
14	(C) Debate, et cetera.—Subparagraph
15	(B) of section $8066(c)(5)$ of the Department of
16	Defense Appropriations Act, 1985 (98 Stat.
17	1936) shall apply to the consideration of each
18	amendment proposed pursuant to subparagraph
19	(A) of this paragraph in the same manner as
20	such subparagraph (B) applies to debatable mo-
21	tions.

1	SEC. 803. REVISED CONSIDERATIONS FOR DECISIONS ON
2	MAXIMUM FEASIBLE AVERAGE FUEL ECON-
3	ОМҮ.
4	Section 32902(f) of title 49, United States Code, is
5	amended to read as follows:
6	"(f) Considerations for Decisions on Maximum
7	Feasible Average Fuel Economy.—When deciding
8	maximum feasible average fuel economy under this section,
9	the Secretary of Transportation shall consider the following
10	matters:
11	"(1) Technological feasibility.
12	"(2) Economic practicability.
13	"(3) The effect of other motor vehicle standards
14	of the Government on fuel economy.
15	"(4) The need of the United States to conserve
16	energy.
17	"(5) The desirability of reducing United States
18	dependence on imported oil.
19	"(6) The effects of the average fuel economy
20	standards on motor vehicle and passenger safety.
21	"(7) The effects of increased fuel economy on air
22	quality.
23	"(8) The adverse effects of average fuel economy
24	standards on the relative competitiveness of manufac-
25	turers

1	"(9) The effects of compliance with average fuel
2	economy standards on levels of employment in the
3	United States.
4	"(10) The cost and lead time necessary for the
5	introduction of the necessary new technologies.
6	"(11) The potential for advanced technology ve-
7	hicles, such as hybrid and fuel cell vehicles, to con-
8	tribute to the achievement of significant reductions in
9	fuel consumption.
10	"(12) The extent to which the necessity for vehi-
11	cle manufacturers to incur near-term costs to comply
12	with the average fuel economy standards adversely af-
13	fects the availability of resources for the development
14	of advanced technology for the propulsion of motor ve-
15	hicles.
16	"(13) The report of the National Research Coun-
17	cil that is entitled 'Effectiveness and Impact of Cor-
18	porate Average Fuel Economy Standards', issued in
19	January 2002.".
20	SEC. 804. EXTENSION OF MAXIMUM FUEL ECONOMY IN-
21	CREASE FOR ALTERNATIVE FUELED VEHI-
22	CLES.
23	Section 32906(a)(1) of title 49, United States Code,
24	is amended—

1	(1) in subparagraph (A), by striking "1993–
2	2004" and inserting "1993 through 2008"; and
3	(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking "2005-
4	2008" and inserting "2009 through 2012".
5	SEC. 805. PROCUREMENT OF ALTERNATIVE FUELED AND
6	HYBRID LIGHT DUTY TRUCKS.
7	(a) Vehicle Fleets Not Covered by Require-
8	MENT IN ENERGY POLICY ACT OF 1992.—
9	(1) Hybrid vehicles.—The head of each agen-
10	cy of the executive branch shall coordinate with the
11	Administrator of General Services to ensure that only
12	hybrid vehicles are procured by or for each agency
13	fleet of light duty trucks that is not in a fleet of vehi-
14	cles to which section 303 of the Energy Policy Act of
15	1992 (42 U.S.C. 13212) applies.
16	(2) Waiver authority.—The head of an agen-
17	cy, in consultation with the Administrator, may
18	waive the applicability of the policy regarding the
19	procurement of hybrid vehicles in paragraph (1) to
20	that agency to the extent that the head of that agency
21	determines necessary—
22	(A) to meet specific requirements of the
23	agency for capabilities of light duty trucks;

1	(B) to procure vehicles consistent with the
2	standards applicable to the procurement of fleet
3	vehicles for the Federal Government;
4	(C) to adjust to limitations on the commer-
5	cial availability of light duty trucks that are hy-
6	brid vehicles; or
7	(D) to avoid the necessity of procuring a
8	hybrid vehicle for the agency when each of the
9	hybrid vehicles available for meeting the require-
10	ments of the agency has a cost to the United
11	States that exceeds the costs of comparable non-
12	hybrid vehicles by a factor that is significantly
13	higher than the difference between—
14	(i) the real cost of the hybrid vehicle to
15	retail purchasers, taking into account the
16	benefit of any tax incentives available to re-
17	tail purchasers for the purchase of the hy-
18	brid vehicle; and
19	(ii) the costs of the comparable non-
20	hybrid vehicles to retail purchasers.
21	(3) Applicability to procurements after
22	FISCAL YEAR 2004.—This subsection applies with re-
23	spect to procurements of light duty trucks in fiscal
24	year 2005 and subsequent fiscal years.

1	(b) Requirement To Exceed Requirement in En-
2	ERGY POLICY ACT OF 1992.—
3	(1) Light duty trucks.—The head of each
4	agency of the executive branch shall coordinate with
5	the Administrator of General Services to ensure that,
6	of the light duty trucks procured in fiscal years after
7	fiscal year 2004 for the fleets of light duty vehicles of
8	the agency to which section 303 of the Energy Policy
9	Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13212) applies—
10	(A) 5 percent of the total number of such
11	trucks that are procured in each of fiscal years
12	2005 and 2006 are alternative fueled vehicles or
13	hybrid vehicles; and
14	(B) 10 percent of the total number of such
15	trucks that are procured in each fiscal year after
16	fiscal year 2006 are alternative fueled vehicles or
17	hybrid vehicles.
18	(2) Counting of trucks.—Light duty trucks
19	acquired for an agency of the executive branch that
20	are counted to comply with section 303 of the Energy
21	Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13212) for a fiscal year
22	shall be counted to determine the total number of light
23	duty trucks procured for that agency for that fiscal
24	year for the purposes of paragraph (1), but shall not

1	be counted to satisfy the requirement in that para-
2	graph.
3	(c) Definitions.—In this section:
4	(1) Hybrid vehicle.—The term "hybrid vehi-
5	cle" means—
6	(A) a motor vehicle that draws propulsion
7	energy from onboard sources of stored energy
8	that are both—
9	(i) an internal combustion or heat en-
10	gine using combustible fuel; and
11	(ii) a rechargeable energy storage sys-
12	tem; and
13	(B) any other vehicle that is defined as a
14	hybrid vehicle in regulations prescribed by the
15	Secretary of Energy for the administration of
16	title III of the Energy Policy Act of 1992.
17	(2) Alternative fueled vehicle.—The term
18	"alternative fueled vehicle" has the meaning given
19	that term in section 301 of the Energy Policy Act of
20	1992 (42 U.S.C. 13211).
21	(d) Inapplicability to Department of De-
22	FENSE.—This section does not apply to the Department of
23	Defense, which is subject to comparable requirements under
24	section 318 of the National Defense Authorization Act for

1	Fiscal Year 2002 (Public Law 107–107; 115 Stat. 1055;
2	10 U.S.C. 2302 note).
3	SEC. 806. USE OF ALTERNATIVE FUELS.
4	(a) Exclusive Use of Alternative Fuels in Dual
5	Fueled Vehicles.—The head of each agency of the execu-
6	tive branch shall coordinate with the Administrator of Gen-
7	eral Services to ensure that, not later than January 1, 2009,
8	the fuel actually used in the fleet of dual fueled vehicles used
9	by the agency is an alternative fuel.
10	(b) Waiver Authority.—
11	(1) Capability waiver.—
12	(A) AUTHORITY.—If the Secretary of Trans-
13	portation determines that not all of the dual
14	fueled vehicles can operate on alternative fuels at
15	all times, the Secretary may waive the require-
16	ment of subsection (a) in part, but only to the
17	extent that—
18	(i) not later than January 1, 2009, not
19	less than 50 percent of the total annual vol-
20	ume of fuel used in the dual fueled vehicles
21	shall be alternative fuels; and
22	(ii) not later than January 1, 2011,
23	not less than 75 percent of the total annual
24	volume of fuel used in the dual fueled vehi-
25	cles shall be alternative fuels.

1	(B) Expiration.—In no case may a waiver
2	under subparagraph (A) remain in effect after
3	December 31, 2012.
4	(2) REGIONAL FUEL AVAILABILITY WAIVER.—The
5	Secretary may waive the applicability of the require-
6	ment of subsection (a) to vehicles used by an agency
7	in a particular geographic area where the alternative
8	fuel otherwise required to be used in the vehicles is
9	not reasonably available to retail purchasers of the
10	fuel, as certified to the Secretary by the head of the
11	agency.
12	(c) Definitions.—In this section:
13	(1) Alternative fuel.—The term "alternative
14	fuel" has the meaning given that term in section
15	32901(a)(1) of title 49, United States Code.
16	(2) Dual fueled vehicle.—The term "dual
17	fueled vehicle" has the meaning given the term "dual
18	fueled automobile" in section 32901(a)(8) of title 49,
19	United States Code.
20	(3) Fleet.—The term "fleet", with respect to
21	dual fueled vehicles, has the meaning that is given
22	that term with respect to light duty motor vehicles in
23	section 301(9) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42
24	U.S.C. 13211(9)).

1	SEC. 807. HYBRID ELECTRIC AND FUEL CELL VEHICLES.
2	(a) Expansion of Scope.—The Secretary of Energy
3	shall expand the research and development program of the
4	Department of Energy on advanced technologies for improv-
5	ing the environmental cleanliness of vehicles to emphasize
6	research and development on the following:
7	(1) Fuel cells, including—
8	(A) high temperature membranes for fuel
9	cells; and
10	(B) fuel cell auxiliary power systems.
11	(2) Hydrogen storage.
12	(3) Advanced vehicle engine and emission control
13	systems.
14	(4) Advanced batteries and power electronics for
15	hybrid vehicles.
16	(5) Advanced fuels.
17	(6) Advanced materials.
18	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
19	authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy
20	for fiscal year 2003, the amount of \$225,000,000 for car-
21	rying out the expanded research and development program
22	provided for under this section.
23	SEC. 808. DIESEL FUELED VEHICLES.
24	(a) Diesel Combustion and After Treatment
25	Technologies.—The Secretary of Energy shall accelerate
26	research and development directed toward the improvement

1	of diesel combustion and after treatment technologies for use
2	in diesel fueled motor vehicles.
3	(b) Goal.—
4	(1) Compliance with tier 2 emission stand-
5	ARDS BY 2010.—The Secretary shall carry out sub-
6	section (a) with a view to developing and dem-
7	onstrating diesel technology meeting tier 2 emission
8	standards not later than 2010.
9	(2) Tier 2 emission standards defined.—In
10	this subsection, the term "tier 2 emission standards"
11	means the motor vehicle emission standards promul-
12	gated by the Administrator of the Environmental
13	Protection Agency on February 10, 2000, under sec-
14	tions 202 and 211 of the Clean Air Act to apply to
15	passenger cars, light trucks, and larger passenger ve-
16	hicles of model years after the 2003 vehicle model
17	year.
18	SEC. 809. FUEL CELL DEMONSTRATION.
19	(a) Program Required.—The Secretary of Energy
20	and the Secretary of Defense shall jointly carry out a pro-
21	gram to demonstrate—
22	(1) fuel cell technologies developed in the PNGV
23	and Freedom Car programs:

1	(2) fuel cell technologies developed in research
2	and development programs of the Department of De-
3	fense; and
4	(3) follow-on fuel cell technologies.
5	(b) Purposes of Program.—The purposes of the pro-
6	gram are to identify and support technological advances
7	that are necessary to achieve accelerated availability of fuel
8	cell technology for use both for nonmilitary and military
9	purposes.
10	(c) Cooperation With Industry.—
11	(1) In general.—The demonstration program
12	shall be carried out in cooperation with industry, in-
13	cluding the automobile manufacturing industry and
14	the automotive systems and component suppliers in-
15	dustry.
16	(2) Cost sharing.—The Secretary of Energy
17	and the Secretary of Defense shall provide for indus-
18	try to bear, in cash or in kind, at least one-half of
19	the total cost of carrying out the demonstration pro-
20	gram.
21	(d) Definitions.—In this section:
22	(1) PNGV PROGRAM.—The term "PNGV pro-
23	gram" means the Partnership for a New Generation
24	of Vehicles, a cooperative program engaged in by the
25	Departments of Commerce, Energy, Transportation,

and Defense, the Environmental Protection Agency,
the National Science Foundation, and the National
Aeronautics and Space Administration with the auto-
motive industry for the purpose of developing a new
generation of vehicles with capabilities resulting in
significantly improved fuel efficiency together with
low emissions without compromising the safety, per-
formance, affordability, or utility of the vehicles.
(2) Freedom car program.—The term "Free-
dom Car program" means a cooperative research pro-
gram engaged in by the Department of Energy with
the United States Council on Automotive Research as
a follow-on to the PNGV program.
SEC. 810. BUS REPLACEMENT.
(a) REQUIREMENT FOR STUDY.—The Secretary of
Transportation shall carry out a study to determine how
best to provide for converting the composition of the fleets
of buses in metropolitan areas and school systems from
buses utilizing current diesel technology to—
(1) buses that draw propulsion from onboard fuel
cells;
(2) buses that are hybrid electric vehicles;
(3) buses that are fueled by clean-burning fuels,

 $such\ as\ renewable\ fuels\ (including\ agriculture-based$ 

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1	biodiesel fuels), natural gas, and ultra-low sulphur
2	diesel;
3	(4) buses that are powered by clean diesel en-
4	gines: or
5	(5) an assortment of buses described in para-
6	graphs (1), (2), (3), and (4).
7	(b) Report.—
8	(1) Requirement.—The Secretary of Transpor-
9	tation shall submit a report on the results of the study
10	on bus fleet conversions under subsection (a) to Con-
11	gress.
12	(2) Content.—The report on bus fleet conver-
13	sions shall include the following:
14	(A) An assessment of effectuating conver-
15	sions by the following means:
16	(i) Replacement of buses.
17	(ii) Replacement of power and propul-
18	sion systems in buses utilizing current die-
19	$sel\ technology.$
20	(iii) Other means.
21	(B) Feasible schedules for carrying out the
22	conversions.
23	(C) Estimated costs of carrying out the con-
24	versions.

1	(D) An assessment of the benefits of the con-
2	versions in terms of emissions control and reduc-
3	tion of fuel consumption.
4	SEC. 811. AVERAGE FUEL ECONOMY STANDARDS FOR PICK-
5	UP TRUCKS.
6	(a) In General.—Section 32902(a) of title 49, United
7	States Code, is amended—
8	(1) by inserting "(1)" after the after "AUTO-
9	MOBILES.—"; and
10	(2) by adding at the end the following new para-
11	graph:
12	"(2) The average fuel economy standard for pickup
13	trucks manufactured by a manufacturer in a model year
14	after model year 2004 shall be no higher than 20.7 miles
15	per gallon. No average fuel economy standard prescribed
16	under another provision of this section shall apply to pick-
17	up trucks.".
18	(b) Definition Of Pickup Truck.—Section
19	32901(a) of such title is amended by adding at the end the
20	following new paragraph:
21	"(17) 'pickup truck' has the meaning given that
22	term in regulations prescribed by the Secretary for
23	the administration of this chapter, as in effect on
24	January 1, 2002, except that such term shall also in-
25	clude any additional vehicle that the Secretary de-

1	fines as a pickup truck in regulations prescribed for
2	the administration of this chapter after such date.".
3	SEC. 812. EXCEPTION TO HOV PASSENGER REQUIREMENTS
4	FOR ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES.
5	Section 102(a)(1) of title 23, United States Code, is
6	amended by inserting after "required" the following: "(un-
7	less, in the discretion of the State transportation depart-
8	ment, the vehicle is being operated on, or is being fueled
9	by, an alternative fuel (as defined in section 301(2) of the
10	Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13211(2)))".
11	SEC. 813. DATA COLLECTION.
12	Section 205 of the Department of Energy Organization
13	Act (42 U.S.C. 7135) is amended by adding at the end the
14	following:
15	"(m) In order to improve the ability to evaluate the
16	effectiveness of the Nation's renewable fuels mandate, the
17	Administrator shall conduct and publish the results of a
18	survey of renewable fuels consumption in the motor vehicle
19	fuels market in the United States monthly, and in a man-
20	ner designed to protect the confidentiality of individual re-
21	sponses. In conducting the survey, the Administrator shall
22	collect information retrospectively to 1998, both on a na-
23	tional basis and a regional basis, including—
24	(1) the quantity of renewable fuels produced;
25	(2) the cost of production;

1	(3) the cost of blending and marketing;
2	(4) the quantity of renewable fuels blended;
3	(5) the quantity of renewable fuels imported; and
4	(6) market price data.
5	SEC. 814. GREEN SCHOOL BUS PILOT PROGRAM.
6	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Energy and
7	the Secretary of Transportation shall jointly establish a
8	pilot program for awarding grants on a competitive basis
9	to eligible entities for the demonstration and commercial
10	application of alternative fuel school buses and ultra-low
11	sulfur diesel school buses.
12	(b) Requirements.—Not later than 3 months after
13	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall
14	establish and publish in the Federal Register grant require-
15	ments on eligibility for assistance, and on implementation
16	of the program established under subsection (a), including
17	certification requirements to ensure compliance with this
18	subtitle.
19	(c) Solicitation.—Not later than 6 months after the
20	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall solicit
21	proposals for grants under this section.
22	(d) Eligible Recipients.—A grant shall be awarded
23	under this section only—

1	(1) to a local governmental entity reconcible for
	(1) to a local governmental entity responsible for
2	providing school bus service for one or more public
3	school systems; or
4	(2) jointly to an entity described in paragraph
5	(1) and a contracting entity that provides school bus
6	service to the public school system or systems.
7	(e) Types of Grants.—
8	(1) In general.—Grants under this section
9	shall be for the demonstration and commercial appli-
10	cation of technologies to facilitate the use of alter-
11	native fuel school buses and ultra-low sulfur diesel
12	school buses instead of buses manufactured before
13	model year 1977 and diesel-powered buses manufac-
14	tured before model year 1991.
15	(2) No economic benefit.—Other than the re-
16	ceipt of the grant, a recipient of a grant under this
17	section may not receive any economic benefit in con-
18	nection with the receipt of the grant.
19	(3) Priority of Grant applications.—The
20	Secretary shall give priority to awarding grants to
21	applicants who can demonstrate the use of alternative

fuel buses and ultra-low sulfur diesel school buses in-

stead of buses manufactured before model year 1977.

(f) Conditions of Grant.—A grant provided under

22

23

1	(1) All buses acquired with funds provided under
2	the grant shall be operated as part of the school bus
3	fleet for which the grant was made for a minimum
4	of 5 years.
5	(2) Funds provided under the grant may only be
6	used—
7	(A) to pay the cost, except as provided in
8	paragraph (3), of new alternative fuel school
9	buses or ultra-low sulfur diesel school buses, in-
10	cluding State taxes and contract fees; and
11	(B) to provide—
12	(i) up to 10 percent of the price of the
13	alternative fuel buses acquired, for necessary
14	alternative fuel infrastructure if the infra-
15	structure will only be available to the grant
16	recipient; and
17	(ii) up to 15 percent of the price of the
18	alternative fuel buses acquired, for necessary
19	alternative fuel infrastructure if the infra-
20	structure will be available to the grant re-
21	cipient and to other bus fleets.
22	(3) The grant recipient shall be required to pro-
23	vide at least the lesser of 15 percent of the total cost
24	of each bus received or \$15,000 per bus.

1	(4) In the case of a grant recipient receiving a
2	grant to demonstrate ultra-low sulfur diesel school
3	buses, the grant recipient shall be required to provide
4	documentation to the satisfaction of the Secretary
5	that diesel fuel containing sulfur at not more than 15
6	parts per million is available for carrying out the
7	purposes of the grant, and a commitment by the ap-
8	plicant to use such fuel in carrying out the purposes
9	of the grant.
10	(g) Buses.—Funding under a grant made under this
11	section may only be used to demonstrate the use of new al-
12	ternative fuel school buses or ultra-low sulfur diesel school
13	buses that—
14	(1) have a gross vehicle weight greater than
15	14,000 pounds;
16	(2) are powered by a heavy duty engine;
17	(3) in the case of alternative fuel school buses,
18	emit not more than—
19	(A) for buses manufactured in model year
20	2002, 2.5 grams per brake horsepower-hour of
21	nonmethane hydrocarbons and oxides of nitrogen
22	and .01 grams per brake horsepower-hour of par-
23	ticulate matter; and
24	(B) for buses manufactured in model years
25	2003 through 2006, 1.8 grams per brake horse-

1	power-hour of nonmethane hydrocarbons and ox-
2	ides of nitrogen and .01 grams per brake horse-
3	power-hour of particulate matter; and
4	(4) in the case of ultra-low sulfur diesel school
5	buses, emit not more than the lesser of—
6	(A) the emissions of nonmethane hydro-
7	carbons, oxides of nitrogen, and particulate mat-
8	ter of the best performing technology of the same
9	class of ultra-low sulfur diesel school buses com-
10	mercially available at the time the grant is
11	$made;\ or$
12	(B) the applicable following amounts—
13	(i) for buses manufactured in model
14	year 2002 or 2003, 3.0 grams per brake
15	horsepower-hour of oxides of nitrogen and
16	.01 grams per brake horsepower-hour of
17	particulate matter; and
18	(ii) for buses manufactured in model
19	years 2004 through 2006, 2.5 grams per
20	brake horsepower-hour of nonmethane hy-
21	drocarbons and oxides of nitrogen and .01
22	grams per brake horsepower-hour of partic-
23	ulate matter.
24	(h) Deployment and Distribution.—The Secretary
25	shall seek to the maximum extent practicable to achieve na-

1	tionwide deployment of alternative fuel school buses through
2	the program under this section, and shall ensure a broad
3	geographic distribution of grant awards, with a goal of no
4	State receiving more than 10 percent of the grant funding
5	made available under this section for a fiscal year.
6	(i) Limit on Funding.—The Secretary shall provide
7	not less than 20 percent and not more than 25 percent of
8	the grant funding made available under this section for any
9	fiscal year for the acquisition of ultra-low sulfur diesel
10	school buses.
11	(j) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
12	(1) the term "alternative fuel school bus" means
13	a bus powered substantially by electricity (including
14	electricity supplied by a fuel cell), or by liquefied nat-
15	ural gas, compressed natural gas, liquefied petroleum
16	gas, hydrogen, propane, or methanol or ethanol at no
17	less than 85 percent by volume;
18	(2) the term "idling" means not turning off an
19	engine while remaining stationary for more than ap-
20	proximately 3 minutes; and
21	(3) the term "ultra-low sulfur diesel school bus"
22	means a school bus powered by diesel fuel which con-
23	tains sulfur at not more than 15 parts per million.
24	(k) Reduction of School Bus Idling.—Each local
25	educational agency (as defined in section 9101 of the Ele-

1	mentary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C
2	7801)) that receives Federal funds under the Elementary
3	and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 e
4	seq.) is encouraged to develop a policy to reduce the inci
5	dence of school buses idling at schools when picking up and
6	unloading students.
7	SEC. 815. FUEL CELL BUS DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRA
8	TION PROGRAM.
9	(a) Establishment of Program.—The Secretary
10	shall establish a program for entering into cooperative
11	agreements with private sector fuel cell bus developers for
12	the development of fuel cell-powered school buses, and subse
13	quently with not less than two units of local governmen
14	using natural gas-powered school buses and such private
15	sector fuel cell bus developers to demonstrate the use of fue
16	cell-powered school buses.
17	(b) Cost Sharing.—The non-Federal contribution for
18	activities funded under this section shall be not less than—
19	(1) 20 percent for fuel infrastructure develop
20	ment activities; and
21	(2) 50 percent for demonstration activities and
22	for development activities not described in paragraph
23	(1).
24	(c) Funding.—No more than \$25,000,000 of the

25 amounts authorized under section 815 may be used for car-

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rying out this section for the period encompassing fiscal
   years 2003 through 2006.
 3
        (d) Reports to Congress.—Not later than 3 years
    after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not later
    than October 1, 2006, the Secretary shall transmit to the
    appropriate congressional committees a report that—
 7
             (1) evaluates the process of converting natural
 8
        gas infrastructure to accommodate fuel cell-powered
 9
        school buses: and
10
             (2) assesses the results of the development and
11
        demonstration program under this section.
12
    SEC. 816. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
13
        There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
14
    retary of Energy for carrying out sections 814 and 815,
    to remain available until expended—
16
             (1) $50,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
17
             (2) $60,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;
18
             (3) $70,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
19
             (4) $80,000,000 for fiscal year 2006.
20
    SEC. 817. TEMPORARY BIODIESEL CREDIT EXPANSION.
21
        (a) BIODIESEL CREDIT EXPANSION.—Section 312(b)
    of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13220(b)) is
    amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the fol-
   lowing:
24
25
             "(2) USE.—
```

1	"(A) In General.—A fleet or covered
2	person—
3	"(i) may use credits allocated under
4	subsection (a) to satisfy more than 50 per-
5	cent of the alternative fueled vehicle require-
6	ments of a fleet or covered person under this
7	title, title IV, and title V; but
8	"(ii) may use credits allocated under
9	subsection (a) to satisfy 100 percent of the
10	alternative fueled vehicle requirements of a
11	fleet or covered person under title V for 1 or
12	more of model years 2002 through 2005.
13	(B) Applicability.—Subparagraph $(A)$
14	does not apply to a fleet or covered person that
15	is a biodiesel alternative fuel provider described
16	in section $501(a)(2)(A)$ .".
17	(b) Treatment as Section 508 Credits.—Section
18	312(c) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C.
19	13220(c)) is amended—
20	(1) in the subsection heading, by striking
21	"Credit not" and inserting "Treatment as"; and
22	(2) by striking "shall not be considered" and in-
23	serting "shall be treated as".
24	(c) Alternative Fueled Vehicle Study and Re-
25	PORT.—

1	(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
2	(A) Alternative fuel.—The term "alter-
3	native fuel" has the meaning given the term in
4	section 301 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42
5	U.S.C. 13211).
6	(B) Alternative fueled vehicle.—The
7	term "alternative fueled vehicle" has the mean-
8	ing given the term in section 301 of the Energy
9	Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13211).
10	(C) Light duty motor vehicle.—The
11	term 'light duty motor vehicle' has the meaning
12	given the term in section 301 of the Energy Pol-
13	icy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13211).
14	(D) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
15	means the Secretary of Energy.
16	(2) Biodiesel credit extension study.—As
17	soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this
18	Act, the Secretary shall conduct a study—
19	(A) to determine the availability and cost of
20	light duty motor vehicles that qualify as alter-
21	native fueled vehicles under title V of the Energy
22	Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13251 et seq.);
23	and
24	(B) to compare—

1	(i) the availability and cost of bio-
2	diesel; with
3	(ii) the availability and cost of fuels
4	that qualify as alternative fuels under title
5	V of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42
6	U.S.C. 13251 et seq.).
7	(3) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
8	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall sub-
9	mit to Congress a report that—
10	(A) describes the results of the study con-
11	ducted under paragraph (2); and
12	(B) includes any recommendations of the
13	Secretary for legislation to extend the temporary
14	credit provided under subsection (a) beyond
15	model year 2005.
16	SEC. 818. NEIGHBORHOOD ELECTRIC VEHICLES.
17	Section 301 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42
18	U.S.C. 13211) is amended—
19	(1) by striking "or a dual fueled vehicle" and in-
20	serting ", a dual fueled vehicle, or a neighborhood
21	electric vehicle";
22	(2) by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
23	(13);
24	(3) by striking the period at the end of subpara-
25	graph (14) and inserting "; and"; and

1	(4) by adding at the end the following:
2	"(15) the term 'neighborhood electric vehicle'
3	means a motor vehicle that qualifies as both—
4	"(A) a low-speed vehicle, as such term is de-
5	fined in section 571.3(b) of title 49, Code of Fed-
6	eral Regulations; and
7	"(B) a zero-emission vehicle, as such term is
8	defined in section 86.1703-99 of title 40, Code of
9	Federal Regulations.".
10	SEC. 819. CREDIT FOR HYBRID VEHICLES, DEDICATED AL-
11	TERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES, AND INFRA-
12	STRUCTURE.
13	Section 507 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42
14	U.S.C. 13258) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"(p) Credits for New Qualified Hybrid Motor
17	Vehicles.—
18	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
19	"(A) 2000 MODEL YEAR CITY FUEL EFFI-
20	CIENCY.—The term '2000 model year city fuel ef-
21	ficiency', with respect to a motor vehicle, means
22	fuel efficiency determined in accordance with the
23	following tables:
24	"(i) In the case of a passenger auto-
25	mobile:

The 2000 model year city

	"If vehicle inertia weight class is:	fuel efficiency is:
	1,500 or 1,750 lbs	
	2,000 lbs	38.3 mpg
	2,250 lbs	2 0
	2,500 lbs	2 0
	2,750 lbs	2 0
	3,000 lbs	2 0
	3,500 lbs	2 0
	4,000 lbs	
	4,500 lbs	17.2 mpg
	5,000 lbs	15.5 mpg
	5,500 lbs	14.1 mpg
	6,000 lbs	12.9 mpg
	6,500 lbs	11.9 mpg
	7,000 to 8,500 lbs	
1	"(ii) In the case "If vehicle inertia weight class is:	The 2000 model year city fuel efficiency is:
	1,500 or 1,750 lbs	2 0
	2,000 lbs	
	2,250 lbs	
	2,500 lbs	
	2,750 lbs	
	3,000 lbs	
	3,500 lbs	
	4,000 lbs	
	4,500 lbs	
	5,000 lbs	
	5,500 lbs	
	6,500 lbs	2 0
	7,000 to 8,500 lbs	2 0
	7,000 to 0,300 tos	12.0 тру.
2	"(B) Administrator	.—The term 'Adminis-
3	trator' means the Adminis	trator of the Environ-
4	mental Protection Agency.	
5	"(C) Energy storag	GE DEVICE.—The term
6	'energy storage device' m	eans an onboard re-
7	chargeable energy storage s	system or similar stor-
8	$age\ device.$	
9	"(D) FUEL EFFICIENC	CY.—The term 'fuel ef-
10	ficiency' means the percent	tage increased fuel effi-

1	ciency specified in table 1 in paragraph $(2)(C)$
2	over the average 2000 model year city fuel effi-
3	ciency of vehicles in the same weight class.
4	"(E) Maximum available power.—The
5	term 'maximum available power', with respect to
6	a new qualified hybrid motor vehicle that is a
7	passenger vehicle or light truck, means the
8	quotient obtained by dividing—
9	"(i) the maximum power available
10	from the electrical storage device of the new
11	qualified hybrid motor vehicle, during a
12	standard 10-second pulse power or equiva-
13	lent test; by
14	"(ii) the sum of—
15	"(I) the maximum power de-
16	scribed in clause (i); and
17	"(II) the net power of the internal
18	combustion or heat engine, as deter-
19	mined in accordance with standards
20	established by the Society of Auto-
21	$mobile\ Engineers.$
22	"(F) Motor vehicle.—The term 'motor
23	vehicle' has the meaning given the term in sec-
24	tion 216 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7550).

1	"(G) New qualified hybrid motor vehi-
2	CLE.—The term 'new qualified hybrid motor ve-
3	hicle' means a motor vehicle that—
4	"(i) draws propulsion energy from
5	both—
6	"(I) an internal combustion en-
7	gine (or heat engine that uses combus-
8	tible fuel); and
9	"(II) an energy storage device;
10	"(ii) in the case of a passenger auto-
11	mobile or light truck—
12	"(I) in the case of a 2001 or later
13	model vehicle, receives a certificate of
14	conformity under the Clean Air Act
15	(42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) and produces
16	emissions at a level that is at or below
17	the applicable qualifying California
18	low emissions vehicle standards estab-
19	lished under authority of section
20	243(e)(2) of the Clean Air Act (42)
21	U.S.C. 7583(e)(2)) for that make and
22	model year; and
23	"(II) in the case of a 2004 or
24	later model vehicle, is certified by the
25	Administrator as producing emissions

1	at a level that is at or below the level
2	established for Bin 5 vehicles in the
3	Tier 2 regulations promulgated by the
4	Administrator under section 202(i) of
5	the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7521(i))
6	for that make and model year vehicle;
7	and
8	"(iii) employs a vehicle braking system
9	that recovers waste energy to charge an en-
10	ergy storage device.
11	"(H) Vehicle inertia weight class.—
12	The term 'vehicle inertia weight class' has the
13	meaning given the term in regulations promul-
14	gated by the Administrator for purposes of the
15	administration of title II of the Clean Air Act
16	(42 U.S.C. 7521 et seq.).
17	"(2) Allocation.—
18	"(A) In General.—The Secretary shall al-
19	locate a partial credit to a fleet or covered person
20	under this title if the fleet or person acquires a
21	new qualified hybrid motor vehicle that is eligi-
22	ble to receive a credit under each of the tables in
23	subparagraph (C).
24	"(B) Amount.—The amount of a partial
25	credit allocated under subparagraph (A) for a

1	vehicle described in that subparagraph sha	ll be
2	equal to the sum of—	
3	"(i) the partial credits determ	iined
4	under table 1 in subparagraph (C); and	Į.
5	"(ii) the partial credits determ	iined
6	under table 2 in subparagraph (C).	
7	"(C) TABLES.—The tables referred to	o in
8	subparagraphs (A) and (B) are as follows:	
	"Table 1	- 4
		ınt of redit:
	fuel efficiency At least 150% but less than 175% of 2000 model year city	0.14
	fuel efficiency	0.21
	fuel efficiency	0.28
	fuel efficiency	0.35 0.50.
	"Table 2	
	Amou	int of redit: 0.125
	At least 10% but less than 20%	0.125 $0.250$
	At least 20% but less than 30%	0.375
	At least 30% or more	0.500.
9	"(D) USE OF CREDITS.—At the request	of a
10	fleet or covered person allocated a credit u	ınder
11	this subsection, the Secretary shall, for the	year
12	in which the acquisition of the qualified hy	jbrid
13	motor vehicle is made, treat that credit as th	e ac-
14	quisition of 1 alternative fueled vehicle tha	t the

1	fleet or covered person is required to acquire
2	under this title.
3	"(3) Regulations.—The Secretary shall pro-
4	mulgate regulations under which any Federal fleet
5	that acquires a new qualified hybrid motor vehicle
6	will receive partial credits determined under the ta-
7	bles contained in paragraph (2)(C) for purposes of
8	meeting the requirements of section 303.
9	"(q) Credit for Substantial Contribution To-
10	Wards Use of Dedicated Vehicles in Noncovered
11	FLEETS.—
12	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
13	"(A) Dedicated vehicle.—The term
14	'dedicated vehicle' includes—
15	"(i) a light, medium, or heavy duty ve-
16	hicle; and
17	"(ii) a neighborhood electric vehicle.
18	"(B) Medium or heavy duty vehicle.—
19	The term 'medium or heavy duty vehicle' in-
20	cludes a vehicle that—
21	"(i) operates solely on alternative fuel;
22	and
23	" $(ii)(I)$ in the case of a medium duty
24	vehicle, has a gross vehicle weight rating of

1	more than 8,500 pounds but not more than
2	14,000 pounds; or
3	"(II) in the case of a heavy duty vehi-
4	cle, has a gross vehicle weight rating of
5	more than 14,000 pounds.
6	"(C) Substantial contribution.—The
7	term 'substantial contribution' (equal to 1 full
8	credit) means not less than \$15,000 in cash or
9	in kind services, as determined by the Secretary.
10	"(2) Issuance of credits.—The Secretary
11	shall issue a credit to a fleet or covered person under
12	this title if the fleet or person makes a substantial
13	contribution toward the acquisition and use of dedi-
14	cated vehicles by a person that owns, operates, leases,
15	or otherwise controls a fleet that is not covered by this
16	title.
17	"(3) Multiple credits for medium and
18	HEAVY DUTY DEDICATED VEHICLES.—The Secretary
19	shall issue 2 full credits to a fleet or covered person
20	under this title if the fleet or person acquires a me-
21	dium or heavy duty dedicated vehicle.
22	"(4) Use of credits.—At the request of a fleet
23	or covered person allocated a credit under this sub-
24	section, the Secretary shall, for the year in which the
25	acquisition of the dedicated vehicle is made, treat that

1	credit as the acquisition of 1 alternative fueled vehicle
2	that the fleet or covered person is required to acquire
3	under this title.
4	"(5) Limitation.—Per vehicle credits acquired
5	under this subsection shall not exceed the per vehicle
6	credits allowed under this section to a fleet for quali-
7	fying vehicles in each of the weight categories (light,
8	medium, or heavy duty).
9	"(r) Credit for Substantial Investment in Al-
10	TERNATIVE FUEL INFRASTRUCTURE.—
11	"(1) Definitions.—In this section, the term
12	'qualifying infrastructure' means—
13	"(A) equipment required to refuel or re-
14	charge alternative fueled vehicles;
15	"(B) facilities or equipment required to
16	maintain, repair, or operate alternative fueled
17	vehicles;
18	"(C) training programs, educational mate-
19	rials, or other activities necessary to provide in-
20	formation regarding the operation, maintenance,
21	or benefits associated with alternative fueled ve-
22	hicles; and
23	"(D) such other activities the Secretary con-
24	siders to constitute an appropriate expenditure
25	in support of the operation, maintenance, or fur-

1	ther widespread adoption of or utilization of al-
2	ternative fueled vehicles.
3	"(2) Issuance of credits.—The Secretary
4	shall issue a credit to a fleet or covered person under
5	this title for investment in qualifying infrastructure
6	if the qualifying infrastructure is open to the general
7	public during regular business hours.
8	"(3) Amount.—For the purposes of credits
9	under this subsection—
10	"(A) 1 credit shall be equal to a minimum
11	investment of \$25,000 in cash or in kind serv-
12	ices, as determined by the Secretary; and
13	"(B) except in the case of a Federal or State
14	fleet, no part of the investment may be provided
15	by Federal or State funds.
16	"(4) USE OF CREDITS.—At the request of a fleet
17	or covered person allocated a credit under this sub-
18	section, the Secretary shall, for the year in which the
19	investment is made, treat that credit as the acquisi-
20	tion of 1 alternative fueled vehicle that the fleet or
21	covered person is required to acquire under this
22	title.".
23	SEC. 820. RENEWABLE CONTENT OF MOTOR VEHICLE FUEL.
24	(a) In General.—Section 211 of the Clean Air Act
25	(42 U.S.C. 7545) is amended—

1	(1) by redesignating subsection (o) as subsection
2	(q); and
3	(2) by inserting after subsection (n) the fol-
4	lowing:
5	"(o) Renewable Fuel Pprogram.—
6	"(1) Definitions.—In this section:
7	"(A) Cellulosic biomass ethanol.—The
8	term 'cellulosic biomass ethanol' means ethanol
9	derived from any lignocellulosic or hemicellulosic
10	matter that is available on a renewable or recur-
11	ring basis, including—
12	"(i) dedicated energy crops and trees;
13	"(ii) wood and wood residues;
14	"(iii) plants;
15	"(iv) grasses;
16	"(v) agricultural residues;
17	"(vi) fibers;
18	"(vii) animal wastes and other waste
19	materials; and
20	"(viii) municipal solid waste.
21	"(B) Renewable fuel.—
22	"(i) In General.—The term 'renew-
23	able fuel' means motor vehicle fuel that—
24	"(I)(aa) is produced from grain,
25	starch, oilseeds, or other biomass; or

1	"(bb) is natural gas produced
2	from a biogas source, including a land-
3	fill, sewage waste treatment plant,
4	feedlot, or other place where decaying
5	organic material is found; and
6	"(II) is used to replace or reduce
7	the quantity of fossil fuel present in a
8	fuel mixture used to operate a motor
9	vehicle.
10	"(ii) Inclusion.—The term 'renewable
11	fuel' includes cellulosic biomass ethanol and
12	biodiesel (as defined in section 312(f) of the
13	Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C.
14	13220(f)).
15	"(C) Small refinery.—The term 'small
16	refinery' means a refinery for which average ag-
17	gregate daily crude oil throughput for the cal-
18	endar year (as determined by dividing the aggre-
19	gate throughput for the calendar year by the
20	number of days in the calendar year) does not
21	exceed 75,000 barrels.
22	"(2) Renewable fuel program.—
23	"(A) In general.—Not later than 1 year
24	from enactment of this provision, the Adminis-
25	trator shall promulgate regulations ensuring that

gasoline sold or dispensed to consumers in the United States, on an annual average basis, contains the applicable volume of renewable fuel as specified in subparagraph (B). Regardless of the date of promulgation, such regulations shall contain compliance provisions for refiners, blenders, and importers, as appropriate, to ensure that the requirements of this section are met, but shall not restrict where renewables can be used, or impose any per-gallon obligation for the use of renewables. If the Administrator does not promulgate such regulations, the applicable percentage, on a volume percentage of gasoline basis, shall be 1.62 in 2004.

### "(B) APPLICABLE VOLUME.—

(i) CALENDAR YEARS 2004 THROUGH 2012.—For the purpose of subparagraph (A), the applicable volume for any of calendar years 2004 through 2012 shall be determined in accordance with the following table:

#### Applicable volume of renewable fuel

'Calendar year:	(In billions of gallons)	
2004		3
2005		6
2006		9
2007		2
2008		5
2009		9
2010	4.	3

2011	
2012	1
THEREAFTER.—For the purpose of subpara-	2
graph (A), the applicable volume for cal-	3
endar year 2013 and each calendar year	4
thereafter shall be equal to the product ob-	5
tained by multiplying—	6
"(I) the number of gallons of gaso-	7
line that the Administrator estimates	8
will be sold or introduced into com-	9
merce in the calendar year; and	10
"(II) the ratio that—	11
"(aa) 5.0 billion gallons of	12
renewable fuels; bears to	13
"(bb) the number of gallons	14
of gasoline sold or introduced into	15
commerce in calendar year 2012.	16
"(3) Applicable percentages.—Not later	17
than October 31 of each calendar year, through 2011,	18
the Administrator of the Energy Information Admin-	19
istration shall provide the Administrator an estimate	20
of the volumes of gasoline sales in the United States	21
for the coming calendar year. Based on such esti-	22
mates, the Administrator shall by November 30 of	23
each calendar year, through 2011, determine and pub-	24

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lish in the Federal Register, the renewable fuel obligation, on a volume percentage of gasoline basis, applicable to refiners, blenders, distributors and importers, as appropriate, for the coming calendar year, to ensure that the requirements of paragraph (2) are met. For each calendar year, the Administrator shall establish a single applicable percentage that applies to all parties, and make provision to avoid redundant obligations. In determining the applicable percentages, the Administrator shall make adjustments to account for the use of renewable fuels by exempt small refineries during the previous year.

"(4) Cellulosic biomass ethanol.—For the purpose of paragraph (2), 1 gallon of cellulosic biomass ethanol shall be considered to be the equivalent of 1.5 gallon of renewable fuel.

#### "(5) CREDIT PROGRAM.—

"(A) In General.—The regulations promulgated to carry out this subsection shall provide for the generation of an appropriate amount of credits by any person that refines, blends, or imports gasoline that contains a quantity of renewable fuel that is greater than the quantity required under paragraph (2). Such regulations shall provide for the generation of an

1	appropriate amount of credits for biodiesel fuel.
2	If a small refinery notifies the Administrator
3	that it waives the exemption provided by this
4	Act, the regulations shall provide for the genera-
5	tion of credits by the small refinery beginning in
6	the year following such notification.
7	"(B) Use of credits.—A person that gen-
8	erates credits under subparagraph (A) may use
9	the credits, or transfer all or a portion of the
10	credits to another person, for the purpose of com-
11	plying with paragraph (2).
12	"(C) Life of credits.—A credit generated
13	under this paragraph shall be valid to show com-
14	pliance:
15	(i) in the calendar year in which the
16	credit was generated or the next calendar
17	year, or
18	(ii) in the calendar year in which the
19	credit was generated or next two consecutive
20	calendar years if the Administrator promul-
21	gates regulations under paragraph (6).
22	"(D) Inability to purchase sufficient
23	CREDITS.—The regulations promulgated to carry
24	out this subsection shall include provisions al-
25	lowing any person that is unable to generate or

purchase sufficient credits to meet the require-ments under paragraph (2) to carry forward a renewables deficit provided that, in the calendar year following the year in which the renewables deficit is created, such person shall achieve com-pliance with the renewables requirement under paragraph (2), and shall generate or purchase additional renewables credits to offset the renew-ables deficit of the previous year.

"(6) Seasonal variations in renewable fuel use.—

"(A) STUDY.—For each of calendar years 2004 through 2012, the Administrator of the Energy Information Administration, shall conduct a study of renewable fuels blending to determine whether there are excessive seasonal variations in the use of renewable fuels.

"(B) REGULATION OF EXCESSIVE SEASONAL VARIATIONS.—If, for any calendar year, the Administrator of the Energy Information Administration, based on the study under subparagraph (A), makes the determinations specified in subparagraph (C), the Administrator shall promulgate regulations to ensure that 35 percent or more of the quantity of renewable fuels necessary

1	to meet the requirement of paragraph (2) is used
2	during each of the periods specified in subpara-
3	graph (D) of each subsequent calendar year.
4	"(C) Determinations.—The determina-
5	tions referred to in subparagraph (B) are that—
6	"(i) less than 35 percent of the quan-
7	tity of renewable fuels necessary to meet the
8	requirement of paragraph (2) has been used
9	during one of the periods specified in sub-
10	paragraph (D) of the calendar year; and
11	"(ii) a pattern of excessive seasonal
12	variation described in clause (i) will con-
13	tinue in subsequent calendar years.
14	"(D) Periods.—The two periods referred to
15	in this paragraph are—
16	"(i) April through September; and
17	"(ii) January through March and Oc-
18	tober through December.
19	"(E) Exclusions.—Renewable fuels blend-
20	ed or consumed in 2004 in a state which has re-
21	ceived a waiver under section 209(b) shall not be
22	included in the study in subparagraph (A).
23	"(7) Waivers.—
24	"(A) In general.—The Administrator, in
25	consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture

1	and the Secretary of Energy, may waive the re-
2	quirement of paragraph (2) in whole or in part
3	on petition by one or more States by reducing
4	the national quantity of renewable fuel required
5	under this subsection—
6	"(i) based on a determination by the
7	Administrator, after public notice and op-
8	portunity for comment, that implementa-
9	tion of the requirement would severely harm
10	the economy or environment of a State, a
11	region, or the United States; or
12	"(ii) based on a determination by the
13	Administrator, after public notice and op-
14	portunity for comment, that there is an in-
15	adequate domestic supply or distribution
16	capacity to meet the requirement.
17	"(B) Petitions for Waivers.—The Ad-
18	ministrator, in consultation with the Secretary
19	of Agriculture and the Secretary of Energy, shall
20	approve or disapprove a State petition for a
21	waiver of the requirement of paragraph (2) with-
22	in 90 days after the date on which the petition
23	is received by the Administrator.
24	"(C) Termination of waivers.—A waiver
25	granted under subparagraph (A) shall terminate

after 1 year, but may be renewed by the Administrator after consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of Energy.

> "(8) Study and waiver for initial year of PROGRAM.—Not later than 180 days from enactment, the Secretary of Energy shall complete for the Administrator a study assessing whether the renewable fuels requirement under paragraph (2) will likely result in significant adverse consumer impacts in 2004, on a national, regional or state basis. Such study shall evaluate renewable fuel supplies and prices, blendstock supplies, and supply and distribution system capabilities. Based on such study, the Secretary shall make specific recommendations to the Administrator regarding waiver of the requirements of paragraph (2), in whole or in part, to avoid any such adverse impacts. Within 270 days from enactment, the Administrator shall, consistent with the recommendations of the Secretary waive, in whole or in part, the renewable fuels requirement under paragraph (2) by reducing the national quantity of renewable fuel required under this subsection in 2004. This provision shall not be interpreted as limiting the Administrator's authority to waive the requirements of para-

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graph (2) in whole, or in part, under paragraph (7),
 pertaining to waivers.

# "(9) Small refineries.—

"(A) In GENERAL.—The requirement of paragraph (2) shall not apply to small refineries until January 1, 2008. Not later than December 31, 2006, the Secretary of Energy shall complete for the Administrator a study to determine whether the requirement of paragraph (2) would impose a disproportionate economic hardship on small refineries. For any small refinery that the Secretary of Energy determines would experience a disproportionate economic hardship, the Administrator shall extend the small refinery exemption for such small refinery for no less than two additional years.

## "(B) Economic hardship.—

"(i) Extension of exemption.—A small refinery may at any time petition the Administrator for an extension of the exemption from the requirement of paragraph (2) for the reason of disproportionate economic hardship. In evaluating a hardship petition, the Administrator, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy, shall consider

1	the findings of the study in addition to
2	other economic factors.
3	"(ii) Deadline for action on peti-
4	Tions.—The Administrator shall act on
5	any petition submitted by a small refinery
6	for a hardship exemption not later than 90
7	days after the receipt of the petition.
8	"(C) Credit program.—If a small refin-
9	ery notifies the Administrator that it waives the
10	exemption provided by this Act, the regulations
11	shall provide for the generation of credits by the
12	small refinery beginning in the year following
13	such notification.
14	"(D) Opt-in for small refiners.—A
15	small refinery shall be subject to the require-
16	ments of this section if it notifies the Adminis-
17	trator that it waives the exemption under sub-
18	paragraph (A).
19	(b) Penalties and Enforcement.—Section 211(d)
20	of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7545(d)) is amended—
21	(1) in paragraph (1)—
22	(A) in the first sentence, by striking "or
23	(n)" each place it appears and inserting "(n) or
24	(o)"; and

1	(B) in the second sentence, by striking "or
2	(m)" and inserting "(m), or (o)"; and
3	(2) in the first sentence of paragraph (2), by
4	striking "and (n)" each place it appears and insert-
5	ing "(n), and (o)".
6	(c) Exclusion From Ethanol Waiver.—Section
7	211(h) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7545(h)) is
8	amended—
9	(1) by redesignating paragraph (5) as para-
10	graph (6); and
11	(2) by inserting after paragraph (4) the fol-
12	lowing:
13	"(5) Exclusion from ethanol waiver.—
14	"(A) Promulgation of regulations.—
15	Upon notification, accompanied by supporting
16	documentation, from the Governor of a State
17	that the Reid vapor pressure limitation estab-
18	lished by paragraph (4) will increase emissions
19	that contribute to air pollution in any area in
20	the State, the Administrator shall, by regulation,
21	apply, in lieu of the Reid vapor pressure limita-
22	tion established by paragraph (4), the Reid
23	vapor pressure limitation established by para-
24	graph (1) to all fuel blends containing gasoline
25	and 10 percent denatured anhydrous ethanol

1	that are sold, offered for sale, dispensed, sup-
2	plied, offered for supply, transported or intro-
3	duced into commerce in the area during the high
4	ozone season.
5	"(B) Deadline for promulgation.—The
6	Administrator shall promulgate regulations
7	under subparagraph (A) not later than 90 days
8	after the date of receipt of a notification from a
9	Governor under that subparagraph.
10	"(C) Effective date.—
11	"(i) In general.—With respect to an
12	area in a State for which the Governor sub-
13	mits a notification under subparagraph
14	(A), the regulations under that subpara-
15	graph shall take effect on the later of—
16	"(I) the first day of the first high
17	ozone season for the area that begins
18	after the date of receipt of the notifica-
19	$tion;\ or$
20	"(II) 1 year after the date of re-
21	ceipt of the notification.
22	"(ii) Extension of effective date
23	BASED ON DETERMINATION OF INSUFFI-
24	CIENT SUPPLY—

1	"(I) In general.—If, after re-
2	ceipt of a notification with respect to
3	an area from a Governor of a State
4	under subparagraph (A), the Adminis-
5	trator determines, on the Administra-
6	tor's own motion or on petition of any
7	person and after consultation with the
8	Secretary of Energy, that the promul-
9	gation of regulations described in sub-
10	paragraph (A) would result in an in-
11	sufficient supply of gasoline in the
12	State, the Administrator, by
13	regulation—
14	"(aa) shall extend the effec-
15	tive date of the regulations under
16	clause (i) with respect to the area
17	for not more than 1 year; and
18	"(bb) may renew the exten-
19	sion under item (aa) for two ad-
20	ditional periods, each of which
21	shall not exceed 1 year.
22	"(II) Deadline for action on
23	PETITIONS.—The Administrator shall
24	act on any petition submitted under
25	subclause (I) not later than 180 days

1	after the date of receipt of the peti-
2	tion.".
3	(d) Survey of Renewable Fuel Market.—
4	(1) Survey and report.—Not later than De-
5	cember 1, 2005, and annually thereafter, the Admin-
6	istrator shall—
7	(A) conduct, with respect to each conven-
8	tional gasoline use area and each reformulated
9	gasoline use area in each State, a survey to de-
10	termine the market shares of—
11	(i) conventional gasoline containing
12	ethanol;
13	(ii) reformulated gasoline containing
14	ethanol;
15	(iii) conventional gasoline containing
16	renewable fuel; and
17	(iv) reformulated gasoline containing
18	renewable fuel; and
19	(B) submit to Congress, and make publicly
20	available, a report on the results of the survey
21	under subparagraph (A).
22	(2) Recordkeeping and reporting require-
23	MENTS.—The Administrator may require any refiner,
24	blender, or importer to keep such records and make
25	such reports as are necessary to ensure that the survey

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- conducted under paragraph (1) is accurate. The Administrator shall rely, to the extent practicable, on existing reporting and recordkeeping requirements to avoid duplicative requirements.
  - (3) APPLICABLE LAW.—Activities carried out under this subsection shall be conducted in a manner designed to protect confidentiality of individual responses.

# (e) Renewable Fuels Safe Harbor.—

(1) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provision of federal or state law, no renewable fuel, as defined by this Act, used or intended to be used as a motor vehicle fuel, nor any motor vehicle fuel containing such renewable fuel, shall be deemed defective in design or manufacture by virtue of the fact that it is, or contains, such a renewable fuel, if it does not violate a control or prohibition imposed by the Administrator under section 211 of the Clean Air Act, as amended by this Act, and the manufacturer is in compliance with all requests for information under section 211(b) of the Clean Air Act, as amended by this Act. In the event that the safe harbor under this section does not apply, the existence of a design defect or manufacturing defect shall be determined under otherwise applicable law.

1	(2) Exceptions.—This subsection shall not
2	apply to ethers.
3	(3) Effective date.—This subsection shall be
4	effective as of the date of enactment and shall apply
5	with respect to all claims filed on or after that date.
6	SEC. 820A. FEDERAL AGENCY ETHANOL-BLENDED GASO-
7	LINE AND BIODIESEL PURCHASING REQUIRE-
8	MENT.
9	Title III of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 is amended
10	by striking section 306 (42 U.S.C. 13215) and inserting the
11	following:
12	"SEC. 306. FEDERAL AGENCY ETHANOL-BLENDED GASOLINE
13	AND BIODIESEL PURCHASING REQUIREMENT.
	AND BIODIESEL PURCHASING REQUIREMENT.  "(a) ETHANOL-BLENDED GASOLINE.—The head of
14	
	"(a) Ethanol-Blended Gasoline.—The head of
14 15	"(a) Ethanol-Blended Gasoline.—The head of each Federal agency shall ensure that, in areas in which ethanol-blended gasoline is reasonably available at a gen-
14 15 16 17	"(a) Ethanol-Blended Gasoline.—The head of each Federal agency shall ensure that, in areas in which ethanol-blended gasoline is reasonably available at a gen-
14 15 16 17 18	"(a) ETHANOL-BLENDED GASOLINE.—The head of each Federal agency shall ensure that, in areas in which ethanol-blended gasoline is reasonably available at a generally competitive price, the Federal agency purchases eth-
14 15 16 17	"(a) ETHANOL-BLENDED GASOLINE.—The head of each Federal agency shall ensure that, in areas in which ethanol-blended gasoline is reasonably available at a generally competitive price, the Federal agency purchases ethanol-blended gasoline containing at least 10 percent ethanol
14 15 16 17 18	"(a) ETHANOL-BLENDED GASOLINE.—The head of each Federal agency shall ensure that, in areas in which ethanol-blended gasoline is reasonably available at a generally competitive price, the Federal agency purchases ethanol-blended gasoline containing at least 10 percent ethanol rather than nonethanol-blended gasoline, for use in vehicles
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	"(a) ETHANOL-BLENDED GASOLINE.—The head of each Federal agency shall ensure that, in areas in which ethanol-blended gasoline is reasonably available at a generally competitive price, the Federal agency purchases ethanol-blended gasoline containing at least 10 percent ethanol rather than nonethanol-blended gasoline, for use in vehicles used by the agency that use gasoline.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"(a) Ethanol-Blended Gasoline.—The head of each Federal agency shall ensure that, in areas in which ethanol-blended gasoline is reasonably available at a generally competitive price, the Federal agency purchases ethanol-blended gasoline containing at least 10 percent ethanol rather than nonethanol-blended gasoline, for use in vehicles used by the agency that use gasoline.  "(b) Biodiesel.—

1	"(2) Requirement.—The head of each Federal
2	agency shall ensure that the Federal agency pur-
3	chases, for use in fueling fleet vehicles that use diesel
4	fuel used by the Federal agency at the location at
5	which fleet vehicles of the Federal agency are centrally
6	fueled, in areas in which the biodiesel-blended diesel
7	fuel described in paragraphs (A) and (B) is available
8	at a generally competitive price—
9	"(A) as of the date that is 5 years after the
10	date of enactment of this paragraph, biodiesel-
11	blended diesel fuel that contains at least 2 per-
12	cent biodiesel, rather than nonbiodiesel-blended
13	diesel fuel; and
14	"(B) as of the date that is 10 years after the
15	date of enactment of this paragraph, biodiesel-
16	blended diesel fuel that contains at least 20 per-
17	cent biodiesel, rather than nonbiodiesel-blended
18	$diesel\ fuel.$
19	"(3) Requirement of Federal Law.—The
20	provisions of this subsection shall not be considered a
21	requirement of Federal law for the purposes of section
22	312.
23	"(c) Exemption.—This section does not apply to fuel
24	used in vehicles excluded from the definition of 'fleet' by
25	subparagraphs (A) through (H) of section 301(9).".

1	SEC. 820B. COMMERCIAL BYPRODUCTS FROM MUNICIPAL
2	SOLID WASTE LOAN GUARANTEE PROGRAM.
3	(a) Definition of Municipal Solid Waste.—In
4	this section, the term "municipal solid waste" has the
5	meaning given the term "solid waste" in section 1004 of
6	the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6903).
7	(b) Establishment of Program.—The Secretary of
8	Energy shall establish a program to provide guarantees of
9	loans by private institutions for the construction of facili-
10	ties for the processing and conversion of municipal solid
11	waste into fuel ethanol and other commercial byproducts.
12	(c) Requirements.—The Secretary may provide a
13	loan guarantee under subsection (b) to an applicant if—
14	(1) without a loan guarantee, credit is not avail-
15	able to the applicant under reasonable terms or condi-
16	tions sufficient to finance the construction of a facil-
17	ity described in subsection (b);
18	(2) the prospective earning power of the appli-
19	cant and the character and value of the security
20	pledged provide a reasonable assurance of repayment
21	of the loan to be guaranteed in accordance with the
22	terms of the loan; and
23	(3) the loan bears interest at a rate determined
24	by the Secretary to be reasonable, taking into account
25	the current average yield on outstanding obligations

1	of the United States with remaining periods of matu-
2	rity comparable to the maturity of the loan.
3	(d) Criteria.—In selecting recipients of loan guaran-
4	tees from among applicants, the Secretary shall give pref-
5	erence to proposals that—
6	(1) meet all applicable Federal and State per-
7	mitting requirements;
8	(2) are most likely to be successful; and
9	(3) are located in local markets that have the
10	greatest need for the facility because of—
11	(A) the limited availability of land for
12	waste disposal; or
13	(B) a high level of demand for fuel ethanol
14	or other commercial byproducts of the facility.
15	(e) Maturity.—A loan guaranteed under subsection
16	(b) shall have a maturity of not more than 20 years.
17	(f) Terms and Conditions.—The loan agreement for
18	a loan guaranteed under subsection (b) shall provide that
19	no provision of the loan agreement may be amended or
20	waived without the consent of the Secretary.
21	(g) Assurance of Repayment.—The Secretary shall
22	require that an applicant for a loan guarantee under sub-
23	section (b) provide an assurance of repayment in the form
24	of a performance bond, insurance, collateral, or other means

- 1 acceptable to the Secretary in an amount equal to not less
- 2 than 20 percent of the amount of the loan.
- 3 (h) Guarantee Fee.—The recipient of a loan guar-
- 4 antee under subsection (b) shall pay the Secretary an
- 5 amount determined by the Secretary to be sufficient to cover
- 6 the administrative costs of the Secretary relating to the loan
- 7 guarantee.
- 8 (i) FULL FAITH AND CREDIT.—The full faith and
- 9 credit of the United States is pledged to the payment of
- 10 all quarantees made under this section. Any such quarantee
- 11 made by the Secretary shall be conclusive evidence of the
- 12 eligibility of the loan for the guarantee with respect to prin-
- 13 cipal and interest. The validity of the guarantee shall be
- 14 incontestable in the hands of a holder of the guaranteed
- 15 loan.
- 16 (j) Reports.—Until each guaranteed loan under this
- 17 section has been repaid in full, the Secretary shall annually
- 18 submit to Congress an report on the activities of the Sec-
- 19 retary under this section.
- 20 (k) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are
- 21 authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary
- 22 to carry out this section.
- 23 (1) Termination of Authority of
- 24 the Secretary to issue a loan guarantee under subsection

1	(b) terminates on the date that is 10 years after the date
2	of enactment of this Act.
3	Subtitle B—Additional Fuel
4	Efficiency Measures
5	SEC. 821. FUEL EFFICIENCY OF THE FEDERAL FLEET OF
6	AUTOMOBILES.
7	Section 32917 of title 49, United States Code, is
8	amended to read as follows:
9	"§ 32917. Standards for executive agency automobiles
10	"(a) Baseline Average Fuel Economy.—The head
11	of each executive agency shall determine, for all automobiles
12	in the agency's fleet of automobiles that were leased or
13	bought as a new vehicle in fiscal year 1999, the average
14	fuel economy for such automobiles. For the purposes of this
15	section, the average fuel economy so determined shall be the
16	baseline average fuel economy for the agency's fleet of auto-
17	mobiles.
18	"(b) Increase of Average Fuel Economy.—The
19	head of an executive agency shall manage the procurement
20	of automobiles for that agency in such a manner that—
21	"(1) not later than September 30, 2003, the aver-
22	age fuel economy of the new automobiles in the agen-
23	cy's fleet of automobiles is not less than 1 mile per
24	gallon higher than the baseline average fuel economy
25	determined under subsection (a) for that fleet; and

1	"(2) not later than September 30, 2005, the aver-
2	age fuel economy of the new automobiles in the agen-
3	cy's fleet of automobiles is not less than 3 miles per
4	gallon higher than the baseline average fuel economy
5	determined under subsection (a) for that fleet.
6	"(c) Calculation of Average Fuel Economy.—
7	Average fuel economy shall be calculated for the purposes
8	of this section in accordance with guidance which the Sec-
9	retary of Transportation shall prescribe for the implementa-
10	tion of this section.
11	"(d) Definitions.—In this section:
12	"(1) The term 'automobile' does not include any
13	vehicle designed for combat-related missions, law en-
14	forcement work, or emergency rescue work.
15	"(2) The term 'executive agency' has the mean-
16	ing given that term in section 105 of title 5.
17	"(3) The term 'new automobile', with respect to
18	the fleet of automobiles of an executive agency, means
19	an automobile that is leased for at least 60 consecu-
20	tive days or bought, by or for the agency, after Sep-
21	tember 30, 1999.".

1	SEC. 822. IDLING REDUCTION SYSTEMS IN HEAVY DUTY VE-
2	HICLES.
3	Title III of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act
4	(42 U.S.C. 6291 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
5	the following:
6	"PART K—REDUCING TRUCK IDLING
7	"SEC. 400AAA. REDUCING TRUCK IDLING.
8	"(a) Study.—Not later than 18 months after the date
9	of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall, in consulta-
0	tion with the Secretary of Transportation, commence a
1	study to analyze the potential fuel savings resulting from
2	long duration idling of main drive engines in heavy-duty
3	vehicles.
4	"(b) Regulations.—Upon completion of the study
5	under subsection (a), the Secretary may issue regulations
6	requiring the installation of idling reduction systems on all
7	newly manufactured heavy-duty vehicles.
8	"(c) Definitions.—As used in this section:
9	"(1) The term 'heavy-duty vehicle' means a vehi-
20	cle that has a gross vehicle weight rating greater than
21	8,500 pounds and is powered by a diesel engine.
22	"(2) The term 'idling reduction system' means a
23	device or system of devices used to reduce long dura-
24	tion idling of a diesel engine in a vehicle.
25	"(3) The term 'long duration idling' means the
26	operation of a main drive engine of a heavy-duty ve-

- 1 hicle for a period of more than 15 consecutive minutes
- 2 when the main drive engine is not engaged in gear,
- 3 except that such term does not include idling as a re-
- 4 sult of traffic congestion or other impediments to the
- 5 movement of a heavy-duty vehicle.
- 6 "(4) The term 'vehicle' has the meaning given
- 7 such term in section 4 of title 1, United States
- 8 *Code.*".

#### 9 SEC. 823. CONSERVE BY BICYCLING PROGRAM.

- 10 (a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Transpor-
- 11 tation shall establish a Conserve By Bicycling pilot pro-
- 12 gram that shall provide for up to 10 geographically dis-
- 13 persed projects to encourage the use of bicycles in place of
- 14 motor vehicles. Such projects shall use education and mar-
- 15 keting to convert motor vehicle trips to bike trips, document
- 16 project results and energy savings, and facilitate partner-
- 17 ships among entities in the fields of transportation, law en-
- 18 forcement, education, public health, environment, or energy.
- 19 At least 20 percent of the cost of each project shall be pro-
- 20 vided from State or local sources. Not later than 2 years
- 21 after implementation of the projects, the Secretary of Trans-
- 22 portation shall submit a report to Congress on the results
- 23 of the pilot program.
- 24 (b) National Academy Study.—The Secretary of
- 25 Transportation shall contract with the National Academy

- 1 of Sciences to conduct a study on the feasibility and benefits
- 2 of converting motor vehicle trips to bicycle trips and to
- 3 issue a report, not later than 2 years after enactment of
- 4 this Act, on the findings of such study.
- 5 (c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
- 6 authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Transpor-
- 7 tation \$5,500,000, to remain available until expended, to
- 8 carry out the pilot program and study pursuant to this sec-
- 9 tion.

### 10 SEC. 824. FUEL CELL VEHICLE PROGRAM.

- Not later than 1 year from date of enactment of this
- 12 section, the Secretary shall develop a program with time-
- 13 tables for developing technologies to enable at least 100,000
- 14 hydrogen-fueled fuel cell vehicles to be available for sale in
- 15 the United States by 2010 and at least 2.5 million of such
- 16 vehicles to be available by 2020 and annually thereafter.
- 17 The program shall also include timetables for development
- 18 of technologies to provide 50 million gasoline equivalent
- 19 gallons of hydrogen for sale in fueling stations in the United
- 20 States by 2010 and at least 2.5 billion gasoline equivalent
- 21 gallons by 2020 and annually thereafter. The Secretary
- 22 shall annually include a review of the progress toward meet-
- 23 ing the vehicle sales of Energy budget.

# Subtitle C—Federal Reformulated 1 **Fuels** 2 SEC. 831. SHORT TITLE. This subtitle may be cited as the "Federal Reformu-4 lated Fuels Act of 2003". 5 SEC. 832. LEAKING UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS. 7 (a) Use of Lust Funds for Remediation of Con-TAMINATION FROM ETHER FUEL ADDITIVES.—Section 9003(h) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 10 6991b(h)) is amended— 11 (1) in paragraph (7)(A)— (A) by striking "paragraphs (1) and (2) of 12 13 this subsection" and inserting "paragraphs (1), 14 (2), and (12)"; and (B) by inserting "and section 9010" before 15 "if"; and 16 17 (2) by adding at the end the following: 18 "(12) Remediation of contamination from 19 ETHER FUEL ADDITIVES,— 20 "(A) In general.—The Administrator and 21 the States may use funds made available under 22 section 9013(1) to carry out corrective actions 23 with respect to a release of methyl tertiary butyl 24 ether or other ether fuel additive that presents a

1	threat to human health, welfare, or the environ-
2	ment.
3	"(B) Applicable authority.—Subpara-
4	graph (A) shall be carried out—
5	"(i) in accordance with paragraph (2),
6	except that a release with respect to which
7	a corrective action is carried out under sub-
8	paragraph (A) shall not be required to be
9	from an underground storage tank; and
10	"(ii) in the case of a State, in accord-
11	ance with a cooperative agreement entered
12	into by the Administrator and the State
13	under paragraph (7).".
14	(b) Release Prevention and Compliance.—Sub-
15	title I of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6991 et
16	seq.) is amended by striking section 9010 and inserting the
17	following:
18	"SEC. 9010. RELEASE PREVENTION AND COMPLIANCE.
19	"Funds made available under section 9013(2) from the
20	Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund may be
21	used for conducting inspections, or for issuing orders or
22	bringing actions under this subtitle—
23	"(1) by a State (pursuant to section 9003(h)(7))
24	acting under—

1	"(A) a program approved under section
2	9004; or
3	"(B) State requirements regulating under-
4	ground storage tanks that are similar or iden-
5	tical to this subtitle, as determined by the Ad-
6	$ministrator;\ and$
7	"(2) by the Administrator, acting under this
8	subtitle or a State program approved under section
9	9004.
10	"SEC. 9011. BEDROCK BIOREMEDIATION.
11	"The Administrator shall establish, at an institution
12	of higher education (as defined in section 101 of the Higher
13	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)) with established
14	expertise in bioremediation of contaminated bedrock
15	aquifers, a resource center—
16	"(1) to conduct research concerning bioremedi-
17	ation of methyl tertiary butyl ether in contaminated
18	underground aquifers, including contaminated bed-
19	rock; and
20	"(2) to provide for States a technical assistance
21	clearinghouse for information concerning innovative
22	technologies for bioremediation described in para-
23	graph (1).

# 1 "SEC. 9012. SOIL REMEDIATION. 2 "The Administrator may establish a program to con-3 duct research concerning remediation of methyl tertiary butyl ether contamination of soil, including granitic or vol-4 5 canic soil. "SEC. 9013. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS. 6 7 "In addition to amounts made available under section 2007(f), there are authorized to be appropriated from the Leaking Underground Storage Tank Trust Fund, notwithstanding section 9508(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986— 11 "(1) 12 sectiontocarry out9003(h)(12), 13 \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2003, to remain available until expended; 14 15 "(2) to carry out section 9010— 16 "(A) \$50,000,000 for fiscal year 2003; and 17 "(B) \$30,000,000 for each of fiscal years 18 2004 through 2008; 19 "(3) to carry out section 9011— 20 "(A) \$500,000 for fiscal year 2003; and 21 "(B) \$300,000 for each of fiscal years 2004 22 through 2008; and 23 "(4) to carry out section 9012— 24 "(A) \$100,000 for fiscal year 2003; and "(B) \$50,000 for each of fiscal years 2004 25

26

through 2008.

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1
         (c) Technical Amendments.—(1) Section 1001 of
   the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. prec. 6901) is
    amended by striking the item relating to section 9010 and
   inserting the following:
    "Sec. 9010. Release prevention and compliance.
    "Sec. 9011. Bedrock bioremediation.
    "Sec. 9012. Soil remediation.
    "Sec. 9013. Authorization of appropriations.".
 5
         (2) Section 9001(3)(A) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act
    (42 U.S.C. 6991(3)(A)) is amended by striking "sustances"
 7
    and inserting "substances".
 8
         (3) Section 9003(f)(1) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act
    (42~U.S.C.~6991b(f)(1)) is amended by striking "subsection"
    (c) and (d) of this section" and inserting "subsections (c)
11
    and (d)".
12
         (4) Section 9004(a) of the Solid Waste Disposal Act
13
    (42 U.S.C. 6991c(a)) is amended in the second sentence by
    striking "referred to" and all that follows and inserting "re-
   ferred to in subparagraph (A) or (B), or both, of section
16
   9001(2).".
17
         (5) Section 9005 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42)
    U.S.C. 6991d) is amended—
18
19
              (A) in subsection (a), by striking "study taking"
20
         and inserting "study, taking";
```

(B) in subsection (b)(1), by striking "relevent"

and inserting "relevant"; and

21

22

1	(C) in subsection $(b)(4)$ , by striking		
2	"Evironmental" and inserting "Environmental".		
3	SEC. 833. AUTHORITY FOR WATER QUALITY PROTECTION		
4	FROM FUELS.		
5	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—		
6	(1) since 1979, methyl tertiary butyl ether (re-		
7	ferred to in this section as "MTBE") has been used		
8	nationwide at low levels in gasoline to replace lead as		
9	an octane booster or anti-knocking agent;		
10	(2) Public Law 101–549 (commonly known as		
11	the "Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990") (42 U.S.C.		
12	7401 et seq.) established a fuel oxygenate standard		
13	under which reformulated gasoline must contain of		
14	least 2 percent oxygen by weight;		
15	(3) at the time of the adoption of the fuel oxyg		
16	standard, Congress was aware that significant use of		
17	MTBE could result from the adoption of that stand-		
18	ard, and that the use of MTBE would likely be im-		
19	portant to the cost-effective implementation of that		
20	program;		
21	(4) Congress is aware that gasoline and its com-		
22	ponent additives have leaked from storage tanks, with		
23	consequences for water quality;		

1	(5) the fuel industry responded to the fuel oxy-
2	genate standard established by Public Law 101–549
3	by making substantial investments in—
4	(A) MTBE production capacity; and
5	(B) systems to deliver MTBE-containing
6	gasoline to the marketplace;
7	(6) when leaked or spilled into the environment,
8	MTBE may cause serious problems of drinking water
9	quality;
10	(7) in recent years, MTBE has been detected in
11	water sources throughout the United States;
12	(8) MTBE can be detected by smell and taste at
13	low concentrations;
14	(9) while small quantities of MTBE can render
15	water supplies unpalatable, the precise human health
16	effects of MTBE consumption at low levels are yet un-
17	known;
18	(10) in the report entitled "Achieving Clean Air
19	and Clean Water: The Report of the Blue Ribbon
20	Panel on Oxygenates in Gasoline" and dated Sep-
21	tember 1999, Congress was urged—
22	(A) to eliminate the fuel oxygenate stand-
23	ard;
24	(B) to greatly reduce use of MTBE; and

1	(C) to maintain the environmental perform-
2	ance of reformulated gasoline;
3	(11) Congress has—
4	(A) reconsidered the relative value of MTBE
5	in gasoline; and
6	(B) decided to eliminate use of MTBE as a
7	fuel additive;
8	(12) the timeline for elimination of use of MTBE
9	as a fuel additive must be established in a manner
10	that achieves an appropriate balance among the goals
11	of—
12	(A) environmental protection;
13	(B) adequate energy supply; and
14	(C) reasonable fuel prices; and
15	(13) it is appropriate for Congress to provide
16	some limited transition assistance—
17	(A) to merchant producers of MTBE who
18	produced MTBE in response to a market created
19	by the oxygenate requirement contained in the
20	Clean Air Act; and
21	(B) for the purpose of mitigating any fuel
22	supply problems that may result from elimi-
23	nation of a widely-used fuel additive.
24	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this section are—

1	(1) to eliminate use of MTBE as a fuel oxygen-
2	ate; and
3	(2) to provide assistance to merchant producers
4	of MTBE in making the transition from producing
5	MTBE to producing other fuel additives.
6	(c) Authority for Water Quality Protection
7	From Fuels.—Section 211(c) of the Clean Air Act (42
8	U.S.C. 7545(c)) is amended—
9	(1) in paragraph $(1)(A)$ —
10	(A) by inserting "fuel or fuel additive or"
11	after "Administrator any"; and
12	(B) by striking "air pollution which" and
13	inserting "air pollution, or water pollution,
14	that";
15	(2) in paragraph (4)(B), by inserting "or water
16	quality protection," after "emission control,"; and
17	(3) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(5) Prohibition on use of mtbe.—
19	"(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
20	graph (E), not later than 4 years after the date
21	of enactment of this paragraph, the use of methyl
22	tertiary butyl ether in motor vehicle fuel in any
23	State other than a State described in subpara-
24	graph (C) is prohibited.

1	"(B) Regulations.—The Administrator
2	shall promulgate regulations to effect the prohibi-
3	tion in subparagraph (A).
4	"(C) States that authorize use.—A
5	State described in this subparagraph is a State
6	that submits to the Administrator a notice that
7	the State authorizes use of methyl tertiary butyl
8	ether in motor vehicle fuel sold or used in the
9	State.
10	"(D) Publication of notice.—The Ad-
11	ministrator shall publish in the Federal Register
12	each notice submitted by a State under subpara-
13	graph(C).
14	"(E) Trace quantities.—In carrying out
15	subparagraph (A), the Administrator may allow
16	trace quantities of methyl tertiary butyl ether,
17	not to exceed 0.5 percent by volume, to be present
18	in motor vehicle fuel in cases that the Adminis-
19	trator determines to be appropriate.
20	"(6) MTBE merchant producer conversion
21	ASSISTANCE.—
22	"(A) In general.—
23	"(i) Grants.—The Secretary of En-
24	ergy, in consultation with the Adminis-
25	trator, may make grants to merchant pro-

1	ducers of methyl tertiary butyl ether in the
2	United States to assist the producers in the
3	conversion of eligible production facilities
4	described in subparagraph (C) to the pro-
5	duction of iso-octane and alkylates.
6	"(ii) Determination.—The Adminis-
7	trator, in consultation with the Secretary of
8	Energy, may determine that transition as-
9	sistance for the production of iso-octane and
10	alkylates is inconsistent with the provisions
11	of subparagraph (B) and, on that basis,
12	may deny applications for grants author-
13	ized by this provision.
14	"(B) Further grants.—The Secretary of
15	Energy, in consultation with the Administrator,
16	may also further make grants to merchant pro-
17	ducers of MTBE in the United States to assist
18	the producers in the conversion of eligible pro-
19	duction facilities described in subparagraph (C)
20	to the production of such other fuel additives
21	that, consistent with 211(c)—
22	"(i) unless the Administrator deter-
23	mines that such fuel additives may reason-
24	ably be anticipated to endanger public
25	health or the environment;

1	"(ii) have been registered and have
2	been tested or are being tested in accordance
3	with the requirements of this section; and
4	"(iii) will contribute to replacing gaso-
5	line volumes lost as a result of paragraph
6	(5).
7	"(C) Eligible production facilities.—
8	A production facility shall be eligible to receive
9	a grant under this paragraph if the production
10	facility—
11	"(i) is located in the United States;
12	and
13	"(ii) produced methyl tertiary butyl
14	ether for consumption in nonattainment
15	areas during the period—
16	"(I) beginning on the date of en-
17	actment of this paragraph; and
18	"(II) ending on the effective date
19	of the prohibition on the use of methyl
20	tertiary butyl ether under paragraph
21	(5).
22	"(D) Authorization of Appropria-
23	Tions.—There is authorized to be appropriated
24	to carry out this paragraph \$250,000,000 for
25	each of fiscal years 2003 through 2005.".

1	(d) No Effect on Law Concerning State Author-
2	ITY.—The amendments made by subsection (c) have no ef-
3	fect on the law in effect on the day before the date of enact-
4	ment of this Act regarding the authority of States to limit
5	the use of methyl tertiary butyl ether in motor vehicle fuel.
6	SEC. 834. ELIMINATION OF OXYGEN CONTENT REQUIRE-
7	MENT FOR REFORMULATED GASOLINE.
8	(a) Elimination.—
9	(1) In general.—Section 211(k) of the Clean
10	Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7545(k)) is amended—
11	(A) in paragraph (2)—
12	(i) in the second sentence of subpara-
13	graph (A), by striking "(including the oxy-
14	gen content requirement contained in sub-
15	paragraph (B))";
16	(ii) by striking subparagraph (B); and
17	(iii) by redesignating subparagraphs
18	(C) and (D) as subparagraphs (B) and (C),
19	respectively;
20	(B) in paragraph (3)(A), by striking clause
21	(v);
22	(C) in paragraph (7)—
23	(i) in subparagraph (A)—
24	(I) by striking clause (i); and

1	(II) by redesignating clauses (ii)
2	and (iii) as clauses (i) and (ii), respec-
3	tively; and
4	(ii) in subparagraph (C)—
5	(I) by striking clause (ii); and
6	(II) by redesignating clause (iii)
7	as clause (ii); and
8	(2) Effective date.—The amendments made
9	by paragraph (1) take effect 270 days after the date
10	of enactment of this Act, except that such amendments
11	shall take effect upon enactment in any State that has
12	received a waiver under section 209(b) of the Clean
13	$Air\ Act.$
14	(b) Maintenance of Toxic Air Pollutant Emis-
15	SION REDUCTIONS.—Section 211(k)(1) of the Clean Air Act
16	(42 U.S.C. 7545(k)(1)) is amended—
17	(1) by striking "Within 1 year after the enact-
18	ment of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990," and
19	inserting the following:
20	"(A) In general.—Not later than Novem-
21	ber 15, 1991,"; and
22	(2) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(B) Maintenance of toxic air pollut-
24	ANT EMISSIONS REDUCTIONS FROM REFORMU-
25	LATED GASOLINE.—

1	"(i) Definitions.—In this subpara-
2	graph the term 'PADD' means a Petroleum
3	Administration for Defense District.
4	"(ii) Regulations regarding emis-
5	SIONS OF TOXIC AIR POLLUTANTS.—Not
6	later than 270 days after the date of enact-
7	ment of this subparagraph, the Adminis-
8	trator shall establish, for each refinery or
9	importer (other than a refinery or importer
10	in a State that has received a waiver under
11	section 209(b) with regard to gasoline pro-
12	duced for use in that state), standards for
13	toxic air pollutants from use of the reformu-
14	lated gasoline produced or distributed by
15	the refinery or importer that maintain the
16	reduction of the average annual aggregate
17	emissions of toxic air pollutants for refor-
18	mulated gasoline produced or distributed by
19	the refinery or importer during calendar
20	years 1999 and 2000, determined on the
21	basis of data collected by the Administrator
22	with respect to the refinery or importer.
23	(iii) Standards applicable to spe-
24	CIFIC REFINERIES OR IMPORTERS.—

1	"(I) Applicability of stand-
2	ARDS.—For any calendar year, the
3	standards applicable to a refinery or
4	importer under clause (ii) shall apply
5	to the quantity of gasoline produced or
6	distributed by the refinery or importer
7	in the calendar year only to the extent
8	that the quantity is less than or equal
9	to the average annual quantity of re-
10	formulated gasoline produced or dis-
11	tributed by the refinery or importer
12	during calendar years 1999 and 2000.
13	"(II) Applicability of other
14	STANDARDS.—For any calendar year,
15	the quantity of gasoline produced or
16	distributed by a refinery or importer
17	that is in excess of the quantity subject
18	to subclause (I) shall be subject to
19	standards for toxic air pollutants pro-
20	mulgated under subparagraph (A) and
21	paragraph (3)(B).
22	"(iv) Credit program.—The Admin-
23	istrator shall provide for the granting and
24	use of credits for emissions of toxic air pol-

1	lutants in the same manner as provided in
2	paragraph (7).
3	"(v) Regional protection of toxics
4	REDUCTION BASELINES.—
5	"(I) In general.—Not later than
6	60 days after the date of enactment of
7	this subparagraph, and not later than
8	April 1 of each calendar year that be-
9	gins after that date of enactment, the
10	Administrator shall publish in the
11	Federal Register a report that specifies,
12	with respect to the previous calendar
13	year—
14	"(aa) the quantity of refor-
15	mulated gasoline produced that is
16	in excess of the average annual
17	quantity of reformulated gasoline
18	produced in 1999 and 2000; and
19	"(bb) the reduction of the av-
20	erage annual aggregate emissions
21	of toxic air pollutants in each
22	PADD, based on retail survey
23	data or data from other appro-
24	priate sources.

1	"(II) Effect of failure to
2	MAINTAIN AGGREGATE TOXICS REDUC-
3	TIONS.—If, in any calendar year, the
4	reduction of the average annual aggre-
5	gate emissions of toxic air pollutants
6	in a PADD fails to meet or exceed the
7	reduction of the average annual aggre-
8	gate emissions of toxic air pollutants
9	in the PADD in calendar years 1999
10	and 2000, the Administrator, not later
11	than 90 days after the date of publica-
12	tion of the report for the calendar year
13	under subclause (I), shall—
14	"(aa) identify, to the max-
15	imum extent practicable, the rea-
16	sons for the failure, including the
17	sources, volumes, and characteris-
18	tics of reformulated gasoline that
19	contributed to the failure; and
20	"(bb) promulgate revisions to
21	the regulations promulgated under
22	clause (ii), to take effect not ear-
23	lier than 180 days but not later
24	than 270 days after the date of
25	promulgation, to provide that,

1	$not with standing \ clause \ (iii) (II),$
2	all reformulated gasoline produced
3	or distributed at each refinery or
4	importer shall meet the standards
5	applicable under clause (iii) not
6	later than April 1 of the year fol-
7	lowing the report in subclause (II)
8	and for subsequent years.
9	"(vi) Regulations to control haz-
10	ARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS FROM MOTOR VE-
11	HICLES AND MOTOR VEHICLE FUELS.—Not
12	later than July 1, 2004, the Administrator
13	shall promulgate final regulations to control
14	hazardous air pollutants from motor vehi-
15	cles and motor vehicle fuels, as provided for
16	in section 80.1045 of title 40, Code of Fed-
17	eral Regulations (as in effect on the date of
18	enactment of this subparagraph).".
19	(c) Consolidation in Reformulated Gasoline
20	Regulations.—Not later than 180 days after the date of
21	enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall revise the
22	$reformulated\ gasoline\ regulations\ under\ subpart\ D\ of\ part$
23	80 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, to consolidate
24	the regulations applicable to VOC-Control Regions 1 and
25	2 under section 80.41 of that title by eliminating the less

1	stringent requirements applicable to gasoline designated for
2	VOC-Control Region 2 and instead applying the more strin-
3	gent requirements applicable to gasoline designated for
4	VOC-Control Region 1.
5	(d) Savings Clause.—Nothing in this section is in-
6	tended to affect or prejudice any legal claims or actions
7	with respect to regulations promulgated by the Adminis-
8	trator prior to enactment of this Act regarding emissions
9	of toxic air pollutants from motor vehicles.
10	(e) Determination Regarding a State Peti-
11	TION.—Section 211(k) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
12	7545(k)) is amended by inserting after paragraph (10) the
13	following:
14	"(11) Determination regarding a state pe-
15	TITION.—
16	"(A) In General.—Notwithstanding any
17	other provision of this section, not less than 30
18	days after enactment of this paragraph the Ad-
19	ministrator must determine the adequacy of any
20	petition received from a Governor of a State to
21	exempt gasoline sold in that State from the re-
22	quirements of paragraph $(2)(B)$ .
23	"(B) APPROVAL.—If the determination in
24	(A) is not made within thirty days of enactment

1	of this paragraph, the petition shall be deemed
2	approved.".
3	SEC. 835. PUBLIC HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS
4	OF FUELS AND FUEL ADDITIVES.
5	Section 211(b) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
6	7545(b)) is amended—
7	(1) in paragraph (2)—
8	(A) by striking "may also" and inserting
9	"shall, on a regular basis,"; and
10	(B) by striking subparagraph (A) and in-
11	serting the following:
12	"(A) to conduct tests to determine potential
13	public health and environmental effects of the
14	fuel or additive (including carcinogenic,
15	teratogenic, or mutagenic effects); and"; and
16	(2) by adding at the end the following:
17	"(4) Study on certain fuel additives and
18	BLENDSTOCKS.—
19	"(A) In general.—Not later than 2 years
20	after the date of enactment of this paragraph, the
21	Administrator shall—
22	"(i) conduct a study on the effects on
23	public health, air quality, and water re-
24	sources of increased use of, and the feasi-

1	bility of using as substitutes for methyl ter-
2	tiary butyl ether in gasoline—
3	"(I) ethyl tertiary butyl ether;
4	"(II) tertiary amyl methyl ether;
5	$``(III)\ di-isopropyl\ ether;$
6	"(IV) tertiary butyl alcohol;
7	"(V) other ethers and heavy alco-
8	hols, as determined by then Adminis-
9	trator;
10	$"(VI)\ ethanol;$
11	"(VII) iso-octane; and
12	"(VIII) alkylates; and
13	"(ii) conduct a study on the effects on
14	public health, air quality, and water re-
15	sources of the adjustment for ethanol-blend-
16	ed reformulated gasoline to the VOC per-
17	formance requirements otherwise applicable
18	under sections $211(k)(1)$ and $211(k)(3)$ of
19	the Clean Air Act.
20	"(iii) submit to the Committee on En-
21	vironment and Public Works of the Senate
22	and the Committee on Energy and Com-
23	merce of the House of Representatives a re-
24	port describing the results of these studies.

1	"(B) Contracts for study.—In carrying
2	out this paragraph, the Administrator may enter
3	into one or more contracts with nongovernmental
4	entities including but not limited to National
5	Energy Laboratories and institutions of higher
6	education (as defined in section 101 of the High-
7	er Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)).".
8	SEC. 836. ANALYSES OF MOTOR VEHICLE FUEL CHANGES.
9	Section 211 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7545) (as
10	amended by section 820(a)) is amended by inserting after
11	subsection (o) the following:
12	"(p) Analyses of Motor Vehicle Fuel Changes
13	and Emissions Model.—
14	"(1) Anti-backsliding analysis.—
15	"(A) Draft analysis.—Not later than 4
16	years after the date of enactment of this para-
17	graph, the Administrator shall publish for public
18	comment a draft analysis of the changes in emis-
19	sions of air pollutants and air quality due to the
20	use of motor vehicle fuel and fuel additives re-
21	sulting from implementation of the amendments
22	made by the Federal Reformulated Fuels Act of
23	2003.
24	"(B) Final analysis.—After providing a
25	reasonable opportunity for comment but not

1	later than 5 years after the date of enactment of
2	this paragraph, the Administrator shall publish
3	the analysis in final form.
4	"(2) Emissions model.—For the purposes of
5	this subsection, as soon as the necessary data are
6	available, the Administrator shall develop and final-
7	ize an emissions model that reasonably reflects the ef-
8	fects of gasoline characteristics or components on
9	emissions from vehicles in the motor vehicle fleet dur-
10	ing calendar year 2005.".
11	SEC. 837. ADDITIONAL OPT-IN AREAS UNDER REFORMU-
12	LATED GASOLINE PROGRAM.
13	Section 211(k)(6) of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
14	7545(k)(6)) is amended—
15	(1) by striking "(6) Opt-in areas.—(A) Upon"
16	and inserting the following:
17	"(6) Opt-in areas.—
18	"(A) Classified areas.—
19	"(i) In general.—Upon";
20	(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking "(B) If"
21	and inserting the following:
22	"(ii) Effect of insufficient do-
23	MESTIC CAPACITY TO PRODUCE REFORMU-
24	LATED GASOLINE.—If";

1	(3) in subparagraph $(A)(ii)$ (as redesignated by
2	paragraph (2))—
3	(A) in the first sentence, by striking "sub-
4	paragraph (A)" and inserting "clause (i)"; and
5	(B) in the second sentence, by striking "this
6	paragraph" and inserting "this subparagraph";
7	and
8	(4) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(B) Ozone transport region.—
10	"(i) Application of prohibition.—
11	"(I) In general.—In addition to
12	the provisions of subparagraph (A),
13	upon the application of the Governor
14	of a State in the ozone transport re-
15	gion established by section 184(a), the
16	Administrator, not later than 180 days
17	after the date of receipt of the applica-
18	tion, shall apply the prohibition speci-
19	fied in paragraph (5) to any area in
20	the State (other than an area classified
21	as a marginal, moderate, serious, or se-
22	vere ozone nonattainment area under
23	subpart 2 of part D of title I) unless
24	the Administrator determines under

1	clause (iii) that there is insufficient ca-
2	pacity to supply reformulated gasoline.
3	"(II) Publication of Applica-
4	TION.—As soon as practicable after the
5	date of receipt of an application under
6	subclause (I), the Administrator shall
7	publish the application in the Federal
8	Register.
9	"(ii) Period of Applicability.—
10	Under clause (i), the prohibition specified
11	in paragraph (5) shall apply in a State—
12	"(I) commencing as soon as prac-
13	ticable but not later than 2 years after
14	the date of approval by the Adminis-
15	trator of the application of the Gov-
16	ernor of the State; and
17	"(II) ending not earlier than 4
18	years after the commencement date de-
19	termined under subclause (I).
20	"(iii) Extension of commencement
21	DATE BASED ON INSUFFICIENT CAPACITY.—
22	"(I) In General.—If, after re-
23	ceipt of an application from a Gov-
24	ernor of a State under clause (i), the
25	Administrator determines, on the Ad-

1	ministrator's own motion or on peti-
2	tion of any person, after consultation
3	with the Secretary of Energy, that
4	there is insufficient capacity to supply
5	reformulated gasoline, the Adminis-
6	trator, by regulation—
7	"(aa) shall extend the com-
8	mencement date with respect to
9	the State under clause $(ii)(I)$ for
10	not more than 1 year; and
11	"(bb) may renew the exten-
12	sion under item (aa) for two ad-
13	ditional periods, each of which
14	shall not exceed 1 year.
15	"(II) Deadline for action on
16	Petitions.—The Administrator shall
17	act on any petition submitted under
18	subclause (I) not later than 180 days
19	after the date of receipt of the peti-
20	tion.".
21	SEC. 838. FEDERAL ENFORCEMENT OF STATE FUELS RE-
22	QUIREMENTS.
23	Section $211(c)(4)(C)$ of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
24	7545(c)(4)(C)) is amended—

1	(1) by striking "(C) A State" and inserting the
2	following:
3	"(C) Authority of state to control
4	FUELS AND FUEL ADDITIVES FOR REASONS OF
5	NECESSITY.—
6	"(i) In general.—A State"; and
7	(2) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(ii) Enforcement by the adminis-
9	TRATOR.—In any case in which a State
10	prescribes and enforces a control or prohibi-
11	tion under clause (i), the Administrator, at
12	the request of the State, shall enforce the
13	control or prohibition as if the control or
14	prohibition had been adopted under the
15	other provisions of this section.".
16	SEC. 839. FUEL SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS HARMONIZATION
17	STUDY.
18	(a) Study.—
19	(1) In general.—The Administrator of the En-
20	vironmental Protection Agency and the Secretary of
21	Energy shall jointly conduct a study of Federal,
22	State, and local requirements concerning motor vehi-
23	cle fuels, including—

1	(A) requirements relating to reformulated
2	gasoline, volatility (measured in Reid vapor
3	pressure), oxygenated fuel, and diesel fuel; and
4	(B) other requirements that vary from State
5	to State, region to region, or locality to locality.
6	(2) Required elements.—The study shall
7	assess—
8	(A) the effect of the variety of requirements
9	described in paragraph (1) on the supply, qual-
10	ity, and price of motor vehicle fuels available to
11	$the\ consumer;$
12	(B) the effect of the requirements described
13	in paragraph (1) on achievement of—
14	(i) national, regional, and local air
15	quality standards and goals; and
16	(ii) related environmental and public
17	health protection standards and goals;
18	(C) the effect of Federal, State, and local
19	motor vehicle fuel regulations, including multiple
20	motor vehicle fuel requirements, on—
21	(i) domestic refineries;
22	(ii) the fuel distribution system; and
23	(iii) industry investment in new ca-
24	pacity;

1	(D) the effect of the requirements described
2	in paragraph (1) on emissions from vehicles, re-
3	fineries, and fuel handling facilities;
4	(E) the feasibility of developing national or
5	regional motor vehicle fuel slates for the 48 con-
6	tiguous States that, while protecting and im-
7	proving air quality at the national, regional,
8	and local levels, could—
9	(i) enhance flexibility in the fuel dis-
10	tribution infrastructure and improve fuel
11	fungibility;
12	(ii) reduce price volatility and costs to
13	consumers and producers;
14	(iii) provide increased liquidity to the
15	gasoline market; and
16	(iv) enhance fuel quality, consistency,
17	and supply; and
18	(F) the feasibility of providing incentives,
19	and the need for the development of national
20	standards necessary, to promote cleaner burning
21	motor vehicle fuel.
22	(b) Report.—
23	(1) In General.—Not later than June 1, 2006,
24	the Administrator of the Environmental Protection
25	Agency and the Secretary of Energy shall submit to

1	Congress a report on the results of the study con-
2	ducted under subsection (a).
3	(2) Recommendations.—
4	(A) In general.—The report shall contain
5	recommendations for legislative and administra-
6	tive actions that may be taken—
7	(i) to improve air quality;
8	(ii) to reduce costs to consumers and
9	producers; and
10	(iii) to increase supply liquidity.
11	(B) Required considerations.—The rec-
12	ommendations under subparagraph (A) shall
13	take into account the need to provide advance
14	notice of required modifications to refinery and
15	fuel distribution systems in order to ensure an
16	adequate supply of motor vehicle fuel in all
17	States.
18	(3) Consultation.—In developing the report,
19	the Administrator of the Environmental Protection
20	Agency and the Secretary of Energy shall consult
21	with—
22	(A) the Governors of the States;
23	$(B)\ automobile\ manufacturers;$
24	(C) motor vehicle fuel producers and dis-
25	tributors: and

1	(D) the public.
2	SEC. 840. REVIEW OF FEDERAL PROCUREMENT INITIATIVES
3	RELATING TO USE OF RECYCLED PRODUCTS
4	AND FLEET AND TRANSPORTATION EFFI-
5	CIENCY.
6	Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
7	of this Act, the Administrator of General Services shall sub-
8	mit to Congress a report that details efforts by each Federal
9	agency to implement the procurement policies specified in
10	Executive Order No. 13101 (63 Fed. Reg. 49643; relating
11	to governmental use of recycled products) and Executive
12	Order No. 13149 (65 Fed. Reg. 24607; relating to Federal
13	fleet and transportation efficiency).
14	TITLE IX—ENERGY EFFICIENCY
15	AND ASSISTANCE TO LOW IN-
16	COME CONSUMERS
17	Subtitle A—Low Income Assistance
18	and State Energy Programs
19	SEC. 901. INCREASED FUNDING FOR LIHEAP, WEATHERIZA-
20	TION ASSISTANCE, AND STATE ENERGY
21	GRANTS.
22	(a) LIHEAP.—(1) Section 2602(b) of the Low-Income
23	Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 8621(b))
24	is amended by striking the first sentence and inserting the
25	following: "There are authorized to be appropriated to carry

- 1 out the provisions of this title (other than section 2607A),
- 2 \$3,400,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2003 through 2005.".
- 3 (2) Section 2602(e) of the Low-Income Home Energy
- 4 Assistance Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 8621(e)) is amended by
- 5 striking "\$600,000,000" and inserting "\$1,000,000,000".
- 6 (3) Section 2609A(a) of the Low-Income Energy As-
- 7 sistance Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 8628a(a)) is amended by
- 8 striking "not more than \$300,000" and inserting: "not
- 9 more than \$750,000".
- 10 (b) Weatherization Assistance.—Section 422 of
- 11 the Energy Conservation and Production Act (42 U.S.C.
- 12 6872) is amended by striking "for fiscal years 1999 through
- 13 2003 such sums as may be necessary." and inserting:
- 14 "\$325,000,000 for fiscal year 2003, \$400,000,000 for fiscal
- 15 year 2004, and \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 2005.".
- 16 SEC. 902. STATE ENERGY PROGRAMS.
- 17 (a) State Energy Conservation Plans.—Section
- 18 362 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
- 19 6322)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 20 "(g) The Secretary shall, at least once every 3 years,
- 21 invite the Governor of each State to review and, if nec-
- 22 essary, revise the energy conservation plan of the State sub-
- 23 mitted under subsection (b) or (e). Such reviews should con-
- 24 sider the energy conservation plans of other States within
- 25 the region, and identify opportunities and actions that may

- 1 be carried out in pursuit of common energy conservation
- 2 *goals.*".
- 3 (b) State Energy Conservation Goals.—Section
- 4 364 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
- 5 6324) is amended to read as follows:
- 6 "Sec. 364. Each State energy conservation plan with
- 7 respect to which assistance is made available under this
- 8 part on or after the date of enactment of the Energy Policy
- 9 Act of 2003 shall contain a goal, consisting of an improve-
- 10 ment of 25 percent or more in the efficiency of use of energy
- 11 in the State concerned in calendar year 2010 as compared
- 12 to calendar year 1990, and may contain interim goals.".
- 13 (c) State Energy Conservation Grants.—Section
- 14 365(f) of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42
- 15 U.S.C. 6325(f)) is amended by striking "for fiscal years
- 16 1999 through 2003 such sums as may be necessary." and
- 17 inserting: "\$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2003 and
- 18 2004; \$125,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and such sums as
- 19 may be necessary for each fiscal year thereafter.".
- 20 SEC. 903. ENERGY EFFICIENT SCHOOLS.
- 21 (a) Establishment.—There is established in the De-
- 22 partment of Energy the High Performance Schools Program
- 23 (in this section referred to as the "Program").
- 24 (b) Grants.—The Secretary of Energy may make
- 25 grants to a State energy office—

1	(1) to assist school districts in the State to im-
2	prove the energy efficiency of school buildings;
3	(2) to administer the Program; and
4	(3) to promote participation in the Program.
5	(c) Grants To Assist School Districts.—The Sec-
6	$retary\ shall\ condition\ grants\ under\ subsection\ (b)(1)\ on\ the$
7	State energy office using the grants to assist school districts
8	that have demonstrated—
9	(1) a need for the grants to build additional
10	school buildings to meet increasing elementary or sec-
11	ondary enrollments or to renovate existing school
12	buildings; and
13	(2) a commitment to use the grant funds to de-
14	velop high performance school buildings in accordance
15	with a plan that the State energy office, in consulta-
16	tion with the State educational agency, has deter-
17	mined is feasible and appropriate to achieve the pur-
18	poses for which the grant is made.
19	(d) Grants for Administration.—Grants under
20	subsection (b)(2) shall be used to—
21	(1) evaluate compliance by school districts with
22	requirements of this section;
23	(2) distribute information and materials to
24	clearly define and promote the development of high

1	performance school	buildings fo	r both	new	and	exist-
2	ing facilities;					

- 3 (3) organize and conduct programs for school 4 board members, school personnel, architects, engineers, 5 and others to advance the concepts of high perform-6 ance school buildings;
  - (4) obtain technical services and assistance in planning and designing high performance school buildings; or
- 10 (5) collect and monitor data and information 11 pertaining to the high performance school building 12 projects.
- 13 (e) Grants To Promote Participation.—Grants under subsection (b)(3) shall be used for promotional and 14 15 marketing activities, including facilitating private and public financing, promoting the use of energy savings performance contracts, working with school administrations, students, and communities, and coordinating public benefit 19
- 20 (f) Supplementing Grant Funds.—The State en-21 ergy office shall encourage qualifying school districts to supplement funds awarded pursuant to this section with funds 23 from other sources in the implementation of their plans.

programs.

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1	(g) Allocations.—Except as provided in subsection
2	(h), funds appropriated to carry out this section shall be
3	allocated as follows:
4	(1) 70 percent shall be used to make grants
5	$under\ subsection\ (b)(1).$
6	(2) 15 percent shall be used to make grants
7	$under\ subsection\ (b)(2).$
8	(3) 15 percent shall be used to make grants
9	$under\ subsection\ (b)(3).$
10	(h) Other Funds.—The Secretary of Energy may re-
11	tain an amount, not to exceed \$300,000 per year, to assist
12	State energy offices in coordinating and implementing the
13	Program. Such funds may be used to develop reference ma-
14	terials to further define the principles and criteria to
15	achieve high performance school buildings.
16	(i) Authorization of Appropriations.—For grants
17	under subsection (b) there are authorized to be
18	appropriated—
19	(1) \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
20	(2) \$210,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;
21	(3) \$220,000,000 for fiscal year 2005;
22	(4) \$230,000,000 for fiscal year 2006; and
23	(5) such sums as may be necessary for fiscal year
24	2007 and each fiscal year thereafter through fiscal
25	year 2012.

1	(j) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:
2	(1) High performance school building.—
3	The term "high performance school building" means
4	a school building that, in its design, construction, op-
5	eration, and maintenance—
6	(A) maximizes use of renewable energy and
7	energy-efficient technologies and systems;
8	(B) is cost-effective on a life-cycle basis;
9	(C) achieves either—
10	(i) the applicable Energy Star build-
11	ing energy performance ratings; or
12	(ii) energy consumption levels at least
13	30 percent below those of the most recent
14	version of ASHRAE Standard 90.1;
15	(D) uses affordable, environmentally pref-
16	erable, and durable materials;
17	(E) enhances indoor environmental quality;
18	(F) protects and conserves water; and
19	(G) optimizes site potential.
20	(2) Renewable energy.—The term "renewable
21	energy" means energy produced by solar, wind, bio-
22	mass, ocean, geothermal, or hydroelectric power.
23	(3) School.—The term "school" means—
24	(A) an "elementary school" as that term is
25	defined in section 14101(14) of the Elementary

1	and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20
2	U.S.C. 8801(14)),
3	(B) a "secondary school" as that term is de-
4	fined in section 14101(25) of the Elementary
5	and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20
6	U.S.C. 8801(25)), or
7	(C) an elementary or secondary Indian
8	school funded by the Bureau of Indian Affairs.
9	(4) State educational agency.—The term
10	"State educational agency" has the same meaning
11	given such term in section 14101(28) of the Elemen-
12	tary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20
13	U.S.C. 8801(28)).
14	(5) State energy office.—The term "State
15	energy office" means the State agency responsible for
16	developing State energy conservation plans under sec-
17	tion 362 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act
18	(42 U.S.C. 6322), or, if no such agency exists, a State
19	agency designated by the Governor of the State.
20	SEC. 904. LOW INCOME COMMUNITY ENERGY EFFICIENCY
21	PILOT PROGRAM.
22	(a) Grants.—The Secretary of Energy is authorized
23	to make grants to units of local government, private, non-
24	profit community development organizations, and Indian
25	tribe economic development entities to improve energy effi-

1	ciency, identify and develop alternative renewable and dis-
2	tributed energy supplies, and increase energy conservation
3	in low income rural and urban communities.
4	(b) Purpose of Grants.—The Secretary may make
5	grants on a competitive basis for—
6	(1) investments that develop alternative renew-
7	able and distributed energy supplies;
8	(2) energy efficiency projects and energy con-
9	servation programs;
10	(3) studies and other activities that improve en-
11	ergy efficiency in low income rural and urban com-
12	munities;
13	(4) planning and development assistance for in-
14	creasing the energy efficiency of buildings and facili-
15	ties; and
16	(5) technical and financial assistance to local
17	government and private entities on developing neu
18	renewable and distributed sources of power or com-
19	bined heat and power generation.
20	(c) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
21	term "Indian tribe" means any Indian tribe, band, nation,
22	or other organized group or community, including any
23	Alaskan Native village or regional or village corporation
24	as defined in or established pursuant to the Alaska Native

25 Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), which is

1	recognized as eligible for the special programs and services
2	provided by the United States to Indians because of their
3	status as Indians.
4	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—For the
5	purposes of this section there are authorized to be appro-
6	priated to the Secretary of Energy an amount not to exceed
7	\$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2003 and each fiscal year there
8	after through fiscal year 2005.
9	SEC. 905. ENERGY EFFICIENT APPLIANCE REBATE PRO
10	GRAMS.
11	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
12	(1) Eligible State.—The term "eligible State"
13	means a State that meets the requirements of sub-
14	section (b).
15	(2) Energy star program.—The term "Energy
16	Star program" means the program established by sec-
17	tion 324A of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act
18	(3) Residential energy star product.—The
19	term "residential Energy Star product" means of
20	product for a residence that is rated for energy effi-
21	ciency under the Energy Star program.
22	(4) State energy office.—The term "State
23	energy office" means the State agency responsible for
24	developing State energy conservation plans under sec-

1	tion 362 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act
2	(42 U.S.C. 6322).
3	(5) State program.—The term "State pro-
4	gram" means a State energy efficient appliance re-
5	bate program described in subsection (b)(1).
6	(b) Eligible States.—A State shall be eligible to re-
7	ceive an allocation under subsection (c) if the State—
8	(1) establishes (or has established) a State energy
9	efficient appliance rebate program to provide rebates
10	to residential consumers for the purchase of residen-
11	tial Energy Star products to replace used appliances
12	of the same type;
13	(2) submits an application for the allocation at
14	such time, in such form, and containing such infor-
15	mation as the Secretary may require; and
16	(3) provides assurances satisfactory to the Sec-
17	retary that the State will use the allocation to supple-
18	ment, but not supplant, funds made available to
19	carry out the State program.
20	(c) Amount of Allocations.—
21	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2), for
22	each fiscal year, the Secretary shall allocate to the
23	State energy office of each eligible State to carry out
24	subsection (d) an amount equal to the product ob-
25	tained by multiplying the amount made available

1	under subsection (e) for the fiscal year by the ratio
2	that the population of the State in the most recent
3	calendar year for which data are available bears to
4	the total population of all eligible States in that cal-
5	endar year.
6	(2) Minimum allocations.—For each fiscal
7	year, the amounts allocated under this subsection
8	shall be adjusted proportionately so that no eligible
9	State is allocated a sum that is less than an amount
10	determined by the Secretary.
11	(d) Use of Allocated Funds.—The allocation to a
12	State energy office under subsection (c) may be used to pay
13	up to 50 percent of the cost of establishing and carrying
14	out a State program.
15	(e) Issuance of Rebates.—Rebates may be provided
16	to residential consumers that meet the requirements of the
17	State program. The amount of a rebate shall be determined
18	by the State energy office, taking into consideration—
19	(1) the amount of the allocation to the State en-
20	ergy office under subsection (c);
21	(2) the amount of any Federal or State tax in-
22	centive available for the purchase of the residential
23	Energy Star product; and
24	(3) the difference between the cost of the residen-
25	tial Energy Star product and the cost of an appliance

1	that is not a residential Energy Star product, but is
2	of the same type as, and is the nearest capacity, per-
3	formance, and other relevant characteristics (as deter-
4	mined by the State energy office) to the residential
5	Energy Star product.
6	(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are
7	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section such
8	sums as are necessary for fiscal year 2003 through fiscal
9	year 2012.
10	Subtitle B—Federal Energy
11	<i>Efficiency</i>
12	SEC. 911. ENERGY MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS.
13	(a) Energy Reduction Goals.—Section 543(a)(1) of
14	the National Energy Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C.
15	8253(a)(1)) is amended to read as follows:
16	"(1) Subject to paragraph (2), each agency shall
17	apply energy conservation measures to, and shall im-
18	prove the design for the construction of, the Federal
19	buildings of the agency (including each industrial or
20	laboratory facility) so that the energy consumption
21	per gross square foot of the Federal buildings of the
22	agency in fiscal years 2002 through 2011 is reduced,
23	as compared with the energy consumption per gross
24	square foot of the Federal buildings of the agency in

1	fiscal year	2000, b	by the	percentage	specified	in	the
2	following to	ıble:					

Percentage reduction

	2002	2
	2003	4
	2004	6
	2005	8
	2006	10
	2007	12
	2008	14
	2009	16
	2010	18
	2011	20.".
3	(b) Review and Revision of Energy Perfo	RMANCE
4	Requirement.—Section 543(a) of the National	Energy
5	Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8253(a)) is	further
6	amended by adding at the end the following:	
7	"(3) Not later than December 31, 2010,	the Sec-
8	retary shall review the results of the implementation	entation
9	of the energy performance requirement est	ablished
10	under paragraph (1) and submit to Congr	ress rec-
11	ommendations concerning energy performa	nce re-

13 (c) Exclusions.—Section 543(c)(1) of the National

quirements for calendar years 2012 through 2021.".

- Energy Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8253(c)(1)) is
- amended to read as follows: 15

"Fiscal Year

10

11

12

- "(1)(A) An agency may exclude, from the energy 16
- 17 performance requirement for a calendar year estab-
- 18 lished under subsection (a) and the energy manage-
- ment requirement established under subsection (b), 19

1	any Federal building or collection of Federal build-
2	ings, if the head of the agency finds that—
3	"(i) compliance with those requirements
4	would be impracticable;
5	"(ii) the agency has completed and sub-
6	mitted all federally required energy management
7	reports;
8	"(iii) the agency has achieved compliance
9	with the energy efficiency requirements of this
10	Act, the Energy Policy Act of 1992, Executives
11	Orders, and other Federal law; and
12	"(iv) the agency has implemented all prac-
13	ticable, life-cycle cost-effective projects with re-
14	spect to the Federal building or collection of Fed-
15	eral buildings to be excluded.
16	"(B) A finding of impracticability under sub-
17	paragraph (A)(i) shall be based on—
18	"(i) the energy intensiveness of activities
19	carried out in the Federal building or collection
20	of Federal buildings; or
21	"(ii) the fact that the Federal building or
22	collection of Federal buildings is used in the per-
23	formance of a national security function.".

1	(d) Review by Secretary.—Section 543(c)(2) of the						
2	National Energy Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C.						
3	8253(c)(2)) is amended—						
4	(1) by striking "impracticability standards" and						
5	inserting "standards for exclusion"; and						
6	(2) by striking "a finding of impracticability"						
7	and inserting "the exclusion".						
8	(e) Criteria.—Section 543(c) of the National Energy						
9	Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8253(c)) is further						
10	amended by adding at the end the following:						
11	"(3) Not later than 180 days after the date of en-						
12	actment of this paragraph, the Secretary shall issue						
13	guidelines that establish criteria for exclusions under						
14	paragraph (1).".						
15	(f) Reports.—Section 548(b) of the National Energy						
16	Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8258(b)) is amended—						
17	(1) in the subsection heading, by inserting "THE						
18	President and" before "Congress"; and						
19	(2) by inserting "President and" before "Con-						
20	gress".						
21	(g) Conforming Amendment.—Section 550(d) of the						
22	National Energy Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C.						
23	8258b(d)) is amended in the second sentence by striking						
24	"the 20 percent reduction goal established under section						
25	543(a) of the National Energy Conservation Policy Act (42						

1	U.S.C. 8253(a))." and inserting "each of the energy reduc-
2	tion goals established under section 543(a).".
3	SEC. 912. ENERGY USE MEASUREMENT AND ACCOUNT-
4	ABILITY.
5	Section 543 of the National Energy Conservation Pol-
6	icy Act (42 U.S.C. 8253) is further amended by adding at
7	the end the following:
8	"(e) Metering of Energy Use.—
9	"(1) Deadline.—By October 1, 2004, all Fed-
10	eral buildings shall, for the purposes of efficient use
11	of energy and reduction in the cost of electricity used
12	in such buildings, be metered or submetered in ac-
13	cordance with guidelines established by the Secretary
14	under paragraph (2). Each agency shall use, to the
15	maximum extent practicable, advanced meters or ad-
16	vanced metering devices that provide data at least
17	daily and that measure at least hourly consumption
18	of electricity in the Federal buildings of the agency.
19	Such data shall be incorporated into existing Federal
20	energy tracking systems and made available to Fed-
21	eral facility energy managers.
22	"(2) Guidelines.—
23	"(A) In General.—Not later than 180
24	days after the date of enactment of this sub-
25	section, the Secretary, in consultation with the

1	Department of Defense, the General Services Ad-
2	ministration and representatives from the meter-
3	ing industry, utility industry, energy services
4	industry, energy efficiency industry, national
5	laboratories, universities and Federal facility en-
6	ergy managers, shall establish guidelines for
7	agencies to carry out paragraph (1).
8	"(B) Requirements for guidelines.—
9	The guidelines shall—
10	"(i) take into consideration—
11	"(I) the cost of metering and sub-
12	metering and the reduced cost of oper-
13	ation and maintenance expected to re-
14	sult from metering and submetering;
15	"(II) the extent to which metering
16	and submetering are expected to result
17	in increased potential for energy man-
18	agement, increased potential for energy
19	savings and energy efficiency improve-
20	ment, and cost and energy savings due
21	to utility contract aggregation; and
22	"(III) the measurement and
23	verification protocols of the Depart-
24	$ment\ of\ Energy;$

1	"(ii) include recommendations con-
2	cerning the amount of funds and the num-
3	ber of trained personnel necessary to gather
4	and use the metering information to track
5	and reduce energy use;
6	"(iii) establish one or more dates, not
7	later than 1 year after the date of issuance
8	of the guidelines, on which the requirements
9	specified in paragraph (1) shall take effect;
10	and
11	"(iv) establish exclusions from the re-
12	quirements specified in paragraph (1) based
13	on the de minimus quantity of energy use
14	of a Federal building, industrial process, or
15	structure.
16	"(3) Plan.—No later than 6 months after
17	the date guidelines are established under para-
18	graph (2), in a report submitted by the agency
19	under section 548(a), each agency shall submit to
20	the Secretary a plan describing how the agency
21	will implement the requirements of paragraph
22	(1), including (A) how the agency will designate
23	personnel primarily responsible for achieving the
24	requirements and (B) demonstration by the

agency, complete with documentation, of any

25

1	finding that advanced meters or advanced meter-
2	ing devices, as defined in paragraph (1), are not
3	practicable.".
4	SEC. 913. FEDERAL BUILDING PERFORMANCE STANDARDS.
5	(a) Revised Standards.—Section 305(a) of the En-
6	ergy Conservation and Production Act (42 U.S.C. 6834(a))
7	is amended—
8	(1) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking "CABO
9	Model Energy Code, 1992" and inserting "the 2000
10	International Energy Conservation Code"; and
11	(2) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(3) Revised federal building energy effi-
13	CIENCY PERFORMANCE STANDARDS.—
14	"(A) In General.—Not later than 1 year
15	after the date of enactment of this paragraph, the
16	Secretary of Energy shall establish, by rule, re-
17	vised Federal building energy efficiency perform-
18	ance standards that require that, if cost-
19	effective—
20	"(i) new commercial buildings and
21	multifamily high rise residential buildings
22	be constructed so as to achieve the applica-
23	ble Energy Star building energy perform-
24	ance ratings or energy consumption levels
25	at least 30 percent below those of the most

1	recent ASHRAE Standard 90.1, whichever
2	results in the greater increase in energy effi-
3	ciency;
4	"(ii) new residential buildings (other
5	than those described in clause (i)) be con-
6	structed so as to achieve the applicable En-
7	ergy Star building energy performance rat-
8	ings or achieve energy consumption levels at
9	least 30 percent below the requirements of
10	the most recent version of the International
11	Energy Conservation Code, whichever re-
12	sults in the greater increase in energy effi-
13	ciency; and
14	"(iii) sustainable design principles are
15	applied to the siting, design, and construc-
16	tion of all new and replacement buildings.
17	"(B) Additional revisions.—Not later
18	than 1 year after the date of approval of amend-
19	ments to ASHRAE Standard 90.1 or the 2000
20	International Energy Conservation Code, the
21	Secretary of Energy shall determine, based on
22	the cost-effectiveness of the requirements under
23	the amendments, whether the revised standards
24	established under this paragraph should be up-
25	dated to reflect the amendments.

1	"(C) Statement on compliance of new
2	BUILDINGS.—In the budget request of the Federal
3	agency for each fiscal year and each report sub-
4	mitted by the Federal agency under section
5	548(a) of the National Energy Conservation Pol-
6	icy Act (42 U.S.C. 8258(a)), the head of each
7	Federal agency shall include—
8	"(i) a list of all new Federal buildings
9	of the Federal agency; and
10	"(ii) a statement concerning whether
11	the Federal buildings meet or exceed the re-
12	vised standards established under this para-
13	graph, including a monitoring and commis-
14	sioning report that is in compliance with
15	the measurement and verification protocols
16	of the Department of Energy.
17	"(D) Authorization of Appropria-
18	TIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated
19	such sums as are necessary to carry out this
20	paragraph and to implement the revised stand-
21	ards established under this paragraph.".
22	(b) Energy Labeling Program.—Section 305(a) of
23	the Energy Conservation and Production Act (42 U.S.C.
24	6834(a)) is further amended by adding at the end the fol-
25	lowing:

1	"(e) Energy Labeling Program.—The Secretary of
2	Energy, in cooperation with the Administrator of the Envi-
3	ronmental Protection Agency, shall develop an energy label-
4	ing program for new Federal buildings that exceed the re-
5	vised standards established under subsection (a)(3) by 15
6	percent or more.".
7	SEC. 914. PROCUREMENT OF ENERGY EFFICIENT PROD-
8	UCTS.
9	(a) Requirements.—Part 3 of title V of the National
10	Energy Conservation Policy Act is amended by adding at
11	the end the following:
12	"SEC. 552. FEDERAL PROCUREMENT OF ENERGY EFFICIENT
13	PRODUCTS.
14	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
15	"(1) Energy star product.—The term 'En-
16	ergy Star product' means a product that is rated for
17	energy efficiency under an Energy Star program.
18	"(2) Energy star program.—The term 'En-
19	ergy Star program' means the program established by
20	section 324A of the Energy Policy and Conservation
21	Act.
22	"(3) Executive Agency.—The term 'executive
23	agency' has the meaning given the term in section 4
24	of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41
25	U.S.C. 403).

1	"(4) FEMP DESIGNATED PRODUCT.—The term
2	'FEMP designated product' means a product that is
3	designated under the Federal Energy Management
4	Program of the Department of Energy as being
5	among the highest 25 percent of equivalent products
6	for energy efficiency.
7	"(b) Procurement of Energy Efficient Prod-
8	UCTS.—
9	"(1) Requirements.—To meet the requirements
10	of an executive agency for an energy consuming prod-
11	uct, the head of the executive agency shall, except as
12	provided in paragraph (2), procure—
13	"(A) an Energy Star product; or
14	"(B) a FEMP designated product.
15	"(2) Exceptions.—The head of an executive
16	agency is not required to procure an Energy Star
17	product or FEMP designated product under para-
18	graph (1) if—
19	"(A) an Energy Star product or FEMP des-
20	ignated product is not cost effective over the life
21	cycle of the product; or
22	"(B) no Energy Star product or FEMP des-
23	ignated product is reasonably available that
24	meets the requirements of the executive agency.

l "	(3)	Procurement	PLANNING.—	-The	head	of	an

- 2 executive agency shall incorporate into the specifica-
- 3 tions for all procurements involving energy con-
- 4 suming products and systems, and into the factors for
- 5 the evaluation of offers received for the procurement,
- 6 criteria for energy efficiency that are consistent with
- 7 the criteria used for rating Energy Star products and
- 8 for rating FEMP designated products.
- 9 "(c) Listing of Energy Efficient Products in
- 10 Federal Catalogs.—Energy Star and FEMP designated
- 11 products shall be clearly identified and prominently dis-
- 12 played in any inventory or listing of products by the Gen-
- 13 eral Services Administration or the Defense Logistics Agen-
- 14 cy.
- 15 (b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of contents
- 16 in section 1(b) of the National Energy Conservation Policy
- 17 Act (42 U.S.C. 8201 note) is amended by inserting after
- 18 the item relating to section 551 the following:
  - "Sec. 552. Federal Government procurement of energy efficient products."
- 19 (c) Regulations.—Not later than 180 days after the
- 20 effective date specified in subsection (f), the Secretary of En-
- 21 ergy shall issue guidelines to carry out section 552 of the
- 22 National Energy Conservation Policy Act (as added by sub-
- 23 section(a)).
- 24 (d) Designation of Energy Star Products.—The
- 25 Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency and

- 1 the Secretary of Energy shall expedite the process of desig-
- 2 nating products as Energy Star products (as defined in sec-
- 3 tion 552 of the National Energy Conservation Policy Act
- 4 (as added by subsection (a)).
- 5 (e) Designation of Electric Motors.—In the case
- 6 of electric motors of 1 to 500 horsepower, agencies shall se-
- 7 lect only premium efficient motors that meet a standard
- 8 designated by the Secretary. The Secretary shall designate
- 9 such a standard within 120 days of the enactment of this
- 10 paragraph, after considering the recommendations of asso-
- 11 ciated electric motor manufacturers and energy efficiency
- 12 groups.
- 13 (f) Effective Date.—Subsection (a) and the amend-
- 14 ment made by that subsection take effect on the date that
- 15 is 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 16 SEC. 915. REPEAL OF ENERGY SAVINGS PERFORMANCE
- 17 **CONTRACT SUNSET.**
- 18 Section 801(c) of the National Energy Conservation
- 19 Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8287(c)) is repealed.
- 20 SEC. 916. ENERGY SAVINGS PERFORMANCE CONTRACT
- 21 **DEFINITIONS.**
- 22 (a) Energy Savings.—Section 804(2) of the National
- 23 Energy Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8287c(2)) is
- 24 amended to read as follows:

1	"(2) The term 'energy savings' means a reduc-
2	tion in the cost of energy or water, from a base cost
3	established through a methodology set forth in the con-
4	tract, used in an existing federally owned building or
5	buildings or other federally owned facilities as a re-
6	sult of—
7	"(A) the lease or purchase of operating
8	equipment, improvements, altered operation and
9	maintenance, or technical services;
10	"(B) the increased efficient use of existing
11	energy sources by cogeneration or heat recovery,
12	excluding any cogeneration process for other
13	than a federally owned building or buildings or
14	other federally owned facilities; or
15	"(C) the increased efficient use of existing
16	water sources.".
17	(b) Energy Savings Contract.—Section 804(3) of
18	the National Energy Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C.
19	8287c(3)) is amended to read as follows:
20	"(3) The terms 'energy savings contract' and 'en-
21	ergy savings performance contract' mean a contract
22	which provides for the performance of services for the
23	design, acquisition, installation, testing, operation,
24	and, where appropriate, maintenance and repair, of

1	an identified energy or water conservation measure or
2	series of measures at one or more locations.".
3	(c) Energy or Water Conservation Measure.—
4	Section 804(4) of the National Energy Conservation Policy
5	Act (42 U.S.C. 8287c(4)) is amended to read as follows:
6	"(4) The term 'energy or water conservation
7	measure' means—
8	"(A) an energy conservation measure, as de-
9	fined in section 551(4) (42 U.S.C. 8259(4)); or
10	"(B) a water conservation measure that im-
11	proves water efficiency, is life cycle cost effective,
12	and involves water conservation, water recycling
13	or reuse, more efficient treatment of wastewater
14	or stormwater, improvements in operation or
15	maintenance efficiencies, retrofit activities or
16	other related activities, not at a Federal hydro-
17	electric facility.".
18	SEC. 917. REVIEW OF ENERGY SAVINGS PERFORMANCE
19	CONTRACT PROGRAM.
20	Within 180 days after the date of the enactment of this
21	Act, the Secretary of Energy shall complete a review of the
22	Energy Savings Performance Contract program to identify
23	statutory, regulatory, and administrative obstacles that
24	prevent Federal agencies from fully utilizing the program.
25	In addition, this review shall identify all areas for increas-

1	ing program flexibility and effectiveness, including audit
2	and measurement verification requirements, accounting for
3	energy use in determining savings, contracting require-
4	ments, and energy efficiency services covered. The Secretary
5	shall report these findings to the Committee on Energy and
6	Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Com-
7	mittee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate, and
8	shall implement identified administrative and regulatory
9	changes to increase program flexibility and effectiveness to
10	the extent that such changes are consistent with statutory
11	authority.
12	SEC. 918. FEDERAL ENERGY BANK.
13	Part 3 of title V of the National Energy Conservation
14	Policy Act is amended by adding at the end the following:
15	"SEC. 553. FEDERAL ENERGY BANK.
16	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
17	"(1) BANK.—The term 'Bank' means the Federal
18	Energy Bank established by subsection (b).
19	"(2) Energy or water efficiency project.—
20	The term 'energy or water efficiency project' means a
21	project that assists a Federal agency in meeting or ex-
22	ceeding the energy or water efficiency requirements
23	of—
24	"(A) this part;
25	"(B) title VIII;

1	"(C) subtitle F of title I of the Energy Pol-
2	icy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 8262 et seq.); or
3	"(D) any applicable Executive order, in-
4	cluding Executive Order No. 13123.
5	"(3) Federal agency.—The term 'Federal
6	agency' means—
7	"(A) an Executive agency (as defined in
8	section 105 of title 5, United States Code);
9	"(B) the United States Postal Service;
10	"(C) Congress and any other entity in the
11	legislative branch; and
12	"(D) a Federal court and any other entity
13	in the judicial branch.
14	"(b) Establishment of Bank.—
15	"(1) In general.—There is established in the
16	Treasury of the United States a fund to be known as
17	the 'Federal Energy Bank', consisting of—
18	"(A) such amounts as are deposited in the
19	Bank under paragraph (2);
20	"(B) such amounts as are repaid to the
21	Bank under subsection $(c)(2)(D)$ ; and
22	"(C) any interest earned on investment of
23	amounts in the Bank under paragraph (3).
24	"(2) Deposits in bank.—

1	"(A) In general.—Subject to the avail-
2	ability of appropriations and to subparagraph
3	(B), the Secretary of the Treasury shall deposit
4	in the Bank an amount equal to \$250,000,000 in
5	fiscal year 2003 and in each fiscal year there-
6	after.
7	"(B) Maximum amount in bank.—Depos-
8	its under subparagraph (A) shall cease beginning
9	with the fiscal year following the fiscal year in
10	which the amounts in the Bank (including
11	amounts on loan from the Bank) become equal to
12	or exceed \$1,000,000,000.
13	"(3) Investment of amounts.—The Secretary
14	of the Treasury shall invest such portion of the Bank
15	as is not, in the judgment of the Secretary, required
16	to meet current withdrawals. Investments may be
17	made only in interest-bearing obligations of the
18	United States.
19	"(c) Loans From the Bank.—
20	"(1) In general.—The Secretary of the Treas-
21	ury shall transfer from the Bank to the Secretary
22	such amounts as are appropriated to carry out the
23	loan program under paragraph (2).
24	"(2) Loan Program.—
25	"(A) Establishment.—

1	"(i) In general.—In accordance with
2	subsection (d), the Secretary, in consulta-
3	tion with the Secretary of Defense, the Ad-
4	ministrator of General Services, and the Di-
5	rector of the Office of Management and
6	Budget, shall establish a program to make
7	loans of amounts in the Bank to any Fed-
8	eral agency that submits an application
9	satisfactory to the Secretary in order to pay
10	the costs of a project described in subpara-
11	graph(C).
12	"(ii) Commencement of oper-
13	ATIONS.—The Secretary may begin—
14	``(I) accepting applications for
15	loans from the Bank in fiscal year
16	2002; and
17	"(II) making loans from the Bank
18	in fiscal year 2003.
19	"(B) Energy savings performance con-
20	TRACTING FUNDING.—To the extent practicable,
21	an agency shall not submit a project for which
22	energy performance contracting funding is avail-
23	able and is acceptable to the Federal agency
24	under title VIII.
25	"(C) Purposes of loan.—

1	"(i) In General.—A loan from the
2	Bank may be used to pay—
3	"(I) the costs of an energy or
4	water efficiency project, or a renewable
5	or alternative energy project, for a new
6	or existing Federal building (including
7	selection and design of the project);
8	"(II) the costs of an energy meter-
9	ing plan and metering equipment in-
10	stalled pursuant to section 543(e) or
11	for the purpose of verification of the
12	energy savings under an energy sav-
13	ings performance contract under title
14	VIII; or
15	"(III) at the time of contracting,
16	the costs of cofunding of an energy sav-
17	ings performance contract (including a
18	utility energy service agreement) in
19	order to shorten the payback period of
20	the project that is the subject of the en-
21	ergy savings performance contract.
22	"(ii) Limitation.—A Federal agency
23	may use not more than 10 percent of the
24	amount of a loan under subclause (I) or
25	(II) of clause (i) to pay the costs of admin-

1	istration and proposal development (includ-
2	ing data collection and energy surveys).
3	"(iii) Renewable and alternative
4	ENERGY PROJECTS.—Not more than 25 per-
5	cent of the amount on loan from the Bank
6	at any time may be loaned for renewable
7	energy and alternative energy projects (as
8	defined by the Secretary in accordance with
9	applicable law (including Executive Or-
10	ders)).
11	"(D) Repayments.—
12	"(i) In general.—Subject to clauses
13	(ii) through (iv), a Federal agency shall
14	repay to the Bank the principal amount of
15	a loan plus interest at a rate determined by
16	the President, in consultation with the Sec-
17	retary and the Secretary of the Treasury.
18	"(ii) Waiver or reduction of in-
19	TEREST.—The Secretary may waive or re-
20	duce the rate of interest required to be paid
21	under clause (i) if the Secretary determines
22	that payment of interest by a Federal agen-
23	cy at the rate determined under that clause
24	is not required to fund the operations of the
25	Bank.

"(iii) Determination	OF INTEREST
RATE.—The interest rate det	termined under
clause (i) shall be at a rate th	hat is sufficient
to ensure that, beginning not	later than Oc-
tober 1, 2007, interest payme	ents will be suf-
ficient to fully fund the op-	erations of the
Bank.	
"(iv) Insufficiency of	OF APPROPRIA-
TIONS.—	
"(I) REQUEST FO	OR APPROPRIA-
TIONS.—As part of the	budget request
of the Federal agency.	for each fiscal
year, the head of each	Federal agency
shall submit to the Pres	rident a request
for such amounts as an	re necessary to
make such repayments of	as are expected
to become due in the fis	scal year under
$this\ subparagraph.$	
"(II) Suspension	OF REPAYMENT
REQUIREMENT.—If, for	r any fiscal
year, sufficient appropr	riations are not
made available to a Fee	deral agency to
make repayments under	r this subpara-
graph, the Bank shall s	suspend the re-
quirement of repayment	nt under this

1	subparagraph until such appropria-
2	tions are made available.
3	"(E) FEDERAL AGENCY ENERGY BUDG-
4	ets.—Until a loan is repaid, a Federal agency
5	budget submitted by the President to Congress
6	for a fiscal year shall not be reduced by the value
7	of energy savings accrued as a result of any en-
8	ergy conservation measure implemented using
9	amounts from the Bank.
10	"(F) NO RESCISSION OR REPROGRAM-
11	MING.—A Federal agency shall not rescind or re-
12	program loan amounts made available from the
13	Bank except as permitted under guidelines issued
14	$under\ subparagraph\ (G).$
15	"(G) Guidelines.—The Secretary shall
16	issue guidelines for implementation of the loan
17	program under this paragraph, including selec-
18	tion criteria, maximum loan amounts, and loan
19	repayment terms.
20	"(d) Selection Criteria.—
21	"(1) In General.—The Secretary shall establish
22	criteria for the selection of projects to be awarded
23	loans in accordance with paragraph (2).
24	"(2) Selection criteria.—

1	"(A) In GENERAL.—The Secretary may
2	make loans from the Bank only for a project
3	that—
4	"(i) is technically feasible;
5	"(ii) is determined to be cost-effective
6	using life cycle cost methods established by
7	the Secretary;
8	"(iii) includes a measurement and
9	management component, based on the meas-
10	urement and verification protocols of the
11	Department of Energy, to—
12	"(I) commission energy savings
13	for new and existing Federal facilities;
14	"(II) monitor and improve energy
15	efficiency management at existing Fed-
16	eral facilities; and
17	"(III) verify the energy savings
18	under an energy savings performance
19	contract under title VIII; and
20	" $(iv)(I)$ in the case of a renewable en-
21	ergy or alternative energy project, has a
22	simple payback period of not more than 15
23	years; and

1	"(II) in the case of any other project,
2	has a simple payback period of not more
3	than 10 years.
4	"(B) Priority.—In selecting projects, the
5	Secretary shall give priority to projects that—
6	"(i) are a component of a comprehen-
7	sive energy management project for a Fed-
8	eral facility; and
9	"(ii) are designed to significantly re-
10	duce the energy use of the Federal facility.
11	"(e) Reports and Audits.—
12	"(1) Reports to the secretary.—Not later
13	than 1 year after the completion of installation of a
14	project that has a cost of more than \$1,000,000, and
15	annually thereafter, a Federal agency shall submit to
16	the Secretary a report that—
17	"(A) states whether the project meets or fails
18	to meet the energy savings projections for the
19	project; and
20	"(B) for each project that fails to meet the
21	energy savings projections, states the reasons for
22	the failure and describes proposed remedies.
23	"(2) AUDITS.—The Secretary may audit, or re-
24	quire a Federal agency that receives a loan from the
25	Bank to audit, any project financed with amounts

1	from the Bank to assess the performance of the
2	project.
3	"(3) Reports to congress.—At the end of
4	each fiscal year, the Secretary shall submit to Con-
5	gress a report on the operations of the Bank, includ-
6	ing a statement of—
7	"(A) the total receipts by the Bank;
8	"(B) the total amount of loans from
9	the Bank to each Federal agency; and
10	"(C) the estimated cost and energy sav-
11	ings resulting from projects funded with
12	loans from the Bank.
13	"(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are
14	authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary
15	to carry out this section.".
16	SEC. 919. ENERGY AND WATER SAVING MEASURES IN CON-
17	GRESSIONAL BUILDINGS.
18	(a) In General.—Part 3 of title V of the National
19	Energy Conservation Policy Act is amended by adding at
20	the end:
21	"SEC. 554. ENERGY AND WATER SAVINGS MEASURES IN
22	CONGRESSIONAL BUILDINGS.
23	"(a) In General.—The Architect of the Capitol—
24	"(1) shall develop, update, and implement a cost-
25	effective energy conservation and management plan

1	(referred to in this section as the "plan") for all fa-
2	cilities administered by the Congress (referred to in
3	this section as 'congressional buildings') to meet the
4	energy performance requirements for Federal build-
5	ings established under section $543(a)(1)$ ; and
6	"(2) shall submit the plan to Congress, not later
7	than 180 days after the date of enactment of this sec-
8	tion.
9	"(b) Plan Requirements.—The plan shall include—
10	"(1) a description of the life-cycle cost analysis
11	used to determine the cost-effectiveness of proposed en-
12	ergy efficiency projects;
13	"(2) a schedule of energy surveys to ensure com-
14	plete surveys of all congressional buildings every 5
15	years to determine the cost and payback period of en-
16	ergy and water conservation measures;
17	"(3) a strategy for installation of life cycle cost
18	effective energy and water conservation measures;
19	"(4) the results of a study of the costs and bene-
20	fits of installation of submetering in congressional
21	buildings; and
22	"(5) information packages and how-to' guides
23	for each Member and employing authority of Congress
24	that detail simple, cost-effective methods to save en-
25	ergy and taxpayer dollars in the workplace.

1	"(c) Contracting Authority.—The Architect—
2	"(1) may contract with nongovernmental entities
3	and use private sector capital to finance energy con-
4	servation projects and meet energy performance re-
5	quirements; and
6	"(2) may use innovative contracting methods
7	that will attract private sector funding for the instal-
8	lation of energy efficient and renewable energy tech-
9	nology, such as energy savings performance contracts
10	described in title VIII.
11	"(d) Capitol Visitor Center.—The Architect—
12	"(1) shall ensure that state-of-the-art energy effi-
13	ciency and renewable energy technologies are used in
14	the construction and design of the Visitor Center; and
15	"(2) shall include in the Visitor Center an ex-
16	hibit on the energy efficiency and renewable energy
17	measures used in congressional buildings.
18	"(e) Annual Report.—The Architect shall submit to
19	Congress annually a report on congressional energy man-
20	agement and conservation programs required under this
21	section that describes in detail—
22	"(1) energy expenditures and savings estimates
23	for each facility;
24	"(2) energy management and conservation
25	projects; and

1	"(3) future priorities to ensure compliance with
2	this section.".
3	(b) Repeal.—Section 310 of the Legislative Branch
4	Appropriations Act, 1999 (40 U.S.C. 166i), is repealed.
5	SEC. 920. INCREASED USE OF RECOVERED MATERIAL IN
6	FEDERALLY FUNDED PROJECTS INVOLVING
7	PROCUREMENT OF CEMENT OR CONCRETE.
8	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
9	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
10	trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
11	mental Protection Agency.
12	(2) AGENCY HEAD.—The term "agency head"
13	means—
14	(A) the Secretary of Transportation; and
15	(B) the head of each other Federal agency
16	that on a regular basis procures, or provides
17	Federal funds to pay or assist in paying the cost
18	of procuring, material for cement or concrete
19	projects.
20	(3) Cement or concrete project.—The term
21	"cement or concrete project" means a project for the
22	construction or maintenance of a highway or other
23	transportation facility or a Federal, State, or local
24	government building or other public facility that—

1	(A) involves the procurement of cement or
2	concrete; and
3	(B) is carried out in whole or in part using
4	Federal funds.
5	(4) Recovered material.—The term "recov-
6	ered material" means—
7	(A) ground granulated blast furnace slag;
8	(B) coal combustion fly ash; and
9	(C) any other waste material or byproduct
10	recovered or diverted from solid waste that the
11	Administrator, in consultation with an agency
12	head, determines should be treated as recovered
13	material under this section for use in cement or
14	concrete projects paid for, in whole or in part,
15	by the agency head.
16	(b) Implementation of Requirements.—
17	(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
18	the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
19	and each agency head shall take such actions as are
20	necessary to implement fully all procurement require-
21	ments and incentives in effect as of the date of enact-
22	ment of this Act (including guidelines under section
23	6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C.
24	6963)) that provide for the use of cement and concrete

1	incorporating recovered material in cement or con-
2	crete projects.
3	(2) Priority.—In carrying out paragraph (1)
4	an agency head shall give priority to achieving great-
5	er use of recovered material in cement or concrete
6	projects for which recovered materials historically
7	have not been used or have been used only minimally.
8	(c) Full Implementation Study.—
9	(1) In General.—The Administrator and the
10	Secretary of Transportation, in cooperation with the
11	Secretary of Energy, shall conduct a study to deter-
12	mine the extent to which current procurement require-
13	ments, when fully implemented in accordance with
14	subsection (b), may realize energy savings and green-
15	house gas emission reduction benefits attainable with
16	substitution of recovered material in cement used in
17	cement or concrete projects.
18	(2) Matters to be addressed.—The study
19	shall—
20	(A) quantify the extent to which recovered
21	materials are being substituted for Portland ce-
22	ment, particularly as a result of current procure-
23	ment requirements, and the energy savings and
24	greenhouse gas emission reduction benefits asso-

 $ciated\ with\ that\ substitution;$ 

1	(B) identify all barriers in procurement re-
2	quirements to fuller realization of energy savings
3	and greenhouse gas emission reduction benefits,
4	including barriers resulting from exceptions from
5	current law; and
6	(C)(i) identify potential mechanisms to
7	achieve greater substitution of recovered material
8	in types of cement or concrete projects for which
9	recovered materials historically have not been
10	used or have been used only minimally;
11	(ii) evaluate the feasibility of establishing
12	guidelines or standards for optimized substi-
13	tution rates of recovered material in those ce-
14	ment or concrete projects; and
15	(iii) identify any potential environmental
16	or economic effects that may result from greater
17	substitution of recovered material in those ce-
18	ment or concrete projects.
19	(3) Report.—Not later than 30 months after the
20	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall sub-
21	mit to the Committee on Appropriations and Com-
22	mittee on Environment and Public Works of the Sen-
23	ate and the Committee on Appropriations and Com-
24	mittee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Rep-

resentatives a report on the study.

1	(d) Additional Procurement Requirements.—
2	Within 1 year of the release of the report in accordance with
3	subsection (c)(3), the Administrator and each agency head
4	shall take additional actions authorized under the Solid
5	Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6901 et seq.) to establish
6	procurement requirements and incentives that provide for
7	the use of cement and concrete with increased substitution
8	of recovered material in the construction and maintenance
9	of cement or concrete projects, so as to—
10	(1) realize more fully the energy savings and
11	greenhouse gas emission reduction benefits associated
12	with increased substitution; and
13	(2) eliminate barriers identified under subsection
14	(c).
15	(e) Effect of Section.—Nothing in this section af-
16	fects the requirements of section 6002 of the Solid Waste
17	Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6962) (including the guidelines
18	and specifications for implementing those requirements).
19	Subtitle C—Industrial Efficiency
20	and Consumer Products
21	SEC. 921. VOLUNTARY COMMITMENTS TO REDUCE INDUS-
22	TRIAL ENERGY INTENSITY.
23	(a) Voluntary Agreements.—The Secretary of En-
24	ergy shall enter into voluntary agreements with one or more
25	persons in industrial sectors that consume significant

- 1 amounts of primary energy per unit of physical output to
- 2 reduce the energy intensity of their production activities.
- 3 (b) GOAL.—Voluntary agreements under this section
- 4 shall have a goal of reducing energy intensity by not less
- 5 than 2.5 percent each year from 2002 through 2012.
- 6 (c) Recognition.—The Secretary of Energy, in co-
- 7 operation with the Administrator of the Environmental
- 8 Protection Agency and other appropriate Federal agencies,
- 9 shall develop mechanisms to recognize and publicize the
- 10 achievements of participants in voluntary agreements
- 11 under this section.
- 12 (d) Definition.—In this section, the term "energy in-
- 13 tensity" means the primary energy consumed per unit of
- 14 physical output in an industrial process.
- 15 (e) Technical Assistance.—An entity that enters
- 16 into an agreement under this section and continues to make
- 17 a good faith effort to achieve the energy efficiency goals
- 18 specified in the agreement shall be eligible to receive from
- 19 the Secretary a grant or technical assistance as appropriate
- 20 to assist in the achievement of those goals.
- 21 (f) Report.—Not later than June 30, 2008 and June
- 22 30, 2012, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report
- 23 that evaluates the success of the voluntary agreements, with
- 24 independent verification of a sample of the energy savings
- 25 estimates provided by participating firms.

1	SEC. 922. AUTHORITY TO SET STANDARDS FOR COMMER-
2	CIAL PRODUCTS.
3	Part B of title III of the Energy Policy and Conserva-
4	tion Act (42 U.S.C. 6291 et seq.) is amended as follows.
5	(1) In the heading for such part, by inserting
6	"AND COMMERCIAL" after "CONSUMER".
7	(2) In section 321(2), by inserting "or commer-
8	cial" after "consumer".
9	(3) In paragraphs (4), (5), and (15) of section
10	321, by striking "consumer" each place it appears
11	and inserting "covered".
12	(4) In section 322(a), by inserting "or commer-
13	cial" after "consumer" the first place it appears in
14	the material preceding paragraph (1).
15	(5) In section 322(b), by inserting "or commer-
16	cial" after "consumer" each place it appears.
17	(6) In section $322$ (b)(1)(B) and (b)(2)(A), by
18	inserting "or per-business in the case of a commercial
19	product" after "per-household" each place it appears.
20	(7) In section 322 (b)(2)(A), by inserting "or
21	businesses in the case of commercial products" after
22	"households" each place it appears.
23	(8) In section 322 $(B)(2)(C)$ —
24	(A) by striking "term" and inserting
25	"terms": and

1	(B) by inserting "and business" after
2	"household".
3	(9) In section 323 (b)(1) (B) by inserting "or
4	commercial" after "consumer".
5	SEC. 923. ADDITIONAL DEFINITIONS.
6	Section 321 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act
7	(42 U.S.C. 6291) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
8	lowing:
9	"(32) The term battery charger' means a device
10	that charges batteries for consumer products.
11	"(33) The term 'commercial refrigerator, freezer
12	and refrigerator-freezer' means a refrigerator, freezer
13	or refrigerator-freezer that—
14	"(A) is not a consumer product regulated
15	under this Act; and
16	"(B) incorporates most components involved
17	in the vapor-compression cycle and the refrig-
18	erated compartment in a single package.
19	"(34) The term 'external power supply' means
20	an external power supply circuit that is used to con-
21	vert household electric current into either DC current
22	or lower-voltage AC current to operate a consumer
23	product.
24	"(35) The term 'illuminated exit sign' means a
25	sign that—

1	"(A) is designed to be permanently fixed in
2	place to identify an exit; and
3	"(B) consists of—
4	"(i) an electrically powered integral
5	light source that illuminates the legend
6	'EXIT' and any directional indicators; and
7	"(ii) provides contrast between the leg-
8	end, any directional indicators, and the
9	background.
10	"(36)(A) Except as provided in subsection (B),
11	the term 'low-voltage dry-type transformer' means a
12	transformer that—
13	"(i) has an input voltage of 600 volts or
14	less;
15	"(ii) is air-cooled;
16	"(iii) does not use oil as a coolant; and
17	"(iv) is rated for operation at a frequency
18	of 60 Hertz.
19	"(B) The term 'low-voltage dry-type transformer'
20	does not include—
21	"(i) transformers with multiple voltage
22	taps, with the highest voltage tap equaling at
23	least 20 percent more than the lowest voltage tap;
24	"(ii) transformers that are designed to be
25	used in a special purpose application, such as

1	transformers commonly known as drive trans-
2	formers, rectifier transformers, autotransformers,
3	Uninterruptible Power System transformers, im-
4	pedance transformers, harmonic transformers,
5	regulating transformers, sealed and nonven-
6	tilating transformers, machine tool transformers,
7	welding transformers, grounding transformers, or
8	testing transformers; or
9	"(iii) any transformer not listed in clause
10	(ii) that is excluded by the Secretary by rule be-
11	cause the transformer is designed for a special
12	application and the application of standards to
13	the transformer would not result in significant
14	energy savings.
15	"(37) The term 'standby mode' means the lowest
16	amount of electric power used by a household appli-
17	ance when not performing its active functions, as de-
18	fined on an individual product basis by the Sec-
19	retary.
20	"(38) The term 'torchiere' means a portable elec-
21	tric lamp with a reflector bowl that directs light up-
22	ward so as to give indirect illumination.
23	"(39) The term 'transformer' means a device
24	consisting of two or more coils of insulated wire that
25	transfers alternating current by electromagnetic in-

1	duction from one coil to another to change the origi-
2	nal voltage or current value.
3	"(40) The term 'unit heater' means a self-con-
4	tained fan-type heater designed to be installed within
5	the heated space, except that such term does not in-
6	clude a warm air furnace.
7	"(41) The term 'traffic signal module' means a
8	standard 8-inch (200mm) or 12-inch (300mm) traffic
9	signal indication, consisting of a light source, a lens,
10	and all other parts necessary for operation, that com-
11	municates movement messages to drivers through red,
12	amber, and green colors.".
13	SEC. 924. ADDITIONAL TEST PROCEDURES.
14	(a) Exit Signs.—Section 323(b) of the Energy Policy
15	and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6293) is amended by add-
16	ing at the end the following:
17	"(9) Test procedures for illuminated exit signs
18	shall be based on the test method used under the En-
19	ergy Star program of the Environmental Protection
20	Agency for illuminated exit signs, as in effect on the
21	date of enactment of this paragraph.
22	"(10) Test procedures for low voltage dry-type
23	distribution transformers shall be based on the
24	'Standard Test Method for Measuring the Energy
25	Consumption of Distribution Transformers' pre-

- 1 scribed by the National Electrical Manufacturers As-
- 2 sociation (NEMA TP 2–1998). The Secretary may re-
- 3 view and revise this test procedure based on future re-
- 4 visions to such standard test method.
- 5 "(11) Test procedures for traffic signal modules
- 6 shall be based on the test method used under the En-
- 7 ergy Star program of the Environmental Protection
- 8 Agency for traffic signal modules, as in effect on the
- 9 date of enactment of this paragraph.".
- 10 (b) Additional Consumer and Commercial Prod-
- 11 UCTS.—Section 323 of the Energy Policy and Conservation
- 12 Act (42 U.S.C. 6293) is further amended by adding at the
- 13 end the following:
- 14 "(f) Additional Consumer and Commercial Prod-
- 15 UCTS.—The Secretary shall within 24 months after the date
- 16 of enactment of this subsection prescribe testing require-
- 17 ments for suspended ceiling fans, refrigerated bottled or
- 18 canned beverage vending machines, commercial unit heat-
- 19 ers, and commercial refrigerators, freezers and refrigerator-
- 20 freezers. Such testing requirements shall be based on exist-
- 21 ing test procedures used in industry to the extent practical
- 22 and reasonable. In the case of suspended ceiling fans, such
- 23 test procedures shall include efficiency at both maximum
- 24 output and at an output no more than 50 percent of the
- 25 maximum output.".

## 1 SEC. 925. ENERGY LABELING.

2	(a) Rulemaking on Effectiveness of Consumer
3	Product Labeling.—Paragraph (2) of section 324(a) of
4	the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
5	6294(a)(2)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
6	"(F) Not later than 3 months after the date
7	of enactment of this subparagraph, the Commis-
8	sion shall initiate a rulemaking to consider the
9	effectiveness of the current consumer products la-
10	beling program in assisting consumers in mak-
11	ing purchasing decisions and improving energy
12	efficiency and to consider changes to the labeling
13	rules that would improve the effectiveness of con-
14	sumer product labels. Such rulemaking shall be
15	completed within 15 months of the date of enact-
16	ment of this subparagraph.".
17	(b) Rulemaking on Labeling for Additional
18	Products.—Section 324(a) of the Energy Policy and Con-
19	servation Act (42 U.S.C. 6294(a)) is further amended by
20	adding at the end the following:
21	"(5) The Secretary shall within 6 months after
22	the date on which energy conservation standards are
23	prescribed by the Secretary for covered products re-
24	ferred to in subsections (u) and (v) of section 325,
25	and within 18 months of enactment of this paragraph
26	for products referred to in subsections (w) through (u)

1	of section 325, prescribe, by rule, labeling require-
2	ments for such products. Labeling requirements
3	adopted under this paragraph shall take effect on the
4	same date as the standards set pursuant to sections
5	325 (v) through (y).".
6	SEC. 926. ENERGY STAR PROGRAM.
7	The Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C.
8	6201 and following) is amended by inserting after section
9	324 the following:
10	"ENERGY STAR PROGRAM
11	"SEC. 324A. There is established at the Department
12	of Energy and the Environmental Protection Agency a pro-
13	gram to identify and promote energy-efficient products and
14	buildings in order to reduce energy consumption, improve
15	energy security, and reduce pollution through labeling of
16	products and buildings that meet the highest energy effi-
17	ciency standards. Responsibilities under the program shall
18	be divided between the Department of Energy and the Envi-
19	ronmental Protection Agency consistent with the terms of
20	agreements between the two agencies. The Administrator
21	and the Secretary shall—
22	"(1) promote Energy Star compliant technologies
23	as the preferred technologies in the marketplace for
24	achieving energy efficiency and to reduce pollution;

1	"(2) work to enhance public awareness of the
2	Energy Star label, including special outreach to small
3	businesses;
4	"(3) preserve the integrity of the Energy Star
5	label; and
6	"(4) solicit the comments of interested parties in
7	establishing a new Energy Star product category or
8	in revising a product category, and upon adoption of
9	a new or revised product category provide an expla-
10	nation of the decision that responds to significant
11	public comments.".
12	SEC. 927. ENERGY CONSERVATION STANDARDS FOR CEN-
13	TRAL AIR CONDITIONERS AND HEAT PUMPS.
14	Section 325(d)(3) of the Energy Policy and Conserva-
15	tion Act (42 U.S.C. 6295(d)) is amended by adding at the
16	end the following:
17	"(C) Revision of Standards.—Not later
18	than 60 days after the date of enactment of this
19	subparagraph, the Secretary shall amend the
20	standards established under paragraph (1).".

1	SEC. 928. ENERGY CONSERVATION STANDARDS FOR ADDI-
2	TIONAL CONSUMER AND COMMERCIAL PROD-
3	UCTS.
4	Section 325 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act
5	(42 U.S.C. 6295) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
6	lowing:
7	"(u) Standby Mode Electric Energy Consump-
8	TION.—
9	"(1) Initial rulemaking.—(A) The Secretary
10	shall, within 18 months after the date of enactment
11	of this subsection, prescribe by notice and comment,
12	definitions of standby mode and test procedures for
13	the standby mode power use of battery chargers and
14	external power supplies. In establishing these test pro-
15	cedures, the Secretary shall consider, among other fac-
16	tors, existing test procedures used for measuring en-
17	ergy consumption in standby mode and assess the
18	current and projected future market for battery char-
19	gers and external power supplies. This assessment
20	shall include estimates of the significance of potential
21	energy savings from technical improvements to these
22	products and suggested product classes for standards.
23	Prior to the end of this time period, the Secretary
24	shall hold a scoping workshop to discuss and receive
25	comments on plans for developing energy conservation

1	standards for standby mode energy use for these prod-
2	ucts.
3	"(B) The Secretary shall, within 3 years after

- "(B) The Secretary shall, within 3 years after the date of enactment of this subsection, issue a final rule that determines whether energy conservation standards shall be promulgated for battery chargers and external power supplies or classes thereof. For each product class, any such standards shall be set at the lowest level of standby energy use that—
- 10 "(i) meets the criteria of subsections (o), 11 (p), (q), (r), (s) and (t); and
  - "(ii) will result in significant overall annual energy savings, considering both standby mode and other operating modes.
  - "(2) DESIGNATION OF ADDITIONAL COVERED PRODUCTS.—(A) Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this subsection, the Secretary shall publish for public comment and public hearing a notice to determine whether any noncovered products should be designated as covered products for the purpose of instituting a rulemaking under this section to determine whether an energy conservation standard restricting standby mode energy consumption, should be promulgated; providing that any restriction on

1	standby mode energy consumption shall be limited to
2	major sources of such consumption.
3	"(B) In making the determinations pursuant to
4	subparagraph (A) of whether to designate new covered
5	products and institute rulemakings, the Secretary
6	shall, among other relevant factors and in addition to
7	the criteria in section 322(b), consider—
8	"(i) standby mode power consumption com-
9	pared to overall product energy consumption;
10	and
11	"(ii) the priority and energy savings poten-
12	tial of standards which may be promulgated
13	under this subsection compared to other required
14	rulemakings under this section and the available
15	resources of the Department to conduct such
16	rule makings.
17	"(C) Not later than 1 year after the date of en-
18	actment of this subsection, the Secretary shall issue a
19	determination of any new covered products for which
20	he intends to institute rulemakings on standby mode
21	pursuant to this section and he shall state the dates
22	by which he intends to initiate those rulemakings.
23	"(3) Review of standby energy use in cov-
24	ERED PRODUCTS.—In determining pursuant to sec-
25	tion 323 whether test procedures and energy conserva-

- tion standards pursuant to section 325 should be revised, the Secretary shall consider for covered products which are major sources of standby mode energy
  consumption whether to incorporate standby mode
  into such test procedures and energy conservation
  standards, taking into account, among other relevant
  factors, the criteria for non-covered products in subparagraph (B) of this subsection.
  - "(4) RULEMAKING FOR STANDBY MODE.—(A)
    Any rulemaking instituted under this subsection or
    for covered products under this section which restricts
    standby mode power consumption shall be subject to
    the criteria and procedures for issuing energy conservation standards set forth in section 325 and the
    criteria set forth in paragraph 2(B) of this subsection.
  - "(B) No standard can be proposed for new covered products or covered products in a standby mode unless the Secretary has promulgated applicable test procedures for each product pursuant to section 323.
  - "(C) The provisions of section 327 shall apply to new covered products which are subject to the rulemakings for standby mode after a final rule has been issued.
- 24 "(5) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Any standard promul-25 gated under this subsection shall be applicable to

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- products manufactured or imported 3 years after the
   date of promulgation.
- 3 "(6) VOLUNTARY PROGRAMS TO REDUCE STAND4 BY MODE ENERGY USE.—The Secretary and the Ad5 ministrator shall collaborate and develop programs,
  6 including programs pursuant to section 324A and
  7 other voluntary industry agreements or codes of con8 duct, which are designed to reduce standby mode en-
- 9 ergy use.
- 10 "(v) Suspended Ceiling Fans, Vending Machines,
- 11 Unit Heaters, and Commercial Refrigerators,
- 12 Freezers and Refrigerator-Freezers.—The Sec-
- 13 retary shall within 24 months after the date on which test-
- 14 ing requirements are prescribed by the Secretary pursuant
- 15 to section 323(f), prescribe, by rule, energy conservation
- 16 standards for suspended ceiling fans, refrigerated bottled or
- 17 canned beverage vending machines, unit heaters, and com-
- 18 mercial refrigerators, freezers and refrigerator-freezers. In
- 19 establishing standards under this subsection, the Secretary
- 20 shall use the criteria and procedures contained in sub-
- 21 sections (1) and (m). Any standard prescribed under this
- 22 subsection shall apply to products manufactured 3 years
- 23 after the date of publication of a final rule establishing such
- 24 standard.

- 1 "(w) Illuminated Exit Signs.—Illuminated exit
- 2 signs manufactured on or after January 1, 2005 shall meet
- 3 the Energy Star Program performance requirements for il-
- 4 luminated exit signs prescribed by the Environmental Pro-
- 5 tection Agency as in effect on the date of enactment of this
- 6 subsection.
- 7 "(x) Torchieres.—Torchieres manufactured on or
- 8 after January 1, 2005—
- 9 "(1) shall consume not more than 190 watts of
- 10 power; and
- 11 "(2) shall not be capable of operating with lamps
- that total more than 190 watts.
- 13 "(y) Low Voltage Dry-Type Transformers.—The
- 14 efficiency of low voltage dry-type transformers manufac-
- 15 tured on or after January 1, 2005 shall be the Class I Effi-
- 16 ciency Levels for low voltage dry-type transformers specified
- 17 in Table 4-2 of the 'Guide for Determining Energy Effi-
- 18 ciency for Distribution Transformers' published by the Na-
- 19 tional Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA TP-
- 20 1–1996).
- 21 "(z) Traffic Signal Modules.—Traffic signal mod-
- 22 ules manufactured on or after January 1, 2006 shall meet
- 23 the performance requirements used under the Energy Star
- 24 program of the Environmental Protection Agency for traffic
- 25 signals, as in effect on the date of enactment of this para-

- 1 graph, and shall be installed with compatible, electrically-
- 2 connected signal control interface devices and conflict moni-
- 3 toring systems.".
- 4 SEC. 929. CONSUMER EDUCATION ON ENERGY EFFICIENCY
- 5 BENEFITS OF AIR CONDITIONING, HEATING,
- 6 AND VENTILATION MAINTENANCE.
- 7 Section 337 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act
- 8 (42 U.S.C. 6307) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 9 lowing:
- 10 "(c) HVAC MAINTENANCE.—(1) For the purpose of en-
- 11 suring that installed air conditioning and heating systems
- 12 operate at their maximum rated efficiency levels, the Sec-
- 13 retary shall, within 180 days of the date of enactment of
- 14 this subsection, carry out a program to educate homeowners
- 15 and small business owners concerning the energy savings
- 16 resulting from properly conducted maintenance of air con-
- 17 ditioning, heating, and ventilating systems.
- 18 "(2) The Secretary may carry out the program in co-
- 19 operation with industry trade associations, industry mem-
- 20 bers, and energy efficiency organizations.
- 21 "(d) Small Business Education and Assist-
- 22 Ance.—The Administrator of the Small Business Adminis-
- 23 tration, in consultation with the Secretary of Energy and
- 24 the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency,
- 25 shall develop and coordinate a Government-wide program,

1	building on the existing Energy Star for Small Business
2	Program, to assist small business to become more energy
3	efficient, understand the cost savings obtainable through ef-
4	ficiencies, and identify financing options for energy effi-
5	ciency upgrades. The Secretary and the Administrator shall
6	make the program information available directly to small
7	businesses and through other Federal agencies, including the
8	Federal Emergency Management Agency, and the Depart-
9	ment of Agriculture.".
10	SEC. 930. STUDY OF ENERGY EFFICIENCY STANDARDS.
11	The Secretary of Energy shall contract with the Na-
12	tional Academy of Sciences for a study, to be completed
13	within 1 year of enactment of this Act, to examine whether
14	the goals of energy efficiency standards are best served by
15	measurement of energy consumed, and efficiency improve-
16	ments, at the actual site of energy consumption, or through
17	the full fuel cycle, beginning at the source of energy produc-
18	tion. The Secretary shall submit the report to the Congress.
19	Subtitle D—Housing Efficiency
1)	Subtitle B Housing Bifferency
20	SEC. 931. CAPACITY BUILDING FOR ENERGY EFFICIENT, AF-
20	SEC. 931. CAPACITY BUILDING FOR ENERGY EFFICIENT, AF
<ul><li>20</li><li>21</li><li>22</li></ul>	SEC. 931. CAPACITY BUILDING FOR ENERGY EFFICIENT, AF- FORDABLE HOUSING.

semicolon at the end the following: ", including capa-

1	bilities regarding the provision of energy efficient, af-
2	fordable housing and residential energy conservation
3	measures"; and
4	(2) in paragraph (2), by inserting before the
5	semicolon the following: ", including such activities
6	relating to the provision of energy efficient, affordable
7	housing and residential energy conservation measures
8	that benefit low-income families".
9	SEC. 932. INCREASE OF CDBG PUBLIC SERVICES CAP FOR
10	ENERGY CONSERVATION AND EFFICIENCY
11	ACTIVITIES.
12	Section 105(a)(8) of the Housing and Community De-
13	velopment Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5305(a)(8)) is amended—
14	(1) by inserting "or efficiency" after "energy
15	conservation";
16	(2) by striking ", and except that" and inserting
17	"; except that"; and
18	(3) by inserting before the period at the end the
19	following: "; and except that each percentage limita-
20	tion under this paragraph on the amount of assist-
21	ance provided under this title that may be used for
22	the provision of public services is hereby increased by
23	10 percent, but such percentage increase may be used
24	only for the provision of public services concerning
25	energy conservation or efficiency".

# SEC. 933. FHA MORTGAGE INSURANCE INCENTIVES FOR EN-2 ERGY EFFICIENT HOUSING. 3 (a) Single Family Housing Mortgage Insur-ANCE.—Section 203(b)(2) of the National Housing Act (12) 5 $U.S.C.\ 1709(b)(2)$ ) is amended, in the first undesignated paragraph beginning after subparagraph (B)(iii) (relating to solar energy systems)— 8 (1) by inserting "or paragraph (10)"; and 9 (2) by striking "20 percent" and inserting "30 10 percent". 11 (b) Multifamily Housing Mortgage Insurance.— Section 207(c) of the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 12 13 1713(c)) is amended, in the second undesignated paragraph beginning after paragraph (3) (relating to solar energy systems and residential energy conservation measures), by striking "20 percent" and inserting "30 percent". 17 (c) Cooperative Housing Mortgage Insurance.— Section 213(p) of the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 18 19 1715e(p)) is amended by striking "20 per centum" and in-20 serting "30 percent". 21 (d) Rehabilitation and Neighborhood Conserva-22 TIONHousing MORTGAGE Insurance.—Section 220(d)(3)(B)(iii) of the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C.

1715k(d)(3)(B)(iii)) is amended by striking "20 per cen-

25 tum" and inserting "30 percent".

1	(e) Low-Income Multifamily Housing Mortgage
2	Insurance.—Section 221(k) of the National Housing Act
3	(12 U.S.C. 1715l(k)) is amended by striking "20 per cen-
4	tum" and inserting "30 percent".
5	(f) Elderly Housing Mortgage Insurance.—The
6	proviso at the end of section $213(c)(2)$ of the National Hous-
7	ing Act (12 U.S.C. 1715 $v(c)(2)$ ) is amended by striking "20
8	per centum" and inserting "30 percent".
9	(g) Condominium Housing Mortgage Insur-
10	ANCE.—Section 234(j) of the National Housing Act (12
11	U.S.C. 1715y(j)) is amended by striking "20 per centum"
12	and inserting "30 percent".
13	SEC. 934. PUBLIC HOUSING CAPITAL FUND.
14	Section 9(d)(1) of the United States Housing Act of
15	1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437g(d)(1)) is amended—
16	(1) in subparagraph (I), by striking "and" at
17	$the \ end;$
18	(2) in subparagraph (K), by striking the period
19	at the end and inserting "; and"; and
20	(3) by adding at the end the following new sub-
21	paragraph:
22	"(L) improvement of energy and water-use
23	efficiency by installing fixtures and fittings that
24	conform to the American Society of Mechanical
25	Engineers/American National Standards Insti-

1	tute standards A112.19.2–1998 and A112.18.1–
2	2000, or any revision thereto, applicable at the
3	time of installation, and by increasing energy ef-
4	ficiency and water conservation by such other
5	means as the Secretary determines are appro-
6	priate.".
7	SEC. 935. GRANTS FOR ENERGY-CONSERVING IMPROVE-
8	MENTS FOR ASSISTED HOUSING.
9	Section 251(b)(1) of the National Energy Conservation
10	Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8231(1)) is amended—
11	(1) by striking "financed with loans" and insert-
12	ing "assisted";
13	(2) by inserting after "1959," the following:
14	"which are eligible multifamily housing projects (as
15	such term is defined in section 512 of the Multifamily
16	Assisted Housing Reform and Affordability Act of
17	1997 (42 U.S.C. 1437f note) and are subject to a
18	mortgage restructuring and rental assistance suffi-
19	ciency plans under such Act,"; and
20	(3) by inserting after the period at the end of the
21	first sentence the following new sentence: "Such im-
22	provements may also include the installation of en-
23	ergy and water conserving fixtures and fittings that
24	conform to the American Society of Mechanical Engi-
25	neers/American National Standards Institute stand-

1	ards A112.19.2–1998 and A112.18.1–2000, or any re-
2	vision thereto, applicable at the time of installation.".
3	SEC. 936. NORTH AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK.
4	Part 2 of subtitle D of title V of the North American
5	Free Trade Agreement Implementation Act (22 U.S.C.
6	290m-290m-3) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
7	lowing:
8	"SEC. 545. SUPPORT FOR CERTAIN ENERGY POLICIES.
9	"Consistent with the focus of the Bank's Charter on
10	environmental infrastructure projects, the Board members
11	representing the United States should use their voice and
12	vote to encourage the Bank to finance projects related to
13	clean and efficient energy, including energy conservation,
14	that prevent, control, or reduce environmental pollutants or
15	contaminants.".
16	SEC. 937. CAPITAL FUND.
17	Section 9 of the United States Housing Act of 1937
18	(42 U.S.C. 1437g), as amended by section 934, is
19	amended—
20	(1) in subsection $(d)(1)$ —
21	(A) in subparagraph (L), by striking the
22	period at the end and inserting "; and";
23	(B) by redesignating subparagraph (L) as
24	subparagraph (K); and
25	(C) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(L) integrated utility management
2	and capital planning to maximize energy
3	conservation and efficiency measures."; and
4	(2) in subsection $(e)(2)(C)$ —
5	(A) by striking "The" and inserting the fol-
6	lowing:
7	"(i) In General.—The"; and
8	(B) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(ii) Third party contracts.—Con-
10	tracts described in clause (i) may include
11	contracts for equipment conversions to less
12	costly utility sources, projects with resident
13	paid utilities, adjustments to frozen base
14	year consumption, including systems re-
15	paired to meet applicable building and safe-
16	ty codes and adjustments for occupancy
17	rates increased by rehabilitation.
18	"(iii) Term of contract.—The total
19	term of a contract described in clause (i)
20	shall be for not more than 20 years to allow
21	longer payback periods for retrofits, includ-
22	ing but not limited to windows, heating sys-
23	tem replacements, wall insulation, site-
24	based generations, and advanced energy

1	savings technologies, including renewable
2	energy generation.".
3	SEC. 938. ENERGY-EFFICIENT APPLIANCES.
4	A public housing agency shall purchase energy-effi-
5	cient appliances that are Energy Star products as defined
6	in section 552 of the National Energy Policy and Conserva-
7	tion Act (as amended by this Act) when the purchase of
8	energy-efficient appliances is cost-effective to the public
9	housing agency.
10	SEC. 939. ENERGY EFFICIENCY STANDARDS.
11	Section 109 of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Afford-
12	able Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 12709) is amended—
13	(1) in subsection (a)—
14	(A) in paragraph (1)—
15	(i) by striking "the date of the enact-
16	ment of the Energy Policy Act of 1992" and
17	inserting "September 30, 2002";
18	(ii) in subparagraph (A), by striking
19	"and" at the end;
20	(iii) in subparagraph (B), by striking
21	the period at the end and inserting a semi-
22	colon; and
23	(iv) by adding at the end the following:
24	"(C) rehabilitation and new construction of
25	public and assisted housing funded by HOPE VI

1	revitalization grants, established under section
2	24 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42
3	U.S.C. 1437v), where such standards are deter-
4	mined to be cost effective by the Secretary of
5	Housing and Urban Development; and
6	(B) in paragraph (2), by striking "Council
7	of American" and all that follows through "life-
8	cycle cost basis" and inserting "2000 Inter-
9	national Energy Conservation Code";
10	(2) in subsection (b)—
11	(A) by striking "the date of the enactment
12	of the Energy Policy Act of 1992" and inserting
13	"September 30, 2002"; and
14	(B) by striking "CABO" and all that fol-
15	lows through "1989" and inserting "the 2000
16	International Energy Conservation Code"; and
17	(3) in subsection (c)—
18	(A) in the heading, by striking "Model
19	Energy Code" and inserting "The Inter-
20	NATIONAL ENERGY CONSERVATION CODE"; and
21	(B) by striking "CABO" and all that fol-
22	lows through "1989" and inserting "the 2000
23	International Energy Conservation Code".

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1	SEC. 940. ENERGY STRATEGY FOR HUD.
2	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Housing and
3	Urban Development shall develop and implement an inte-
4	grated strategy to reduce utility expenses through cost-effec-
5	tive energy conservation and efficiency measures, design
6	and construction in public and assisted housing.
7	(b) Energy Management Office.—The Secretary of
8	Housing and Urban Development shall create an office at
9	the Department of Housing and Urban Development for
10	utility management, energy efficiency, and conservation,
11	with responsibility for implementing the strategy developed
12	under this section, including development of a centralized
13	database that monitors public housing energy usage, and
14	development of energy reduction goals and incentives for
15	public housing agencies. The Secretary shall submit an an-
16	nual report to Congress on the strategy.
17	Subtitle E—Rural and Remote
18	Communities
19	SEC. 941. SHORT TITLE.
20	This subtitle may be cited as the "Rural and Remote
21	Community Fairness Act".
22	SEC. 942. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.
23	(a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—
24	(1) a modern infrastructure, including energy-ef-

 $ficient\ housing,\ electricity,\ telecommunications,\ bulk$ 

fuel, wastewater and potable water service, is a nec-

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1 essary ingredient of a modern society and develop-2 ment of a prosperous economy;

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- (2) the Nation's rural and remote communities face critical social, economic and environmental problems, arising in significant measure from the high cost of infrastructure development in sparsely populated and remote areas, that are not adequately addressed by existing Federal assistance programs;
  - (3) in the past, Federal assistance has been instrumental in establishing electric and other utility service in many developing regions of the Nation, and that Federal assistance continues to be appropriate to ensure that electric and other utility systems in rural areas conform with modern standards of safety, reliability, efficiency and environmental protection; and
  - (4) the future welfare of the Nation and the wellbeing of its citizens depend on the establishment and maintenance of viable rural and remote communities as social, economic and political entities.
- 20 (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this subtitle is the de-21 velopment and maintenance of viable rural and remote 22 communities through the provision of efficient housing, and 23 reasonably priced and environmentally sound energy, 24 water, wastewater, and bulk fuel, telecommunications and 25 utility services to those communities that do not have those

1 services or who currently bear costs of those services that

2 are significantly above the national average.

### 3 SEC. 943. DEFINITIONS.

- 4 As used in this subtitle:
- (1) The term "unit of general local government" 5 6 means any city, county, town, township, parish, vil-7 lage, borough (organized or unorganized) or other 8 general purpose political subdivision of a State, 9 Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana 10 Islands, Puerto Rico, the Republic of the Marshall Is-11 lands, the Federated States of Micronesia, the Repub-12 lic of Palau, the Virgin Islands, and American 13 Samoa, a combination of such political subdivisions 14 that is recognized by the Secretary; and the District 15 of Columbia; or any other appropriate organization 16 of citizens of a rural and remote community that the 17 Secretary may identify.
  - (2) The term "population" means total resident population based on data compiled by the United States Bureau of the Census and referable to the same point or period in time.
  - (3) The term "Native American group" means any Indian tribe, band, group, and nation, including Alaska Indians, Aleuts, and Eskimos, and any Alaskan Native village, of the United States, which is con-

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- sidered an eligible recipient under the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (Public Law 93–638) or was considered an eligible recipient under chapter 67 of title 31, United States Code, prior to the repeal of such chapter.
  - (4) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Energy, as appropriate.
  - (5) The term "rural and remote community" means a unit of local general government or Native American group which is served by an electric utility that has 10,000 or less customers with an average retail cost per kilowatt hour of electricity that is equal to or greater than 150 percent of the average retail cost per kilowatt hour of electricity for all consumers in the United States, as determined by data provided by the Energy Information Administration of the Department of Energy.
  - (6) The term "alternative energy sources" include nontraditional means of providing electrical energy, including, but not limited to, wind, solar, biomass, municipal solid waste, hydroelectric, geothermal and tidal power.

- 1 (7) The term "average retail cost per kilowatt
- 2 hour of electricity" has the same meaning as "average
- 3 revenue per kilowatt hour of electricity" as defined by
- 4 the Energy Information Administration of the De-
- 5 partment of Energy.

#### 6 SEC. 944. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 7 The Secretary is authorized to make grants to rural
- 8 and remote communities to carry out activities in accord-
- 9 ance with the provisions of this subtitle. For purposes of
- 10 assistance under section 947, there are authorized to be ap-
- 11 propriated \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2003
- 12 through 2009.

#### 13 SEC. 945. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW.

- 14 (a) Statement of Objectives and Projected
- 15 Use.—Prior to the receipt in any fiscal year of a grant
- 16 under section 947 by any rural and remote community, the
- 17 grantee shall have prepared and submitted to the Secretary
- 18 of the agency providing funding a final statement of rural
- 19 and remote community development objectives and pro-
- 20 jected use of funds.
- 21 (b) Public Notice.—In order to permit public exam-
- 22 ination and appraisal of such statements, to enhance the
- 23 public accountability of grantees, and to facilitate coordina-
- 24 tion of activities with different levels of government, the
- 25 grantee shall in a timely manner—

- (1) furnish citizens information concerning the
   amount of funds available for rural and remote community development activities and the range of activities that may be undertaken;
  - (2) publish a proposed statement in such manner to afford affected citizens an opportunity to examine its content and to submit comments on the proposed statement and on the community development performance of the grantee;
  - (3) provide citizens with reasonable access to records regarding the past use of funds received under section 947 by the grantee; and
- 13 (4) provide citizens with reasonable notice of, 14 and opportunity to comment on, any substantial 15 change proposed to be made in the use of funds re-16 ceived under section 947 from one eligible activity to 17 another.
- 18 The final statement shall be made available to the public,
- 19 and a copy shall be furnished to the appropriate Secretary.
- 20 Any final statement of activities may be modified or
- 21 amended from time to time by the grantee in accordance
- 22 with the same. Procedures required in this paragraph are
- 23 for the preparation and submission of such statement.
- 24 (c) Performance and Evaluation Report.—Each
- 25 grantee shall submit to the appropriate Secretary, at a time

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1	determined by the Secretary, a performance and evaluation
2	report, concerning the use of funds made available under
3	section 947, together with an assessment by the grantee of
4	the relationship of such use to the objectives identified in
5	the grantee's statement under subsection (a) and to the re-
6	quirements of subsection (b). The grantee's report shall indi-
7	cate its programmatic accomplishments, the nature of and
8	reasons for any changes in the grantee's program objectives,
9	and indications of how the grantee would change its pro-
10	grams as a result of its experiences.
11	(d) Retention of Income.—
12	(1) In general.—Any rural and remote com-
13	munity may retain any program income that is real-
14	ized from any grant made by the Secretary under sec-
15	tion 947 if—
16	(A) such income was realized after the ini-
17	tial disbursement of the funds received by such
18	unit of general local government under such sec-
19	tion; and
20	(B) such unit of general local government
21	has agreed that it will utilize the program in-
22	come for eligible rural and remote community
23	development activities in accordance with the
24	provisions of this title.

1	(2) Exception.—The Secretary may, by regula-
2	tion, exclude from consideration as program income
3	any amounts determined to be so small that compli-
4	ance with the subsection creates an unreasonable ad-
5	ministrative burden on the rural and remote commu-
6	nity.
7	SEC. 946. ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES.
8	(a) Activities Included.—Eligible activities as-
9	sisted under this subtitle may include only—
10	(1) weatherization and other cost-effective en-
11	ergy-related repairs of homes and other buildings;
12	(2) the acquisition, construction, repair, recon-
13	struction, or installation of reliable and cost-efficient
14	facilities for the generation, transmission or distribu-
15	tion of electricity, and telecommunications, for con-
16	sumption in a rural and remote community or com-
17	munities;
18	(3) the acquisition, construction, repair, recon-
19	struction, remediation or installation of facilities for
20	the safe storage and efficient management of bulk fuel
21	by rural and remote communities, and facilities for
22	the distribution of such fuel to consumers in a rural
23	or remote community;
24	(4) facilities and training to reduce costs of
25	maintaining and operating generation, distribution

1	or transmission systems to a rural and remote com-
2	munity or communities;
3	(5) the institution of professional management
4	and maintenance services for electricity generation,
5	transmission or distribution to a rural and remote
6	community or communities;
7	(6) the investigation of the feasibility of alternate
8	energy sources for a rural and remote community or
9	communities;
10	(7) acquisition, construction, repair, reconstruc-
11	tion, operation, maintenance, or installation of facili-
12	ties for water or wastewater service;
13	(8) the acquisition or disposition of real prop-
14	erty (including air rights, water rights, and other in-
15	terests therein) for eligible rural and remote commu-
16	nity development activities; and
17	(9) activities necessary to develop and implement
18	a comprehensive rural and remote development plan,
19	including payment of reasonable administrative costs
20	related to planning and execution of rural and remote
21	community development activities.
22	(b) Activities Undertaken Through Electric
23	Utilities.—Eligible activities may be undertaken either
24	directly by the rural and remote community, or by the rural

 $25 \ \ and \ remote \ community \ through \ local \ electric \ utilities.$ 

## 1 SEC. 947. ALLOCATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS.

2	For each fiscal year, of the amount approved in an
3	appropriation Act under section 903 for grants in any year,
4	the Secretary shall distribute to each rural and remote com-
5	munity which has filed a final statement of rural and re-
6	mote community development objectives and projected use
7	of funds under section 945, an amount which shall be allo-
8	cated among the rural and remote communities that filed
9	a final statement of rural and remote community develop-
10	ment objectives and projected use of funds under section 945
11	proportionate to the percentage that the average retail price
12	per kilowatt hour of electricity for all classes of consumers
13	in the rural and remote community exceeds the national
14	average retail price per kilowatt hour for electricity for all
15	consumers in the United States, as determined by data pro-
16	vided by the Department of Energy's Energy Information
17	Administration. In allocating funds under this section, the
18	Secretary shall give special consideration to those rural and
19	remote communities that increase economies of scale
20	through consolidation of services, affiliation and regional-
21	ization of eligible activities under this title.
22	SEC. 948. RURAL AND REMOTE COMMUNITY ELECTRIFICA-

- 23 TION GRANTS.
- 24 Section 313 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936
- 25 (7 U.S.C. 940c) is amended by adding after subsection (b)
- 26 the following:

- 1 "(c) Rural and Remote Communities Elec-
- 2 TRIFICATION GRANTS.—The Secretary of Agriculture, in
- 3 consultation with the Secretary of Energy and the Secretary
- 4 of the Interior, may provide grants under this Act for the
- 5 purpose of increasing energy efficiency, siting or upgrading
- 6 transmission and distribution lines, or providing or mod-
- 7 ernizing electric facilities to—
- 8 "(1) a unit of local government of a State or ter-
- 9 ritory; or
- 10 "(2) an Indian tribe or Tribal College or Univer-
- 11 sity as defined in section 316(b)(3) of the Higher
- 12 Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1059c(b)(3)).
- 13 "(d) Grant Criteria.—The Secretary shall make
- 14 grants based on a determination of cost-effectiveness and
- 15 most effective use of the funds to achieve the stated purposes
- 16 of this section.
- 17 "(e) Preference.—In making grants under this sec-
- 18 tion, the Secretary shall give a preference to renewable en-
- 19 ergy facilities.
- 20 "(f) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
- 21 term 'Indian tribe' means any Indian tribe, band, nation,
- 22 or other organized group or community, including any
- 23 Alaska Native village or regional or village corporation as
- 24 defined in or established pursuant to the Alaska Native
- 25 Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), which is

1	recognized as eligible for the special programs and services
2	provided by the United States to Indians because of their
3	status as Indians.
4	"(e) Authorization.—For the purpose of carrying
5	out subsection (c), there are authorized to be appropriated
6	to the Secretary \$20,000,000 for each of the 7 fiscal years
7	following the date of enactment of this subsection.".
8	SEC. 949. ADDITIONAL AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA
9	TIONS.
10	There is hereby authorized to be appropriated
11	\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2003 through 2009 to
12	the Denali Commission established by the Denali Commis-
13	sion Act of 1998 (42 U.S.C. 3121 note) for the purposes
14	of funding the power cost equalization program.
15	SEC. 950. RURAL RECOVERY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT
16	BLOCK GRANTS.
17	(a) Findings; Purpose.—
18	(1) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
19	(A) a modern infrastructure, including af-
20	fordable housing, wastewater and water service,
21	and advanced technology capabilities is a nec-
22	essary ingredient of a modern society and devel-
23	opment of a prosperous economy with minimal
24	environmental impacts:

- (B) the Nation's rural areas face critical so-cial, economic, and environmental problems, arising in significant measure from the growing cost of infrastructure development in rural areas that suffer from low per capita income and high rates of outmigration and are not adequately ad-dressed by existing Federal assistance programs: and
  - (C) the future welfare of the Nation and the well-being of its citizens depend on the establishment and maintenance of viable rural areas as social, economic, and political entities.
  - (2) Purpose.—The purpose of this section is to provide for the development and maintenance of viable rural areas through the provision of affordable housing and community development assistance to eligible units of general local government and eligible Native American groups in rural areas with excessively high rates of outmigration and low per capita income levels.

# (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) Eligible unit of general local government" means a unit of general local government that is the governing body of a rural recovery area.

1	(2) Eligible indian tribe.—The term "eligible
2	Indian tribe" means the governing body of an Indian
3	tribe that is located in a rural recovery area.
4	(3) Grantee.—The term "grantee" means an el-
5	igible unit of general local government or eligible In-
6	dian tribe that receives a grant under this section.
7	(4) Native american group.—The term "Na-
8	tive American group" means any Indian tribe, band,
9	group, and nation, including Alaska Indians, Aleuts,
10	and Eskimos, and any Alaskan Native village, of the
11	United States, which is considered an eligible recipi-
12	ent under the Indian Self-Determination and Edu-
13	cation Assistance Act (Public Law 93–638) or was
14	considered an eligible recipient under chapter 67 of
15	title 31, United States Code, prior to the repeal of
16	such chapter.
17	(5) Rural recovery area.—The term "rural
18	recovery area" means any geographic area rep-
19	resented by a unit of general local government or a
20	Native American group—
21	(A) the borders of which are not adjacent to
22	$a\ metropolitan\ area;$
23	(B) in which—
24	(i) the population outmigration level
25	equals or exceeds 1 percent over the most re-

1	cent 5 year period, as determined by the
2	Secretary of Housing and Urban Develop-
3	ment; and
4	(ii) the per capita income is less than
5	that of the national nonmetropolitan aver-
6	age; and
7	(C) that does not include a city with a pop-
8	ulation of more than 15,000.
9	(6) Unit of general local government.—
10	(A) In general.—The term "unit of gen-
11	eral local government" means any city, county,
12	town, township, parish, village, borough (orga-
13	nized or unorganized), or other general purpose
14	political subdivision of a State; Guam, the Com-
15	monwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the
16	Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, and American
17	Samoa, or a general purpose political subdivi-
18	sion thereof; a combination of such political sub-
19	divisions that, except as provided in section
20	106(d)(4), is recognized by the Secretary; and the
21	District of Columbia.
22	(B) Other entities included.—The term
23	also includes a State or a local public body or
24	agency, community association, or other entity,
25	that is approved by the Secretary for the purpose

1	of providing public facilities or services to a new
2	community.
3	(7) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
4	the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development,
5	the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of the Inte-
6	rior or the Secretary of Energy, as appropriate.
7	(c) Grant Authority.—The Secretary may make
8	grants in accordance with this section to eligible units of
9	general local government, Native American groups and eli-
10	gible Indian tribes that meet the requirements of subsection
11	(d) to carry out eligible activities described in subsection
12	<i>(f)</i> .
13	(d) Eligibility Requirements.—
14	(1) Statement of rural development ob-
15	JECTIVES.—In order to receive a grant under this sec-
16	tion for a fiscal year, an eligible unit of general local
17	government, Native American group or eligible In-
18	dian tribe—
19	(A) shall—
20	(i) publish a proposed statement of
21	rural development objectives and a descrip-
22	tion of the proposed eligible activities de-
23	scribed in subsection (f) for which the grant
24	will be used; and

1	(ii) afford residents of the rural recov-
2	ery area served by the eligible unit of gen-
3	eral local government, Native American
4	groups or eligible Indian tribe with an op-
5	portunity to examine the contents of the
6	proposed statement and the proposed eligi-
7	ble activities published under clause (i), and
8	to submit comments to the eligible unit of
9	general local government, Native American
10	group or eligible Indian tribe, as applicable,
11	on the proposed statement and the proposed
12	eligible activities, and the overall commu-
13	nity development performance of the eligible
14	unit of general local government, Native
15	American groups or eligible Indian tribe, as
16	applicable; and
17	(B) based on any comments received under
18	subparagraph (A)(ii), prepare and submit to the
19	Secretary—
20	(i) a final statement of rural develop-
21	$ment\ objectives;$
22	(ii) a description of the eligible activi-
23	ties described in subsection (f) for which a
24	grant received under this section will be
25	used; and

1	(iii) a certification that the eligible
2	unit of general local government, Native
3	American groups or eligible Indian tribe, as
4	applicable, will comply with the require-
5	ments of paragraph (2).
6	(2) Public notice and comment.—In order to
7	enhance public accountability and facilitate the co-
8	ordination of activities among different levels of gov-
9	ernment, an eligible unit of general local government,
10	Native American groups or eligible Indian tribe that
11	receives a grant under this section shall, as soon as
12	practicable after such receipt, provide the residents of
13	the rural recovery area served by the eligible unit of
14	general local government, Native American groups or
15	eligible Indian tribe, as applicable, with—
16	(A) a copy of the final statement submitted
17	$under\ paragraph\ (1)(B);$
18	(B) information concerning the amount
19	made available under this section and the eligi-
20	ble activities to be undertaken with that amount;
21	(C) reasonable access to records regarding
22	the use of any amounts received by the eligible
23	unit of general local government, Native Amer-
24	ican groups or eligible Indian tribe under this
25	section in any preceding fiscal year; and

1	(D) reasonable notice of, and opportunity to
2	comment on, any substantial change proposed to
3	be made in the use of amounts received under
4	this section from one eligible activity to another.
5	(e) Distribution of Grants.—
6	(1) In General.—In each fiscal year, the Sec-
7	retary shall distribute to each eligible unit of general
8	local government, Native American groups and eligi-
9	ble Indian tribe that meets the requirements of sub-
10	section $(d)(1)$ a grant in an amount described in
11	paragraph (2).
12	(2) Amount.—Of the total amount made avail-
13	able to carry out this section in each fiscal year, the
14	Secretary shall distribute to each grantee the amount
15	equal to the greater of—
16	(A) the pro rata share of the grantee, as de-
17	termined by the Secretary, based on the com-
18	bined annual population outmigration level (as
19	determined by the Secretary of Housing and
20	Urban Development) and the per capita income
21	for the rural recovery area served by the grantee;
22	or
23	(B) \$200,000.
24	(f) Eligible Activities.—Each grantee shall use
25	amounts received under this section for one or more of the

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1	following eligible activities, which may be undertaken either
2	directly by the grantee, or by any local economic develop-
3	ment corporation, regional planning district, nonprofit
4	community development corporation, or statewide develop-
5	ment organization authorized by the grantee—
6	(1) the acquisition, construction, repair, recon-
7	struction, operation, maintenance, or installation of
8	facilities for water and wastewater service or any
9	other infrastructure needs determined to be critical to
10	the further development or improvement of a des-
11	ignated industrial park;
12	(2) the acquisition or disposition of real prop-
13	erty (including air rights, water rights, and other in-
14	terests therein) for rural community development ac-
15	tivities;
16	(3) the development of telecommunications infra-
17	structure within a designated industrial park that en-
18	courages high technology business development in

- rural areas;
- (4) activities necessary to develop and implement a comprehensive rural development plan, including payment of reasonable administrative costs related to planning and execution of rural development activities; or
- 25 (5) affordable housing initiatives.

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1	(g) Performance and Evaluation Report.—
2	(1) In General.—Each grantee shall annually
3	submit to the appropriate Secretary a performance
4	and evaluation report, concerning the use of amounts
5	received under this section.
6	(2) Contents.—Each report submitted under
7	paragraph (1) shall include a description of—
8	(A) the eligible activities carried out by the
9	grantee with amounts received under this section,
10	and the degree to which the grantee has achieved
11	the rural development objectives included in the
12	final statement submitted under subsection
13	(d)(1);
14	(B) the nature of and reasons for any
15	change in the rural development objectives or the
16	eligible activities of the grantee after submission
17	of the final statement under subsection $(d)(1)$ ;
18	and
19	(C) any manner in which the grantee would
20	change the rural development objectives of the
21	grantee as a result of the experience of the grant-
22	ee in administering amounts received under this
23	section.
24	(h) Retention of Income.—A grantee may retain
25	any income that is realized from the grant, if—

1	(1) the income was realized after the initial dis-
2	bursement of amounts to the grantee under this sec-
3	tion; and
4	(2) the—
5	(A) grantee agrees to utilize the income for
6	one or more eligible activities; or
7	(B) amount of the income is determined by
8	the Secretary to be so small that compliance with
9	subparagraph (A) would create an unreasonable
10	administrative burden on the grantee.
11	(i) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
12	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
13	\$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2003 through 2009.
14	DIVISION D—INTEGRATION OF
15	ENERGY POLICY AND CLI-
16	MATE CHANGE POLICY
17	TITLE X—NATIONAL CLIMATE
18	CHANGE POLICY
19	Subtitle A—Sense of Congress
20	SEC. 1001. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON CLIMATE CHANGE.
21	(a) Findings.—The Congress makes the following
22	findings:
23	(1) Evidence continues to build that increases in
24	atmospheric concentrations of man-made greenhouse
25	gases are contributing to global climate change.

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- (2) The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) has concluded that "there is new and stronger evidence that most of the warming observed over the last 50 years is attributable to human activities" and that the Earth's average temperature can be expected to rise between 2.5 and 10.4 degrees Fahrenheit in this century.
  - (3) The National Academy of Sciences confirmed the findings of the IPCC, stating that "the IPCC's conclusion that most of the observed warming of the last 50 years is likely to have been due to the increase of greenhouse gas concentrations accurately reflects the current thinking of the scientific community on this issue" and that "there is general agreement that the observed warming is real and particularly strong within the past twenty years". The National Academy of Sciences also noted that "because there is considerable uncertainty in current understanding of how the climate system varies naturally and reacts to emissions of greenhouse gases and aerosols, current estimates of the magnitude of future warming should be regarded as tentative and subject to future adjustments upward or downward".
  - (4) The IPCC has stated that in the last 40 years, the global average sea level has risen, ocean

- heat content has increased, and snow cover and ice extent have decreased, which threatens to inundate low-lying island nations and coastal regions throughout the world.
  - (5) In October 2000, a United States Government report found that global climate change may harm the United States by altering crop yields, accelerating sea-level rise, and increasing the spread of tropical infectious diseases.
  - (6) In 1992, the United States ratified the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC), the ultimate objective of which is the "stabilization of greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmosphere at a level that would prevent dangerous anthropogenic interference with the climate system. Such a level should be achieved within a time-frame sufficient to allow ecosystems to adapt naturally to climate change, to ensure that food production is not threatened and to enable economic development to proceed in a sustainable manner".
  - (7) The UNFCCC stated in part that the Parties to the Convention are to implement policies "with the aim of returning . . . to their 1990 levels anthropogenic emissions of carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases" under the principle that "policies and

- measures . . . should be appropriate for the specific conditions of each Party and should be integrated with national development programmes, taking into account that economic development is essential for adopting measures to address climate change".
  - (8) There is a shared international responsibility to address this problem, as industrial nations are the largest historic and current emitters of greenhouse gases and developing nations' emissions will significantly increase in the future.
  - (9) The UNFCCC further stated that "developed country Parties should take the lead in combating climate change and the adverse effects thereof", as these nations are the largest historic and current emitters of greenhouse gases. The UNFCCC also stated that "steps required to understand and address climate change will be environmentally, socially and economically most effective if they are based on relevant scientific, technical and economic considerations and continually re-evaluated in the light of new findings in these areas".
  - (10) Senate Resolution 98 of the One Hundred Fifth Congress, which expressed that developing nations must also be included in any future, binding climate change treaty and such a treaty must not re-

- 1 sult in serious harm to the United States economy, 2 should not cause the United States to abandon its shared responsibility to help reduce the risks of cli-3 mate change and its impacts. Future international efforts in this regard should focus on recognizing the eq-5 6 uitable responsibilities for addressing climate change 7 by all nations, including commitments by the largest 8 developing country emitters in a future, binding cli-9 mate change treaty.
  - (11) It is the position of the United States that it will not interfere with the plans of any nation that chooses to ratify and implement the Kyoto Protocol to the UNFCCC.
    - (12) American businesses need to know how governments worldwide will address the risks of climate change.
  - (13) The United States benefits from investments in the research, development and deployment of a range of clean energy and efficiency technologies that can reduce the risks of climate change and its impacts and that can make the United States economy more productive, bolster energy security, create jobs, and protect the environment.
- (b) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of the United
   States Congress that the United States should demonstrate

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- 1 international leadership and responsibility in reducing the
- 2 health, environmental, and economic risks posed by climate
- 3 change by—

- 4 (1) taking responsible action to ensure signifi-5 cant and meaningful reductions in emissions of 6 greenhouse gases from all sectors;
  - (2) creating flexible international and domestic mechanisms, including joint implementation, technology deployment, tradable credits for emissions reductions and carbon sequestration projects that will reduce, avoid, and sequester greenhouse gas emissions; and
  - (3) participating in international negotiations, including putting forth a proposal to the Conference of the Parties, with the objective of securing United States participation in a future binding climate change Treaty in a manner that is consistent with the environmental objectives of the UNFCCC, that protects the economic interests of the United States, and recognizes the shared international responsibility for addressing climate change, including developing country participation.

1	Subtitle B—Climate Change
2	Strategy
3	SEC. 1011. SHORT TITLE.
4	This subtitle may be cited as the "Climate Change
5	Strategy and Technology Innovation Act of 2003".
6	SEC. 1012. DEFINITIONS.
7	In this subtitle:
8	(1) CLIMATE-FRIENDLY TECHNOLOGY.—The term
9	"climate-friendly technology" means any energy sup-
10	ply or end-use technology that, over the life of the
11	technology and compared to similar technology in
12	commercial use as of the date of enactment of this
13	Act—
14	(A) results in reduced emissions of green-
15	house gases;
16	(B) may substantially lower emissions of
17	other pollutants; and
18	(C) may generate substantially smaller or
19	less hazardous quantities of solid or liquid waste.
20	(2) Department.—The term "Department"
21	means the Department of Energy.
22	(3) Department office.—The term "Depart-
23	ment Office" means the Office of Climate Change
24	Technology of the Department established by section
25	1015(a).

1	(4) FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term "Federal agen-
2	cy" has the meaning given the term "agency" in sec-
3	tion 551 of title 5, United States Code.
4	(5) Greenhouse Gas.—The term "greenhouse
5	gas'' means—
6	(A) an anthropogenic gaseous constituent of
7	the atmosphere (including carbon dioxide, meth-
8	ane, nitrous oxide, chlorofluorocarbons,
9	hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, sulfur
10	hexafluoride, and tropospheric ozone) that ab-
11	sorbs and re-emits infrared radiation and influ-
12	ences climate; and
13	(B) an anthropogenic aerosol (such as black
14	soot) that absorbs solar radiation and influences
15	climate.
16	(6) Interagency task force.—The term
17	"Interagency Task Force" means the Interagency
18	Task Force established under section 1014(e).
19	(7) Key element.—The term 'key element',
20	with respect to the Strategy, means—
21	(A) definition of interim emission mitiga-
22	tion levels, that, coupled with specific mitigation
23	approaches and after taking into account actions
24	by other nations (if any), would result in sta-
25	bilization of greenhouse gas concentrations;

1	(B) technology development, including—
2	(i) a national commitment to double
3	energy research and development by the
4	United States public and private sectors;
5	and
6	(ii) in carrying out such research and
7	development, a national commitment to
8	provide a high degree of emphasis on bold,
9	breakthrough technologies that will make
10	possible a profound transformation of the
11	energy, transportation, industrial, agricul-
12	tural, and building sectors of the United
13	States;
14	(C) climate adaptation research that focuses
15	on actions necessary to adapt to climate
16	change—
17	(i) that may have already occurred; or
18	(ii) that may occur under future cli-
19	mate change scenarios;
20	(D) climate science research that—
21	(i) builds on the substantial scientific
22	understanding of climate change that exists
23	as of the date of enactment of this subtitle;
24	and

1	(ii) focuses on reducing the remaining
2	scientific, technical, and economic uncer-
3	tainties to aid in the development of sound
4	$response\ strategies.$
5	(8) Long-term goal of the strategy.—The
6	term "long-term goal of the Strategy" means the long-
7	term goal in section $1013(a)(1)$ .
8	(9) Mitigation.—The term "mitigation" means
9	actions that reduce, avoid, or sequester greenhouse
10	gases.
11	(10) National academy of sciences.—The
12	term "National Academy of Sciences" means the Na-
13	tional Academy of Sciences, the National Academy of
14	Engineering, the Institute of Medicine, and the Na-
15	tional Research Council.
16	(11) Qualified individual.—
17	(A) In general.—The term "qualified in-
18	dividual" means an individual who has dem-
19	onstrated expertise and leadership skills to draw
20	on other experts in diverse fields of knowledge
21	that are relevant to addressing the climate
22	$change\ challenge.$
23	(B) Fields of knowledge.—The fields of
24	knowledge referred to in subparagraph (A) are—

1	(i) the science of climate change and
2	its impacts;
3	(ii) energy and environmental econom-
4	ics;
5	(iii) technology transfer and diffusion;
6	(iv) the social dimensions of climate
7	change;
8	(v) climate change adaptation strate-
9	gies;
10	(vi) fossil, nuclear, and renewable en-
11	$ergy \ technology;$
12	(vii) energy efficiency and energy con-
13	servation;
14	(viii) energy systems integration;
15	(ix) engineered and terrestrial carbon
16	sequestration;
17	(x) transportation, industrial, and
18	building sector concerns;
19	(xi) regulatory and market-based
20	mechanisms for addressing climate change;
21	(xii) risk and decision analysis;
22	(xiii) strategic planning; and
23	(xiv) the international implications of
24	climate change strategies.

1	(12) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
2	the Secretary of Energy.
3	(13) Stabilization of greenhouse gas con-
4	CENTRATIONS.—The term "stabilization of greenhouse
5	gas concentrations" means the stabilization of green-
6	house gas concentrations in the atmosphere at a level
7	that would prevent dangerous anthropogenic inter-
8	ference with the climate system, recognizing that such
9	a level should be achieved within a time frame suffi-
10	cient to allow ecosystems to adapt naturally to cli-
11	mate change, to ensure that food production is not
12	threatened and to enable economic development to
13	proceed in a sustainable manner, as contemplated by
14	the United Nations Framework Convention on Cli-
15	mate Change, done at New York on May 9, 1992.
16	(14) Strategy.—The term "Strategy" means
17	the National Climate Change Strategy developed
18	under section 1013.
19	(15) White House office.—The term "White
20	House Office" means the Office of National Climate
21	Change Policy established by section 1014(a).
22	SEC. 1013. NATIONAL CLIMATE CHANGE STRATEGY.
23	(a) In General.—The President, through the director

24 of the White House Office and in consultation with the

Interagency Task Force, shall develop a National Climate
 Change Strategy, which shall—

- (1) have the long-term goal of stabilization of greenhouse gas concentrations through actions taken by the United States and other nations;
  - (2) recognize that accomplishing the long-term goal of the Strategy will take from many decades to more than a century, but acknowledging that significant actions must begin in the near term;
    - (3) incorporate the four key elements;
  - (4) be developed on the basis of an examination of a broad range of emissions levels and dates for achievement of those levels (including those evaluated by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change and those consistent with United States treaty commitments) that, after taking into account actions by other nations, would achieve the long-term goal of the Strategy;
  - (5) consider the broad range of activities and actions that can be taken by United States entities to reduce, avoid, or sequester greenhouse gas emissions both within the United States and in other nations through the use of market mechanisms, which may include, but not be limited to, mitigation activities, terrestrial sequestration, earning offsets through carbon

1	capture or project-based activities, trading of emis-
2	sions credits in domestic and international markets,
3	and the application of the resulting credits from any
4	of the above within the United States;
5	(6) minimize any adverse short-term and long-
6	term social, economic, national security, and environ-
7	mental impacts, including ensuring that the strategy
8	is developed in an economically and environmentally
9	sound manner;
10	(7) incorporate mitigation approaches leading to
11	the development and deployment of advanced tech-
12	nologies and practices that will reduce, avoid, or se-
13	quester greenhouse gas emissions;
14	(8) be consistent with the goals of energy, trans-
15	portation, industrial, agricultural, forestry, environ-
16	mental, economic, and other relevant policies of the
17	United States;
18	(9) take into account—
19	(A) the diversity of energy sources and tech-
20	nologies;
21	(B) supply-side and demand-side solutions;
22	and
23	(C) national infrastructure, energy distribu-
24	tion, and transportation systems;

1	(10) be based on an evaluation of a wide range
2	of approaches for achieving the long-term goal of the
3	Strategy, including evaluation of—
4	(A) a variety of cost-effective Federal and
5	State policies, programs, standards, and incen-
6	tives;
7	(B) policies that integrate and promote in-
8	novative, market-based solutions in the United
9	States and in foreign countries; and
10	(C) participation in other international in-
11	stitutions, or in the support of international ac-
12	tivities, that are established or conducted to
13	achieve the long-term goal of the Strategy;
14	(11) in the final recommendations of the
15	Strategy—
16	(A) emphasize policies and actions that
17	achieve the long-term goal of the Strategy; and
18	(B) provide specific recommendations
19	concerning—
20	(i) measures determined to be appro-
21	priate for short-term implementation, giv-
22	ing preference to cost-effective and techno-
23	logically feasible measures that will—
24	(I) produce measurable net reduc-
25	tions in United States emissions, com-

1	pared to expected trends, that lead to-
2	ward achievement of the long-term goal
3	of the Strategy; and
4	(II) minimize any adverse short-
5	term and long-term economic, environ-
6	mental, national security, and social
7	impacts on the United States;
8	(ii) the development of technologies
9	that have the potential for long-term
10	implementation—
11	(I) giving preference to tech-
12	nologies that have the potential to re-
13	duce significantly the overall cost of
14	achieving the long-term goal of the
15	Strategy; and
16	(II) considering a full range of
17	energy sources, energy conversion and
18	use technologies, and efficiency options;
19	(iii) such changes in institutional and
20	technology systems are necessary to adapt to
21	climate change in the short-term and the
22	long-term;
23	(iv) such review, modification, and en-
24	hancement of the scientific, technical, and
25	economic research efforts of the United

1	States, and improvements to the data re-
2	sulting from research, as are appropriate to
3	improve the accuracy of predictions con-
4	cerning climate change and the economic
5	and social costs and opportunities relating
6	to climate change; and
7	(v) changes that should be made to
8	project and grant evaluation criteria under
9	other Federal research and development pro-
10	grams so that those criteria do not inhibit
11	$development\ of\ climate-friendly\ technologies;$
12	(12) recognize that the Strategy is intended to
13	guide the Nation's effort to address climate change,
14	but it shall not create a legal obligation on the part
15	of any person or entity other than the duties of the
16	Director of the White House Office and Interagency
17	Task Force in the development of the Strategy;
18	(13) have a scope that considers the totality of
19	United States public, private, and public-private sec-
20	tor actions that bear on the long-term goal;
21	(14) be developed in a manner that provides for
22	meaningful participation by, and consultation
23	among, Federal, State, tribal, and local government
24	agencies, nongovernmental organizations, academia,
25	scientific bodies, industry, the public, and other inter-

1	ested parties in accordance with subsections
2	(b)(3)(C)(iv)(II) and $(e)(3)(B)(ii)$ of section 1014;
3	(15) address how the United States should en-
4	gage State, tribal, and local governments in devel-
5	oping and carrying out a response to climate change;
6	(16) promote, to the maximum extent prac-
7	ticable, public awareness, outreach, and information-
8	sharing to further the understanding of the full range
9	of climate change-related issues;
10	(17) provide a detailed explanation of how the
11	measures recommended by the Strategy will ensure
12	that they do not result in serious harm to the econ-
13	omy of the United States;
14	(18) provide a detailed explanation of how the
15	measures recommended by the Strategy will achieve
16	its long-term goal;
17	(19) include any recommendations for legislative
18	and administrative actions necessary to implement
19	$the\ Strategy;$
20	(20) serve as a framework for climate change ac-
21	tions by all Federal agencies;
22	(21) recommend which Federal agencies are, or
23	should be, responsible for the various aspects of imple-
24	mentation of the Strategy and any budgetary impli-
25	cations;

1	(22) address how the United States should en-
2	gage foreign governments in developing an inter-
3	national response to climate change; and
4	(23) incorporate initiatives to open markets and
5	promote the deployment of a range of climate-friendly
6	technologies developed in the United States and
7	abroad.
8	(b) Submission to Congress.—Not later than 1 year
9	after the date of enactment of this section, the President,
10	through the Interagency Task Force and the Director, shall
11	submit to Congress the Strategy, in the form of a report
12	that includes—
13	(1) a description of the Strategy and its goals,
14	including how the Strategy addresses each of the 4
15	key elements;
16	(2) an inventory and evaluation of Federal pro-
17	grams and activities intended to carry out the Strat-
18	egy;
19	(3) a description of how the Strategy will serve
20	as a framework of climate change response actions by
21	all Federal agencies, including a description of co-
22	ordination mechanisms and interagency activities;
23	(4) evidence that the Strategy is consistent with
24	other energy transportation industrial agricultural

- forestry, environmental, economic, and other relevant
   policies of the United States;
  - (5) a description of provisions in the Strategy that ensure that it minimizes any adverse short-term and long-term social, economic, national security, and environmental impacts, including ensuring that the Strategy is developed in an economically and environmentally sound manner;
    - (6) evidence that the Strategy has been developed in a manner that provides for participation by, and consultation among, Federal, State, tribal, and local government agencies, nongovernmental organizations, academia, scientific bodies, industry, the public, and other interested parties;
    - (7) a description of Federal activities that promote, to the maximum extent practicable, public awareness, outreach, and information-sharing to further the understanding of the full range of climate change-related issues; and
    - (8) recommendations for legislative or administrative changes to Federal programs or activities implemented to carry out this Strategy, in light of new knowledge of climate change and its impacts and costs or benefits, or technological capacity to improve mitigation or adaption activities.

1	(c) UPDATES.—Not later than 4 years after the date
2	of submission of the Strategy to Congress under subsection
3	(b), and at the end of each 4-year period thereafter, the
4	President shall submit to Congress an updated version of
5	the Strategy.
6	(d) Progress Reports.—Not later than 1 year after
7	the date of submission of the Strategy to Congress under
8	subsection (b), and annually thereafter at the time that the
9	President submits to the Congress the budget of the United
10	States Government under section 1105 of title 31, United
11	States Code, the President shall submit to Congress a report
12	that—
13	(1) describes the Strategy, its goals, and the Fed-
14	eral programs and activities intended to carry out the
15	Strategy through technological, scientific, mitigation,
16	and adaptation activities;
17	(2) evaluates the Federal programs and activities
18	implemented as part of this Strategy against the
19	goals and implementation dates outlined in the Strat-
20	egy;
21	(3) assesses the progress in implementation of the
22	Strategy;
23	(4) incorporates the technology program reports
24	required pursuant to section 1015(a)(3) and sub-
25	sections (d) and (e) of section 1321;

- (5) describes any changes to Federal programs or activities implemented to carry out this Strategy, in light of new knowledge of climate change and its impacts and costs or benefits, or technological capacity to improve mitigation or adaptation activities;
  - (6) describes all Federal spending on climate change for the current fiscal year and each of the 5 years previous; categorized by Federal agency and program function (including scientific research, energy research and development, regulation, education, and other activities);
  - (7) estimates the budgetary impact for the current fiscal year and each of the 5 years previous of any Federal tax credits, tax deductions or other incentives claimed by taxpayers that are directly or indirectly attributable to greenhouse gas emissions reduction activities;
  - (8) estimates the amount, in metric tons, of net greenhouse gas emissions reduced, avoided, or sequestered directly or indirectly as a result of the implementation of the Strategy;
  - (9) evaluates international research and development and market-based activities and the mitigation actions taken by the United States and other nations to achieve the long-term goal of the Strategy; and

1	(10) makes recommendations for legislative or
2	administrative actions or adjustments that will accel-
3	erate progress towards meeting the near-term and
4	long-term goals contained in the Strategy.
5	(e) National Academy of Sciences Review.—
6	(1) In General.—Not later than 90 days after
7	the date of publication of the Strategy under sub-
8	section (b) and each update under subsection (c), the
9	Director of the National Science Foundation, on be-
10	half of the Director of the White House Office and the
11	Interagency Task Force, shall enter into appropriate
12	arrangements with the National Academy of Sciences
13	to conduct a review of the Strategy or update.
14	(2) Criteria.—The review by the National
15	Academy of Sciences shall evaluate the goals and rec-
16	ommendations contained in the Strategy or update,
17	taking into consideration—
18	(A) the adequacy of effort and the appro-
19	priateness of focus of the totality of all public,
20	private, and public-private sector actions of the
21	United States with respect to the Strategy, in-
22	cluding the four key elements;
23	(B) the adequacy of the budget and the effec-
24	tiveness with which each Federal agency is car-
25	rying out its responsibilities;

1	(C) current scientific knowledge regarding
2	climate change and its impacts;
3	(D) current understanding of human social
4	and economic responses to climate change, and
5	responses of natural ecosystems to climate
6	change;
7	(E) advancements in energy technologies
8	that reduce, avoid, or sequester greenhouse gases
9	or otherwise mitigate the risks of climate change;
10	(F) current understanding of economic costs
11	and benefits of mitigation or adaptation activi-
12	ties;
13	(G) the existence of alternative policy op-
14	tions that could achieve the Strategy goals at
15	lower economic, environmental, or social cost;
16	and
17	(H) international activities and the actions
18	taken by the United States and other nations to
19	achieve the long-term goal of the Strategy.
20	(3) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
21	date of submittal to the Congress of the Strategy or
22	update, as appropriate, the National Academy of
23	Sciences shall prepare and submit to the Congress
24	and the President a report concerning the results of
25	its review, along with any recommendations as ap-

1	propriate. Such report shall also be made available to
2	$the\ public.$
3	(4) Authorization of appropriations.—For
4	the purposes of this subsection, there are authorized to
5	be appropriated to the National Science Foundation
6	such sums as may be necessary.
7	SEC. 1014. OFFICE OF NATIONAL CLIMATE CHANGE POLICY.
8	(a) Establishment.—
9	(1) In general.—There is established, within
10	the Executive Office of the President, the Office of Na-
11	tional Climate Change Policy.
12	(2) Focus.—The White House Office shall have
13	the focus of achieving the long-term goal of the Strat-
14	egy while minimizing adverse short-term and long-
15	term economic and social impacts.
16	(3) Duties.—Consistent with paragraph (2), the
17	White House Office shall—
18	(A) establish policies, objectives, and prior-
19	ities for the Strategy;
20	(B) in accordance with subsection (d), es-
21	tablish the Interagency Task Force to serve as the
22	primary mechanism through which the heads of
23	Federal agencies shall assist the Director of the
24	White House Office in developing and imple-
25	menting the Strategy:

1	(C) to the maximum extent practicable, en-
2	sure that the Strategy is based on objective,
3	quantitative analysis, drawing on the analytical
4	capabilities of Federal and State agencies, espe-
5	cially the Department Office;
6	(D) advise the President concerning nec-
7	essary changes in organization, management,
8	budgeting, and personnel allocation of Federal
9	agencies involved in climate change response ac-
10	tivities; and
11	(E) advise the President and notify a Fed-
12	eral agency if the policies and discretionary pro-
13	grams of the agency are not well aligned with,
14	or are not contributing effectively to, the long-
15	term goal of the Strategy.
16	(b) Director of the White House Office.—
17	(1) In general.—The White House Office shall
18	be headed by a Director, who shall report directly to
19	the President, and shall consult with the appropriate
20	economic, environmental, national security, domestic
21	policy, science and technology and other offices with
22	the Executive Office of the President.
23	(2) Appointment.—The Director of the White
24	House Office shall be a qualified individual ap-

1	pointed by the President, by and with the advice and
2	consent of the Senate.
3	(3) Duties of the director of the white
4	HOUSE OFFICE.—
5	(A) Strategy.—In accordance with section
6	1013, the Director of the White House Office
7	shall coordinate the development and updating of
8	$the\ Strategy.$
9	(B) Interagency task force.—The Di-
10	rector of the White House Office shall serve as
11	Chair of the Interagency Task Force.
12	(C) Advisory duties.—
13	(i) Energy, economic, environ-
14	MENTAL, TRANSPORTATION, INDUSTRIAL,
15	AGRICULTURAL, BUILDING, FORESTRY, AND
16	OTHER PROGRAMS.—The Director of the
17	White House Office, using an integrated
18	perspective considering the totality of ac-
19	tions in the United States, shall advise the
20	President and the heads of Federal agencies
21	on—
22	(I) the extent to which United
23	States energy, economic, environ-
24	mental, transportation, industrial, ag-
25	ricultural, forestry, building, and other

1	relevant programs are capable of pro-
2	ducing progress on the long-term goal
3	of the Strategy; and
4	(II) the extent to which proposed
5	or newly created energy, economic, en-
6	vironmental, transportation, indus-
7	trial, agricultural, forestry, building,
8	and other relevant programs positively
9	or negatively affect the ability of the
10	United States to achieve the long-term
11	goal of the Strategy.
12	(ii) Tax, trade, and foreign poli-
13	CIES.—The Director of the White House Of-
14	fice, using an integrated perspective consid-
15	ering the totality of actions in the United
16	States, shall advise the President and the
17	heads of Federal agencies on—
18	(I) the extent to which the United
19	States tax policy, trade policy, and
20	foreign policy are capable of producing
21	progress on the long-term goal of the
22	$Strategy; \ and$
23	(II) the extent to which proposed
24	or newly created tax policy, trade pol-
25	icy, and foreign policy positively or

1	negatively affect the ability of the
2	United States to achieve the long-term
3	goal of the Strategy.
4	(iii) International treaties.—The
5	Secretary of State, acting in conjunction
6	with the Interagency Task Force and using
7	the analytical tools available to the White
8	House Office, shall provide to the Director
9	of the White House Office an opinion that—
10	(I) specifies, to the maximum ex-
11	tent practicable, the economic and en-
12	vironmental costs and benefits of any
13	proposed international treaties or com-
14	ponents of treaties that have an influ-
15	ence on greenhouse gas management;
16	and
17	(II) assesses the extent to which
18	the treaties advance the long-term goal
19	of the Strategy, while minimizing ad-
20	verse short-term and long-term eco-
21	nomic and social impacts and consid-
22	ering other impacts.
23	(iv) Consultation.—
24	(I) With members of inter-
25	AGENCY TASK FORCE.—To the extent

1	practicable and appropriate, the Direc-
2	tor of the White House Office shall con-
3	sult with all members of the Inter-
4	agency Task Force before providing ad-
5	vice to the President.
6	(II) With other interested
7	PARTIES.—The Director of the White
8	House Office shall establish a process
9	for obtaining the meaningful partici-
10	pation of Federal, State, tribal, and
11	local government agencies, nongovern-
12	mental organizations, academia, sci-
13	entific bodies, industry, the public, and
14	other interested parties in the develop-
15	ment and updating of the Strategy.
16	(D) Public education, awareness, out-
17	REACH, AND INFORMATION-SHARING.—The Di-
18	rector of the White House Office, to the max-
19	imum extent practicable, shall promote public
20	awareness, outreach, and information-sharing to
21	further the understanding of the full range of cli-
22	mate change-related issues.
23	(4) Annual reports.—The Director of the
24	White House Office, in consultation with the Inter-
25	agency Task Force and other interested parties, shall

- prepare the annual reports for submission by the President to Congress under section 1013(d).
- 3 (5) ANALYSIS.—During development of the
  4 Strategy, preparation of the annual reports submitted
  5 under paragraph (4), and provision of advice to the
  6 President and the heads of Federal agencies, the Di7 rector of the White House Office shall place signifi8 cant emphasis on the use of objective, quantitative
  9 analysis, taking into consideration any uncertainties
  10 associated with the analysis.

## (c) Staff.—

- (1) In GENERAL.—The Director of the White House Office shall employ a professional staff, including the staff appointed under paragraph (2), of not more than 25 individuals to carry out the duties of the White House Office.
- (2) Intergovernmental personnel and fellowships.—The Director of the White House Office may use the authority provided by the Intergovernmental Personnel Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. 4701 et seq.) and subchapter VI of chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code, and fellowships, to obtain staff from Federal agencies, academia, scientific bodies, or a National Laboratory (as that term is defined in section 1203), for appointments of a limited term.

1	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—
2	(1) Use of available appropriations.—From
3	funds made available to Federal agencies for the fiscal
4	year in which this title is enacted, the President shall
5	provide such sums as are necessary to carry out the
6	duties of the White House Office under this title until
7	the date on which funds are made available under
8	paragraph (2).
9	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
10	There is authorized to be appropriated to the Execu-
11	tive Office of the President to carry out the duties of
12	the White House Office under this subtitle, \$5,000,000
13	for each of fiscal years 2003 through 2011, to remain
14	available through September 30, 2011.
15	(e) Interagency Task Force.—
16	(1) In General.—The Director of the White
17	House Office shall establish the Interagency Task
18	Force.
19	(2) Composition.—The Interagency Task Force
20	shall be composed of—
21	(A) the Director of the White House Office,
22	who shall serve as Chair;
23	(B) the Secretary of State;
24	(C) the Secretary of Energy;
25	(D) the Secretary of Commerce;

1	(E) the Secretary of Transportation;
2	(F) the Secretary of Agriculture;
3	(G) the Administrator of the Environmental
4	Protection Agency;
5	(H) the Chairman of the Council of Eco-
6	$nomic\ Advisers;$
7	(I) the Chairman of the Council on Envi-
8	$ronmental\ Quality;$
9	(I) the Director of the Office of Science and
10	Technology Policy;
11	(K) the Director of the Office of Manage-
12	ment and Budget; and
13	(L) the heads of such other Federal agencies
14	as the President considers appropriate.
15	(3) Strategy.—
16	(A) In General.—The Interagency Task
17	Force shall serve as the primary forum through
18	which the Federal agencies represented on the
19	Interagency Task Force jointly assist the Direc-
20	tor of the White House Office in—
21	(i) developing and updating the Strat-
22	egy; and
23	(ii) preparing annual reports under
24	$section \ 1013(d).$

1	(B) Required elements.—In carrying
2	out subparagraph (A), the Interagency Task
3	Force shall—
4	(i) take into account the long-term goal
5	and other requirements of the Strategy spec-
6	ified in section $1013(a)$ ;
7	(ii) consult with State, tribal, and
8	local government agencies, nongovernmental
9	organizations, academia, scientific bodies,
10	industry, the public, and other interested
11	parties; and
12	(iii) build consensus around a Strategy
13	that is based on strong scientific, technical,
14	and economic analyses.
15	(4) Working groups.—The Chair, in consulta-
16	tion with the members of the Interagency Task Force,
17	may establish such topical working groups as are nec-
18	essary to carry out the duties of the Interagency Task
19	Force and implement the Strategy, taking into con-
20	sideration the key elements of the Strategy. Such
21	working groups may be comprised of members of the
22	Interagency Task Force or their designees.
23	(f) Staff.—In accordance with procedures established
24	by the Chair of the Interagency Task Force, the Federal
25	agencies represented on the Interagency Task Force shall

1	provide staff from the agencies to support information, data
2	collection, and analyses required by the Interagency Task
3	Force.
4	(g) Hearings.—Upon request of the Chair, the Inter-
5	agency Task Force may hold such hearings, meet and act
6	at such times and places, take such testimony, and receive
7	such evidence as the Interagency Task Force considers to
8	be appropriate.
9	SEC. 1015. OFFICE OF CLIMATE CHANGE TECHNOLOGY.
10	(a) Establishment.—
11	(1) In general.—There is established, within
12	the Department, the Office of Climate Change Tech-
13	nology.
14	(2) Duties.—The Department Office shall—
15	(A) manage an energy technology research
16	and development program that directly supports
17	the Strategy by—
18	(i) focusing on high-risk, bold, break-
19	through technologies that—
20	(I) have significant promise of
21	contributing to the long-term goal of
22	the Strategy by—
23	(aa) mitigating the emissions
24	of areenhouse aases:

1	(bb) removing and seques-
2	tering greenhouse gases from emis-
3	sion streams; or
4	(cc) removing and seques-
5	tering greenhouse gases from the
6	atmosphere;
7	(II) are not being addressed sig-
8	nificantly by other Federal programs;
9	and
10	(III) would represent a substan-
11	tial advance beyond technology avail-
12	able on the date of enactment of this
13	subtitle;
14	(ii) forging fundamentally new re-
15	search and development partnerships among
16	various Department, other Federal, and
17	State programs, particularly between basic
18	science and energy technology programs, in
19	cases in which such partnerships have sig-
20	nificant potential to affect the ability of the
21	United States to achieve the long-term goal
22	of the Strategy at the lowest possible cost;
23	(iii) forging international research and
24	development partnerships that are in the
25	interests of the United States and make

1	progress on achieving the long-term goal of
2	$the\ Strategy;$
3	(iv) making available, through moni-
4	toring, experimentation, and analysis, data
5	that are essential to proving the technical
6	and economic viability of technology central
7	to addressing climate change; and
8	(v) transferring research and develop-
9	ment programs to other program offices of
10	the Department once such a research and
11	development program crosses the threshold
12	of high-risk research and moves into the
13	realm of more conventional technology de-
14	velopment;
15	(B) through active participation in the
16	Interagency Task Force and utilization of the
17	analytical capabilities of the Department Office,
18	share analyses of alternative climate change
19	strategies with other agencies represented on the
20	Interagency Task Force to assist them in
21	understanding—
22	(i) the scale of the climate change chal-
23	lenge; and
24	(ii) how actions of the Federal agencies
25	on the Interagency Task Force positively or

1	negatively contribute to climate change so-
2	lutions;
3	(C) provide analytical support to the White
4	House Office, particularly in support of the de-
5	velopment of the Strategy and associated
6	$progress\ reporting;$
7	(D) foster the development of tools, data,
8	and capabilities to ensure that—
9	(i) the United States has a robust ca-
10	pability for evaluating alternative climate
11	change response scenarios; and
12	(ii) the Department Office provides
13	long-term analytical continuity during the
14	terms of service of successive Presidents;
15	(E) identify the total contribution of all De-
16	partment programs to the Strategy; and
17	(F) advise the Secretary on all aspects of
18	climate change-related issues, including nec-
19	essary changes in Department organization,
20	management, budgeting, and personnel alloca-
21	tion in the programs involved in climate change
22	$response-related\ activities.$
23	(3) Annual reports.—The Department Office
24	shall prepare an annual report for submission by the

1	Secretary to Congress and the White House Office
2	that—
3	(A) assesses progress toward meeting the
4	goals of the energy technology research and devel-
5	opment program described in this section;
6	(B) assesses the activities of the Department
7	Office;
8	(C) assesses the contributions of all energy
9	technology research and development programs of
10	the Department (including science programs) to
11	the long-term goal and other requirements of the
12	Strategy; and
13	(D) make recommendations for actions by
14	the Department and other Federal agencies to
15	address the components of technology develop-
16	ment that are necessary to support the Strategy.
17	(b) Director of the Department Office.—
18	(1) In general.—The Department Office shall
19	be headed by a Director, who shall be a qualified in-
20	dividual appointed by the President, and who shall be
21	compensated at a rate provided for level IV of the Ex-
22	ecutive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United
23	States Code.

1	(2) Reporting.—The Director of the Depart-
2	ment Office shall report directly to the Under Sec-
3	retary for Energy and Science.
4	(3) Vacancies.—A vacancy in the position of
5	the Director of the Department Office shall be filled
6	in the same manner as the original appointment was
7	made.
8	(c) Intergovernmental Personnel.—The Depart-
9	ment Office may use the authority provided by the Intergov-
10	ernmental Personnel Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. 4701 et seq.),
11	subchapter VI of chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code,
12	and other departmental personnel authorities, to obtain
13	staff for appointments of a limited term.
14	(d) Relationship to Other Department Pro-
15	GRAMS.—Each project carried out by the Department Office
16	shall be—
17	(1) initiated only after consultation with one or
18	more other appropriate program offices of the Depart-
19	ment that support research and development in the
20	areas relating to the project;
21	(2) managed by the Department Office; and
22	(3) in the case of a project that reaches a suffi-
23	cient level of maturity, with the concurrence of the
24	Department Office and the appropriate office de-
25	scribed in paragraph (1), transferred to the appro-

priate office, along with the funds necessary to continue the project to the point at which non-Federal funding can provide substantial support for the project.

## (e) Collaboration and Cost Sharing.—

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(1) WITH OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Projects supported by the Department Office may include participation of, and be supported by, other Federal agencies that have a role in the development, commercialization, or transfer of energy, transportation, industrial, agricultural, forestry, or other climate change-related technology.

## (2) With the private sector.—

- (A) In General.—Notwithstanding section 1403, the Department Office shall create an operating model that allows for collaboration, division of effort, and cost sharing with industry on individual climate change response projects.
- (B) REQUIREMENTS.—Although cost sharing in some cases may be appropriate, the Department Office shall focus on long-term highrisk research and development and should not make industrial partnerships or cost sharing a requirement, if such a requirement would bias

1	the activities of the Department Office toward
2	$incremental\ innovations.$
3	(C) Reevaluation on transfer.—At such
4	time as any bold, breakthrough research and de-
5	velopment program reaches a sufficient level of
6	technological maturity such that the program is
7	transferred to a program office of the Depart-
8	ment other than the Department Office, the cost-
9	sharing requirements and criteria applicable to
10	the program shall be reevaluated.
11	(D) Publication in Federal register.—
12	Each cost-sharing agreement entered into under
13	this paragraph shall be published in the Federal
14	Register.
15	(f) Analysis of Climate Change Strategy.—
16	(1) In General.—The Department Office shall
17	foster the development and application of advanced
18	computational tools, data, and capabilities that, to-
19	gether with the capabilities of other Federal agencies,
20	support integrated assessment of alternative climate
21	change response scenarios and implementation of the
22	Strategy.
23	(2) Programs.—
24	(A) In General.—The Department Office
25	shall—

1	(i) develop and maintain core analyt-
2	ical competencies and complex, integrated
3	computational modeling capabilities that,
4	together with the capabilities of other Fed-
5	eral agencies, are necessary to support the
6	design and implementation of the Strategy;
7	and
8	(ii) track United States and inter-
9	national progress toward the long-term goal
10	of the Strategy.
11	(B) International carbon dioxide se-
12	QUESTRATION MONITORING AND DATA PRO-
13	GRAM.—In consultation with Federal, State,
14	academic, scientific, private sector, nongovern-
15	mental, tribal, and international carbon capture
16	and sequestration technology programs, the De-
17	partment Office shall design and carry out an
18	international carbon dioxide sequestration moni-
19	toring and data program to collect, analyze, and
20	make available the technical and economic data
21	to ascertain—
22	(i) whether engineered sequestration
23	and terrestrial sequestration will be accept-
24	able technologies from regulatory, economic,
25	and international perspectives;

1	(ii) whether carbon dioxide sequestered
2	in geological formations or ocean systems is
3	stable and has inconsequential leakage rates
4	on a geologic time-scale; and
5	(iii) the extent to which forest, agricul-
6	tural, and other terrestrial systems are suit-
7	able carbon sinks.
8	(3) Areas of expertise.—
9	(A) In General.—The Department Office
10	shall develop and maintain expertise in inte-
11	grated assessment, modeling, and related capa-
12	bilities necessary—
13	(i) to understand the relationship be-
14	tween natural, agricultural, industrial, en-
15	ergy, and economic systems;
16	(ii) to design effective research and de-
17	velopment programs; and
18	(iii) to assist with the development and
19	implementation of the Strategy.
20	(B) Technology transfer and diffu-
21	SION.—The expertise described in clause (i) shall
22	include knowledge of technology transfer and
23	technology diffusion in United States and for-
24	eign markets.

- 1 (4) DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION.—The De2 partment Office shall ensure, to the maximum extent
  3 practicable, that technical and scientific knowledge re4 lating to greenhouse gas emission reduction, avoid5 ance, and sequestration is broadly disseminated
  6 through publications, fellowships, and training pro7 grams.
  - (5) Assessments.—In a manner consistent with the Strategy, the Department shall conduct assessments of deployment of climate-friendly technology.
  - (6) ANALYSIS.—During development of the Strategy, annual reports submitted under subsection (a)(3), and advice to the Secretary, the Director of the Department Office shall place significant emphasis on the use of objective, quantitative analysis, taking into consideration any associated uncertainties.

## (g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

(1) USE OF AVAILABLE APPROPRIATIONS.—From funds made available to Federal agencies for the fiscal year in which this subtitle is enacted, the President shall provide such sums as are necessary to carry out the duties of the Department Office under this subtitle until the date on which funds are made available under paragraph (2).

1	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
2	There is authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
3	retary, to carry out the duties of the Department Of-
4	fice under this subtitle, \$4,750,000,000 for the period
5	of fiscal years 2003 through 2011, to remain available
6	through September 30, 2011.
7	(3) Additional amounts.—Amounts authorized
8	to be appropriated under this section shall be in addi-
9	tion to—
10	(A) amounts made available to carry out
11	the United States Global Change Research Pro-
12	gram under the Global Change Research Act of
13	1990 (15 U.S.C. 2921 et seq.); and
14	(B) amounts made available under other
15	provisions of law for energy research and devel-
16	opment.
17	SEC. 1016. ADDITIONAL OFFICES AND ACTIVITIES.
18	The Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Trans-
19	portation, the Secretary of Commerce, the Administrator of
20	the Environmental Protection Agency, and the heads of
21	other Federal agencies may establish such offices and carry
22	out such activities, in addition to those established or au-
23	thorized by this Act, as are necessary to carry out this Act.

1	Subtitle C—Science and Technology
2	Policy
3	SEC. 1021. GLOBAL CLIMATE CHANGE IN THE OFFICE OF
4	SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY.
5	Section 101(b) of the National Science and Technology
6	Policy, Organization, and Priorities Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C.
7	6601(b)) is amended—
8	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (7) through (13)
9	as paragraphs (8) through (14), respectively; and
10	(2) by inserting after paragraph (6) the fol-
11	lowing:
12	"(7) improving efforts to understand, assess, pre-
13	dict, mitigate, and respond to global climate change;".
14	SEC. 1022. DIRECTOR OF OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECH-
15	NOLOGY POLICY FUNCTIONS.
16	(a) Advise President on Global Climate
17	Change.—Section 204(b)(1) of the National Science and
18	Technology Policy, Organization, and Priorities Act of
19	1976 (42 U.S.C. 6613(b)(1)) is amended by inserting "glob-
20	al climate change," after "to,".
21	(b) Advise Director of Office of National Cli-
22	MATE CHANGE POLICY.—Section 207 of that Act (42 U.S.C.
23	6616) is amended—
24	(1) by redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as
25	subsections (c) and (d) respectively; and

1	(2) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(b) Advise Director of Office of National Cli-
4	MATE CHANGE POLICY.—In carrying out this Act, the Di-
5	rector shall advise the Director of the Office of National Cli-
6	mate Change Policy on matters concerning science and tech-
7	nology as they relate to global climate change.".
8	Subtitle D—Miscellaneous
9	Provisions
10	SEC. 1031. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR REGULATORY
11	REVIEW.
12	In each case that an agency prepares and submits a
13	Statement of Energy Effects pursuant to Executive Order
14	13211 of May 18, 2001 (relating to actions concerning regu-
15	lations that significantly affect energy supply, distribution,
16	or use), the agency shall also submit an estimate of the
17	change in net annual greenhouse gas emissions resulting
18	from the proposed significant energy action and any rea-
19	sonable alternatives to the action.
20	SEC. 1032. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS FROM FEDERAL
21	FACILITIES.
22	(a) Methodology.—Not later than 1 year after the
23	date of enactment of this section, the Secretary of Energy,
24	Secretary of Agriculture, Secretary of Commerce, and Ad-
25	ministrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall

1	publish a jointly developed methodology for preparing esti-
2	mates of annual net greenhouse gas emissions from all fed-
3	erally owned, leased, or operated facilities and emission
4	sources, including stationary, mobile, and indirect emis-
5	sions as may be determined to be feasible.
6	(b) Publication.—Not later than 18 months after the
7	date of enactment of this section, and annually thereafter,
8	the Secretary of Energy shall publish an estimate of annual
9	net greenhouse gas emissions from all federally owned,
10	leased, or operated facilities and emission sources, using the
11	methodology published under subsection (a).
12	TITLE XI—NATIONAL
13	GREENHOUSE GAS DATABASE
14	SEC. 1101. PURPOSE.
15	The purpose of this title is to establish a greenhouse
16	gas inventory, reductions registry, and information system
17	that—
18	(1) are complete, consistent, transparent, and ac-
19	curate;
20	(2) will create reliable and accurate data that
21	can be used by public and private entities to design
22	efficient and effective greenhouse gas emission reduc-
23	tion strategies; and
24	(3) will acknowledge and encourage greenhouse
25	gas emission reductions.

## 1 SEC. 1102. DEFINITIONS.

2	In this title:
3	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
4	trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
5	mental Protection Agency.
6	(2) Baseline.—The term "baseline" means the
7	historic greenhouse gas emission levels of an entity, as
8	adjusted upward by the designated agency to reflect
9	actual reductions that are verified in accordance
10	with—
11	(A) regulations promulgated under section
12	$1104(c)(1); \ and$
13	(B) relevant standards and methods devel-
14	oped under this title.
15	(3) Database.—The term "database" means the
16	National Greenhouse Gas Database established under
17	section 1104.
18	(4) Designated agency.—The term "des-
19	ignated agency" means a department or agency to
20	which responsibility for a function or program is as-
21	signed under the memorandum of agreement entered
22	$into\ under\ section\ 1103(a).$
23	(5) Direct emissions.—The term "direct emis-
24	sions" means greenhouse gas emissions by an entity
25	from a facility that is owned or controlled by that en-
26	titu.

1	(6) Entity.—The term "entity" means—
2	(A) a person located in the United States;
3	or
4	(B) a public or private entity, to the extent
5	that the entity operates in the United States.
6	(7) Facility.—The term "facility" means—
7	(A) all buildings, structures, or installations
8	located on any 1 or more contiguous or adjacent
9	properties of an entity in the United States; and
10	(B) a fleet of 20 or more motor vehicles
11	under the common control of an entity.
12	(8) Greenhouse Gas.—The term "greenhouse
13	gas'' means—
14	(A) carbon dioxide;
15	(B) methane;
16	(C) nitrous oxide;
17	$(D)\ hydrofluor ocarbons;$
18	$(E)\ perfluor ocarbons;$
19	(F) sulfur hexafluoride; and
20	(G) any other anthropogenic climate-forcing
21	emissions with significant ascertainable global
22	warming potential, as—
23	(i) recommended by the National Acad-
24	emy of Sciences under section $1107(b)(3)$ ;
25	and

1	(ii) determined in regulations promul-
2	gated under section $1104(c)(1)$ (or revisions
3	to the regulations) to be appropriate and
4	practicable for coverage under this title.
5	(9) Indirect emissions.—The term "indirect
6	emissions" means greenhouse gas emissions that—
7	(A) are a result of the activities of an enti-
8	ty; but
9	(B)(i) are emitted from a facility owned or
10	controlled by another entity; and
11	(ii) are not reported as direct emissions by
12	the entity the activities of which resulted in the
13	emissions.
14	(10) Registry.—The term "registry" means the
15	registry of greenhouse gas emission reductions estab-
16	lished as a component of the database under section
17	1104(b)(2).
18	(11) Sequestration.—
19	(A) In General.—The term "sequestra-
20	tion" means the capture, long-term separation,
21	isolation, or removal of greenhouse gases from the
22	atmosphere.
23	(B) Inclusions.—The term "sequestration"
24	includes—
25	(i) soil carbon sequestration;

1	(ii) agricultural and conservation
2	practices;
3	$(iii)\ reforestation;$
4	(iv) forest preservation;
5	(v) maintenance of an underground
6	reservoir; and
7	(vi) any other appropriate biological
8	or geological method of capture, isolation, or
9	removal of greenhouse gases from the atmos-
10	phere, as determined by the Administrator.
11	SEC. 1103. ESTABLISHMENT OF MEMORANDUM OF AGREE-
12	MENT.
13	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the date
14	of enactment of this Act, the President, acting through the
15	Director of the Office of National Climate Change Policy,
16	shall direct the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of Com-
17	merce, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of Trans-
18	portation, and the Administrator to enter into a memo-
19	randum of agreement under which those heads of Federal
20	agencies will—
21	(1) recognize and maintain statutory and regu-
22	latory authorities, functions, and programs that—
23	(A) are established as of the date of enact-
24	ment of this Act under other law;

1	(B) provide for the collection of data relat-
2	ing to greenhouse gas emissions and effects; and
3	(C) are necessary for the operation of the
4	database;
5	(2)(A) distribute additional responsibilities and
6	activities identified under this title to Federal depart-
7	ments or agencies in accordance with the missions
8	and expertise of those departments and agencies; and
9	(B) maximize the use of available resources of
10	those departments and agencies; and
11	(3) provide for the comprehensive collection and
12	analysis of data on greenhouse gas emissions relating
13	to product use (including the use of fossil fuels and
14	energy-consuming appliances and vehicles).
15	(b) Minimum Requirements.—The memorandum of
16	agreement entered into under subsection (a) shall, at a min-
17	imum, retain the following functions for the designated
18	agencies:
19	(1) Department of energy.—The Secretary of
20	Energy shall be primarily responsible for developing,
21	maintaining, and verifying the registry and the emis-
22	sion reductions reported under section 1605(b) of the
23	Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C. 13385(b)).

1	(2) DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE.—The Secretary
2	of Commerce shall be primarily responsible for the de-
3	velopment of—
4	(A) measurement standards for the moni-
5	toring of emissions; and
6	(B) verification technologies and methods to
7	ensure the maintenance of a consistent and tech-
8	nically accurate record of emissions, emission re-
9	ductions, and atmospheric concentrations of
10	greenhouse gases for the database.
11	(3) Environmental protection agency.—The
12	Administrator shall be primarily responsible for—
13	(A) emissions monitoring, measurement,
14	verification, and data collection under this title
15	and title IV (relating to acid deposition control)
16	and title VIII of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
17	7651 et seq.), including mobile source emissions
18	information from implementation of the cor-
19	porate average fuel economy program under
20	chapter 329 of title 49, United States Code; and
21	(B) responsibilities of the Environmental
22	Protection Agency relating to completion of the
23	national inventory for compliance with the
24	United Nations Framework Convention on Cli-
25	mate Change, done at New York on May 9, 1992.

1	(4) DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.—The Sec-
2	retary of Agriculture shall be primarily responsible
3	for—
4	(A) developing measurement techniques
5	for—
6	(i) soil carbon sequestration; and
7	(ii) forest preservation and reforest-
8	ation activities; and
9	(B) providing technical advice relating to
10	biological carbon sequestration measurement and
11	verification standards for measuring greenhouse
12	gas emission reductions or offsets.
13	(c) Draft Memorandum of Agreement.—Not later
14	than 15 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the
15	President, acting through the Director of the Office of Na-
16	tional Climate Change Policy, shall publish in the Federal
17	Register, and solicit comments on, a draft version of the
18	memorandum of agreement described in subsection (a).
19	(d) No Judicial Review.—The final version of the
20	memorandum of agreement shall not be subject to judicial
21	review.
22	SEC. 1104. NATIONAL GREENHOUSE GAS DATABASE.
23	(a) Establishment.—As soon as practicable after the
24	date of enactment of this Act, the designated agencies, in
25	consultation with the private sector and nongovernmental

1	organizations, shall jointly establish, operate, and maintain
2	a database, to be known as the "National Greenhouse Gas
3	Database", to collect, verify, and analyze information on
4	greenhouse gas emissions by entities.
5	(b) National Greenhouse Gas Database Compo-
6	NENTS.—The database shall consist of—
7	(1) an inventory of greenhouse gas emissions;
8	and
9	(2) a registry of greenhouse gas emission reduc-
10	tions.
11	(c) Comprehensive System.—
12	(1) In general.—Not later than 2 years after
13	the date of enactment of this Act, the designated agen-
14	cies shall jointly promulgate regulations to implement
15	a comprehensive system for greenhouse gas emissions
16	reporting, inventorying, and reductions registration.
17	(2) Requirements.—The designated agencies
18	shall ensure, to the maximum extent practicable,
19	that—
20	(A) the comprehensive system described in
21	paragraph (1) is designed to—
22	(i) maximize completeness, trans-
23	parency, and accuracy of information re-
24	ported; and

1	(ii) minimize costs incurred by entities
2	in measuring and reporting greenhouse gas
3	emissions; and
4	(B) the regulations promulgated under
5	paragraph (1) establish procedures and protocols
6	necessary—
7	(i) to prevent the reporting of some or
8	all of the same greenhouse gas emissions or
9	emission reductions by more than 1 report-
10	$ing\ entity;$
11	(ii) to provide for corrections to errors
12	in data submitted to the database;
13	(iii) to provide for adjustment to data
14	by reporting entities that have had a sig-
15	nificant organizational change (including
16	mergers, acquisitions, and divestiture), in
17	order to maintain comparability among
18	data in the database over time;
19	(iv) to provide for adjustments to re-
20	flect new technologies or methods for meas-
21	uring or calculating greenhouse gas emis-
22	sions; and
23	(v) to account for changes in registra-
24	tion of ownership of emission reductions re-

1	sulting from a voluntary private trans-
2	action between reporting entities.
3	(3) Baseline identification and protec-
4	TION.—Through regulations promulgated under para-
5	graph (1), the designated agencies shall develop and
6	implement a system that provides—
7	(A) for the provision of unique serial num-
8	bers to identify the verified emission reductions
9	made by an entity relative to the baseline of the
10	entity;
11	(B) for the tracking of the reductions associ-
12	ated with the serial numbers; and
13	(C) that the reductions may be applied, as
14	determined to be appropriate by any Act of Con-
15	gress enacted after the date of enactment of this
16	Act, toward a Federal requirement under such
17	an Act that is imposed on the entity for the pur-
18	pose of reducing greenhouse gas emissions.
19	SEC. 1105. GREENHOUSE GAS REDUCTION REPORTING.
20	(a) In General.—An entity that participates in the
21	registry shall meet the requirements described in subsection
22	(b).
23	(b) Requirements.—

1	(1) In general.—The requirements referred to
2	in subsection (a) are that an entity (other than an
3	entity described in paragraph (2)) shall—
4	(A) establish a baseline (including all of the
5	entity's greenhouse gas emissions on an entity-
6	wide basis); and
7	(B) submit the report described in sub-
8	section $(c)(1)$ .
9	(2) Requirements applicable to entities
10	ENTERING INTO CERTAIN AGREEMENTS.—An entity
11	that enters into an agreement with a participant in
12	the registry for the purpose of a carbon sequestration
13	project shall not be required to comply with the re-
14	quirements specified in paragraph (1) unless that en-
15	tity is required to comply with the requirements by
16	reason of an activity other than the agreement.
17	(c) Reports.—
18	(1) Required report.—Not later than April 1
19	of the third calendar year that begins after the date
20	of enactment of this Act, and not later than April 1
21	of each calendar year thereafter, subject to paragraph
22	(3), an entity described in subsection (a) shall submit
23	to each appropriate designated agency a report that

describes, for the preceding calendar year, the entity-

24

1	wide greenhouse gas emissions (as reported at the fa-
2	cility level), including—
3	(A) the total quantity of each greenhouse
4	gas emitted, expressed in terms of mass and in
5	terms of the quantity of carbon dioxide equiva-
6	lent;
7	(B) an estimate of the greenhouse gas emis-
8	sions from fossil fuel combusted by products
9	manufactured and sold by the entity in the pre-
10	vious calendar year, determined over the average
11	lifetime of those products; and
12	(C) such other categories of emissions as the
13	designated agency determines in the regulations
14	promulgated under section $1104(c)(1)$ may be
15	practicable and useful for the purposes of this
16	title, such as—
17	(i) direct emissions from stationary
18	sources;
19	(ii) indirect emissions from imported
20	electricity, heat, and steam;
21	(iii) process and fugitive emissions;
22	and
23	(iv) production or importation of
24	greenhouse gases.

1	(2) VOLUNTARY REPORTING.—An entity de-
2	scribed in subsection (a) may (along with establishing
3	a baseline and reporting reductions under this sec-
4	tion)—
5	(A) submit a report described in paragraph
6	(1) before the date specified in that paragraph
7	for the purposes of achieving and commoditizing
8	greenhouse gas reductions through use of the reg-
9	istry; and
10	(B) submit to any designated agency, for
11	inclusion in the registry, information that has
12	been verified in accordance with regulations pro-
13	mulgated under section $1104(c)(1)$ and that re-
14	lates to—
15	(i) with respect to the calendar year
16	preceding the calendar year in which the
17	information is submitted, and with respect
18	to any greenhouse gas emitted by the
19	entity—
20	(I) project reductions from facili-
21	ties owned or controlled by the report-
22	ing entity in the United States;
23	(II) transfers of project reductions
24	to and from any other entity;

1	(III) project reductions and trans-
2	fers of project reductions outside the
3	United States;
4	(IV) other indirect emissions that
5	are not required to be reported under
6	paragraph (1); and
7	(V) product use phase emissions;
8	(ii) with respect to greenhouse gas
9	emission reductions activities of the entity
10	that have been carried out during or after
11	1990, verified in accordance with regula-
12	tions promulgated under section $1104(c)(1)$ ,
13	and submitted to 1 or more designated
14	agencies before the date that is 4 years after
15	the date of enactment of this Act, any green-
16	house gas emission reductions that have
17	been reported or submitted by an entity
18	under—
19	(I) section 1605(b) of the Energy
20	Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C.
21	13385(b)); or
22	(II) any other Federal or State
23	voluntary greenhouse gas reduction
24	program; and

1	(iii) any project or activity for the re-
2	duction of greenhouse gas emissions or se-
3	questration of a greenhouse gas that is car-
4	ried out by the entity, including a project
5	or activity relating to—
6	$(I) \ fuel \ switching;$
7	(II) energy efficiency improve-
8	ments;
9	(III) use of renewable energy;
10	(IV) use of combined heat and
11	power systems;
12	(V) management of cropland,
13	grassland, or grazing land;
14	(VI) a forestry activity that in-
15	creases forest carbon stocks or reduces
16	forest carbon emissions;
17	(VII) carbon capture and storage;
18	$(VIII)\ methane\ recovery;$
19	(IX) greenhouse gas offset invest-
20	ment; and
21	(X) any other practice for achiev-
22	ing greenhouse gas reductions as recog-
23	nized by 1 or more designated agencies.
24	(3) Exemptions from reporting.—

1	(A) In General.—If the Director of the Of-
2	fice of National Climate Change Policy deter-
3	mines under section 1108(b) that the reporting
4	requirements under paragraph (1) shall apply to
5	all entities (other than entities exempted by this
6	paragraph), regardless of participation or non-
7	participation in the registry, an entity shall be
8	required to submit reports under paragraph (1)
9	only if, in any calendar year after the date of
10	enactment of this Act—
11	(i) the total greenhouse gas emissions
12	of at least 1 facility owned by the entity ex-
13	ceeds 10,000 metric tons of carbon dioxide
14	equivalent (or such greater quantity as may
15	be established by a designated agency by
16	regulation); or
17	(ii)(I) the total quantity of greenhouse
18	gases produced, distributed, or imported by
19	the entity exceeds 10,000 metric tons of car-
20	bon dioxide equivalent (or such greater
21	quantity as may be established by a des-
22	ignated agency by regulation); and
23	(II) the entity is not a feedlot or other
24	farming operation (as defined in section
25	101 of title 11. United States Code).

1	(B) Entities already reporting.—
2	(i) In general.—An entity that, as of
3	the date of enactment of this Act, is re-
4	quired to report carbon dioxide emissions
5	data to a Federal agency shall not be re-
6	quired to re-report that data for the pur-
7	poses of this title.
8	(ii) Review of Participation.—For
9	the purpose of section 1108, emissions re-
10	ported under clause (i) shall be considered
11	to be reported by the entity to the registry.
12	(4) Provision of Verification Information
13	By reporting entities.—Each entity that submits
14	a report under this subsection shall provide informa-
15	tion sufficient for each designated agency to which the
16	report is submitted to verify, in accordance with
17	measurement and verification methods and standards
18	developed under section 1106, that the greenhouse gas
19	report of the reporting entity—
20	(A) has been accurately reported; and
21	(B) in the case of each voluntary report
22	under paragraph (2), represents—
23	(i) actual reductions in direct green-
24	house gas emissions—

1	(I) relative to historic emission
2	levels of the entity; and
3	(II) net of any increases in—
4	(aa) direct emissions; and
5	(bb) indirect emissions de-
6	scribed in paragraph (1)(C)(ii);
7	or
8	(ii) actual increases in net sequestra-
9	tion.
10	(5) Failure to submit report.—An entity
11	that participates or has participated in the registry
12	and that fails to submit a report required under this
13	subsection shall be prohibited from including emission
14	reductions reported to the registry in the calculation
15	of the baseline of the entity in future years.
16	(6) Independent third-party verifica-
17	TION.—To meet the requirements of this section and
18	section 1106, a entity that is required to submit a re-
19	port under this section may—
20	(A) obtain independent third-party
21	verification; and
22	(B) present the results of the third-party
23	verification to each appropriate designated agen-
24	cy.
25	(7) Availability of data.—

1	(A) In General.—The designated agencies
2	shall ensure, to the maximum extent practicable,
3	that information in the database is—
4	(i) published;
5	(ii) accessible to the public; and
6	(iii) made available in electronic for-
7	mat on the Internet.
8	(B) Exception.—Subparagraph (A) shall
9	not apply in any case in which the designated
10	agencies determine that publishing or otherwise
11	making available information described in that
12	subparagraph poses a risk to national security.
13	(8) Data infrastructure.—The designated
14	agencies shall ensure, to the maximum extent prac-
15	ticable, that the database uses, and is integrated with,
16	Federal, State, and regional greenhouse gas data col-
17	lection and reporting systems in effect as of the date
18	of enactment of this Act.
19	(9) Additional issues to be considered.—
20	In promulgating the regulations under section
21	1104(c)(1) and implementing the database, the des-
22	ignated agencies shall take into consideration a broad
23	range of issues involved in establishing an effective
24	database_includina—

1	(A) the appropriate units for reporting each
2	greenhouse gas;
3	(B) the data and information systems and
4	measures necessary to identify, track, and verify
5	greenhouse gas emission reductions in a manner
6	that will encourage the development of private
7	sector trading and exchanges;
8	(C) the greenhouse gas reduction and se-
9	questration methods and standards applied in
10	other countries, as applicable or relevant;
11	(D) the extent to which available fossil fuels,
12	greenhouse gas emissions, and greenhouse gas
13	production and importation data are adequate
14	to implement the database;
15	(E) the differences in, and potential unique-
16	ness of, the facilities, operations, and business
17	and other relevant practices of persons and enti-
18	ties in the private and public sectors that may
19	be expected to participate in the registry; and
20	(F) the need of the registry to maintain
21	valid and reliable information on baselines of en-
22	tities so that, in the event of any future action
23	by Congress to require entities, individually or
24	collectively, to reduce greenhouse gas emissions,
25	Congress will be able—

1	(i) to take into account that informa-
2	tion; and
3	(ii) to avoid enacting legislation that
4	penalizes entities for achieving and report-
5	ing reductions.
6	(d) Annual Report.—The designated agencies shall
7	jointly publish an annual report that—
8	(1) describes the total greenhouse gas emissions
9	and emission reductions reported to the database dur-
10	ing the year covered by the report;
11	(2) provides entity-by-entity and sector-by-sector
12	analyses of the emissions and emission reductions re-
13	ported;
14	(3) describes the atmospheric concentrations of
15	greenhouse gases; and
16	(4) provides a comparison of current and past
17	atmospheric concentrations of greenhouse gases.
18	SEC. 1106. MEASUREMENT AND VERIFICATION.
19	(a) Standards.—
20	(1) In general.—Not later than 1 year after
21	the date of enactment of this Act, the designated agen-
22	cies shall jointly develop comprehensive measurement
23	and verification methods and standards to ensure a
24	consistent and technically accurate record of green-
25	house gas emissions, emission reductions, sequestra-

1	tion, and atmospheric concentrations for use in the
2	registry.
3	(2) Requirements.—The methods and stand-
4	ards developed under paragraph (1) shall address the
5	need for—
6	(A) standardized measurement and
7	verification practices for reports made by all en-
8	tities participating in the registry, taking into
9	account—
10	(i) protocols and standards in use by
11	entities desiring to participate in the reg-
12	istry as of the date of development of the
13	methods and standards under paragraph
14	(1);
15	(ii) boundary issues, such as leakage
16	and shifted use;
17	(iii) avoidance of double counting of
18	greenhouse gas emissions and emission re-
19	ductions; and
20	(iv) such other factors as the des-
21	ignated agencies determine to be appro-
22	priate;
23	(B) measurement and verification of actions
24	taken to reduce, avoid, or sequester greenhouse
25	gas emissions;

1	(C) in coordination with the Secretary of
2	Agriculture, measurement of the results of the use
3	of carbon sequestration and carbon recapture
4	technologies, including—
5	(i) organic soil carbon sequestration
6	practices; and
7	(ii) forest preservation and reforest-
8	ation activities that adequately address the
9	issues of permanence, leakage, and
10	verification;
11	(D) such other measurement and
12	verification standards as the Secretary of Com-
13	merce, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Adminis-
14	trator, and the Secretary of Energy determine to
15	be appropriate; and
16	(E) other factors that, as determined by the
17	designated agencies, will allow entities to ade-
18	quately establish a fair and reliable measure-
19	ment and reporting system.
20	(b) REVIEW AND REVISION.—The designated agencies
21	shall periodically review, and revise as necessary, the meth-
22	ods and standards developed under subsection (a).
23	(c) Public Participation.—The Secretary of Com-
24	merce shall—

- (1) make available to the public for comment, in
   draft form and for a period of at least 90 days, the
   methods and standards developed under subsection
   (a); and
  - (2) after the 90-day period referred to in paragraph (1), in coordination with the Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Administrator, adopt the methods and standards developed under subsection (a) for use in implementing the database.

## (d) Experts and Consultants.—

- (1) In General.—The designated agencies may obtain the services of experts and consultants in the private and nonprofit sectors in accordance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, in the areas of greenhouse gas measurement, certification, and emission trading.
- 18 (2) AVAILABLE ARRANGEMENTS.—In obtaining
  19 any service described in paragraph (1), the designated
  20 agencies may use any available grant, contract, coop21 erative agreement, or other arrangement authorized
  22 by law.

## 23 SEC. 1107. INDEPENDENT REVIEWS.

24 (a) In General.—Not later than 5 years after the 25 date of enactment of this Act, and every 3 years thereafter,

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1	the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit
2	to Congress a report that—
3	(1) describes the efficacy of the implementation
4	and operation of the database; and
5	(2) includes any recommendations for improve-
6	ments to this title and programs carried out under
7	this title—
8	(A) to achieve a consistent and technically
9	accurate record of greenhouse gas emissions,
10	emission reductions, and atmospheric concentra-
11	tions; and
12	(B) to achieve the purposes of this title.
13	(b) Review of Scientific Methods.—The des-
14	ignated agencies shall enter into an agreement with the Na-
15	tional Academy of Sciences under which the National Acad-
16	emy of Sciences shall—
17	(1) review the scientific methods, assumptions,
18	and standards used by the designated agencies in im-
19	plementing this title;
20	(2) not later than 4 years after the date of enact-
21	ment of this Act, submit to Congress a report that de-
22	scribes any recommendations for improving—
23	(A) those methods and standards; and

1	(B) related elements of the programs, and
2	structure of the database, established by this title;
3	and
4	(3) regularly review and update as appropriate
5	the list of anthropogenic climate-forcing emissions
6	with significant global warming potential described
7	in section $1102(8)(G)$ .
8	SEC. 1108. REVIEW OF PARTICIPATION.
9	(a) In General.—Not later than 5 years after the
10	date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of
11	National Climate Change Policy shall determine whether
12	the reports submitted to the registry under section
13	1105(c)(1) represent less than 60 percent of the national
14	aggregate anthropogenic greenhouse gas emissions.
15	(b) Increased Applicability of Requirements.—
16	If the Director of the Office of National Climate Change
17	Policy determines under subsection (a) that less than 60
18	percent of the aggregate national anthropogenic greenhouse
19	gas emissions are being reported to the registry—
20	(1) the reporting requirements under section
21	1105(c)(1) shall apply to all entities (except entities
22	exempted under section $1105(c)(3)$ , regardless of any
23	participation or nonparticipation by the entities in
24	the registry; and

1	(2) each entity shall submit a report described in
2	section $1105(c)(1)$ —
3	(A) not later than the earlier of—
4	(i) April 30 of the calendar year im-
5	mediately following the year in which the
6	Director of the Office of National Climate
7	Change Policy makes the determination
8	under subsection (a); or
9	(ii) the date that is 1 year after the
10	date on which the Director of the Office of
11	National Climate Change Policy makes the
12	determination under subsection (a); and
13	(B) annually thereafter.
14	(c) Resolution of Disapproval.—For the purposes
15	of this section, the determination of the Director of the Of-
16	fice of National Climate Change Policy under subsection (a)
17	shall be considered to be a major rule (as defined in section
18	804(2) of title 5, United States Code) subject to the congres-
19	sional disapproval procedure under section 802 of title 5,
20	United States Code.
21	SEC. 1109. ENFORCEMENT.
22	If an entity that is required to report greenhouse gas
23	emissions under section $1105(c)(1)$ or $1108$ fails to comply
24	with that requirement, the Attorney General may, at the
25	request of the designated agencies, bring a civil action in

- 1 United States district court against the entity to impose
- 2 on the entity a civil penalty of not more than \$25,000 for
- 3 each day for which the entity fails to comply with that re-
- 4 quirement.
- 5 SEC. 1110. REPORT ON STATUTORY CHANGES AND HARMO-
- 6 *NIZATION*.
- 7 Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of
- 8 this Act, the President shall submit to Congress a report
- 9 that describes any modifications to this title or any other
- 10 provision of law that are necessary to improve the accuracy
- 11 or operation of the database and related programs under
- 12 this title.
- 13 SEC. 1111. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 14 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as
- 15 are necessary to carry out this title.
- 16 **DIVISION E**—**ENHANCING RE**-
- 17 **SEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, AND**
- 18 **TRAINING**
- 19 TITLE XII—ENERGY RESEARCH
- 20 AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS
- 21 SEC. 1201. SHORT TITLE.
- 22 This division may be cited as the "Energy Science and
- 23 Technology Enhancement Act of 2003".
- 24 SEC. 1202. FINDINGS.
- 25 The Congress finds the following:

1	(1) A coherent national energy strategy requires
2	an energy research and development program that
3	supports basic energy research and provides mecha-
4	nisms to develop, demonstrate, and deploy new energy
5	technologies in partnership with industry.
6	(2) An aggressive national energy research, de-
7	velopment, demonstration, and technology deployment
8	program is an integral part of a national climate
9	change strategy, because it can reduce—
10	(A) United States energy intensity by 1.9
11	percent per year from 1999 to 2020;
12	(B) United States energy consumption in
13	2020 by 8 quadrillion Btu from otherwise ex-
14	pected levels; and
15	(C) United States carbon dioxide emissions
16	from expected levels by 166 million metric tons
17	in carbon equivalent in 2020.
18	(3) An aggressive national energy research, de-
19	velopment, demonstration, and technology deployment
20	program can help maintain domestic United States
21	production of energy, increase United States hydro-
22	carbon reserves by 14 percent, and lower natural gas
23	prices by 20 percent, compared to estimates for 2020.
24	(4) An aggressive national energy research, de-
25	velopment, demonstration, and technology deployment

1	program is needed if United States suppliers and
2	manufacturers are to compete in future markets for
3	advanced energy technologies.
4	SEC. 1203. DEFINITIONS.
5	In this title:
6	(1) Department.—The term "Department"
7	means the Department of Energy.
8	(2) Departmental mission.—The term "de-
9	partmental mission" means any of the functions vest-
10	ed in the Secretary of Energy by the Department of
11	Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.) or
12	$other\ law.$
13	(3) Institution of higher education.—The
14	term "institution of higher education" has the mean-
15	ing given that term in section 1201(a) of the Higher
16	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1141(a));
17	(4) National Laboratory.—The term "Na-
18	tional Laboratory" means any of the following multi-
19	purpose laboratories owned by the Department of
20	Energy—
21	$(A)\ Argonne\ National\ Laboratory;$
22	$(B)\ Brookhaven\ National\ Laboratory;$
23	(C) Idaho National Engineering and Envi-
24	$ronmental\ Laboratory;$

1	(D) Lawrence Berkeley National Labora-
2	tory;
3	(E) Lawrence Livermore National Labora-
4	tory;
5	(F) Los Alamos National Laboratory;
6	(G) National Energy Technology Labora-
7	tory;
8	(H) National Renewable Energy Labora-
9	tory;
10	(I) Oak Ridge National Laboratory;
11	(J) Pacific Northwest National Laboratory;
12	or
13	(K) Sandia National Laboratory.
14	(5) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
15	the Secretary of Energy.
16	(6) Technology deployment.—The term
17	"technology deployment" means activities to promote
18	acceptance and utilization of technologies in commer-
19	cial application, including activities undertaken pur-
20	suant to section 7 of the Federal Nonnuclear Energy
21	Research and Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C.
22	5906) or section 6 of the Renewable Energy and En-
23	ergy Efficiency Technology Competitiveness Act of
24	1989 (42 U.S.C. 12007).

1	SEC. 1204. CONSTRUCTION WITH OTHER LAWS.
2	Except as otherwise provided in this title and title
3	XIV, the Secretary shall carry out the research, develop-
4	ment, demonstration, and technology deployment programs
5	authorized by this title in accordance with the Atomic En-
6	ergy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.), the Federal Non-
7	nuclear Research and Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C.
8	5901 et seq.), the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42 U.S.C.
9	13201 et seq.), or any other Act under which the Secretary
10	is authorized to carry out such activities.
11	Subtitle A—Energy Efficiency
12	SEC. 1211. ENHANCED ENERGY EFFICIENCY RESEARCH AND
13	DEVELOPMENT.
14	(a) Program Direction.—The Secretary shall con-
15	duct balanced energy research, development, demonstration,
16	and technology deployment programs to enhance energy ef-
17	ficiency in buildings, industry, power technologies, and
18	transportation.
19	(b) Program Goals.—
20	(1) Energy-efficient housing.—The goal of
21	the energy-efficient housing program shall be to de-
22	velop, in partnership with industry, enabling tech-
23	nologies (including lighting technologies), designs,

production methods, and supporting activities that

will, by 2010—

24

1	(A) cut the energy use of new housing by 50
2	percent, and
3	(B) reduce energy use in existing homes by
4	30 percent.
5	(2) Industrial energy efficiency.—The goal
6	of the industrial energy efficiency program shall be to
7	develop, in partnership with industry, enabling tech-
8	nologies, designs, production methods, and supporting
9	activities that will, by 2010, enable energy-intensive
10	industries such as the following industries to reduce
11	their energy intensity by at least 25 percent—
12	(A) the wood product manufacturing indus-
13	try;
14	(B) the pulp and paper industry;
15	(C) the petroleum and coal products manu-
16	facturing industry;
17	(D) the mining industry;
18	(E) the chemical manufacturing industry;
19	(F) the glass and glass product manufac-
20	turing industry;
21	(G) the iron and steel mills and ferroalloy
22	$manufacturing\ industry;$
23	(H) the primary aluminum production in-
24	dustry;
25	(I) the foundries industry; and

1	(I) United States agriculture.
2	(3) Transportation energy efficiency.—The
3	goal of the transportation energy efficiency program
4	shall be to develop, in partnership with industry,
5	technologies that will enable the achievement—
6	(A) by 2010, passenger automobiles with a
7	fuel economy of 80 miles per gallon;
8	(B) by 2010, light trucks (classes 1 and 2a)
9	with a fuel economy of 60 miles per gallon;
10	(C) by 2010, medium trucks and buses
11	(classes 2b through 6 and class 8 transit buses)
12	with a fuel economy, in ton-miles per gallon,
13	that is three times that of year 2000 equivalent
14	vehicles;
15	(D) by 2010, heavy trucks (classes 7 and 8)
16	with a fuel economy, in ton-miles per gallon,
17	that is two times that of year 2000 equivalent
18	vehicles; and
19	(E) by 2015, the production of fuel-cell pow-
20	ered passenger vehicles with a fuel economy of
21	110 miles per gallon.
22	(4) Energy efficient distributed genera-
23	TION.—The goals of the energy efficient on-site gen-
24	eration program shall be to help remove environ-
25	mental and regulatory barriers to on-site, or distrib-

1	utea, generation and combined heat and power by de-
2	veloping technologies by 2015 that achieve—
3	(A) electricity generating efficiencies greater
4	than 40 percent for on-site generation tech-
5	nologies based upon natural gas, including fuel
6	cells, microturbines, reciprocating engines and
7	industrial gas turbines;
8	(B) combined heat and power total (electric
9	and thermal) efficiencies of more than 85 per-
10	cent;
11	(C) fuel flexibility to include hydrogen,
12	biofuels and natural gas;
13	(D) near zero emissions of pollutants that
14	form smog and acid rain;
15	(E) reduction of carbon dioxide emissions
16	by at least 40 percent;
17	(F) packaged system integration at end user
18	facilities providing complete services in heating,
19	cooling, electricity and air quality; and
20	(G) increased reliability for the consumer
21	and greater stability for the national electricity
22	grid.
23	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are
24	authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for carrying

```
out research, development, demonstration, and technology
 1
    deployment activities under this subtitle—
 3
             (1) $700,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
 4
             (2) $784,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;
             (3) $878,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
 5
 6
             (4) $983,000,000 for fiscal year 2006.
 7
        (d) Limitation on Use of Funds.—None of the
 8
   funds authorized to be appropriated in subsection (c) may
    be used for the following programs of the Department—
10
             (1) Weatherization Assistance Program;
11
             (2) State Energy Program; or
12
             (3) Federal Energy Management Program.
13
    SEC. 1212. ENERGY EFFICIENCY SCIENCE INITIATIVE.
14
        (a) Establishment and Authorization of Appro-
15
    PRIATIONS.—From amounts authorized under section
    1211(c), there are authorized to be appropriated not more
16
    than $50,000,000 in any fiscal year, for an Energy Effi-
    ciency Science Initiative to be managed by the Assistant
18
19
    Secretary in the Department with responsibility for energy
    conservation under section 203(a)(9) of the Department of
20
21
    Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7133(a)(9)), in con-
    sultation with the Director of the Office of Science, for
    grants to be competitively awarded and subject to peer re-
   view for research relating to energy efficiency.
```

1	(b) Report.—The Secretary of Energy shall submit
2	to the Committee on Science and the Committee on Appro-
3	priations of the United States House of Representatives,
4	and to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources
5	and the Committee on Appropriations of the United States
6	Senate, an annual report on the activities of the Energy
7	Efficiency Science Initiative, including a description of the
8	process used to award the funds and an explanation of how
9	the research relates to energy efficiency.
10	SEC. 1213. NEXT GENERATION LIGHTING INITIATIVE.
11	(a) Establishment.—There is established in the De-
12	partment a Next Generation Lighting Initiative to research,
13	develop, and conduct demonstration activities on advanced
14	solid-state lighting technologies based on white light emit-
15	ting diodes.
16	(b) Objectives.—
17	(1) In general.—The objectives of the initiative
18	shall be to develop, by 2011, advanced solid-state
19	lighting technologies based on white light emitting di-
20	odes that, compared to incandescent and fluorescent
21	lighting technologies, are—
22	$(A)\ longer\ lasting;$
23	(B) more energy-efficient; and
24	$(C)\ cost\text{-}competitive.$

1	(2) Inorganic white light emitting diode.—
2	The objective of the initiative with respect to inor-
3	ganic white light emitting diodes shall be to develop
4	an inorganic white light emitting diode that has an
5	efficiency of 160 lumens per watt and a 10-year life-
6	time.
7	(3) Organic white light emitting diode.—
8	The objective of the initiative with respect to organic
9	white light emitting diodes shall be to develop an or-
10	ganic white light emitting diode with an efficiency of
11	100 lumens per watt with a 5-year lifetime that—
12	(A) illuminates over a full color spectrum;
13	(B) covers large areas over flexible surfaces;
14	and
15	(C) does not contain harmful pollutants
16	typical of fluorescent lamps such as mercury.
17	(c) Consortium.—
18	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall initiate
19	and manage basic and manufacturing-related re-
20	search on advanced solid-state lighting technologies
21	based on white light emitting diodes for the initiative,
22	in cooperation with the Next Generation Lighting
23	Initiative Consortium.
24	(2) Composition.—The consortium shall be
25	composed of firms, national laboratories, and other

1	entities so that the consortium is representative of the
2	United States solid-state lighting research, develop-
3	ment, and manufacturing expertise as a whole.
4	(3) Funding.—The consortium shall be funded
5	by—
6	(A) participation fees; and
7	(B) grants provided under subsection (e)(1).
8	(4) Eligibility.—To be eligible to receive a
9	grant under subsection (e)(1), the consortium shall—
10	(A) enter into a consortium participation
11	agreement that—
12	(i) is agreed to by all participants;
13	and
14	(ii) describes the responsibilities of
15	participants, participation fees, and the
16	scope of research activities; and
17	(B) develop an annual program plan.
18	(5) Intellectual property.—Participants in
19	the consortium shall have royalty-free nonexclusive
20	rights to use intellectual property derived from con-
21	$sortium\ research\ conducted\ under\ subsection\ (e)$ (1).
22	(d) Planning Board.—
23	(1) In general.—Not later than 90 days after
24	the establishment of the consortium, the Secretary
25	shall establish and appoint the members of a plan-

1	ning board, to be known as the "Next Generation
2	Lighting Initiative Planning Board", to assist the
3	Secretary in carrying out this section.
4	(2) Composition.—The planning board shall be
5	composed of—
6	(A) four members from universities, na-
7	tional laboratories, and other individuals with
8	expertise in advanced solid-state lighting and
9	technologies based on white light emitting diodes;
10	and
11	(B) three members from a list of not less
12	than six nominees from industry submitted by
13	the consortium.
14	(3) STUDY.—
15	(A) In general.—Not later than 90 days
16	after the date on which the Secretary appoints
17	members to the planning board, the planning
18	board shall complete a study on strategies for the
19	development and implementation of advanced
20	solid-state lighting technologies based on white
21	light emitting diodes.
22	(B) Requirements.—The study shall de-
23	velop a comprehensive strategy to implement,
24	through the initiative, the use of white light

1	emitting diodes to increase energy efficiency and
2	enhance United States competitiveness.
3	(C) Implementation.—As soon as prac-
4	ticable after the study is submitted to the Sec-
5	retary, the Secretary shall implement the initia-
6	tive in accordance with the recommendations of
7	the planning board.
8	(4) Termination.—The planning board shall
9	terminate upon completion of the study under para-
10	graph(3).
11	(e) Grants.—
12	(1) Fundamental research.—The Secretary,
13	through the consortium, shall make grants to conduct
14	basic and manufacturing-related research related to
15	advanced solid-state lighting technologies based on
16	white light emitting diode technologies.
17	(2) Technology development and dem-
18	Onstration.—The Secretary shall enter into grants,
19	contracts, and cooperative agreements to conduct or
20	promote technology research, development, or dem-
21	onstration activities. In providing funding under this
22	paragraph, the Secretary shall give preference to par-
23	ticipants in the consortium.
24	(3) Continuing assessment.—The consortium,
25	in collaboration with the Secretary, shall formulate

annual operating and performance objectives, develop
technology roadmaps, and recommend research and
development priorities for the initiative. The Secretary may also establish or utilize advisory committees, or enter into appropriate arrangements with the
National Academy of Sciences, to conduct periodic reviews of the initiative. The Secretary shall consider
the results of such assessment and review activities in
making funding decisions under paragraphs (1) and
(2) of this subsection.

(4) Technical assistance.—The National Laboratories shall cooperate with and provide technical assistance to persons carrying out projects under the initiative.

## (5) AUDITS.—

(A) In GENERAL.—The Secretary shall retain an independent, commercial auditor to determine the extent to which funds made available under this section have been expended in a manner that is consistent with the objectives under subsection (b) and, in the case of funds made available to the consortium, the annual program plan of the consortium under subsection (c)(4)(B).

1	(B) Reports.—The auditor shall submit to
2	Congress, the Secretary, and the Comptroller
3	General of the United States an annual report
4	containing the results of the audit.
5	(6) Applicable law.—Grants, contracts, and
6	cooperative agreements under this section shall not be
7	subject to the Federal Acquisition Regulation.
8	(f) Protection of Information.—Information ob-
9	tained by the Federal Government on a confidential basis
10	under this section shall be considered to constitute trade se-
11	crets and commercial or financial information obtained
12	from a person and privileged or confidential under section
13	552(b)(4) of title 5, United States Code.
14	(g) Authorization of Appropriations.—In addi-
15	tion to amounts authorized under section 1211(c), there are
16	authorized to be appropriated for activities under this sec-
17	tion \$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2003 through 2011.
18	(h) Definitions.—In this section:
19	(1) Advanced solid-state lighting.—The
20	term "advanced solid-state lighting" means a
21	semiconducting device package and delivery system
22	that produces white light using externally applied
23	voltage.

1	(2) Consortium.—The term "consortium"
2	means the Next Generation Lighting Initiative Con-
3	sortium under subsection (c).
4	(3) Initiative.—The term "initiative" means
5	the Next Generation Lighting Initiative established
6	under subsection (a).
7	(4) INORGANIC WHITE LIGHT EMITTING DIODE.—
8	The term "inorganic white light emitting diode"
9	means an inorganic semiconducting package that pro-
10	duces white light using externally applied voltage.
11	(5) Organic white light emitting diode.—
12	The term "organic white light emitting diode" means
13	an organic semiconducting compound that produces
14	white light using externally applied voltage.
15	(6) White light emitting diode.—The term
16	"white light emitting diode" means—
17	(A) an inorganic white light emitting diode;
18	or
19	(B) an organic white light emitting diode.
20	SEC. 1214. RAILROAD EFFICIENCY.
21	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall, in co-
22	operation with the Secretaries of Transportation and De-
23	fense, and the Administrator of the Environmental Protec-
24	tion Agency, establish a public-private research partnership
25	involving the Federal Government, railroad carriers, loco-

- 1 motive manufacturers, and the Association of American
- 2 Railroads. The goal of the initiative shall include devel-
- 3 oping and demonstrating locomotive technologies that in-
- 4 crease fuel economy, reduce emissions, improve safety, and
- 5 lower costs.
- 6 (b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are
- 7 authorized to be appropriated to carry out the requirements
- 8 of this section \$60,000,000 for fiscal year 2003 and
- 9 \$70,000,000 for fiscal year 2004.
- 10 SEC. 1215. HIGH POWER DENSITY INDUSTRY PROGRAM.
- 11 The Secretary shall establish a comprehensive research,
- 12 development, demonstration and deployment program to
- 13 improve energy efficiency of high power density facilities,
- 14 including data centers, server farms, and telecommuni-
- 15 cations facilities. Such program shall consider technologies
- 16 that provide significant improvement in thermal controls,
- 17 metering, load management, peak load reduction, or the ef-
- 18 ficient cooling of electronics.
- 19 SEC. 1216. RESEARCH REGARDING PRECIOUS METAL CA-
- 20 TALYSIS.
- 21 The Secretary of Energy may, for the purpose of devel-
- 22 oping improved industrial and automotive catalysts, carry
- 23 out research in the use of precious metals (excluding plat-
- 24 inum, palladium, and rhodium) in catalysis directly,
- 25 through national laboratories, or through grants to or coop-

1	erative agreements or contracts with public or nonprofit en-
2	tities. There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
3	this section such sums as are necessary for fiscal years 2005
4	through 2006.
5	Subtitle B—Renewable Energy
6	SEC. 1221. ENHANCED RENEWABLE ENERGY RESEARCH
7	AND DEVELOPMENT.
8	(a) Program Direction.—The Secretary shall con-
9	duct balanced energy research, development, demonstration,
10	and technology deployment programs to enhance the use of
11	renewable energy.
12	(b) Program Goals.—
13	(1) Wind power.—The goals of the wind power
14	program shall be to develop, in partnership with in-
15	dustry, a variety of advanced wind turbine designs
16	and manufacturing technologies that are cost-competi-
17	tive with fossil-fuel generated electricity, with a focus
18	on developing advanced low wind speed technologies
19	that, by 2007, will enable the expanding utilization
20	of widespread class 3 and 4 winds.
21	(2) Photovoltaics.—The goal of the photo-
22	voltaic program shall be to develop, in partnership
23	with industry, total photovoltaic systems with in-
24	stalled costs of \$4,000 per peak kilowatt by 2005 and

 $$2,000\ per\ peak\ kilowatt\ by\ 2015.$ 

- (3) Solar thermal electric systems.—The goal of the solar thermal electric systems program shall be to develop, in partnership with industry, solar power technologies (including baseload solar power) that are competitive with fossil-fuel generated electricity by 2015, by combining high-efficiency and high-temperature receivers with advanced thermal storage and power cycles.
  - (4) BIOMASS-BASED POWER SYSTEMS.—The goal of the biomass program shall be to develop, in partnership with industry, integrated power-generating systems, advanced conversion, and feedstock technologies capable of producing electric power that is cost-competitive with fossil-fuel generated electricity by 2010, together with the production of fuels, chemicals, and other products under paragraph (6).
  - (5) Geothermal energy.—The goal of the geothermal program shall be to develop, in partnership with industry, technologies and processes based on advanced hydrothermal systems and advanced heat and power systems, including geothermal heat pump technology, with a specific focus on—
  - (A) improving exploration and characterization technology to increase the probability of

1	drilling successful wells from 20 percent to 40
2	percent by 2006;
3	(B) reducing the cost of drilling by 2008 to
4	an average cost of \$150 per foot; and
5	(C) developing enhanced geothermal systems
6	technology with the potential to double the use-
7	able geothermal resource base.
8	(6) Biofuels.—The goal of the biofuels program
9	shall be to develop, in partnership with industry—
10	(A) advanced biochemical and thermo-
11	chemical conversion technologies capable of mak-
12	ing liquid and gaseous fuels from cellulosic feed-
13	stocks that are price-competitive with gasoline or
14	diesel in either internal combustion engines or
15	fuel cell vehicles by 2010; and
16	(B) advanced biotechnology processes capa-
17	ble of making biofuels, biobased polymers, and
18	chemicals, with particular emphasis on the de-
19	velopment of biorefineries that use enzyme based
20	processing systems.
21	For purposes of this paragraph, the term "cellulosic
22	feedstock" means any portion of a food crop not nor-
23	mally used in food production or any nonfood crop
24	grown for the purpose of producing biomass feedstock.

1	(7) Hydrogen-based energy systems.—The
2	goals of the hydrogen program shall be to support re-
3	search and development on technologies for produc-
4	tion, storage, and use of hydrogen, including fuel cells
5	and, specifically, fuel-cell vehicle development activi-
6	ties under section 1211.
7	(8) Hydropower.—The goal of the hydropower
8	program shall be to develop, in partnership with in-
9	dustry, a new generation of turbine technologies that
10	are less damaging to fish and aquatic ecosystems.
11	(9) Electric energy systems and stor-
12	AGE.—The goals of the electric energy and storage
13	program shall be to develop, in partnership with
14	industry—
15	(A) generators and transmission, distribu-
16	tion, and storage systems that combine high ca-
17	pacity with high efficiency;
18	(B) technologies to interconnect distributed
19	energy resources with electric power systems,
20	comply with any national interconnection stand-
21	ards, have a minimum 10-year useful life;
22	(C) advanced technologies to increase the
23	average efficiency of electric transmission facili-
24	ties in rural and remote areas, giving priority

for demonstrations to advanced transmission

1	technologies that are being or have been field
2	tested;
3	(D) the use of new transmission tech-
4	nologies, including flexible alternating current
5	transmission systems, composite conductor mate-
6	rials, advanced protection devices, controllers,
7	and other cost-effective methods and technologies;
8	(E) the use of superconducting materials in
9	power delivery equipment such as transmission
10	and distribution cables, transformers, and gen-
11	erators;
12	(F) energy management technologies for en-
13	terprises with aggregated loads and distributed
14	generation, such as power parks;
15	(G) economic and system models to measure
16	the costs and benefits of improved system per-
17	formance;
18	(H) hybrid distributed energy systems to
19	optimize two or more distributed or on-site gen-
20	eration technologies; and
21	(I) real-time transmission and distribution
22	system control technologies that provide for con-
23	tinual exchange of information between genera-
24	tion, transmission, distribution, and end-user fa-
25	cilities.

1	(c) Special Projects.—In carrying out this section,
2	the Secretary shall demonstrate—
3	(1) the use of advanced wind power technology,
4	biomass, geothermal energy systems, and other renew-
5	able energy technologies to assist in delivering elec-
6	tricity to rural and remote locations;
7	(2) the combined use of wind power and coal
8	gasification technologies; and
9	(3) the use of high temperature superconducting
10	technology in projects to demonstrate the development
11	of superconductors that enhance the reliability, oper-
12	ational flexibility, or power-carrying capability of
13	electric transmission systems or increase the electrical
14	or operational efficiency of electric energy generation,
15	transmission, distribution and storage systems.
16	(d) Financial Assistance to Rural Areas.—In
17	carrying out special projects under subsection (c), the Sec-
18	retary may provide financial assistance to rural electric co-
19	operatives and other rural entities.
20	(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are
21	authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for carrying
22	out research, development, demonstration, and technology
23	deployment activities under this subtitle—
24	(1) \$500,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
25	(2) \$595,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;

1	(3) \$683,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
2	(4) \$733,000,000 for fiscal year 2006, of which
3	\$100,000,000 may be allocated to meet the goals of
4	subsection (b)(1).
5	SEC. 1222. BIOENERGY PROGRAMS.
6	(a) Program Direction.—The Secretary shall carry
7	out research, development, demonstration, and technology
8	development activities related to bioenergy, including pro-
9	grams under paragraphs (4) and (6) of section 1221(b).
10	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—
11	(1) Biopower energy systems.—From
12	amounts authorized under section 1221(e), there are
13	authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for
14	biopower energy systems—
15	(A) \$60,300,000 for fiscal year 2003;
16	(B) \$69,300,000 for fiscal year 2004;
17	(C) \$79,600,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
18	(D) \$86,250,000 for fiscal year 2006.
19	(2) Biofuels energy systems.—From
20	amounts authorized under section 1221(e), there are
21	authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for
22	biofuels energy systems—
23	(A) \$57,500,000 for fiscal year 2003;
24	(B) \$66,125,000 for fiscal year 2004;
25	(C) \$76.000.000 for fiscal year 2005: and

1	(D) \$81,400,000 for fiscal year 2006.
2	(3) Integrated bioenergy research and de-
3	VELOPMENT.—The Secretary may use funds author-
4	ized under paragraph (1) or (2) for programs,
5	projects, or activities that integrate applications for
6	both biopower and biofuels, including cross-cutting re-
7	search and development in feedstocks and economic
8	analysis.
9	SEC. 1223. HYDROGEN RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.
10	(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
11	"Hydrogen Future Act of 2003".
12	(b) Purposes.—Section 102(b) of the Spark M. Mat-
13	sunaga Hydrogen Research, Development, and Demonstra-
14	tion Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12401(b)) is amended by strik-
15	ing paragraphs (2) and (3) and inserting the following:
16	"(2) to direct the Secretary to develop a program
17	of technology assessment, information transfer, and
18	education in which Federal agencies, members of the
19	transportation, energy, and other industries, and
20	other entities may participate;
21	"(3) to develop methods of hydrogen production
22	that minimize production of greenhouse gases, includ-
23	ing developing—
24	"(A) efficient production from nonrenewable
25	resources; and

1	"(B) cost-effective production from renew-
2	able resources such as biomass, geothermal, wind,
3	and solar energy; and
4	"(4) to foster the use of hydrogen as a major en-
5	ergy source, including developing the use of hydrogen
6	in—
7	"(A) isolated villages, islands, and commu-
8	nities in which other energy sources are not
9	available or are very expensive; and
10	"(B) foreign economic development, to avoid
11	environmental damage from increased fossil fuel
12	use.".
13	(c) Report to Congress.—Section 103 of the Spark
14	M. Matsunaga Hydrogen Research, Development, and Dem-
15	onstration Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12402) is amended—
16	(1) in subsection (a), by striking "January 1,
17	1999," and inserting "1 year after the date of enact-
18	ment of the Hydrogen Future Act of 2003, and bien-
19	nially thereafter,";
20	(2) in subsection (b), by striking paragraphs (1)
21	and (2) and inserting the following:
22	"(1) an analysis of hydrogen-related activities
23	throughout the United States Government to identify
24	productive areas for increased intragovernmental col-
25	laboration;

1	"(2) recommendations of the Hydrogen Technical
2	Advisory Panel established by section 108 for any im-
3	provements in the program that are needed, including
4	recommendations for additional legislation; and
5	"(3) to the extent practicable, an analysis of
6	State and local hydrogen-related activities."; and
7	(3) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(c) Coordination Plan.—The report under sub-
9	section (a) shall be based on a comprehensive coordination
10	plan for hydrogen energy prepared by the Secretary in con-
11	sultation with other Federal agencies.".
12	(d) Hydrogen Research and Development.—Sec-
13	tion 104 of the Spark M. Matsunaga Hydrogen Research,
14	Development, and Demonstration Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C.
15	12403) is amended—
16	(1) in subsection (b)(1), by striking "market-
17	place;" and inserting "marketplace, including foreign
18	markets, particularly where an energy infrastructure
19	is not well developed;";
20	(2) in subsection (e), by striking "this chapter"
21	and inserting "this Act";
22	(3) by striking subsection (g) and inserting the
23	following:
24	"(g) Cost Sharing.—

1	"(1) Inability to fund entire cost.—The
2	Secretary shall not consider a proposal submitted by
3	a person from industry unless the proposal contains
4	a certification that—
5	"(A) reasonable efforts to obtain non-Fed-
6	eral funding in the amount necessary to pay 100
7	percent of the cost of the project have been made;
8	and
9	"(B) non-Federal funding in that amount
10	could not reasonably be obtained.
11	"(2) Non-federal share.—
12	"(A) In General.—The Secretary shall re-
13	quire a commitment from non-Federal sources of
14	at least 25 percent of the cost of the project.
15	"(B) REDUCTION OR ELIMINATION.—The
16	Secretary may reduce or eliminate the cost-shar-
17	ing requirement under subparagraph (A) for the
18	proposed research and development project, in-
19	cluding for technical analyses, economic anal-
20	yses, outreach activities, and educational pro-
21	grams, if the Secretary determines that reduction
22	or elimination is necessary to achieve the objec-
23	tives of this Act.";
24	(4) in subsection (i), by striking "this chapter"
25	and inserting "this Act".

1	(e) Demonstrations.—Section 105 of the Spark M.
2	Matsunaga Hydrogen Research, Development, and Dem-
3	onstration Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12404) is amended by
4	striking subsection (c) and inserting the following:
5	"(c) Non-Federal Share.—
6	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
7	graph (2), the Secretary shall require a commitment
8	from non-Federal sources of at least 50 percent of the
9	costs directly relating to a demonstration project
10	under this section.
11	"(2) REDUCTION.—The Secretary may reduce
12	the non-Federal requirement under paragraph (1) if
13	the Secretary determines that the reduction is appro-
14	priate considering the technological risks involved in
15	the project and is necessary to meet the objectives of
16	this Act.".
17	(f) Technology Transfer.—Section 106 of the
18	Spark M. Matsunaga Hydrogen Research, Development,
19	and Demonstration Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12405) is
20	amended—
21	(1) in subsection (a)—
22	(A) in the first sentence—
23	(i) by striking "The Secretary shall
24	conduct a program designed to accelerate

1	wider application" and inserting the fol-
2	lowing:
3	"(1) In general.—The Secretary shall conduct
4	a program designed to—
5	"(A) accelerate wider application"; and
6	(ii) by striking "private sector" and
7	inserting "private sector; and
8	"(B) accelerate wider application of hydro-
9	gen technologies in foreign countries to increase
10	the global market for the technologies and foster
11	global economic development without harmful en-
12	vironmental effects."; and
13	(B) in the second sentence, by striking "The
14	Secretary" and inserting the following:
15	"(2) Advice and Assistance.—The Secretary";
16	and
17	(2) in subsection (b)—
18	(A) in paragraph (2), by redesignating sub-
19	paragraphs (A) through (D) as clauses (i)
20	through (iv), respectively, and indenting appro-
21	priately;
22	(B) by redesignating paragraphs (1) and
23	(2) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively,
24	and indenting appropriately;

1	(C) by striking "The Secretary, in" and in-
2	serting the following:
3	"(1) In general.—The Secretary, in";
4	(D) by striking "The information" and in-
5	serting the following:
6	"(2) ACTIVITIES.—The information"; and
7	(E) in paragraph (1) (as designated by sub-
8	paragraph(C))—
9	(i) in subparagraph (A) (as redesig-
10	nated by subparagraph (B)), by striking
11	"an inventory" and inserting "an update of
12	the inventory"; and
13	(ii) in subparagraph (B) (as redesig-
14	nated by subparagraph (B)), by striking
15	"develop" and all that follows through "to
16	improve" and inserting "develop with the
17	National Aeronautics and Space Adminis-
18	tration, the Department of Energy, other
19	Federal agencies as appropriate, and indus-
20	try, an information exchange program to
21	improve".
22	(g) Technical Panel Review.—
23	(1) In General.—Section 108 of the Spark M.
24	Matsunaga Hydrogen Research, Development, and

1	Demonstration Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12407) is
2	amended—
3	(A) in subsection (b)—
4	(i) by striking "(b) Membership.—
5	The technical panel shall be appointed" and
6	inserting the following:
7	"(b) Membership.—
8	"(1) In general.—The technical panel shall be
9	comprised of not fewer than 9 nor more than 15
10	members appointed";
11	(ii) by striking the second sentence and
12	inserting the following:
13	"(2) TERMS.—
14	"(A) In general.—The term of a member
15	of the technical panel shall be not more than 3
16	years.
17	"(B) Staggered terms.—The Secretary
18	may appoint members of the technical panel in
19	a manner that allows the terms of the members
20	serving at any time to expire at spaced intervals
21	so as to ensure continuity in the functioning of
22	the technical panel.
23	"(C) Reappointment.—A member of the
24	technical panel whose term expires may be re-
25	appointed."; and

1	(iii) by striking "The technical panel
2	shall have a chairman," and inserting the
3	following:
4	"(3) Chairperson.—The technical panel shall
5	have a chairperson,"; and
6	(B) in subsection (d)—
7	(i) in the matter preceding paragraph
8	(1), by striking "the following items";
9	(ii) in paragraph (1), by striking
10	"and" at the end;
11	(iii) in paragraph (2), by striking the
12	period at the end and inserting "; and";
13	and
14	(iv) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(3) the plan developed by the interagency task
16	force under section 202(b) of the Hydrogen Future Act
17	of 1996.".
18	(2) New appointments.—Not later than 180
19	days after the date of enactment of this Act, the
20	Secretary—
21	(A) shall review the membership composi-
22	tion of the Hydrogen Technical Advisory Panel;
23	and
24	(B) may appoint new members consistent
25	with the amendments made by subsection (a).

1	(h) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section
2	109 of the Spark M. Matsunaga Hydrogen Research, Devel-
3	opment, and Demonstration Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12408)
4	is amended—
5	(1) in paragraph (8), by striking "and";
6	(2) in paragraph (9), by striking the period and
7	inserting a semicolon; and
8	(3) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(10) \$65,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
10	"(11) \$70,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;
11	"(12) \$75,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
12	"(13) \$80,000,000 for fiscal year 2006.".
13	(i) Fuel Cells.—
14	(1) Integration of fuel cells with hydro-
15	GEN PRODUCTION SYSTEMS.—Section 201 of the Hy-
16	drogen Future Act of 1996 is amended—
17	(A) in subsection (a) by striking "(a) Not
18	later than 180 days after the date of enactment
19	of this section, and subject" and inserting "(a)
20	In General.—Subject";
21	(B) by striking "with—" and all that fol-
22	lows and inserting "into Federal, State, and
23	local government facilities for stationary and
24	transportation applications.";

1	(C) in subsection (b), by striking "gas is"
2	and inserting 'basis';
3	(D) in subsection $(c)(2)$ , by striking "sys-
4	tems described in subsections (a)(1) and (a)(2)"
5	and inserting "projects proposed"; and
6	(E) by striking subsection (d) and inserting
7	the following:
8	"(d) Non-Federal Share.—
9	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
10	graph (2), the Secretary shall require a commitment
11	from non-Federal sources of at least 50 percent of the
12	costs directly relating to a demonstration project
13	under this section.
14	"(2) Reduction.—The Secretary may reduce
15	the non-Federal requirement under paragraph (1) if
16	the Secretary determines that the reduction is appro-
17	priate considering the technological risks involved in
18	the project and is necessary to meet the objectives of
19	this Act.".
20	(2) Cooperative and cost-sharing agree-
21	MENTS; INTEGRATION OF TECHNICAL INFORMATION.—
22	Title II of the Hydrogen Future Act of 1996 (42
23	U.S.C. 12403 note; Public Law 104–271) is amended
24	by striking section 202 and inserting the following:

1	"SEC. 202. INTERAGENCY TASK FORCE.
2	"(a) Establishment.—Not later than 120 days after
3	the date of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall
4	establish an interagency task force led by a Deputy Assist-
5	ant Secretary of the Department of Energy and comprised
6	of representatives of—
7	"(1) the Office of Science and Technology Policy;
8	"(2) the Department of Transportation;
9	"(3) the Department of Defense;
10	"(4) the Department of Commerce (including the
11	National Institute for Standards and Technology);
12	"(5) the Environmental Protection Agency;
13	"(6) the National Aeronautics and Space Ad-
14	ministration; and
15	"(7) other agencies as appropriate.
16	"(b) Duties.—
17	"(1) In General.—The task force shall develop
18	a plan for carrying out this title.
19	"(2) Focus of Plan.—The plan shall focus on
20	development and demonstration of integrated systems
21	and components for—
22	"(A) hydrogen production, storage, and use
23	in Federal, State, and local government build-
24	ings and vehicles;

1	"(B) hydrogen-based infrastructure for buses
2	and other fleet transportation systems that in-
3	clude zero-emission vehicles; and
4	"(C) hydrogen-based distributed power gen-
5	eration, including the generation of combined
6	heat, power, and hydrogen.
7	"SEC. 203. COOPERATIVE AND COST-SHARING AGREE-
8	MENTS.
9	"The Secretary shall enter into cooperative and cost-
10	sharing agreements with Federal, State, and local agencies
11	for participation by the agencies in demonstrations at fa-
12	cilities administered by the agencies, with the aim of inte-
13	grating high efficiency hydrogen systems using fuel cells
14	into the facilities to provide immediate benefits and pro-
15	mote a smooth transition to hydrogen as an energy source.
16	"SEC. 204. INTEGRATION AND DISSEMINATION OF TECH-
17	NICAL INFORMATION.
18	"The Secretary shall—
19	"(1) integrate all the technical information that
20	becomes available as a result of development and dem-
21	onstration projects under this title;
22	"(2) make the information available to all Fed-
23	eral and State agencies for dissemination to all inter-
24	ested persons; and

1	"(3) foster the exchange of generic, nonpropri-
2	etary information and technology developed under
3	this title among industry, academia, and Federal,
4	State, and local governments, to help the United
5	States economy attain the economic benefits of the in-
6	formation and technology.
7	"SEC. 205. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
8	"There are authorized to be appropriated, for activities
9	under this title—
10	"(1) \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
11	"(2) \$30,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;
12	"(3) \$35,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
13	"(4) \$40,000,000 for fiscal year 2006.".
14	Subtitle C—Fossil Energy
15	SEC. 1231. ENHANCED FOSSIL ENERGY RESEARCH AND DE-
16	VELOPMENT.
17	(a) Program Direction.—The Secretary shall con-
18	duct a balanced energy research, development, demonstra-
19	tion, and technology deployment program to enhance fossil
20	energy.
21	(b) Program Goals.—
22	(1) Core fossil research and develop-
23	MENT.—The goals of the core fossil research and devel-
24	opment program shall be to reduce emissions from fos-
25	sil fuel use by developing technologies, including

1	precombustion technologies, by 2015 with the capa-
2	bility of realizing—
3	(A) electricity generating efficiencies of 60
4	percent for coal and 75 percent for natural gas;
5	(B) combined heat and power thermal effi-
6	ciencies of more than 85 percent;
7	(C) fuels utilization efficiency of 75 percent
8	for the production of liquid transportation fuels
9	$from\ coal;$
10	(D) near zero emissions of mercury and of
11	emissions that form fine particles, smog, and
12	acid rain;
13	(E) reduction of carbon dioxide emissions
14	by at least 40 percent through efficiency im-
15	provements and 100 percent with sequestration;
16	and
17	(F) improved reliability, efficiency, reduc-
18	tions of air pollutant emissions, or reductions in
19	solid waste disposal requirements.
20	(2) Offshore oil and natural gas re-
21	SOURCES.—The goal of the offshore oil and natural
22	gas resources program shall be to develop technologies
23	<i>to</i> —
24	(A) extract methane hydrates in coastal wa-
25	ters of the United States, and

1	(B) develop natural gas and oil reserves in
2	the ultra-deepwater of the Central and Western
3	Gulf of Mexico.
4	(3) Onshore oil and natural gas re-
5	SOURCES.—The goal of the onshore oil and natural
6	gas resources program shall be to advance the science
7	and technology available to domestic onshore petro-
8	leum producers, particularly independent operators,
9	through—
10	(A) advances in technology for exploration
11	and production of domestic petroleum resources,
12	particularly those not accessible with current
13	technology;
14	(B) improvement in the ability to extract
15	hydrocarbons from known reservoirs and classes
16	of reservoirs; and
17	(C) development of technologies and prac-
18	tices that reduce the threat to the environment
19	from petroleum exploration and production and
20	decrease the cost of effective environmental com-
21	pliance.
22	(4) Transportation fuels.—The goals of the
23	transportation fuels program shall be to increase the
24	price elasticity of oil supply and demand by focusing
25	research on—

1	(A) reducing the cost of producing transpor-
2	tation fuels from coal and natural gas; and
3	(B) indirect liquefaction of coal and bio-
4	mass.
5	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—
6	(1) In general.—There are authorized to be ap-
7	propriated to the Secretary for carrying out research,
8	development, demonstration, and technology deploy-
9	ment activities under this section—
10	(A) \$485,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
11	(B) \$508,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;
12	(C) \$532,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
13	(D) \$558,000,000 for fiscal year 2006.
14	(2) Limits on use of funds.—None of the
15	funds authorized in paragraph (1) may be used for—
16	(A) fossil energy environmental restoration;
17	(B) import/export authorization;
18	(C) program direction; or
19	(D) general plant projects.
20	(3) Coal-based projects.—The coal-based
21	projects funded under this section shall be consistent
22	with the goals in subsection (b). The program shall
23	emphasize carbon capture and sequestration tech-
24	nologies and gasification technologies, including gas-
25	ification combined cycle, gasification fuel cells, gasifi-

1	cation co-production, hybrid gasification/combustion,
2	or other technology with the potential to address the
3	goals in subparagraphs (D) or (E) of subsection
4	<i>(b)(1).</i>
5	SEC. 1232. POWER PLANT IMPROVEMENT INITIATIVE.
6	(a) Program Direction.—The Secretary shall con-
7	duct a balanced energy research, development, demonstra-
8	tion, and technology deployment program to demonstrate
9	commercial applications of advanced lignite and coal-based
10	technologies applicable to new or existing power plants (in-
11	cluding co-production plants) that advance the efficiency,
12	environmental performance, and cost-competitiveness sub-
13	stantially beyond technologies that are in operation or have
14	been demonstrated by the date of enactment of this subtitle.
15	(b) Technical Milestones.—
16	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall set tech-
17	nical milestones specifying efficiency and emissions
18	levels that projects shall be designed to achieve. The
19	milestones shall become more restrictive over the life
20	of the program.
21	(2) 2010 EFFICIENCY MILESTONES.—The mile-
22	stones shall be designed to achieve by 2010 interim
23	thermal efficiency of—
24	(A) forty-five percent for coal of more than
25	$9,000\;Btu;$

1	(B) forty-four percent for coal of 7,000 to
2	9,000 Btu; and
3	(C) forty-two percent for coal of less than
4	7,000 Btu.
5	(3) 2020 EFFICIENCY MILESTONES.—The mile-
6	stones shall be designed to achieve by 2020 thermal ef-
7	ficiency of—
8	(A) sixty percent for coal of more than
9	9,000 Btu;
10	(B) fifty-nine percent for coal of 7,000 to
11	9,000 Btu; and
12	(C) fifty-seven percent for coal of less than
13	7,000 Btu.
14	(4) Emissions milestones.—The milestones
15	shall include near zero emissions of mercury and
16	greenhouse gases and of emissions that form fine par-
17	ticles, smog, and acid rain.
18	(5) Regional and quality differences.—The
19	Secretary may consider regional and quality dif-
20	ferences in developing the efficiency milestones.
21	(c) Project Criteria.—The demonstration activities
22	proposed to be conducted at a new or existing coal-based
23	electric generation unit having a nameplate rating of not
24	less than 100 megawatts, excluding a co-production plant,
25	shall include at least one of the following—

1	(1) a means of recycling or reusing a significant
2	portion of coal combustion wastes produced by coal-
3	based generating units, excluding practices that are
4	commercially available by the date of enactment of
5	$this\ subtitle;$
6	(2) a means of capture and sequestering emis-
7	sions, including greenhouse gases, in a manner that
8	is more effective and substantially below the cost of
9	technologies that are in operation or that have been
10	demonstrated by the date of enactment of this subtitle;
11	(3) a means of controlling sulfur dioxide and ni-
12	trogen oxide or mercury in a manner that improves
13	environmental performance beyond technologies that
14	are in operation or that have been demonstrated by
15	the date of enactment of this subtitle—
16	(A) in the case of an existing unit, achieve
17	an overall thermal design efficiency improvement
18	compared to the efficiency of the unit as oper-
19	ated, of not less than—
20	(i) 7 percent for coal of more than
21	9,000 Btu;
22	(ii) 6 percent for coal of 7,000 to 9,000
23	$Btu;\ or$
24	(iii) 4 percent for coal of less than
25	7,000 Btu; or

1	(B) in the case of a new unit, achieve the
2	efficiency milestones set for in subsection (b)
3	compared to the efficiency of a typical unit as
4	operated on the date of enactment of this subtitle,
5	before any retrofit, repowering, replacement, or
6	in stall at ion.
7	(d) Study.—The Secretary, in consultation with the
8	Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the
9	Secretary of the Interior, and interested entities (including
10	coal producers, industries using coal, organizations to pro-
11	mote coal or advanced coal technologies, environmental or-
12	ganizations, and organizations representing workers), shall
13	conduct an assessment that identifies performance criteria
14	that would be necessary for coal-based technologies to meet,
15	to enable future reliance on coal in an environmentally sus-
16	tainable manner for electricity generation, use as a chem-
17	ical feedstock, and use as a transportation fuel.
18	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—
19	(1) In general.—There are authorized to be ap-
20	propriated to the Secretary for carrying out activities
21	under this section \$200,000,000 for each of fiscal
22	years 2003 through 2011.
23	(2) Limitation on funding of projects.—
24	Eighty percent of the funding under this section shall
25	be limited to—

1	(A) carbon capture and sequestration tech-
2	nologies;
3	(B) gasification technologies, including gas-
4	ification combined cycle, gasification fuel cells,
5	gasification co-production, or hybrid gasifi-
6	$cation/combustion;\ or$
7	(C) other technology either by itself or in
8	conjunction with other technologies that has the
9	potential to achieve near zero emissions.
10	SEC. 1233. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FOR ADVANCED
11	SAFE AND EFFICIENT COAL MINING TECH-
12	NOLOGIES.
13	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Energy shall
14	establish a cooperative research partnership involving ap-
15	propriate Federal agencies, coal producers, including asso-
16	ciations, equipment manufacturers, universities with min-
17	ing engineering departments, and other relevant entities
18	to—
19	(1) develop mining research priorities identified
20	by the Mining Industry of the Future Program and
21	in the recommendations from relevant reports of the
22	National Academy of Sciences on mining technologies;
23	(2) establish a process for conducting joint in-
24	dustry-Government research and development; and

1	(3) expand mining research capabilities at insti-
2	tutions of higher education.
3	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—
4	(1) In general.—There are authorized to be ap-
5	propriated to carry out activities under this section,
6	\$12,000,000 in fiscal year 2003 and \$15,000,000 in
7	fiscal year 2004.
8	(2) Limit on use of funds.—Not less than 20
9	percent of any funds appropriated in a given fiscal
10	year under this subsection shall be dedicated to re-
11	search carried out at institutions of higher education.
12	SEC. 1234. ULTRA-DEEPWATER AND UNCONVENTIONAL RE-
13	SOURCE EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION
14	TECHNOLOGIES.
15	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
16	(1) Advisory committee.—The term "Advisory
17	Committee" means the Ultra-Deepwater and Uncon-
18	ventional Resource Technology Advisory Committee
19	established under subsection (c).
20	(2) AWARD.—The term "award" means a cooper-
21	ative agreement, contract, award or other types of
22	agreement as appropriate.
23	(3) Deepwater.—The term "deepwater" means
24	a water depth that is greater than 200 but less than
25	1.500 meters.

1	(4) Eligible award recipient.—The term "el-
2	igible award recipient" includes—
3	(A) a research institution;
4	(B) an institution of higher education;
5	(C) a corporation; and
6	(D) a managing consortium formed among
7	entities described in subparagraphs (A) through
8	(C).
9	(5) Institution of higher education.—The
10	term "institution of higher education" has the mean-
11	ing given the term in section 101 of the Higher Edu-
12	cation Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
13	(6) Managing consortium.—The term "man-
14	aging consortium" means an entity that—
15	(A) exists as of the date of enactment of this
16	section;
17	(B)(i) is an organization described in sec-
18	tion $501(c)(3)$ of the Internal Revenue Code of
19	1986; and
20	(ii) is exempt from taxation under section
21	501(a) of that Code;
22	(C) is experienced in planning and man-
23	aging programs in natural gas or other petro-
24	leum exploration and production research, devel-
25	opment, and demonstration; and

1	(D) has demonstrated capabilities and expe-
2	rience in representing the views and priorities of
3	industry, institutions of higher education and
4	other research institutions in formulating com-
5	prehensive research and development plans and
6	programs.
7	(7) Program.—The term "program" means the
8	program of research, development, and demonstration
9	$established\ under\ subsection\ (b)(1)(A).$
10	(8) Ultra-deep-water.—The term "ultra-deep-
11	water" means a water depth that is equal to or great-
12	er than 1,500 meters.
13	(9) Ultra-deepwater architecture.—The
14	term "ultra-deepwater architecture" means the inte-
15	gration of technologies to explore and produce natural
16	gas or petroleum products located at ultra-deepwater
17	depths.
18	(10) Ultra-deepwater resource.—The term
19	"ultra-deepwater resource" means natural gas or any
20	other petroleum resource (including methane hydrate)
21	located in an ultra-deepwater area.
22	(11) Unconventional resource.—The term
23	"unconventional resource" means natural gas or any
24	other petroleum resource located in a formation on

 $physically\ or\ economically\ inaccessible\ land\ currently$ 

25

1	available for lease for purposes of natural gas or other
2	petroleum exploration or production.
3	(b) Ultra-Deepwater and Unconventional Ex-
4	PLORATION AND PRODUCTION PROGRAM.—
5	(1) Establishment.—
6	(A) In General.—The Secretary shall es-
7	tablish a program of research into, and develop-
8	ment and demonstration of, ultra-deepwater re-
9	source and unconventional resource exploration
10	and production technologies.
11	(B) Location; implementation.—The
12	program under this subsection shall be carried
13	out—
14	(i) in areas on the outer Continental
15	Shelf that, as of the date of enactment of
16	this section, are available for leasing; and
17	(ii) on unconventional resources.
18	(2) Components.—The program shall include
19	one or more programs for long-term research into—
20	(A) new deepwater ultra-deepwater resource
21	and unconventional resource exploration and
22	production technologies; or
23	(B) environmental mitigation technologies
24	for production of ultra-deepwater resource and
25	$unconventional\ resource.$

1	(c) Advisory Committee.—
2	(1) Establishment.—Not later than 30 days
3	after the date of enactment of this section, the Sec-
4	retary shall establish an advisory committee to be
5	known as the "Ultra-Deepwater and Unconventional
6	Resource Technology Advisory Committee".
7	(2) Membership.—
8	(A) Composition.—Subject to subpara-
9	graph (B), the advisory committee shall be com-
10	posed of seven members appointed by the Sec-
11	retary that—
12	(i) have extensive operational knowl-
13	edge of and experience in the natural gas
14	and other petroleum exploration and pro-
15	duction industry; and
16	(ii) are not Federal employees or em-
17	ployees of contractors to a Federal agency.
18	(B) Expertise.—Of the members of the ad-
19	visory committee appointed under subparagraph
20	(A)—
21	(i) at least four members shall have ex-
22	tensive knowledge of ultra-deepwater re-
23	source exploration and production tech-
24	nologies;

1	(ii) at least three members shall have
2	extensive knowledge of unconventional re-
3	source exploration and production tech-
4	nologies.
5	(3) Duties.—The advisory committee shall ad-
6	vise the Secretary in the implementation of this sec-
7	tion.
8	(4) Compensation.—A member of the advisory
9	committee shall serve without compensation but shall
10	receive travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of
11	subsistence, in accordance with applicable provisions
12	under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United
13	States Code.
14	(d) AWARDS.—
15	(1) Types of Awards.—
16	(A) Ultra-deepwater resources.—
17	(i) In General.—The Secretary shall
18	make awards for research into, and develop-
19	ment and demonstration of, ultra-deepwater
20	resource exploration and production
21	technologies—
22	(I) to maximize the value of the
23	ultra-deepwater resources of the United
24	States:

(II) to increase the supply of	1
ultra-deepwater resources by lowering	2
the cost and improving the efficiency of	3
exploration and production of such re-	4
sources; and	5
(III) to improve safety and mini-	6
mize negative environmental impacts	7
of that exploration and production.	8
(ii) Ultra-deepwater architec-	9
TURE.—In furtherance of the purposes de-	10
scribed in clause (i), the Secretary shall,	11
where appropriate, solicit proposals from a	12
managing consortium to develop and dem-	13
onstrate next-generation architecture for	14
ultra-deepwater resource production.	15
(B) Unconventional resources.—The	16
Secretary shall make awards—	17
(i) to carry out research into, and de-	18
velopment and demonstration of, tech-	19
nologies to maximize the value of unconven-	20
tional resources; and	21
(ii) to develop technologies to	22
simultaneously—	23
(I) increase the supply of uncon-	24
ventional resources by lowering the cost	25

1	and improving the efficiency of explo-
2	ration and production of unconven-
3	tional resources; and
4	(II) improve safety and minimize
5	negative environmental impacts of that
6	exploration and production.
7	(2) Conditions.—An award made under this
8	subsection shall be subject to the following conditions:
9	(A) Multiple entities.—If an award re-
10	cipient is composed of more than one eligible or-
11	ganization, the recipient shall provide a signed
12	contract, agreed to by all eligible organizations
13	comprising the award recipient, that defines, in
14	a manner that is consistent with all applicable
15	law in effect as of the date of the contract, all
16	rights to intellectual property for—
17	(i) technology in existence as of that
18	date; and
19	(ii) future inventions conceived and de-
20	veloped using funds provided under the
21	award.
22	(B) Components of Application.—An
23	application for an award for a demonstration
24	project shall describe with specificity any in-

1	tended commercial applications of the technology
2	to be demonstrated.
3	(C) Cost sharing.—Non-Federal cost shar-
4	ing shall be in accordance with section 1403.
5	(e) Plan and Funding.—
6	(1) In General.—The Secretary, and where ap-
7	propriate, a managing consortium under subsection
8	(d)(1)(A)(ii), shall formulate annual operating and
9	performance objectives, develop multiyear technology
10	roadmaps, and establish research and development
11	priorities for the funding of activities under this sec-
12	tion which will serve as guidelines for making awards
13	including cost-matching objectives.
14	(2) Industry input.—In carrying out this pro-
15	gram, the Secretary shall promote maximum industry
16	input through the use of managing consortia or other
17	organizations in planning and executing the research
18	areas and conducting workshops or reviews to ensure
19	that this program focuses on industry problems and
20	needs.
21	(f) AUDITING.—
22	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall retain an
23	independent, commercial auditor to determine the ex-
24	tent to which funds authorized by this section, pro-
25	vided through a managing consortium, are expended

1	in a manner consistent with the purposes of this sec-
2	tion.
3	(2) Reports.—The auditor retained under
4	paragraph (1) shall submit to the Secretary, and the
5	Secretary shall transmit to the appropriate congres-
6	sional committees, an annual report that describes—
7	(A) the findings of the auditor under para-
8	graph (1); and
9	(B) a plan under which the Secretary may
10	remedy any deficiencies identified by the audi-
11	tor.
12	(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are
13	authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary such sums
14	as may be necessary to carry out this section.
15	(h) Termination of Authority.—The authority pro-
16	vided by this section shall terminate on September 30, 2009.
17	(i) Savings Provision.—Nothing in this section is
18	intended to displace, duplicate or diminish any previously
19	authorized research activities of the Department of Energy.
20	SEC. 1235. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FOR NEW NAT-
21	URAL GAS TRANSPORTATION TECH-
22	NOLOGIES.
23	The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a comprehensive
24	5-year program for research, development and demonstra-
25	tion to improve the reliability, efficiency, safety and integ-

- 1 rity of the natural gas transportation and distribution in-
- 2 frastructure and for distributed energy resources (including
- 3 microturbines, fuel cells, advanced engine-generators, gas
- 4 turbines, reciprocating engines, hybrid power generation
- 5 systems, and all ancillary equipment for dispatch, control
- 6 and maintenance).

## 7 SEC. 1236. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR OF-

- 8 FICE OF ARCTIC ENERGY.
- 9 There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
- 10 retary for the Office of Arctic Energy under section 3197
- 11 of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act
- 12 for Fiscal Year 2001 (Public Law 106–398) such sums as
- 13 may be necessary, but not to exceed \$25,000,000 for each
- 14 of fiscal years 2003 through 2011.
- 15 SEC. 1237. CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY LOAN.
- 16 There is authorized to be appropriated not to exceed
- 17 \$125,000,000 to the Secretary of Energy to provide a loan
- 18 to the owner of the experimental plant constructed under
- 19 United States Department of Energy cooperative agreement
- 20 number DE-FC22-91PC99544 on such terms and condi-
- 21 tions as the Secretary determines, including interest rates
- 22 and upfront payments.

1	Subtitle D—Nuclear Energy
2	SEC. 1241. ENHANCED NUCLEAR ENERGY RESEARCH AND
3	DEVELOPMENT.
4	(a) Program Direction.—The Secretary shall con-
5	duct an energy research, development, demonstration, and
6	technology deployment program to enhance nuclear energy.
7	(b) Program Goals.—The program shall—
8	(1) support research related to existing United
9	States nuclear power reactors to extend their lifetimes
10	and increase their reliability while optimizing their
11	current operations for greater efficiencies;
12	(2) examine—
13	(A) advanced proliferation-resistant and
14	passively safe reactor designs;
15	(B) new reactor designs with higher effi-
16	ciency, lower cost, and improved safety;
17	(C) in coordination with activities carried
18	out under the amendments made by section
19	1223, designs for a high temperature reactor ca-
20	pable of producing large-scale quantities of hy-
21	drogen using thermochemical processes;
22	(D) proliferation-resistant and high-burn-
23	up nuclear fuels;
24	(E) minimization of generation of radio-
25	active materials;

1	(F) improved nuclear waste management
2	technologies; and
3	(G) improved instrumentation science;
4	(3) attract new students and faculty to the nu-
5	clear sciences and nuclear engineering and related
6	fields (including health physics and nuclear and
7	radiochemistry) through—
8	(A) university-based fundamental research
9	for existing faculty and new junior faculty;
10	(B) support for the re-licensing of existing
11	training reactors at universities in conjunction
12	with industry; and
13	(C) completing the conversion of existing
14	training reactors with proliferation-resistant
15	fuels that are low enriched and to adapt those re-
16	actors to new investigative uses;
17	(4) maintain a national capability and infra-
18	structure to produce medical isotopes and ensure a
19	well trained cadre of nuclear medicine specialists in
20	partnership with industry;
21	(5) ensure that our nation has adequate capa-
22	bility to power future satellite and space missions;
23	and
24	(6) maintain, where appropriate through a
25	prioritization process a balanced research infrastruc-

1	ture so that future research programs can use these
2	facilities.
3	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—
4	(1) Core nuclear research programs.—
5	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
6	retary for carrying out research, development, dem-
7	onstration, and technology deployment activities
8	under subsection $(b)(1)$ through $(3)$ —
9	(A) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
10	(B) \$110,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;
11	(C) \$120,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
12	(D) \$130,000,000 for fiscal year 2006.
13	(2) Supporting nuclear activities.—There
14	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for
15	carrying out activities under subsection $(b)(4)$
16	through (6), as well as nuclear facilities management
17	and program direction—
18	(A) \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
19	(B) \$202,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;
20	(C) \$207,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
21	(D) \$212,000,000 for fiscal year 2006.
22	SEC. 1242. UNIVERSITY NUCLEAR SCIENCE AND ENGINEER-
23	ING SUPPORT.
24	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall support a
25	program to maintain the nation's human resource invest-

1	ment and infrastructure in the nuclear sciences and engi-
2	neering and related fields (including health physics and nu-
3	clear and radiochemistry), consistent with departmental
4	missions related to civilian nuclear research and develop-
5	ment.
6	(b) Duties.—In carrying out the program under this
7	section, the Secretary shall—
8	(1) develop a graduate and undergraduate fel-
9	lowship program to attract new and talented stu-
10	dents;
11	(2) assist universities in recruiting and retain-
12	ing new faculty in the nuclear sciences and engineer-
13	ing through a Junior Faculty Research Initiation
14	Grant Program;
15	(3) support fundamental nuclear sciences and
16	engineering research through the Nuclear Engineering
17	Education Research Program;
18	(4) encourage collaborative nuclear research be-
19	tween industry, national laboratories and universities
20	through the Nuclear Energy Research Initiative; and
21	(5) support communication and outreach related
22	to nuclear science and engineering.
23	(c) Maintaining University Research and Train-
24	ING REACTORS AND ASSOCIATED INFRASTRUCTURE.—Ac-
25	tivities under this section may include:

1	(1) Converting research reactors to low-enrich-
2	ment fuels, upgrading operational instrumentation,
3	and sharing of reactors among universities.
4	(2) Providing technical assistance, in collabora-
5	tion with the United States nuclear industry, in re-
6	licensing and upgrading training reactors as part of
7	a student training program.
8	(3) Providing funding for reactor improvements
9	as part of a focused effort that emphasizes research,
10	training, and education.
11	(d) University-National Laboratory Inter-
12	ACTIONS.—The Secretary shall develop—
13	(1) a sabbatical fellowship program for univer-
14	sity professors to spend extended periods of time at
15	National Laboratories in the areas of nuclear science
16	and technology; and
17	(2) a visiting scientist program in which Na-
18	tional Laboratory staff can spend time in academic
19	nuclear science and engineering departments. The
20	Secretary may provide for fellowships for students to
21	spend time at National Laboratories in the area of
22	nuclear science with a member of the Laboratory staff
23	acting as a mentor.
24	(e) Operating and Maintenance Costs.—Funding
25	for a research project provided under this section may be

- 1 used to offset a portion of the operating and maintenance
- 2 costs of a university research reactor used in the research
- 3 project, on a cost-shared basis with the university.
- 4 (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—From
- 5 amounts authorized under section 1241(c)(1), the following
- 6 amounts are authorized for activities under this section—
- 7 (1) \$33,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
- 8 (2) \$37,900,000 for fiscal year 2004;
- 9 (3) \$43,600,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
- 10 (4) \$50,100,000 for fiscal year 2006.
- 11 SEC. 1243. NUCLEAR ENERGY RESEARCH INITIATIVE.
- 12 (a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall support a
- 13 Nuclear Energy Research Initiative for grants for research
- 14 relating to nuclear energy.
- 15 (b) Authorization of Appropriations.—From
- 16 amounts authorized under section 1241(c), there are author-
- 17 ized to be appropriated to the Secretary for activities under
- 18 this section such sums as are necessary for each fiscal year.
- 19 SEC. 1244. NUCLEAR ENERGY PLANT OPTIMIZATION PRO-
- 20 *GRAM*.
- 21 (a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall support a
- 22 Nuclear Energy Plant Optimization Program for grants to
- 23 improve nuclear energy plant reliability, availability, and
- 24 productivity. Notwithstanding section 1403, the program
- 25 shall require industry cost-sharing of at least 50 percent

- 1 and be subject to annual review by the Nuclear Energy Re-
- 2 search Advisory Committee of the Department.
- 3 (b) Authorization of Appropriations.—From
- 4 amounts authorized under section 1241(c), there are author-
- 5 ized to be appropriated to the Secretary for activities under
- 6 this section such sums as are necessary for each fiscal year.
- 7 SEC. 1245. NUCLEAR ENERGY TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT
- 8 PROGRAM.
- 9 (a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall support a
- 10 Nuclear Energy Technology Development Program to de-
- 11 velop a technology roadmap to design and develop new nu-
- 12 clear energy powerplants in the United States.
- 13 (b) Generation IV Reactor Study.—The Secretary
- 14 shall, as part of the program under subsection (a), also con-
- 15 duct a study of Generation IV nuclear energy systems, in-
- 16 cluding development of a technology roadmap and perform-
- 17 ance of research and development necessary to make an in-
- 18 formed technical decision regarding the most promising
- 19 candidates for commercial deployment. The study shall ex-
- 20 amine advanced proliferation-resistant and passively safe
- 21 reactor designs, new reactor designs with higher efficiency,
- 22 lower cost and improved safety, proliferation-resistant and
- 23 high burn-up fuels, minimization of generation of radio-
- 24 active materials, improved nuclear waste management tech-
- 25 nologies, and improved instrumentation science. Not later

1	than December 31, 2002, the Secretary shall submit to Con-
2	gress a report describing the results of the study.
3	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—From
4	amounts authorized to be appropriated under section
5	1241(c), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
6	retary for activities under this section such sums as are
7	necessary for each fiscal year.
8	Subtitle E—Fundamental Energy
9	Science
10	SEC. 1251. ENHANCED PROGRAMS IN FUNDAMENTAL EN
11	ERGY SCIENCE.
12	(a) Program Direction.—The Secretary, acting
13	through the Office of Science, shall—
14	(1) conduct a comprehensive program of funda-
15	mental research, including research on chemical
16	sciences, physics, materials sciences, biological and
17	environmental sciences, geosciences, engineering
18	sciences, plasma sciences, mathematics, and advanced
19	$scientific\ computing;$
20	(2) maintain, upgrade and expand the scientific
21	user facilities maintained by the Office of Science and
22	ensure that they are an integral part of the depart-
23	mental mission for exploring the frontiers of funda-
24	mental science

1	(3) maintain a leading-edge research capability
2	in the energy-related aspects of nanoscience and
3	nanotechnology, advanced scientific computing and
4	genome research; and
5	(4) ensure that its fundamental science pro-
6	grams, where appropriate, help inform the applied re-
7	search and development programs of the Department.
8	(b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are
9	authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for carrying
10	out research, development, demonstration, and technology
11	deployment activities under this subtitle—
12	(1) \$3,785,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
13	(2) \$4,153,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;
14	(3) \$4,586,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
15	(4) \$5,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2006.
16	SEC. 1252. NANOSCALE SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING RE-
17	SEARCH.
18	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary, acting through
19	the Office of Science, shall support a program of research
20	and development in nanoscience and nanoengineering con-
21	sistent with the Department's statutory authorities related
22	to research and development. The program shall include ef-
23	forts to further the understanding of the chemistry, physics,
24	materials science and engineering of phenomena on the
25	scale of 1 to 100 nanometers.

1	(b) Duties of the Office of Science.—In car-
2	rying out the program under this section, the Office of
3	Science shall—
4	(1) support both individual investigators and
5	$multidisciplinary\ teams\ of\ investigators;$
6	(2) pursuant to subsection (c), develop, plan,
7	construct, acquire, or operate special equipment or fa-
8	cilities for the use of investigators conducting research
9	and development in nanoscience and
10	nanoengineering;
11	(3) support technology transfer activities to ben-
12	efit industry and other users of nanoscience and
13	nanoengineering; and
14	(4) coordinate research and development activi-
15	ties with industry and other Federal agencies.
16	(c) Nanoscience and Nanoengineering Research
17	Centers and Major Instrumentation.—
18	(1) AUTHORIZATION.—From amounts authorized
19	to be appropriated under section 1251(b), the
20	amounts specified under subsection (d)(2) shall, sub-
21	ject to appropriations, be available for projects to de-
22	velop, plan, construct, acquire, or operate special
23	equipment, instrumentation, or facilities for inves-
24	tigators conducting research and development in
25	nanoscience and nanoengineering.

1	(2) Projects under paragraph (1)
2	may include the measurement of properties at the
3	scale of 1 to 100 nanometers, manipulation at such
4	scales, and the integration of technologies based on
5	nanoscience or nanoengineering into bulk materials
6	or other technologies.
7	(3) Facilities.—Facilities under paragraph (1)
8	may include electron microcharacterization facilities,
9	microlithography facilities, scanning probe facilities
10	and related instrumentation science.
11	(4) Collaboration.—The Secretary shall en-
12	courage collaborations among universities, labora-
13	tories and industry at facilities under this subsection.
14	At least one facility under this subsection shall have
15	a specific mission of technology transfer to other in-
16	stitutions and to industry.
17	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—
18	(1) Total authorization.—From amounts au-
19	thorized to be appropriated under section 1251(b), the
20	following amounts are authorized for activities under
21	this section—
22	(A) \$270,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
23	(B) \$290,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;
24	(C) \$310,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
25	(D) \$330.000.000 for fiscal year 2006.

1	(2) Nanoscience and nanoengineering re-
2	SEARCH CENTERS AND MAJOR INSTRUMENTATION.—
3	Of the amounts under paragraph (1), the following
4	amounts are authorized to carry out subsection (c)—
5	(A) \$135,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
6	(B) \$150,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;
7	(C) \$120,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
8	(D) \$100,000,000 for fiscal year 2006.
9	SEC. 1253. ADVANCED SCIENTIFIC COMPUTING FOR EN-
10	ERGY MISSIONS.
11	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary, acting through
12	the Office of Science, shall support a program to advance
13	the Nation's computing capability across a diverse set of
14	grand challenge computationally based science problems re-
15	lated to departmental missions.
16	(b) Duties of the Office of Science.—In car-
17	rying out the program under this section, the Office of
18	Science shall—
19	(1) advance basic science through computation
20	by developing software to solve grand challenge
21	science problems on new generations of computing
22	plat forms;
23	(2) enhance the foundations for scientific com-
24	puting by developing the basic mathematical and
25	computing systems software needed to take full advan-

1	tage of the computing capabilities of computers with
2	peak speeds of 100 teraflops or more, some of which
3	may be unique to the scientific problem of interest;
4	(3) enhance national collaboratory and net-
5	working capabilities by developing software to inte-
6	grate geographically separated researchers into effec-
7	tive research teams and to facilitate access to and
8	movement and analysis of large (petabyte) data sets;
9	and
10	(4) maintain a robust scientific computing hard-
11	ware infrastructure to ensure that the computing re-
12	sources needed to address DOE missions are avail-
13	able; explore new computing approaches and tech-
14	nologies that promise to advance scientific computing.
15	(c) High-Performance Computing Act Pro-
16	GRAM.—Section 203(a) of the High-Performance Com-
17	puting Act of 1991 (15 U.S.C. 5523(a)) is amended—
18	(1) in paragraph (3), by striking "and";
19	(2) in paragraph (4), by striking the period and
20	inserting "; and"; and
21	(3) by adding after paragraph (4) the following:
22	"(5) conduct an integrated program of research,
23	development, and provision of facilities to develop
24	and deploy to scientific and technical users the high-
25	performance computing and collaboration tools needed

to fulfill the statutory missions of the Department of
Energy in conducting basic and applied energy re-
search.".
(d) Coordination With the DOE National Nu-
CLEAR SECURITY AGENCY ACCELERATED STRATEGIC COM-
PUTING INITIATIVE AND OTHER NATIONAL COMPUTING
Programs.—The Secretary shall ensure that this program,
to the extent feasible, is integrated and consistent with—
(1) the Accelerated Strategic Computing Initia-
tive of the National Nuclear Security Agency; and
(2) other national efforts related to advanced sci-
entific computing for science and engineering.
(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—From
amounts authorized under section 1251(b), the following
amounts are authorized for activities under this section—
(1) \$285,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
(2) \$300,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;
(3) \$310,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
(4) \$320,000,000 for fiscal year 2006.
SEC. 1254. FUSION ENERGY SCIENCES PROGRAM AND PLAN-
NING.
(a) Overall Plan for Fusion Energy Sciences
Program.—
(1) In General.—Not later than 6 months after
the date of enactment of this subtitle, the Secretary,

1	after consultation with the Fusion Energy Sciences
2	Advisory Committee, shall develop and transmit to
3	the Congress a plan to ensure a strong scientific base
4	for the Fusion Energy Sciences Program within the
5	Office of Science and to enable the experiments de-
6	scribed in subsections (b) and (c).
7	(2) Objectives of plan.—The plan under this
8	subsection shall include as its objectives—
9	(A) to ensure that existing fusion research
10	facilities and equipment are more fully utilized
11	with appropriate measurements and control
12	tools;
13	(B) to ensure a strengthened fusion science
14	theory and computational base;
15	(C) to encourage and ensure that the selec-
16	tion of and funding for new magnetic and iner-
17	tial fusion research facilities is based on sci-
18	entific innovation and cost effectiveness;
19	(D) to improve the communication of sci-
20	entific results and methods between the fusion
21	science community and the wider scientific com-
22	munity;
23	(E) to ensure that adequate support is pro-
24	vided to optimize the design of the magnetic fu-

1	sion burning plasma experiments referred to in
2	subsections (b) and (c); and
3	(F) to ensure that inertial confinement fu-
4	sion facilities are utilized to the extent prac-
5	ticable for the purpose of inertial fusion energy
6	research and development.
7	(b) Plan for United States Fusion Experi-
8	MENT.—
9	(1) In general.—The Secretary, after consulta-
10	tion with the Fusion Energy Sciences Advisory Com-
11	mittee, shall develop a plan for construction in the
12	United States of a magnetic fusion burning plasma
13	experiment for the purpose of accelerating scientific
14	understanding of fusion plasmas. The Secretary shall
15	request a review of the plan by the National Academy
16	of Sciences and shall transmit the plan and the re-
17	view to the Congress by July 1, 2004.
18	(2) Requirements of plan.—The plan de-
19	scribed in paragraph (1) shall—
20	(A) address key burning plasma physics
21	issues; and
22	(B) include specific information on the sci-
23	entific capabilities of the proposed experiment,
24	the relevance of these capabilities to the goal of
25	practical fusion energy, and the overall design of

1	the experiment	including its	estimated	cost	and
2	potential constr	uction sites.			

- 3 (c) Plan for Participation in an International
- 4 Experiment.—In addition to the plan described in sub-
- 5 section (b), the Secretary, after consultation with the Fusion
- 6 Energy Sciences Advisory Committee, may also develop a
- 7 plan for United States participation in an international
- 8 burning plasma experiment for the same purpose, whose
- 9 construction is found by the Secretary to be highly likely
- 10 and where United States participation is cost-effective rel-
- 11 ative to the cost and scientific benefits of a domestic experi-
- 12 ment described in subsection (b). If the Secretary elects to
- 13 develop a plan under this subsection, he shall include the
- 14 information described in subsection (b)(2), and an estimate
- 15 of the cost of United States participation in such an inter-
- 16 national experiment. The Secretary shall request a review
- 17 by the National Academy of Sciences of a plan developed
- 18 under this subsection, and shall transmit the plan and the
- 19 review to the Congress no later than July 1, 2004.
- 20 (d) Authorization for Research and Develop-
- 21 MENT.—The Secretary, through the Office of Science, may
- 22 conduct any research and development necessary to fully
- 23 develop the plans described in this section.
- 24 (e) Authorization of Appropriations.—From
- 25 amounts authorized under section 1251, the following

1	amounts are authorized for activities under this section and
2	for activities of the Fusion Energy Science Program—
3	(1) for fiscal year 2003, \$335,000,000;
4	(2) for fiscal year 2004, \$349,000,000;
5	(3) for fiscal year 2005, \$362,000,000; and
6	(4) for fiscal year 2006, \$377,000,000.
7	Subtitle F-Energy, Safety, and
8	Environmental Protection
9	SEC. 1261. CRITICAL ENERGY INFRASTRUCTURE PROTEC-
10	TION RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT.
11	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall carry out a re-
12	search, development, demonstration and technology deploy-
13	ment program, in partnership with industry, on critical
14	energy infrastructure protection, consistent with the roles
15	and missions outlined for the Secretary in Presidential De-
16	cision Directive 63, entitled "Critical Infrastructure Protec-
17	tion". The program shall have the following goals:
18	(1) Increase the understanding of physical and
19	information system disruptions to the energy infra-
20	structure that could result in cascading or widespread
21	regional outages.
22	(2) Develop energy infrastructure assurance
23	"best practices" through vulnerability and risk assess-
24	ments.

1	(3) Protect against, mitigate the effect of, and
2	improve the ability to recover from disruptive inci-
3	dents within the energy infrastructure.
4	(b) Program Scope.—The program under subsection
5	(a) shall include research, development, deployment, tech-
6	nology demonstration for—
7	(1) analysis of energy infrastructure inter-
8	dependencies to quantify the impacts of system
9	vulnerabilities in relation to each other;
10	(2) probabilistic risk assessment of the energy in-
11	frastructure to account for unconventional and ter-
12	rorist threats;
13	(3) incident tracking and trend analysis tools to
14	assess the severity of threats and reported incidents to
15	the energy infrastructure; and
16	(4) integrated multisensor, warning and mitiga-
17	tion technologies to detect, integrate, and localize
18	events affecting the energy infrastructure including
19	real time control to permit the reconfiguration of en-
20	ergy delivery systems.
21	(c) Regional Coordination.—The program under
22	this section shall cooperate with Departmental activities to
23	$promote\ regional\ coordination\ under\ section\ 102\ of\ this\ Act,$
24	to ensure that the technologies and assessments developed

- 1 by the program are transferred in a timely manner to State
- 2 and local authorities, and to the energy industries.
- 3 (d) Coordination With Industry Research Orga-
- 4 NIZATIONS.—The Secretary may enter into grants, con-
- 5 tracts, and cooperative agreements with industry research
- 6 organizations to facilitate industry participation in re-
- 7 search under this section and to fulfill applicable cost-shar-
- 8 ing requirements.
- 9 (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 10 authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out
- 11 this section—
- 12 (1) \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
- 13 (2) \$26,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;
- 14 (3) \$27,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
- 15 (4) \$28,000,000 for fiscal year 2006.
- 16 (f) Critical Energy Infrastructure Facility De-
- 17 Fined.—For purposes of this section, the term "critical en-
- 18 ergy infrastructure facility" means a physical or cyber-
- 19 based system or service for the generation, transmission or
- 20 distribution of electrical energy, or the production, refining,
- 21 transportation, or storage of petroleum, natural gas, or pe-
- 22 troleum product, the incapacity or destruction of which
- 23 would have a debilitating impact on the defense or economic
- 24 security of the United States. The term shall not include
- 25 a facility that is licensed by the Nuclear Regulatory Com-

1	mission under section 103 or 104b of the Atomic Energy
2	Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2133 and 2134(b)).
3	SEC. 1262. RESEARCH AND DEMONSTRATION FOR REMEDI-
4	ATION OF GROUNDWATER FROM ENERGY AC-
5	TIVITIES.
6	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall carry out a re-
7	search, development, demonstration, and technology deploy-
8	ment program to improve methods for environmental res-
9	toration of groundwater contaminated by energy activities,
10	including oil and gas production, surface and underground
11	mining of coal, and in-situ extraction of energy resources.
12	(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are
13	authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out
14	this section \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2003
15	through 2006.
16	TITLE XIII—CLIMATE CHANGE
17	SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
18	Subtitle A—Department of Energy
19	Programs
20	SEC. 1301. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY GLOBAL CHANGE RE-
21	SEARCH.
22	(a) Program Direction.—The Secretary, acting
23	through the Office of Science, shall conduct a comprehensive
24	research program to understand and address the effects of
25	energy production and use on the global climate system.

1	(b) Program Elements.—
2	(1) Climate modeling.—The Secretary shall—
3	(A) conduct observational and analytical
4	research to acquire and interpret the data needed
5	to describe the radiation balance from the surface
6	of the Earth to the top of the atmosphere;
7	(B) determine the factors responsible for the
8	Earth's radiation balance and incorporate im-
9	proved understanding of such factors in climate
10	models;
11	(C) improve the treatment of aerosols and
12	clouds in climate models;
13	(D) reduce the uncertainty in decade-to-cen-
14	tury model-based projections of climate change;
15	and
16	(E) increase the availability and utility of
17	climate change simulations to researchers and
18	policy makers interested in assessing the rela-
19	tionship between energy and climate change.
20	(2) Carbon cycle.—The Secretary shall—
21	(A) carry out field research and modeling
22	activities—
23	(i) to understand and document the net
24	exchange of carbon dioxide between major

1	terrestrial ecosystems and the atmosphere;
2	or
3	(ii) to evaluate the potential of pro-
4	posed methods of carbon sequestration;
5	(B) develop and test carbon cycle models;
6	and
7	(C) acquire data and develop and test mod-
8	els to simulate and predict the transport, trans-
9	formation, and fate of energy-related emissions
10	in the atmosphere.
11	(3) Ecological processes.—The Secretary
12	shall carry out long-term experiments of the response
13	of intact terrestrial ecosystems to—
14	(A) alterations in climate and atmospheric
15	$composition;\ or$
16	(B) land-use changes that affect ecosystem
17	extent and function.
18	(4) Integrated assessment.—The Secretary
19	shall develop and improve methods and tools for inte-
20	grated analyses of the climate change system from
21	emissions of aerosols and greenhouse gases to the con-
22	sequences of these emissions on climate and the result-
23	ing effects of human-induced climate change on eco-
24	nomic and social systems, with emphasis on critical
25	gaps in integrated assessment modeling, including

1	modeling of technology innovation and diffusion and
2	the development of metrics of economic costs of cli-
3	mate change and policies for mitigating or adapting
4	to climate change.
5	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—From
6	amounts authorized under section 1251(b), there are au-
7	thorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for carrying
8	out activities under this section—
9	(1) \$150,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
10	(2) \$175,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;
11	(3) \$200,000,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
12	(4) \$230,000,000 for fiscal year 2006.
13	(d) Limitation on Funds.—Funds authorized to be
14	appropriated under this section shall not be used for the
15	development, demonstration, or deployment of technology to
16	reduce, avoid, or sequester greenhouse gas emissions.
17	SEC. 1302. AMENDMENTS TO THE FEDERAL NONNUCLEAR
18	RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ACT OF 1974.
19	Section 6 of the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research
20	and Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5905) is
21	amended—
22	(1) in subsection (a)—
23	(A) in paragraph (2), by striking "and" at
24	$the\ end;$

1	(B) in paragraph (3) by striking the period
2	at the end and inserting ", and"; and
3	(C) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(4) solutions to the effective management of
5	greenhouse gas emissions in the long term by the de-
6	velopment of technologies and practices designed to—
7	"(A) reduce or avoid anthropogenic emis-
8	sions of greenhouse gases;
9	"(B) remove and sequester greenhouse gases
10	from emissions streams; and
11	"(C) remove and sequester greenhouse gases
12	from the atmosphere."; and
13	(2) in subsection (b)—
14	(A) in paragraph (2), by striking "sub-
15	section (a)(1) through (3)" and inserting "para-
16	graphs (1) through (4) of subsection (a)"; and
17	(B) in paragraph (3)—
18	(i) in subparagraph (R), by striking
19	"and" at the end;
20	(ii) in subparagraph (S), by striking
21	the period at the end and inserting "; and";
22	and
23	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
24	lowing:

1	"(T) to pursue a long-term climate tech-
2	nology strategy designed to demonstrate a vari-
3	ety of technologies by which stabilization of
4	greenhouse gases might be best achieved, includ-
5	ing accelerated research, development, dem-
6	onstration and deployment of—
7	"(i) renewable energy systems;
8	"(ii) advanced fossil energy technology;
9	"(iii) advanced nuclear power plant
10	design;
11	"(iv) fuel cell technology for residen-
12	tial, industrial and transportation applica-
13	tions;
14	"(v) carbon sequestration practices and
15	technologies, including agricultural and for-
16	estry practices that store and sequester car-
17	bon;
18	"(vi) efficient electrical generation,
19	transmission and distribution technologies;
20	and
21	"(vii) efficient end use energy tech-
22	nologies.".

1	Subtitle B—Department of
2	Agriculture Programs
3	SEC. 1311. CARBON SEQUESTRATION BASIC AND APPLIED
4	RESEARCH.
5	(a) Basic Research.—
6	(1) In General.—The Secretary of Agriculture
7	shall carry out research in the areas of soil science
8	that promote understanding of—
9	(A) the net sequestration of organic carbon
10	in soil; and
11	(B) net emissions of other greenhouse gases
12	from agriculture.
13	(2) AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH SERVICE.—The
14	Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the Agricul-
15	tural Research Service, shall collaborate with other
16	Federal agencies in developing data and carrying out
17	research addressing soil carbon fluxes (losses and
18	gains) and net emissions of methane and nitrous
19	oxide from cultivation and animal management ac-
20	tivities.
21	(3) Cooperative state research, extension,
22	AND EDUCATION SERVICE.—
23	(A) In General.—The Secretary of Agri-
24	culture, acting through the Cooperative State Re-
25	search, Extension, and Education Service, shall

1	establish a competitive grant program to carry
2	out research on the matters described in para-
3	graph (1) in land grant universities and other
4	research institutions.
5	(B) Consultation on research top-
6	ICS.—Before issuing a request for proposals for
7	basic research under paragraph (1), the Coopera-
8	tive State Research, Extension, and Education
9	Service shall consult with the Agricultural Re-
10	search Service to ensure that proposed research
11	areas are complementary with and do not dupli-
12	cate research projects underway at the Agricul-
13	tural Research Service or other Federal agencies.
14	(b) Applied Research.—
15	(1) In general.—The Secretary of Agriculture
16	shall carry out applied research in the areas of soil
17	science, agronomy, agricultural economics and other
18	agricultural sciences to—
19	(A) promote understanding of—
20	(i) how agricultural and forestry prac-
21	tices affect the sequestration of organic and
22	inorganic carbon in soil and net emissions
23	of other greenhouse gases;

1	(ii) how changes in soil carbon pools
2	are cost-effectively measured, monitored,
3	and verified; and
4	(iii) how public programs and private
5	market approaches can be devised to incor-
6	porate carbon sequestration in a broader so-
7	cietal greenhouse gas emission reduction ef-
8	fort;
9	(B) develop methods for establishing base-
10	lines for measuring the quantities of carbon and
11	other greenhouse gases sequestered; and
12	(C) evaluate leakage and performance
13	issues.
14	(2) Requirements.—To the maximum extent
15	practicable, applied research under paragraph (1)
16	shall—
17	(A) draw on existing technologies and meth-
18	ods; and
19	(B) strive to provide methodologies that are
20	accessible to a nontechnical audience.
21	(3) Minimization of Adverse environmental
22	IMPACTS.—All applied research under paragraph (1)
23	shall be conducted with an emphasis on minimizing
24	adverse environmental impacts.

1	(4) Natural resources conservation serv-
2	ICE.—The Secretary of Agriculture, acting through
3	the Natural Resources Conservation Service, shall col-
4	laborate with other Federal agencies, including the
5	National Institute of Standards and Technology, in
6	developing new measuring techniques and equipment
7	or adapting existing techniques and equipment to en-
8	able cost-effective and accurate monitoring and
9	verification, for a wide range of agricultural and for-
10	estry practices, of—
11	(A) changes in soil carbon content in agri-
12	cultural soils, plants, and trees; and
13	(B) net emissions of other greenhouse gases.
14	(5) Cooperative state research, extension,
15	AND EDUCATION SERVICE.—
16	(A) In general.—The Secretary of Agri-
17	culture, acting through the Cooperative State Re-
18	search, Extension, and Education Service, shall
19	establish a competitive grant program to encour-
20	age research on the matters described in para-
21	graph (1) by land grant universities and other
22	research institutions.
23	(B) Consultation on research top-
24	ICS.—Before issuing a request for proposals for
25	applied research under paragraph (1), the Coop-

1	erative State Research, Extension, and Edu-
2	cation Service shall consult with the National
3	Resources Conservation Service and the Agricul-
4	tural Research Service to ensure that proposed
5	research areas are complementary with and do
6	not duplicate research projects underway at the
7	Agricultural Research Service or other Federal
8	agencies.
9	(c) Research Consortia.—
10	(1) In General.—The Secretary of Agriculture
11	may designate not more than two research consortion
12	to carry out research projects under this section, with
13	the requirement that the consortia propose to conduct
14	basic research under subsection (a) and applied re-
15	search under subsection (b).
16	(2) Selection.—The consortia shall be selected
17	in a competitive manner by the Cooperative State Re-
18	search, Extension, and Education Service.
19	(3) Eligible consortium participants.—En-
20	tities eligible to participate in a consortium
21	include—
22	(A) land grant colleges and universities;
23	(B) private research institutions;
24	(C) State geological surveus:

1	(D) agencies of the Department of Agri-
2	culture;
3	(E) research centers of the National Aero-
4	nautics and Space Administration and the De-
5	$partment\ of\ Energy;$
6	(F) other Federal agencies;
7	(G) representatives of agricultural busi-
8	nesses and organizations with demonstrated ex-
9	pertise in these areas; and
10	(H) representatives of the private sector
11	with demonstrated expertise in these areas.
12	(4) Reservation of funding.—If the Secretary
13	of Agriculture designates one or two consortia, the
14	Secretary of Agriculture shall reserve for research
15	projects carried out by the consortium or consortia
16	not more than 25 percent of the amounts made avail-
17	able to carry out this section for a fiscal year.
18	(d) Standards of Precision.—
19	(1) Conference.—Not later than 3 years after
20	the date of enactment of this subtitle, the Secretary of
21	Agriculture, acting through the Agricultural Research
22	Service and in consultation with the Natural Re-
23	sources Conservation Service, shall convene a con-
24	ference of key scientific experts on carbon sequestra-
25	tion and measurement techniques from various sectors

1	(including the Government, academic, and private
2	sectors) to—
3	(A) discuss benchmark standards of preci-
4	sion for measuring soil carbon content and net
5	emissions of other greenhouse gases;
6	(B) designate packages of measurement
7	techniques and modeling approaches to achieve a
8	level of precision agreed on by the participants
9	in the conference; and
10	(C) evaluate results of analyses on baseline,
11	permanence, and leakage issues.
12	(2) Development of Benchmark Stand-
13	ARDS.—
14	(A) In general.—The Secretary shall de-
15	velop benchmark standards for measuring the
16	carbon content of soils and plants (including
17	trees) based on—
18	(i) information from the conference
19	under paragraph (1);
20	(ii) research conducted under this sec-
21	tion; and
22	(iii) other information available to the
23	Secretary.
24	(B) Opportunity for public comment.—
25	The Secretary shall provide an opportunity for

1	the public to comment on benchmark standards
2	developed under subparagraph (A).
3	(3) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the
4	conclusion of the conference under paragraph (1), the
5	Secretary of Agriculture shall submit to the Com-
6	mittee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives
7	and the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and
8	Forestry of the Senate a report on the results of the
9	conference.
10	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—
11	(1) In general.—There are authorized to be ap-
12	propriated to carry out this section \$25,000,000 for
13	each of fiscal years 2003 through 2006.
14	(2) Allocation.—Of the amounts made avail-
15	able to carry out this section for a fiscal year, at least
16	50 percent shall be allocated for competitive grants by
17	the Cooperative State Research, Extension, and Edu-
18	cation Service.
19	SEC. 1312. CARBON SEQUESTRATION DEMONSTRATION
20	PROJECTS AND OUTREACH.
21	(a) Demonstration Projects.—
22	(1) Development of monitoring pro-
23	GRAMS.—
24	(A) In General.—The Secretary of Agri-
25	culture, acting through the Natural Resources

1	Conservation Service and in cooperation with
2	local extension agents, experts from land grant
3	universities, and other local agricultural or con-
4	servation organizations, shall develop user-
5	friendly programs that combine measurement
6	tools and modeling techniques into integrated
7	packages to monitor the carbon sequestering ben-
8	efits of conservation practices and net changes in
9	greenhouse gas emissions.
10	(B) Benchmark Levels of Precision.—
11	The programs developed under subparagraph (A)
12	shall strive to achieve benchmark levels of preci-
13	sion in measurement in a cost-effective manner.
14	(2) Projects.—
15	(A) In general.—The Secretary of Agri-
16	culture, acting through the Farm Service Agency,
17	shall establish a program under which projects
18	use the monitoring programs developed under
19	paragraph (1) to demonstrate the feasibility of
20	methods of measuring, verifying, and
21	monitoring—
22	(i) changes in organic carbon content
23	and other carbon pools in agricultural soils,
24	plants, and trees; and

1	(ii) net changes in emissions of other
2	greenhouse gases.
3	(B) Evaluation of implications.—The
4	projects under subparagraph (A) shall include
5	evaluation of the implications for reassessed
6	baselines, carbon or other greenhouse gas leakage,
7	and permanence of sequestration.
8	(C) Submission of proposals.—Proposals
9	for projects under subparagraph (A) shall be sub-
10	mitted by the appropriate agency of each State,
11	in cooperation with interested local jurisdictions
12	and State agricultural and conservation organi-
13	zations.
14	(D) Limitation.—Not more than 10
15	projects under subparagraph (A) may be ap-
16	proved in conjunction with applied research
17	projects under section 1311(b) until benchmark
18	measurement and assessment standards are es-
19	$tablished\ under\ section\ 1311(d).$
20	(E) National forest system land.—The
21	Secretary of Agriculture shall consider the use of
22	National Forest System land as sites to dem-
23	onstrate the feasibility of monitoring programs
24	developed under paragraph (1).
25	(b) Outreach.—

1	(1) In General.—The Cooperative State Re-
2	search, Extension, and Education Service shall widely
3	disseminate information about the economic and envi-
4	ronmental benefits that can be generated by adoption
5	of conservation practices (including benefits from in-
6	creased sequestration of carbon and reduced emission
7	of other greenhouse gases).
8	(2) Project results.—The Cooperative State
9	Research, Extension, and Education Service shall in-
10	form farmers, ranchers, and State agricultural and
11	energy offices in each State of—
12	(A) the results of demonstration projects
13	under subsection (a)(2) in the State; and
14	(B) the ways in which the methods dem-
15	onstrated in the projects might be applicable to
16	the operations of those farmers and ranchers.
17	(3) POLICY OUTREACH.—On a periodic basis, the
18	Cooperative State Research, Extension, and Edu-
19	cation Service shall disseminate information on the
20	policy nexus between global climate change mitigation
21	strategies and agriculture, so that farmers and ranch-
22	ers may better understand the global implications of
23	the activities of farmers and ranchers.
24	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—

1	(1) In general.—There are authorized to be ap-
2	propriated to carry out this section \$10,000,000 for
3	each of fiscal years 2003 through 2006.
4	(2) Allocation.—Of the amounts made avail-
5	able to carry out this section for a fiscal year, at least
6	50 percent shall be allocated for demonstration
7	$projects\ under\ subsection\ (a)(2).$
8	SEC. 1313. CARBON STORAGE AND SEQUESTRATION AC-
9	COUNTING RESEARCH.
10	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Agriculture, in
11	collaboration with the heads of other Federal agencies, shall
12	conduct research on, develop, and publish as appropriate,
13	carbon storage and sequestration accounting models, ref-
14	erence tables, or other tools that can assist landowners and
15	others in cost-effective and reliable quantification of the car-
16	bon release, sequestration, and storage expected to result
17	from various resource uses, land uses, practices, activities
18	or forest, agricultural, or cropland management practices
19	over various periods of time.
20	(b) Pilot Programs.—The Secretary of Agriculture
21	shall make competitive grants to not more than five eligible
22	entities to carry out pilot programs to demonstrate and as-
23	sess the potential for development and use of carbon inven-
24	tories and accounting systems that can assist in developing
25	and assessing carbon storage and sequestration policies and

1	programs.	Not	later	than	1	year	after	the	date	of	fenactment

- 2 of this section, the Secretary of Agriculture, in collaboration
- 3 with the heads of other Federal agencies and with other in-
- 4 terested parties, shall develop guidelines for such pilot pro-
- 5 grams, including eligibility for awards, application con-
- 6 tents, reporting requirements, and mechanisms for peer re-
- 7 view.
- 8 (c) Report.—Not later than 5 years after the date of
- 9 enactment of this section, the Secretary of Agriculture, in
- 10 collaboration with the heads of other Federal agencies, shall
- 11 submit to Congress a report on the technical, institutional,
- 12 infrastructure, design and funding needs to establish and
- 13 maintain a national carbon storage and sequestration base-
- 14 line and accounting system. The report shall include docu-
- 15 mentation of the results of each of the pilot programs.
- 16 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—For the
- 17 purposes of this section, there are authorized to be appro-
- 18 priated to the Secretary of Agriculture \$20,000,000 for fis-
- 19 cal years 2003 through 2007.

## 20 Subtitle C—International Energy

- 21 **Technology Transfer**
- 22 SEC. 1321. CLEAN ENERGY TECHNOLOGY EXPORTS PRO-
- 23 *GRAM*.
- 24 (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

1	(1) Clean energy technology.—The term
	• •
2	"clean energy technology" means an energy supply or
3	end-use technology that, over its lifecycle and com-
4	pared to a similar technology already in commercial
5	use in developing countries, countries in transition,
6	and other partner countries—
7	(A) emits substantially lower levels of pol-
8	lutants or greenhouse gases; and
9	(B) may generate substantially smaller or
10	less toxic volumes of solid or liquid waste.
11	(2) Interagency working group.—The term
12	"interagency working group" means the Interagency
13	Working Group on Clean Energy Technology Exports
14	established under subsection (b).
15	(b) Interagency Working Group.—
16	(1) Establishment.—Not later than 90 days
17	after the date of enactment of this section, the Sec-
18	retary of Energy, the Secretary of Commerce, and the
19	Administrator of the United States Agency for Inter-
20	national Development shall jointly establish a Inter-
21	agency Working Group on Clean Energy Technology
22	Exports. The interagency working group will focus on
23	opening and expanding energy markets and transfer-
24	ring clean energy technology to the developing coun-

tries, countries in transition, and other partner coun-

25

- tries that are expected to experience, over the next 20
  years, the most significant growth in energy production and associated greenhouse gas emissions, including through technology transfer programs under the
  Framework Convention on Climate Change, other
  international agreements, and relevant Federal efforts.
  - group shall be jointly chaired by representatives appointed by the agency heads under paragraph (1) and shall also include representatives from the Department of State, the Department of the Treasury, the Environmental Protection Agency, the Export-Import Bank, the Overseas Private Investment Corporation, the Trade and Development Agency, and other Federal agencies as deemed appropriate by all three agency heads under paragraph (1).
    - (3) Duties.—The interagency working group shall—
      - (A) analyze technology, policy, and market opportunities for international development, demonstration, and deployment of clean energy technology;
- 24 (B) investigate issues associated with build-25 ing capacity to deploy clean energy technology

1	in developing countries, countries in transition,
2	and other partner countries, including—
3	(i) energy-sector reform;
4	(ii) creation of open, transparent, and
5	competitive markets for energy technologies;
6	(iii) availability of trained personnel
7	to deploy and maintain the technology; and
8	(iv) demonstration and cost-buydown
9	mechanisms to promote first adoption of the
10	technology;
11	(C) examine relevant trade, tax, inter-
12	national, and other policy issues to assess what
13	policies would help open markets and improve
14	United States clean energy technology exports in
15	support of the following areas—
16	(i) enhancing energy innovation and
17	cooperation, including energy sector and
18	market reform, capacity building, and fi-
19	nancing measures;
20	(ii) improving energy end-use effi-
21	ciency technologies, including buildings and
22	facilities, vehicle, industrial, and co-genera-
23	tion technology initiatives; and

1	(iii) promoting energy supply tech-
2	nologies, including fossil, nuclear, and re-
3	$newable\ technology\ initiatives;$
4	(D) establish an advisory committee involv-
5	ing the private sector and other interested groups
6	on the export and deployment of clean energy
7	technology;
8	(E) monitor each agency's progress towards
9	meeting goals in the 5-year strategic plan sub-
10	mitted to Congress pursuant to the Energy and
11	Water Development Appropriations Act, 2001,
12	and the Energy and Water Development Appro-
13	priations Act, 2002;
14	(F) make recommendations to heads of ap-
15	propriate Federal agencies on ways to streamline
16	Federal programs and policies to improve each
17	agency's role in the international development,
18	demonstration, and deployment of clean energy
19	technology;
20	(G) make assessments and recommendations
21	regarding the distinct technological, market, re-
22	gional, and stakeholder challenges necessary to
23	carry out the program; and
24	(H) recommend conditions and criteria that
25	will help ensure that United States funds pro-

- 1 mote sound energy policies in participating
- 2 countries while simultaneously opening their
- 3 markets and exporting United States energy
- 4 technology.
- 5 (c) Federal Support for Clean Energy Tech-
- 6 NOLOGY TRANSFER.—Notwithstanding any other provision
- 7 of law, each Federal agency or Government corporation car-
- 8 rying out an assistance program in support of the activities
- 9 of United States persons in the environment or energy sec-
- 10 tor of a developing country, country in transition, or other
- 11 partner country shall support, to the maximum extent prac-
- 12 ticable, the transfer of United States clean energy tech-
- 13 nology as part of that program.
- 14 (d) Annual Report.—Not later than 90 days after
- 15 the date of the enactment of this Act, and on April 1st of
- 16 each year thereafter, the Interagency Working Group shall
- 17 submit a report to Congress on its activities during the pre-
- 18 ceding calendar year. The report shall include a description
- 19 of the technology, policy, and market opportunities for
- 20 international development, demonstration, and deployment
- 21 of clean energy technology investigated by the Interagency
- 22 Working Group in that year, as well as any policy rec-
- 23 ommendations to improve the expansion of clean energy
- 24 markets and United States clean energy technology exports.

- 1 (e) Report on Use of Funds.—Not later than Octo-
- 2 ber 1, 2002, and each year thereafter, the Secretary of State,
- 3 in consultation with other Federal agencies, shall submit
- 4 a report to Congress indicating how United States funds
- 5 appropriated for clean energy technology exports and other
- 6 relevant Federal programs are being directed in a manner
- 7 that promotes sound energy policy commitments in devel-
- 8 oping countries, countries in transition, and other partner
- 9 countries, including efforts pursuant to multilateral envi-
- 10 ronmental agreements.
- 11 (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are
- 12 authorized to be appropriated to the departments, agencies,
- 13 and entities of the United States described in subsection (b)
- 14 such sums as may be necessary to support the transfer of
- 15 clean energy technology, consistent with the subsidy codes
- 16 of the World Trade Organization, as part of assistance pro-
- 17 grams carried out by those departments, agencies, and enti-
- 18 ties in support of activities of United States persons in the
- 19 energy sector of a developing country, country in transition,
- $20 \ \ \textit{or other partner country}.$
- 21 SEC. 1322. INTERNATIONAL ENERGY TECHNOLOGY DEPLOY-
- 22 **MENT PROGRAM.**
- 23 Section 1608 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (42
- 24 U.S.C. 13387) is amended by striking subsection (l) and
- 25 inserting the following:

1	"(l) International Energy Technology Deploy-
2	MENT PROGRAM.—
3	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
4	"(A) International energy deployment
5	PROJECT.—The term 'international energy de-
6	ployment project' means a project to construct
7	an energy production facility outside the United
8	States—
9	"(i) the output of which will be con-
10	sumed outside the United States; and
11	"(ii) the deployment of which will re-
12	sult in a greenhouse gas reduction per unit
13	of energy produced when compared to the
14	technology that would otherwise be
15	implemented—
16	"(I) 10 percentage points or more,
17	in the case of a unit placed in service
18	before January 1, 2010;
19	"(II) 20 percentage points or
20	more, in the case of a unit placed in
21	service after December 31, 2009, and
22	before January 1, 2020; or
23	"(III) 30 percentage points or
24	more, in the case of a unit placed in

1	service after December 31, 2019, and
2	before January 1, 2030.
3	"(B) Qualifying international energy
4	DEPLOYMENT PROJECT.—The term 'qualifying
5	international energy deployment project' means
6	an international energy deployment project
7	that—
8	"(i) is submitted by a United States
9	firm to the Secretary in accordance with
10	procedures established by the Secretary by
11	regulation;
12	"(ii) uses technology that has been suc-
13	cessfully developed or deployed in the
14	United States;
15	"(iii) meets the criteria of subsection
16	(k);
17	"(iv) is approved by the Secretary,
18	with notice of the approval being published
19	in the Federal Register; and
20	"(v) complies with such terms and con-
21	ditions as the Secretary establishes by regu-
22	lation.
23	"(C) United States.—For purposes of this
24	paragraph, the term 'United States', when used
25	in a geographical sense, means the 50 States, the

1	District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, Guam, the
2	Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and the Com-
3	monwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
4	"(2) Pilot program for financial assist-
5	ANCE.—
6	"(A) In General.—Not later than 180
7	days after the date of enactment of this sub-
8	section, the Secretary shall, by regulation, pro-
9	vide for a pilot program for financial assistance
10	for qualifying international energy deployment
11	projects.
12	"(B) Selection Criteria.—After consulta-
13	tion with the Secretary of State, the Secretary of
14	Commerce, and the United States Trade Rep-
15	resentative, the Secretary shall select projects for
16	participation in the program based solely on the
17	criteria under this title and without regard to
18	the country in which the project is located.
19	"(C) Financial assistance.—
20	"(i) In general.—A United States
21	firm that undertakes a qualifying inter-
22	national energy deployment project that is
23	selected to participate in the pilot program
24	shall be eligible to receive a loan or a loan
25	guarantee from the Secretary.

1	"(ii) Rate of interest.—The rate of
2	interest of any loan made under clause (i)
3	shall be equal to the rate for Treasury obli-
4	gations then issued for periods of com-
5	parable maturities.
6	"(iii) Amount.—The amount of a loan
7	or loan guarantee under clause (i) shall not
8	exceed 50 percent of the total cost of the
9	qualified international energy deployment
10	project.
11	"(iv) Developed countries.—Loans
12	or loan guarantees made for projects to be
13	located in a developed country, as listed in
14	Annex I of the United Nations Framework
15	Convention on Climate Change, shall re-
16	quire at least a 50 percent contribution to-
17	wards the total cost of the loan or loan
18	guarantee by the host country.
19	"(v) Developing countries.—Loans
20	or loan guarantees made for projects to be
21	located in a developing country (those coun-
22	tries not listed in Annex I of the United
23	Nations Framework Convention on Climate
24	Change) shall require at least a 10 percent

1	contribution towards the total cost of the
2	loan or loan guarantee by the host country.
3	"(vi) Capacity building re-
4	SEARCH.—Proposals made for projects to be
5	located in a developing country may in-
6	clude a research component intended to
7	build technological capacity within the host
8	country. Such research must be related to
9	the technologies being deployed and must
10	involve both an institution in the host coun-
11	try and an industry, university or national
12	laboratory participant from the United
13	States. The host institution shall contribute
14	at least 50 percent of funds provided for the
15	capacity building research.
16	"(D) COORDINATION WITH OTHER PRO-
17	GRAMS.—A qualifying international energy de-
18	ployment project funded under this section shall
19	not be eligible as a qualifying clean coal tech-
20	nology under section 415 of the Clean Air Act
21	(42 U.S.C. 7651n).
22	"(E) Report.—Not later than 5 years after
23	the date of enactment of this subsection, the Sec-
24	retary shall submit to the President a report on
25	the results of the pilot projects.

1	"(F) RECOMMENDATION.—Not later than 60
2	days after receiving the report under subpara-
3	graph (E), the President shall submit to Con-
4	gress a recommendation, based on the results of
5	the pilot projects as reported by the Secretary of
6	Energy, concerning whether the financial assist-
7	ance program under this section should be con-
8	tinued, expanded, reduced, or eliminated.
9	"(3) Authorization of Appropriations.—
10	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
11	retary to carry out this section \$100,000,000 for each
12	of fiscal years 2003 through 2011, to remain available
13	until expended.".
14	Subtitle D—Climate Change
15	Science and Information
16	PART I—AMENDMENTS TO THE GLOBAL
17	CHANGE RESEARCH ACT OF 1990
18	SEC. 1331. AMENDMENT OF GLOBAL CHANGE RESEARCH
19	ACT OF 1990.
20	Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in
21	this subtitle an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms
22	of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provi-
23	sion, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section
24	or other provision of the Global Change Research Act of
25	1990 (15 U.S.C. 2921 et seq.).

1	SEC. 1332. CHANGES IN DEFINITIONS.
2	Paragraph (1) of section 2 (15 U.S.C. 2921) is amend-
3	ed by striking "Earth and Environmental Sciences" insert-
4	ing "Global Change Research".
5	SEC. 1333. CHANGE IN COMMITTEE NAME AND STRUCTURE.
6	Section 102 (15 U.S.C. 2932) is amended—
7	(1) by striking "EARTH AND ENVIRON-
8	MENTAL SCIENCES" in the section heading and in-
9	serting "GLOBAL CHANGE RESEARCH";
10	(2) by striking "Earth and Environmental
11	Sciences" in subsection (a) and inserting "Global
12	Change Research";
13	(3) by striking the last sentence of subsection (b)
14	and inserting "The representatives shall be the Dep-
15	uty Secretary or the Deputy Secretary's designee (or,
16	in the case of an agency other than a department, the
17	deputy head of that agency or the deputy's des-
18	ignee).";
19	(4) by striking "Chairman of the Council," in
20	subsection (c) and inserting "Director of the Office of
21	National Climate Change Policy with advice from the
22	Chairman of the Council, and";
23	(5) by redesignating subsections (d) and (e) as
24	subsections (e) and (f), respectively; and
25	(6) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
26	lowing:

1	"(d) Subcommittees and Working Groups.—
2	"(1) In general.—There shall be a Sub-
3	committee on Global Change Research, which shall
4	carry out such functions of the Committee as the
5	Committee may assign to it.
6	"(2) Membership.—The membership of the
7	Subcommittee shall consist of—
8	"(A) the membership of the Subcommittee
9	on Global Change Research of the Committee on
10	Environment and Natural Resources (the func-
11	tions of which are transferred to the Sub-
12	committee established by this subsection) estab-
13	lished by the National Science and Technology
14	Council; and
15	"(B) such additional members as the Chair
16	of the Committee may, from time to time, ap-
17	point.
18	"(3) Chair.—A high ranking official of one of
19	the departments or agencies described in subsection
20	(b), appointed by the Chair of the Committee with ad-
21	vice from the Chairman of the Council, shall chair the
22	subcommittee. The Chairperson shall be knowledgeable
23	and experienced with regard to the administration of
24	scientific research programs, and shall be a represent-
25	ative of an agency that contributes substantially, in

1	terms of scientific research capability and budget, to
2	the Program.
3	"(4) Other subcommittees and working
4	GROUPS.—The Committee may establish such addi-
5	tional subcommittees and working groups as it sees
6	fit.".
7	SEC. 1334. CHANGE IN NATIONAL GLOBAL CHANGE RE-
8	SEARCH PLAN.
9	Section 104 (15 U.S.C. 2934) is amended—
10	(1) by inserting "short-term and long-term" be-
11	fore "goals" in subsection (b)(1);
12	(2) by striking "usable information on which to
13	base policy decisions related to" in subsection (b)(1)
14	and inserting "information relevant and readily usa-
15	ble by local, State, and Federal decisionmakers, as
16	well as other end-users, for the formulation of effective
17	decisions and strategies for measuring, predicting,
18	preventing, mitigating, and adapting to";
19	(3) by adding at the end of subsection (c) the fol-
20	lowing:
21	"(6) Methods for integrating information to pro-
22	vide predictive and other tools for planning and deci-
23	sionmaking by governments, communities and the
24	private sector.";

1	(4) by striking subsection $(d)(3)$ and inserting
2	$the\ following:$
3	"(3) combine and interpret data from various
4	sources to produce information readily usable by
5	local, State, and Federal policymakers, and other end-
6	users, attempting to formulate effective decisions and
7	strategies for preventing, mitigating, and adapting to
8	the effects of global change.";
9	(5) by striking "and" in subsection (d)(2);
10	(6) by striking "change." in subsection (d)(3)
11	and inserting "change; and";
12	(7) by adding at the end of subsection (d) the fol-
13	lowing:
14	"(4) establish a common assessment and mod-
15	eling framework that may be used in both research
16	and operations to predict and assess the vulnerability
17	of natural and managed ecosystems and of human so-
18	ciety in the context of other environmental and social
19	changes."; and
20	(8) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(g) Strategic Plan; Revised Implementation
22	PLAN.—The Chairman of the Council, through the Com-
23	mittee, shall develop a strategic plan for the United States
24	Global Climate Change Research Program for the 10-year
25	period beginning in 2002 and submit the plan to the Con-

1	gress within 180 days after the date of enactment of the
2	Global Climate Change Act of 2002. The Chairman, through
3	the Committee, shall also submit revised implementation
4	plans as required under subsection (a).".
5	SEC. 1335. INTEGRATED PROGRAM OFFICE.
6	Section 105 (15 U.S.C. 2935) is amended—
7	(1) by redesignating subsections (a), (b), and (c)
8	as subsections (b), (c), and (d), respectively; and
9	(2) by inserting before subsection (b), as redesig-
10	nated, the following:
11	"(a) Integrated Program Office.—
12	"(1) Establishment.—There is established in
13	the Office of Science and Technology Policy an inte-
14	grated program office for the global change research
15	program.
16	"(2) Organization.—The integrated program
17	office established under paragraph (1) shall be headed
18	by the associate director with responsibility for cli-
19	mate change science and technology and shall include,
20	to the maximum extent feasible, a representative from
21	each Federal agency participating in the global
22	change research program.
23	"(3) Function.—The integrated program office
24	shall—

1	"(A) manage, working in conjunction with
2	the Committee, interagency coordination and
3	program integration of global change research
4	activities and budget requests;
5	"(B) ensure that the activities and pro-
6	grams of each Federal agency or department
7	participating in the program address the goals
8	and objectives identified in the strategic research
9	plan and interagency implementation plans;
10	"(C) ensure program and budget rec-
11	ommendations of the Committee are commu-
12	nicated to the President and are integrated into
13	$the\ climate\ change\ action\ strategy;$
14	"(D) review, solicit, and identify, and allo-
15	cate funds for, partnership projects that address
16	critical research objectives or operational goals of
17	the program, including projects that would fill
18	research gaps identified by the program, and for
19	which project resources are shared among at
20	least two agencies participating in the program;
21	and
22	"(E) review and provide recommendations
23	on, in conjunction with the Committee, all an-
24	nual appropriations requests from Federal agen-

1	cies or departments participating in the pro-
2	gram.";
3	(3) by striking "Committee." in paragraph (2)
4	of subsection (c), as redesignated, and inserting
5	"Committee and the Integrated Program Office."; and
6	(4) by inserting "and the Integrated Program
7	Office" after "Committee" in paragraph (1) of sub-
8	section (d), as redesignated.
9	SEC. 1336. RESEARCH GRANTS.
10	Section 105 (15 U.S.C. 2935) is amended—
11	(1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection
12	(d); and
13	(2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-
14	lowing:
15	"(c) Research Grants.—
16	"(1) Committee to develop list of priority
17	RESEARCH AREAS.—The Committee shall develop a
18	list of priority areas for research and development on
19	climate change that are not being addressed by Fed-
20	eral agencies.
21	"(2) Director of ostp to transmit list to
22	NSF.—The Director of the Office of Science and Tech-
23	nology Policy shall transmit the list to the National
24	Science Foundation.
25	"(3) Funding through NSF.—

1	"(A) Budget request.—The National
2	Science Foundation shall include, as part of the
3	annual request for appropriations for the Science
4	and Technology Policy Institute, a request for
5	appropriations to fund research in the priority
6	areas on the list developed under paragraph (1).
7	"(B) Authorization.—For fiscal year
8	2003 and each fiscal year thereafter, there are
9	authorized to be appropriated to the National
10	Science Foundation not less than \$17,000,000, to
11	be made available through the Science and Tech-
12	nology Policy Institute, for research in those pri-
13	ority areas.".
14	SEC. 1337. EVALUATION OF INFORMATION.
15	Section 106 (15 U.S.C. 2936) is amended—
16	(1) by striking " <b>Scientific</b> " in the section
17	heading;
18	(2) by striking "and" after the semicolon in
19	paragraph (2); and
20	(3) by striking "years." in paragraph (3) and
21	inserting "years; and"; and
22	(4) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(4) evaluates the information being developed
24	under this title, considering in particular its useful-
25	ness to local. State, and national decisionmakers, as

1	well as to other stakeholders such as the private sector,
2	after providing a meaningful opportunity for the con-
3	sideration of the views of such stakeholders on the ef-
4	fectiveness of the Program and the usefulness of the
5	information.".
6	PART II—NATIONAL CLIMATE SERVICES
7	AND MONITORING
8	SEC. 1341. AMENDMENT OF NATIONAL CLIMATE PROGRAM
9	ACT.
10	Except as otherwise expressly provided, whenever in
11	this subtitle an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms
12	of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provi-
13	sion, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section
14	or other provision of the National Climate Program Act (15
15	U.S.C. 2901 et seq.).
16	SEC. 1342. CHANGES IN FINDINGS.
17	Section 2 (15 U.S.C. 2901) is amended—
18	(1) by striking "Weather and climate change af-
19	fect" in paragraph (1) and inserting "Weather, cli-
20	mate change, and climate variability affect public
21	safety, environmental security, human health,";
22	(2) by striking "climate" in paragraph (2) and
23	inserting "climate, including seasonal and decadal
24	fluctuations,":

1	(3) by striking "changes." in paragraph (5) and
2	inserting "changes and providing free exchange of me-
3	teorological data."; and
4	(4) by adding at the end the following:
5	"(7) The present rate of advance in research and
6	development and application of such advances is in-
7	adequate and new developments must be incorporated
8	rapidly into services for the benefit of the public.
9	"(8) The United States lacks adequate infra-
10	structure and research to meet national climate moni-
11	toring and prediction needs.".
12	SEC. 1343. TOOLS FOR REGIONAL PLANNING.
13	Section 5(d) (15 U.S.C. 2904(d)) is amended—
14	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (4) through (9)
15	as paragraphs (5) through (10), respectively;
16	(2) by inserting after paragraph (3) the fol-
17	lowing:
18	"(4) methods for improving modeling and pre-
19	dictive capabilities and developing assessment meth-
20	ods to guide national, regional, and local planning
21	and decisionmaking on land use, water hazards, and
22	related issues;";
23	(3) by inserting "sharing," after "collection," in
24	paragraph (5), as redesignated;

1	(4) by striking "experimental" each place it ap-
2	pears in paragraph (9), as redesignated;
3	(5) by striking "preliminary" in paragraph
4	(10), as redesignated;
5	(6) by striking "this Act," the first place it ap-
6	pears in paragraph (10), as redesignated, and insert-
7	ing "the Global Climate Change Act of 2002,"; and
8	(7) by striking "this Act," the second place it ap-
9	pears in paragraph (10), as redesignated, and insert-
10	ing "that Act,".
11	SEC. 1344. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
12	Section 9 (15 U.S.C. 2908) is amended—
13	(1) by striking "1979," and inserting "2002,";
14	(2) by striking "1980," and inserting "2003,";
15	(3) by striking "1981," and inserting "2004,";
16	and
17	(4) by striking "\$25,500,000" and inserting
18	"\$75,500,000".
19	SEC. 1345. NATIONAL CLIMATE SERVICE PLAN.
20	The Act (15 U.S.C. 2901 et seq.) is amended by insert-
21	ing after section 5 the following:
22	"SEC. 6. NATIONAL CLIMATE SERVICE PLAN.
23	"Within 1 year after the date of enactment of the Glob-
24	al Climate Change Act of 2002, the Secretary of Commerce
25	shall submit to the Senate Committee on Commerce,

1	Science, and Transportation and the House Science Com-
2	mittee a plan of action for a National Climate Service
3	under the National Climate Program. The plan shall set
4	forth recommendations and funding estimates for—
5	"(1) a national center for operational climate
6	monitoring and predicting with the functional capac-
7	ity to monitor and adjust observing systems as nec-
8	essary to reduce bias;
9	"(2) the design, deployment, and operation of an
10	adequate national climate observing system that
11	builds upon existing environmental monitoring sys-
12	tems and closes gaps in coverage by existing systems;
13	"(3) the establishment of a national coordinated
14	modeling strategy, including a national climate mod-
15	eling center to provide a dedicated capability for cli-
16	mate modeling and a regular schedule of projections
17	on a long- and short-term time schedule and at a
18	range of spatial scales;
19	"(4) improvements in modeling and assessment
20	capabilities needed to integrate information to predict
21	regional and local climate changes and impacts;
22	"(5) in coordination with the private sector, im-
23	proving the capacity to assess the impacts of pre-
24	dicted and projected climate changes and variations;

1	"(6) a program for long-term stewardship, qual-
2	ity control, development of relevant climate products,
3	and efficient access to all relevant climate data, prod-
4	ucts, and critical model simulations; and
5	"(7) mechanisms to coordinate among Federal
6	agencies, State, and local government entities and the
7	academic community to ensure timely and full shar-
8	ing and dissemination of climate information and
9	services, both domestically and internationally.".
10	SEC. 1346. INTERNATIONAL PACIFIC RESEARCH AND CO-
11	OPERATION.
12	The Secretary of Commerce, in cooperation with the
13	Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Ad-
14	ministration, shall conduct international research in the
15	Pacific region that will increase understanding of the na-
16	ture and predictability of climate variability in the Asia-
17	Pacific sector, including regional aspects of global environ-
18	mental change. Such research activities shall be conducted
19	in cooperation with other nations of the region. There are
20	authorized to be appropriated for purposes of this section
21	\$1,500,000 to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-
22	ministration, \$1,500,000 to the National Aeronautics and
23	Space Administration, and \$500,000 for the Pacific ENSO
<b>~</b> 4	Applications Center.

## 1 SEC. 1347. REPORTING ON TRENDS.

- 2 (a) Atmospheric Monitoring and Verification
- 3 Program.—The Secretary of Commerce, in coordination
- 4 with relevant Federal agencies, shall, as part of the Na-
- 5 tional Climate Service, establish an atmospheric moni-
- 6 toring and verification program utilizing aircraft, satellite,
- 7 ground sensors, and modeling capabilities to monitor, meas-
- 8 ure, and verify atmospheric greenhouse gas levels, dates,
- 9 and emissions. Where feasible, the program shall measure
- 10 emissions from identified sources participating in the re-
- 11 porting system for verification purposes. The program shall
- 12 use measurements and standards that are consistent with
- 13 those utilized in the greenhouse gas measurement and re-
- 14 porting system established under subsection (a) and the reg-
- 15 istry established under section 1102.
- 16 (b) Annual Reporting.—The Secretary of Commerce
- 17 shall issue an annual report that identifies greenhouse emis-
- 18 sions and trends on a local, regional, and national level.
- 19 The report shall also identify emissions or reductions attrib-
- 20 utable to individual or multiple sources covered by the
- 21 greenhouse gas measurement and reporting system estab-
- 22 lished under section 1102.
- 23 SEC. 1348. ARCTIC RESEARCH AND POLICY.
- 24 (a) Arctic Research Commission.—Section 103(d)
- 25 of the Arctic Research and Policy Act of 1984 (15 U.S.C.
- 26 4102(d)) is amended—

1	(1) by striking "exceed 90 days" in the second
2	sentence of paragraph (1) and inserting "exceed, in
3	the case of the chairperson of the Commission, 120
4	days, and, in the case of any other member of the
5	Commission, 90 days,";
6	(2) by striking "Chairman" in paragraph (2)
7	and inserting "chairperson".
8	(b) Grants.—Section 104 of the Arctic Research and
9	Policy Act of 1984 (15 U.S.C. 4103) is amended by adding
10	at the end the following:
11	"(c) Funding for Arctic Research.—
12	"(1) In general.—With the prior approval of
13	the commission, or under authority delegated by the
14	Commission, and subject to such conditions as the
15	Commission may specify, the Executive Director ap-
16	pointed under section 106(a) may—
17	"(A) make grants to persons to conduct re-
18	search concerning the Arctic; and
19	"(B) make funds available to the National
20	Science Foundation or to Federal agencies for
21	the conduct of research concerning the Arctic.
22	"(2) Effect of action by executive direc-
23	TOR.—An action taken by the executive director
24	under paragraph (1) shall be final and binding on
25	the Commission.

1	"(3) Authorization of Appropriations.—
2	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Com-
3	mission such sums as are necessary to carry out this
4	section.".
5	SEC. 1349. ABRUPT CLIMATE CHANGE RESEARCH.
6	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Commerce,
7	through the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Adminis-
8	tration, shall carry out a program of scientific research on
9	potential abrupt climate change designed—
10	(1) to develop a global array of terrestrial and
11	oceanographic indicators of paleoclimate in order suf-
12	ficiently to identify and describe past instances of ab-
13	rupt climate change;
14	(2) to improve understanding of thresholds and
15	nonlinearities in geophysical systems related to the
16	mechanisms of abrupt climate change;
17	(3) to incorporate these mechanisms into ad-
18	vanced geophysical models of climate change; and
19	(4) to test the output of these models against an
20	improved global array of records of past abrupt cli-
21	mate changes.
22	(b) Abrupt Climate Change Defined.—In this sec-
23	tion, the term "abrupt climate change" means a change in
24	climate that occurs so rapidly or unexpectedly that human
25	or natural systems may have difficulty adapting to it.

1	(c) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are
2	authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce
3	\$10,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2003 through 2008,
4	and such sums as may be necessary for fiscal years after
5	fiscal year 2008, to carry out subsection (a).
6	PART III—OCEAN AND COASTAL
7	OBSERVING SYSTEM
8	SEC. 1351. OCEAN AND COASTAL OBSERVING SYSTEM.
9	(a) Establishment.—The President, through the Na-
10	tional Ocean Research Leadership Council, established by
11	section 7902(a) of title 10, United States Code, shall estab-
12	lish and maintain an integrated ocean and coastal observ-
13	ing system that provides for long-term, continuous, and
14	real-time observations of the oceans and coasts for the pur-
15	poses of—
16	(1) understanding, assessing and responding to
17	human-induced and natural processes of global
18	change;
19	(2) improving weather forecasts and public
20	warnings;
21	(3) strengthening national security and military
22	preparedness;
23	(4) enhancing the safety and efficiency of marine
24	operations;

1	(5) supporting efforts to restore the health of and
2	manage coastal and marine ecosystems and living re-
3	sources;
4	(6) monitoring and evaluating the effectiveness of
5	ocean and coastal environmental policies;
6	(7) reducing and mitigating ocean and coastal
7	pollution; and
8	(8) providing information that contributes to
9	public awareness of the state and importance of the
10	oceans.
11	(b) Council Functions.—In addition to its respon-
12	sibilities under section 7902(a) of such title, the Council
13	shall be responsible for planning and coordinating the ob-
14	serving system and in carrying out this responsibility
15	shall—
16	(1) develop and submit to the Congress, within
17	6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, a
18	plan for implementing a national ocean and coastal
19	observing system that—
20	(A) uses an end-to-end engineering and de-
21	velopment approach to develop a system design
22	and schedule for operational implementation;
23	(B) determines how current and planned
24	observing activities can be integrated in a cost-
25	effective manner;

1	(C) provides for regional and concept dem-
2	$onstration\ projects;$
3	(D) describes the role and estimated budget
4	of each Federal agency in implementing the
5	plan;
6	(E) contributes, to the extent practicable, to
7	the National Global Change Research Plan under
8	section 104 of the Global Change Research Act of
9	1990 (15 U.S.C. 2934); and
10	(F) makes recommendations for coordina-
11	tion of ocean observing activities of the United
12	States with those of other nations and inter-
13	$national\ organizations;$
14	(2) serve as the mechanism for coordinating Fed-
15	eral ocean observing requirements and activities;
16	(3) work with academic, State, industry and
17	other actual and potential users of the observing sys-
18	tem to make effective use of existing capabilities and
19	incorporate new technologies;
20	(4) approve standards and protocols for the ad-
21	ministration of the system, including—
22	(A) a common set of measurements to be
23	collected and distributed routinely and by uni-
24	form methods;

1	(B) standards for quality control and as-
2	sessment of data;
3	(C) design, testing and employment of fore-
4	cast models for ocean conditions;
5	(D) data management, including data
6	transfer protocols and archiving; and
7	(E) designation of coastal ocean observing
8	regions; and
9	(5) in consultation with the Secretary of State,
10	provide representation at international meetings on
11	ocean observing programs and coordinate relevant
12	Federal activities with those of other nations.
13	(c) System Elements.—The integrated ocean and
14	coastal observing system shall include the following ele-
15	ments:
16	(1) A nationally coordinated network of regional
17	coastal ocean observing systems that measure and dis-
18	seminate a common set of ocean observations and re-
19	lated products in a uniform manner and according to
20	sound scientific practice, but that are adapted to local
21	and regional needs.
22	(2) Ocean sensors for climate observations, in-
23	cluding the Arctic Ocean and sub-polar seas.
24	(3) Coastal, relocatable, and cabled sea floor ob-
25	servatories.

1	(4) Broad bandwidth communications that are
2	capable of transmitting high volumes of data from
3	open ocean locations at low cost and in real time.
4	(5) Ocean data management and assimilation
5	systems that ensure full use of new sources of data
6	from space-borne and in situ sensors.
7	(6) Focused research programs.
8	(7) Technology development program to develop
9	new observing technologies and techniques, including
10	data management and dissemination.
11	(8) Public outreach and education.
12	SEC. 1352. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
13	For development and implementation of an integrated
14	ocean and coastal observation system under this title, in-
15	cluding financial assistance to regional coastal ocean ob-
16	serving systems, there are authorized to be appropriated
17	\$235,000,000 in fiscal year 2003, \$315,000,000 in fiscal
18	year 2004, \$390,000,000 in fiscal year 2005, and
19	\$445,000,000 in fiscal year 2006.
20	Subtitle E—Climate Change
21	Technology
22	SEC. 1361. NIST GREENHOUSE GAS FUNCTIONS.
23	Section $2(c)$ of the National Institute of Standards and
24	Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 272(c)) is amended—

1	(1) by striking "and" after the semicolon in
2	paragraph (21);
3	(2) by redesignating paragraph (22) as para-
4	graph (23); and
5	(3) by inserting after paragraph (21) the fol-
6	lowing:
7	"(22) perform research to develop enhanced
8	measurements, calibrations, standards, and tech-
9	nologies which will enable the reduced production in
10	the United States of greenhouse gases associated with
11	global warming, including carbon dioxide, methane,
12	nitrous oxide, ozone, perfluorocarbons, hydro-
13	fluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride; and".
14	SEC. 1362. DEVELOPMENT OF NEW MEASUREMENT TECH-
14 15	SEC. 1362. DEVELOPMENT OF NEW MEASUREMENT TECH- NOLOGIES.
15 16	NOLOGIES.
15 16 17	NOLOGIES.  The Secretary of Commerce shall initiate a program
15 16 17	NOLOGIES.  The Secretary of Commerce shall initiate a program to develop, with technical assistance from appropriate Fed-
15 16 17 18	Nologies.  The Secretary of Commerce shall initiate a program to develop, with technical assistance from appropriate Federal agencies, innovative standards and measurement technical.
15 16 17 18 19	Nologies.  The Secretary of Commerce shall initiate a program to develop, with technical assistance from appropriate Federal agencies, innovative standards and measurement technologies (including technologies to measure carbon changes).
15 16 17 18 19 20	Nologies.  The Secretary of Commerce shall initiate a program to develop, with technical assistance from appropriate Federal agencies, innovative standards and measurement technologies (including technologies to measure carbon changes due to changes in land use cover) to calculate—
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Nologies.  The Secretary of Commerce shall initiate a program to develop, with technical assistance from appropriate Federal agencies, innovative standards and measurement technologies (including technologies to measure carbon changes due to changes in land use cover) to calculate—  (1) greenhouse gas emissions and reductions
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	NOLOGIES.  The Secretary of Commerce shall initiate a program to develop, with technical assistance from appropriate Federal agencies, innovative standards and measurement technologies (including technologies to measure carbon changes due to changes in land use cover) to calculate—  (1) greenhouse gas emissions and reductions from agriculture, forestry, and other land use prac-

1	(3) greenhouse gas emissions from facilities or
2	sources using remote sensing technology; and
3	(4) any other greenhouse gas emission or reduc-
4	tions for which no accurate or reliable measurement
5	technology exists.
6	SEC. 1363. ENHANCED ENVIRONMENTAL MEASUREMENTS
7	AND STANDARDS.
8	The National Institute of Standards and Technology
9	Act (15 U.S.C. 271 et seq.) is amended—
10	(1) by redesignating sections 17 through 32 as
11	sections 18 through 33, respectively; and
12	(2) by inserting after section 16 the following:
13	"SEC. 17. CLIMATE CHANGE STANDARDS AND PROCESSES.
14	"(a) In General.—The Director shall establish with-
15	in the Institute a program to perform and support research
16	on global climate change standards and processes, with the
17	goal of providing scientific and technical knowledge appli-
18	cable to the reduction of greenhouse gases (as defined in sec-
19	tion 4 of the Global Climate Change Act of 2002).
20	"(b) Research Program.—
21	"(1) In general.—The Director is authorized to
22	conduct, directly or through contracts or grants, a
23	global climate change standards and processes re-
24	search program.

1	"(2) Research projects.—The specific con-
2	tents and priorities of the research program shall be
3	determined in consultation with appropriate Federal
4	agencies, including the Environmental Protection
5	Agency, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Ad-
6	ministration, and the National Aeronautics and
7	Space Administration. The program generally shall
8	include basic and applied research—
9	"(A) to develop and provide the enhanced
10	measurements, calibrations, data, models, and
11	reference material standards which will enable
12	the monitoring of greenhouse gases;
13	"(B) to assist in establishing a baseline ref-
14	erence point for future trading in greenhouse
15	gases and the measurement of progress in emis-
16	sions reduction;
17	"(C) that will be exchanged internationally
18	as scientific or technical information which has
19	the stated purpose of developing mutually recog-
20	nized measurements, standards, and procedures
21	for reducing greenhouse gases; and
22	"(D) to assist in developing improved in-
23	dustrial processes designed to reduce or eliminate
24	greenhouse gases.
25	"(c) National Measurement Laboratories.—

1	"(1) In general.—In carrying out this section,
2	the Director shall utilize the collective skills of the Na-
3	tional Measurement Laboratories of the National In-
4	stitute of Standards and Technology to improve the
5	accuracy of measurements that will permit better un-
6	derstanding and control of these industrial chemical
7	processes and result in the reduction or elimination
8	of greenhouse gases.
9	"(2) Material, process, and building re-
10	SEARCH.—The National Measurement Laboratories
11	shall conduct research under this subsection that
12	includes—
13	"(A) developing material and manufac-
14	turing processes which are designed for energy ef-
15	ficiency and reduced greenhouse gas emissions
16	into the environment;
17	"(B) developing environmentally-friendly,
18	'green' chemical processes to be used by industry;
19	and
20	"(C) enhancing building performance with
21	a focus in developing standards or tools which
22	will help incorporate low- or no-emission tech-
23	nologies into building designs.
24	"(3) Standards and tools.—The National
25	Measurement Laboratories shall develop standards

- 1 and tools under this subsection that include software
- 2 to assist designers in selecting alternate building ma-
- 3 terials, performance data on materials, artificial in-
- 4 telligence-aided design procedures for building sub-
- 5 systems and 'smart buildings', and improved test
- 6 methods and rating procedures for evaluating the en-
- 7 ergy performance of residential and commercial ap-
- 8 pliances and products.
- 9 "(d) National Voluntary Laboratory Accredita-
- 10 Tion Program.—The Director shall utilize the National
- 11 Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program under this
- 12 section to establish a program to include specific calibration
- 13 or test standards and related methods and protocols assem-
- 14 bled to satisfy the unique needs for accreditation in meas-
- 15 uring the production of greenhouse gases. In carrying out
- 16 this subsection the Director may cooperate with other de-
- 17 partments and agencies of the Federal Government, State
- 18 and local governments, and private organizations.".
- 19 SEC. 1364. TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND DIFFUSION.
- 20 The Director of the National Institute of Standards and
- 21 Technology, through the Manufacturing Extension Partner-
- 22 ship Program, may develop a program to support the im-
- 23 plementation of new "green" manufacturing technologies
- 24 and techniques by the more than 380,000 small manufac-
- 25 turers.

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- 2 There are authorized to be appropriated to the Director
- 3 to carry out functions pursuant to sections 1345, 1351, and
- 4 1361 through 1363, \$10,000,000 for fiscal years 2002
- 5 through 2006.

## 6 Subtitle F—Climate Adaptation

- 7 and Hazards Prevention
- 8 PART I—ASSESSMENT AND ADAPTATION
- 9 SEC. 1371. REGIONAL CLIMATE ASSESSMENT AND ADAPTA-
- 10 TION PROGRAM.
- 11 (a) In General.—The President shall establish with-
- 12 in the Department of Commerce a National Climate Change
- 13 Vulnerability and Adaptation Program for regional im-
- 14 pacts related to increasing concentrations of greenhouse
- 15 gases in the atmosphere and climate variability.
- 16 (b) Coordination.—In designing such program the
- 17 Secretary shall consult with the Federal Emergency Man-
- 18 agement Agency, the Environmental Protection Agency, the
- 19 Army Corps of Engineers, the Department of Transpor-
- 20 tation, and other appropriate Federal, State, and local gov-
- 21 ernment entities.
- 22 (c) Vulnerability Assessments.—The program
- 23 *shall*—
- 24 (1) evaluate, based on predictions and other in-
- 25 formation developed under this Act and the National
- 26 Climate Program Act (15 U.S.C. 2901 et seq.), re-

1	gional vulnerability to phenomena associated with
2	climate change and climate variability, including—
3	(A) increases in severe weather events;
4	(B) sea level rise and shifts in the
5	$hydrological\ cycle;$
6	(C) natural hazards, including tsunami,
7	drought, flood and fire; and
8	(D) alteration of ecological communities, in-
9	cluding at the ecosystem or watershed levels; and
10	(2) build upon predictions and other information
11	developed in the National Assessments prepared under
12	the Global Change Research Act of 1990 (15 U.S.C.
13	2921 et seq.).
14	(d) Preparedness Recommendations.—The pro-
15	gram shall submit a report to Congress within 2 years after
16	the date of enactment of this Act that identifies and rec-
17	ommends implementation and funding strategies for short-
18	and long-term actions that may be taken at the national,
19	regional, State, and local level—
20	(1) to reduce vulnerability of human life and
21	property;
22	(2) to improve resilience to hazards;
23	(3) to minimize economic impacts; and
24	(4) to reduce threats to critical biological and ec-
25	ological processes.

- 1 (e) Information and Technology.—The Secretary
- 2 shall make available appropriate information and other
- 3 technologies and products that will assist national, re-
- 4 gional, State, and local efforts, as well as efforts by other
- 5 end-users, to reduce loss of life and property, and coordinate
- 6 dissemination of such technologies and products.
- 7 (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are
- 8 authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce
- 9 \$4,500,000 to implement the requirements of this section.
- 10 SEC. 1372. COASTAL VULNERABILITY AND ADAPTATION.
- 11 (a) Coastal Vulnerability.—Within 2 years after
- 12 the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall, in
- 13 consultation with the appropriate Federal, State, and local
- 14 governmental entities, conduct regional assessments of the
- 15 vulnerability of coastal areas to hazards associated with cli-
- 16 mate change, climate variability, sea level rise, and fluctua-
- 17 tion of Great Lakes water levels. The Secretary may also
- 18 establish, as warranted, longer term regional assessment
- 19 programs. The Secretary may also consult with the govern-
- 20 ments of Canada and Mexico as appropriate in developing
- 21 such regional assessments. In preparing the regional assess-
- 22 ments, the Secretary shall collect and compile current infor-
- 23 mation on climate change, sea level rise, natural hazards,
- 24 and coastal erosion and mapping, and specifically address
- 25 impacts on Arctic regions and the Central, Western, and

- 1 South Pacific regions. The regional assessments shall in-2 clude an evaluation of—
- 3 (1) social impacts associated with threats to and 4 potential losses of housing, communities, and infra-5 structure;
- (2) physical impacts such as coastal erosion,
   flooding and loss of estuarine habitat, saltwater intrusion of aquifers and saltwater encroachment, and
   species migration; and
- 10 (3) economic impact on local, State, and re-11 gional economies, including the impact on abundance 12 or distribution of economically important living ma-13 rine resources.
- 14 (b) Coastal Adaptation Plan.—The Secretary shall, 15 within 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, submit to the Congress a national coastal adaptation plan, 16 composed of individual regional adaptation plans that rec-17 ommend targets and strategies to address coastal impacts 18 19 associated with climate change, sea level rise, or climate variability. The plan shall be developed with the participa-20 21 tion of other Federal, State, and local government agencies that will be critical in the implementation of the plan at 23 the State and local levels. The regional plans that will make up the national coastal adaptation plan shall be based on

the information contained in the regional assessments and

1	shall identify special needs associated with Arctic areas and
2	the Central, Western, and South Pacific regions. The Plan
3	shall recommend both short- and long-term adaptation
4	strategies and shall include recommendations regarding—
5	(1) Federal flood insurance program modifica-
6	tions;
7	(2) areas that have been identified as high risk
8	through mapping and assessment;
9	(3) mitigation incentives such as rolling ease-
10	ments, strategic retreat, State or Federal acquisition
11	in fee simple or other interest in land, construction
12	standards, and zoning;
13	(4) land and property owner education;
14	(5) economic planning for small communities de-
15	pendent upon affected coastal resources, including
16	fisheries; and
17	(6) funding requirements and mechanisms.
18	(c) Technical Planning Assistance.—The Sec-
19	retary, through the National Ocean Service, shall establish
20	a coordinated program to provide technical planning assist-
21	ance and products to coastal States and local governments
22	as they develop and implement adaptation or mitigation
23	strategies and plans. Products, information, tools and tech-
24	nical expertise generated from the development of the re-
25	gional assessments and the regional adaptation plans will

1	be made available to coastal States for the purposes of devel-
2	oping their own State and local plans.
3	(d) Coastal Adaptation Grants.—The Secretary
4	shall provide grants of financial assistance to coastal States
5	with federally approved coastal zone management programs
6	to develop and begin implementing coastal adaptation pro-
7	grams if the State provides a Federal-to-State match of 4
8	to 1 in the first fiscal year, 2.3 to 1 in the second fiscal
9	year, 2 to 1 in the third fiscal year, and 1 to 1 thereafter.
10	Distribution of these funds to coastal States shall be based
11	upon the formula established under section 306(c) of the
12	Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1455(c)),
13	adjusted in consultation with the States as necessary to pro-
14	vide assistance to particularly vulnerable coastlines.
15	(e) Coastal Response Pilot Program.—
16	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall establish
17	a 4-year pilot program to provide financial assistance
18	to coastal communities most adversely affected by the
19	impact of climate change or climate variability that
20	are located in States with federally approved coastal
21	zone management programs.
22	(2) Eligible projects.—A project is eligible
23	for financial assistance under the pilot program if
24	it—

1	(A) will restore or strengthen coastal re-
2	sources, facilities, or infrastructure that have
3	been damaged by such an impact, as determined
4	by the Secretary;
5	(B) meets the requirements of the Coastal
6	Zone Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1451 et seq.)
7	and is consistent with the coastal zone manage-
8	ment plan of the State in which it is located;
9	and
10	(C) will not cost more than \$100,000.
11	(3) Funding share.—The Federal funding
12	share of any project under this subsection may not ex-
13	ceed 75 percent of the total cost of the project. In the
14	administration of this paragraph—
15	(A) the Secretary may take into account in-
16	kind contributions and other noncash support of
17	any project to determine the Federal funding
18	share for that project; and
19	(B) the Secretary may waive the require-
20	ments of this paragraph for a project in a com-
21	munity if—
22	(i) the Secretary determines that the
23	project is important; and
24	(ii) the economy and available re-
25	sources of the community in which the

1	project is to be conducted are insufficient to
2	meet the non-Federal share of the project's
3	costs.

- 4 (f) DEFINITIONS.—Any term used in this section that 5 is defined in section 304 of the Coastal Zone Management
- 6 Act of 1972 (16 U.S.C. 1453) has the meaning given it by
- 7 that section.
- 8 (g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are
- 9 authorized to be appropriated \$3,000,000 annually for re-
- 10 gional assessments under subsection (a), and \$3,000,000 an-
- 11 nually for coastal adaptation grants under subsection (d).
- 12 SEC. 1373. ARCTIC RESEARCH CENTER.
- 13 (a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Commerce, in
- 14 consultation with the Secretaries of Energy and the Inte-
- 15 rior, the Director of the National Science Foundation, and
- 16 the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency,
- 17 shall establish a joint research facility, to be known as the
- 18 Barrow Arctic Research Center, to support climate change
- 19 and other scientific research activities in the Arctic.
- 20 (b) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are
- 21 authorized to be appropriated to the Secretaries of Com-
- 22 merce, Energy, and the Interior, the Director of the Na-
- 23 tional Science Foundation, and the Administrator of the
- 24 Environmental Protection Agency, \$35,000,000 for the

1	planning, design, construction, and support of the Barrou
2	Arctic Research Center.
3	PART II—FORECASTING AND PLANNING
4	PILOT PROGRAMS
5	SEC. 1381. REMOTE SENSING PILOT PROJECTS.
6	(a) In General.—The Administrator of the National
7	Aeronautics and Space Administration may establish,
8	through the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Adminis-
9	tration's Coastal Services Center, a program of grants for
10	competitively awarded pilot projects to explore the inte-
11	grated use of sources of remote sensing and other geospatial
12	information to address State, local, regional, and tribat
13	agency needs to forecast a plan for adaptation to coasta
14	zone and land use changes that may result as a consequence
15	$of \ global \ climate \ change \ or \ climate \ variability.$
16	(b) Preferred Projects.—In awarding grants
17	under this section, the Center shall give preference to
18	projects that—
19	(1) focus on areas that are most sensitive to the
20	consequences of global climate change or climate vari-
21	ability;
22	(2) make use of existing public or commercial
23	data sets;
24	(3) integrate multiple sources of geospatial infor-
25	mation, such as geographic information system data,

1	satellite-provided positioning data, and remotely
2	sensed data, in innovative ways;
3	(4) offer diverse, innovative approaches that may
4	serve as models for establishing a future coordinated
5	framework for planning strategies for adaptation to
6	coastal zone and land use changes related to global
7	climate change or climate variability;
8	(5) include funds or in-kind contributions from
9	non-Federal sources;
10	(6) involve the participation of commercial enti-
11	ties that process raw or lightly processed data, often
12	merging that data with other geospatial information,
13	to create data products that have significant value
14	added to the original data; and
15	(7) taken together demonstrate as diverse a set of
16	public sector applications as possible.
17	(c) Opportunities.—In carrying out this section, the
18	Center shall seek opportunities to assist—
19	(1) in the development of commercial applica-
20	tions potentially available from the remote sensing in-
21	dustry; and
22	(2) State, local, regional, and tribal agencies in
23	applying remote sensing and other geospatial infor-
24	mation technologies for management and adaptation

- 1 to coastal and land use consequences of global climate
- 2 change or climate variability.
- 3 (d) Duration.—Assistance for a pilot project under
- 4 subsection (a) shall be provided for a period of not more
- 5 than 3 years.
- 6 (e) Responsibilities of Grantees.—Within 180
- 7 days after completion of a grant project, each recipient of
- 8 a grant under subsection (a) shall transmit a report to the
- 9 Center on the results of the pilot project and conduct at
- 10 least one workshop for potential users to disseminate the
- 11 lessons learned from the pilot project as widely as feasible.
- 12 (f) Regulations.—The Center shall issue regulations
- 13 establishing application, selection, and implementation
- 14 procedures for pilot projects, and guidelines for reports and
- 15 workshops required by this section.
- 16 SEC. 1382. DATABASE ESTABLISHMENT.
- 17 The Center shall establish and maintain an electronic,
- 18 Internet-accessible database of the results of each pilot
- 19 project completed under section 1381.
- 20 SEC. 1383. AIR QUALITY RESEARCH, FORECASTS AND WARN-
- 21 INGS.
- 22 (a) Regional Studies.—The Secretary of Commerce,
- 23 through the Administrator of the National Oceanographic
- 24 and Atmospheric Administration, shall, in order of priority
- 25 as listed in section (c), conduct regional studies of the air

- 1 quality within specific regions of the United States. Such
- 2 studies should assess the effects of in situ emissions of air
- 3 pollutants and their precursors, transport of such emissions
- 4 and precursors from outside the region, and production of
- 5 air pollutants within the region via chemical reactions.
- 6 (b) Forecasts and Warnings.—The Secretary of
- 7 Commerce, through the Administrator of the National
- 8 Oceanographic and Atmospheric Administration, shall, in
- 9 order of priority as listed in section (c), establish a program
- 10 to provide operational air quality forecasts and warnings
- 11 for specific regions of the United States.
- 12 (c) Definition.—For the purposes of this section, the
- 13 term "specific regions of the United States" means the fol-
- 14 lowing geographical areas:
- 15 (1) the Northeast, composed of Main, New
- 16 Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island,
- 17 Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania,
- 18 Maryland, Delaware, the District of Columbia, and
- 19 West Virginia;
- 20 (2) the Southeast, composed of Virginia, North
- 21 Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, and
- 22 Florida;
- 23 (3) the Midwest, composed of Minnesota, Wis-
- 24 consin, Iowa, Missouri, Illinois, Kentucky, Indiana,
- 25 Ohio, and Michigan;

1	(4) the South, composed of Tennessee, Mis-
2	sissippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma, and Texas;
3	(5) the High Plains, composed of North Dakota,
4	South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas;
5	(6) the Northwest, composed of Washington, Or-
6	egon, Idaho, Montana, and Wyoming;
7	(7) the Southwest, composed of California, Ne-
8	vada, Utah, Colorado, Arizona, and New Mexico;
9	(8) Alaska; and
10	(9) Hawaii.
11	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are
12	authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Commerce
13	\$3,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2003 through 2006 for
14	studies pursuant to subsection (b) of this section, and
15	\$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2003 and such sums as may be
16	necessary for subsequent fiscal years for the forecast and
17	warning program pursuant to subsection (c) of this section.
18	SEC. 1384. DEFINITIONS.
19	In this subtitle:
20	(1) Center.—The term "Center" means the
21	Coastal Services Center of the National Oceanic and
22	$Atmospheric\ Administration.$
23	(2) Geospatial information.—The term
24	"geospatial information" means knowledge of the na-
25	ture and distribution of physical and cultural fea-

1	tures on the landscape based on analysis of data from
2	airborne or spaceborne platforms or other types and
3	sources of data.
4	(3) Institution of higher education.—The
5	term "institution of higher education" has the mean-
6	ing given that term in section 101(a) of the Higher
7	Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).
8	SEC. 1385. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
9	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Admin-
10	istrator to carry out the provisions of this subtitle—
11	(1) \$17,500,000 for fiscal year 2003;
12	(2) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;
13	(3) \$22,500,000 for fiscal year 2005; and
14	(4) \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2006.
15	TITLE XIV—MANAGEMENT OF
16	DOE SCIENCE AND TECH-
17	NOLOGY PROGRAMS
18	SEC. 1401. DEFINITIONS.
19	In this title:
20	(1) Applicability of definitions.—The defi-
21	nitions in section 1203 shall apply.
22	(2) Single-purpose research facility.—The
23	term "single-purpose research facility" means any of
24	the following primarily single purpose entities owned
25	by the Department of Energy—

1	$(A)\ Ames\ Laboratory;$
2	(B) East Tennessee Technology Park;
3	(C) Environmental Measurement Labora-
4	tory;
5	(D) Fernald Environmental Management
6	Project;
7	(E) Fermi National Accelerator Laboratory;
8	(F) Kansas City Plant;
9	(G) Nevada Test Site;
10	(H) New Brunswick Laboratory;
11	(I) Pantex Weapons Facility;
12	(J) Princeton Plasma Physics Laboratory;
13	(K) Savannah River Technology Center;
14	(L) Stanford Linear Accelerator Center;
15	(M) Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator
16	Facility;
17	(N) Y-12 facility at Oak Ridge National
18	Laboratory;
19	(O) Waste Isolation Pilot Plant; or
20	(P) other similar organization of the De-
21	partment designated by the Secretary that en-
22	gages in technology transfer, partnering, or li-
23	censing activities.

## 1 SEC. 1402. AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.

- 2 Funds authorized to be appropriated to the Depart-
- 3 ment of Energy under title XII, title XIII, and title XV
- 4 shall remain available until expended.
- 5 SEC. 1403. COST SHARING.
- 6 (a) Research and Development.—For research
- 7 and development projects funded from appropriations au-
- 8 thorized under subtitles A through D of title XII, the Sec-
- 9 retary shall require a commitment from non-Federal
- 10 sources of at least 20 percent of the cost of the project. The
- 11 Secretary may reduce or eliminate the non-Federal require-
- 12 ment under this subsection if the Secretary determines that
- 13 the research and development is of a basic or fundamental
- 14 nature.
- 15 (b) Demonstration and Deployment.—For dem-
- 16 onstration and technology deployment activities funded
- 17 from appropriations authorized under subtitles A through
- 18 D of title XII, the Secretary shall require a commitment
- 19 from non-Federal sources of at least 50 percent of the costs
- 20 of the project directly and specifically related to any dem-
- 21 onstration or technology deployment activity. The Secretary
- 22 may reduce or eliminate the non-Federal requirement under
- 23 this subsection if the Secretary determines that the reduc-
- 24 tion is necessary and appropriate considering the techno-
- 25 logical risks involved in the project and is necessary to meet
- 26 one or more goals of this title.

1	(c) Calculation of Amount.—In calculating the
2	amount of the non-Federal commitment under subsection
3	(a) or (b), the Secretary shall include cash, personnel, serv-
4	ices, equipment, and other resources.
5	SEC. 1404. MERIT REVIEW OF PROPOSALS.
6	Awards of funds authorized under title XII, subtitle
7	A of title XIII, and title XV shall be made only after an
8	independent review of the scientific and technical merit of
9	the proposals for such awards has been made by the Depart-
10	ment of Energy.
11	SEC. 1405. EXTERNAL TECHNICAL REVIEW OF DEPART-
12	MENTAL PROGRAMS.
13	(a) National Energy Research and Development
	(a) National Energy Research and Development Advisory Boards.—(1) The Secretary shall establish an
14	ADVISORY BOARDS.—(1) The Secretary shall establish an
14 15	ADVISORY BOARDS.—(1) The Secretary shall establish an advisory board to oversee Department research and develop-
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	ADVISORY BOARDS.—(1) The Secretary shall establish an advisory board to oversee Department research and development programs in each of the following areas—
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	ADVISORY BOARDS.—(1) The Secretary shall establish an advisory board to oversee Department research and development programs in each of the following areas—  (A) energy efficiency;
14 15 16 17 18	ADVISORY BOARDS.—(1) The Secretary shall establish an advisory board to oversee Department research and development programs in each of the following areas—  (A) energy efficiency;  (B) renewable energy;
14 15 16 17 18 19	ADVISORY BOARDS.—(1) The Secretary shall establish an advisory board to oversee Department research and development programs in each of the following areas—  (A) energy efficiency;  (B) renewable energy;  (C) fossil energy;
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	ADVISORY BOARDS.—(1) The Secretary shall establish an advisory board to oversee Department research and development programs in each of the following areas—  (A) energy efficiency;  (B) renewable energy;  (C) fossil energy;  (D) nuclear energy; and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	ADVISORY BOARDS.—(1) The Secretary shall establish an advisory board to oversee Department research and development programs in each of the following areas—  (A) energy efficiency; (B) renewable energy; (C) fossil energy; (D) nuclear energy; and (E) climate change technology, with emphasis on

- 1 (2) The Secretary may designate an existing advisory
- 2 board within the Department to fulfill the responsibilities
- 3 of an advisory board under this subsection, or may enter
- 4 into appropriate arrangements with the National Academy
- 5 of Sciences to establish such an advisory board.
- 6 (b) Utilization of Existing Committees.—The
- 7 Secretary of Energy shall continue to use the scientific pro-
- 8 gram advisory committees chartered under the Federal Ad-
- 9 visory Committee Act by the Office of Science to oversee re-
- 10 search and development programs under that Office.
- 11 (c) Membership.—Each advisory board under this
- 12 section shall consist of experts drawn from industry, aca-
- 13 demia, Federal laboratories, research institutions, or State,
- 14 local, or tribal governments, as appropriate.
- 15 (d) Meetings and Purposes.—Each advisory board
- 16 under this section shall meet at least semi-annually to re-
- 17 view and advise on the progress made by the respective re-
- 18 search, development, demonstration, and technology deploy-
- 19 ment program. The advisory board shall also review the
- 20 adequacy and relevance of the goals established for each pro-
- 21 gram by Congress and the President, and may otherwise
- 22 advise on promising future directions in research and devel-
- 23 opment that should be considered by each program.

1	SEC. 1406. IMPROVED COORDINATION AND MANAGEMENT
2	OF CIVILIAN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
3	PROGRAMS.
4	(a) Effective Top-Level Coordination of Re-
5	SEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS.—Section 202(b)
6	of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C.
7	7132(b)) is amended to read as follows:
8	"(b)(1) There shall be in the Department an Under
9	Secretary for Energy and Science, who shall be appointed
10	by the President, by and with the advice and consent of
11	the Senate. The Under Secretary shall be compensated at
12	the rate provided for at level III of the Executive Schedule
13	under section 5314 of title 5, United States Code.
14	"(2) The Under Secretary for Energy and Science
15	shall be appointed from among persons who—
16	"(A) have extensive background in scientific or
17	engineering fields; and
18	"(B) are well qualified to manage the civilian
19	research and development programs of the Depart-
20	ment of Energy.
21	"(3) The Under Secretary for Energy and Science
22	shall—
23	"(A) serve as the Science and Technology Advi-
24	sor to the Secretary;
25	"(B) monitor the Department's research and de-
26	velopment programs in order to advise the Secretary

1	with respect to any undesirable duplication or gaps
2	in such programs;
3	"(C) advise the Secretary with respect to the
4	well-being and management of the multipurpose lab-
5	oratories under the jurisdiction of the Department;
6	"(D) advise the Secretary with respect to edu-
7	cation and training activities required for effective
8	short- and long-term basic and applied research ac-
9	tivities of the Department;
10	"(E) advise the Secretary with respect to grants
11	and other forms of financial assistance required for
12	effective short- and long-term basic and applied re-
13	search activities of the Department; and
14	"(F) exercise authority and responsibility over
15	Assistant Secretaries carrying out energy research
16	and development and energy technology functions
17	under sections 203 and 209, as well as other elements
18	of the Department assigned by the Secretary.".
19	(b) Reconfiguration of Position of Director of
20	The Office of Science.—Section 209 of the Department
21	of Energy Organization Act (41 U.S.C. 7139) is amended
22	to read as follows:
23	"(a) There shall be within the Department an Office
24	of Science, to be headed by an Assistant Secretary of
25	Science, who shall be appointed by the President, by and

- 1 with the advice and consent of the Senate, and who shall
- 2 be compensated at the rate provided for level IV of the Exec-
- 3 utive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States
- 4 Code.
- 5 "(b) The Assistant Secretary of Science shall be in ad-
- 6 dition to the Assistant Secretaries provided for under sec-
- 7 tion 203 of this Act.
- 8 "(c) It shall be the duty and responsibility of the As-
- 9 sistant Secretary of Science to carry out the fundamental
- 10 science and engineering research functions of the Depart-
- 11 ment, including the responsibility for policy and manage-
- 12 ment of such research, as well as other functions vested in
- 13 the Secretary which he may assign to the Assistant Sec-
- 14 retary.".
- 15 (c) Additional Assistant Secretary Position To
- 16 Enable Improved Management of Nuclear Energy
- 17 Issues.—
- 18 (1) Section 203(a) of the Department of Energy
- 19 Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7133(a)) is amended by
- 20 striking "There shall be in the Department six Assist-
- 21 ant Secretaries" and inserting "Except as provided
- in section 209, there shall be in the Department seven
- 23 Assistant Secretaries".

1	(2) It is the sense of the Senate that the leader-
2	ship for departmental missions in nuclear energy
3	should be at the Assistant Secretary level.
4	(d) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
5	(1) Section 202 of the Department of Energy Or-
6	ganization Act (42 U.S.C. 7132) is further amended
7	by adding the following at the end:
8	"(d) There shall be in the Department an Under Sec-
9	retary, who shall be appointed by the President, by and
10	with the advice and consent of the Senate, and who shall
11	perform such functions and duties as the Secretary shall
12	prescribe, consistent with this section. The Under Secretary
13	shall be compensated at the rate provided for level III of
14	the Executive Schedule under section 5314 of title 5, United
15	States Code.
16	"(e) There shall be in the Department a General Coun-
17	sel, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with
18	the advice and consent of the Senate. The General Counsel
19	shall be compensated at the rate provided for level IV of
20	the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United
21	States Code.".
22	(2) Section 5314 of title 5, United States Code,
23	is amended by striking "Under Secretaries of Energy
24	(2)" and inserting "Under Secretaries of Energy (3)".

1	(3) Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code,
2	is amended by—
3	(A) striking "Director, Office of Science,
4	Department of Energy."; and
5	(B) striking "Assistant Secretaries of En-
6	ergy (6)" and inserting "Assistant Secretaries of
7	Energy (8)".
8	(4) The table of contents for the Department of
9	Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7101 note) is
10	amended—
11	(A) by striking "Section 209" and inserting
12	"Sec. 209";
13	(B) by striking "213." and inserting "Sec.
14	213.";
15	(C) by striking "214." and inserting "Sec.
16	214.";
17	(D) by striking "215." and inserting "Sec.
18	215."; and
19	(E) by striking "216." and inserting "Sec.
20	216.".
21	SEC. 1407. IMPROVED COORDINATION OF TECHNOLOGY
22	TRANSFER ACTIVITIES.
23	(a) Technology Transfer Coordinator.—The
24	Secretary shall appoint a Technology Transfer Coordinator
25	to perform oversight of and policy development for tech-

- 1 nology transfer activities at the Department. The Tech-
- 2 nology Transfer Coordinator shall coordinate the activities
- 3 of the Technology Partnerships Working Group, and shall
- 4 oversee the expenditure of funds allocated to the Technology
- 5 Partnership Working Group.
- 6 (b) Technology Partnership Working Group.—
- 7 The Secretary shall establish a Technology Partnership
- 8 Working Group, which shall consist of representatives of the
- 9 National Laboratories and single-purpose research facili-
- 10 *ties*, *to*—
- 11 (1) coordinate technology transfer activities oc-
- 12 curring at National Laboratories and single-purpose
- 13 research facilities;
- 14 (2) exchange information about technology trans-
- 15 fer practices; and
- 16 (3) develop and disseminate to the public and
- 17 prospective technology partners information about op-
- 18 portunities and procedures for technology transfer
- with the Department.
- 20 SEC. 1408. TECHNOLOGY INFRASTRUCTURE PROGRAM.
- 21 (a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish a
- 22 Technology Infrastructure Program in accordance with this
- 23 section.
- 24 (b) Purpose.—The purpose of the Technology Infra-
- 25 structure Program shall be to improve the ability of Na-

1	tional Laboratories or single-purpose research facilities to
2	support departmental missions by—
3	(1) stimulating the development of technology
4	clusters that can support departmental missions at
5	the National Laboratories or single-purpose research
6	facilities;
7	(2) improving the ability of National Labora-
8	tories or single-purpose research facilities to leverage
9	and benefit from commercial research, technology,
10	products, processes, and services; and
11	(3) encouraging the exchange of scientific and
12	technological expertise between National Laboratories
13	or single-purpose research facilities and—
14	(A) institutions of higher education,
15	(B) technology-related business concerns,
16	(C) nonprofit institutions, and
17	(D) agencies of State, tribal, or local gov-
18	ernments,
19	that can support departmental missions at the Na-
20	tional Laboratories and single-purpose research facili-
21	ties.
22	(c) Projects.—The Secretary shall authorize the Di-
23	rector of each National Laboratory or facility to implement
24	the Technology Infrastructure Program at such National
25	Laboratory or single-purpose research facility through

1	projects that meet the requirements of subsections (d) and
2	(e).
3	(d) Program Requirements.—Each project funded
4	under this section shall meet the following requirements:
5	(1) Minimum participants.—Each project shall
6	at a minimum include—
7	(A) a National Laboratory or single-pur-
8	pose research facility; and
9	(B) one of the following entities—
10	(i) a business,
11	(ii) an institution of higher education,
12	(iii) a nonprofit institution, or
13	(iv) an agency of a State, local, or
14	$tribal\ government.$
15	(2) Cost sharing.—
16	(A) Minimum amount.—Not less than 50
17	percent of the costs of each project funded under
18	this section shall be provided from non-Federal
19	sources.
20	(B) Qualified funding and re-
21	SOURCES.—(i) The calculation of costs paid by
22	the non-Federal sources to a project shall include
23	cash, personnel, services, equipment, and other
24	resources expended on the project.

- (ii) Independent research and development expenses of Government contractors that qualify for reimbursement under section 31–205–18(e) of the Federal Acquisition Regulations issued pursuant to section 25(c)(1) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 421(c)(1)) may be credited towards costs paid by non-Fed-eral sources to a project, if the expenses meet the other requirements of this section.
  - (iii) No funds or other resources expended either before the start of a project under this section or outside the project's scope of work shall be credited toward the costs paid by the non-Federal sources to the project.
  - (3) Competitive selection.—All projects in which a party other than the Department, a National Laboratory, or a single-purpose research facility receives funding under this section shall, to the extent practicable, be competitively selected by the National Laboratory or facility using procedures determined to be appropriate by the Secretary.
  - (4) Accounting standards.—Any participant that receives funds under this section, other than a National Laboratory or single-purpose research facility, may use generally accepted accounting principles

1	for maintaining accounts, books, and records relating
2	to the project.
3	(5) Limitations.—No Federal funds shall be
4	made available under this section for—
5	(A) construction; or
6	(B) any project for more than 5 years.
7	(e) Selection Criteria.—
8	(1) Threshold funding criteria.—The Sec-
9	retary shall allocate funds under this section only if
10	the Director of the National Laboratory or single-pur-
11	pose research facility managing the project determines
12	that the project is likely to improve the ability of the
13	National Laboratory or single-purpose research facil-
14	ity to achieve technical success in meeting depart-
15	mental missions.
16	(2) Additional Criteria.—The Secretary shall
17	require the Director of the National Laboratory or
18	single-purpose research facility managing a project
19	under this section to consider the following criteria in
20	selecting a project to receive Federal funds—
21	(A) the potential of the project to succeed,
22	based on its technical merit, team members,
23	management approach, resources, and project
24	plan;

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- (B) the potential of the project to promote 2 the development of a commercially sustainable technology cluster, which will derive most of the 3 4 demand for its products or services from the pri-5 vate sector, and which will support departmental 6 missions at the participating National Labora-7 tory or single-purpose research facility;
  - (C) the potential of the project to promote the use of commercial research, technology, products, processes, and services by the participating National Laboratory or single-purpose research facility to achieve its departmental mission or the commercial development of technological innovations made at the participating National Laboratory or single-purpose research facility;
  - (D) the commitment shown by non-Federal organizations to the project, based primarily on the nature and amount of the financial and other resources they will risk on the project;
  - (E) the extent to which the project involves a wide variety and number of institutions of higher education, nonprofit institutions, and technology-related business concerns that can support the missions of the participating National Laboratory or single-purpose research fa-

1	cility and that will make substantive contribu-
2	tions to achieving the goals of the project;
3	(F) the extent of participation in the project
4	by agencies of State, tribal, or local governments
5	that will make substantive contributions to
6	achieving the goals of the project;
7	(G) the extent to which the project focuses
8	on promoting the development of technology-re-
9	lated business concerns that are small business
10	concerns or involves such small business concerns
11	substantively in the project; and
12	(H) such other criteria as the Secretary de-
13	termines to be appropriate.
14	(f) Report to Congress.—Not later than January
15	1, 2004, the Secretary shall report to Congress on whether
16	the Technology Infrastructure Program should be continued
17	and, if so, how the program should be managed.
18	(g) Definitions.—In this section:
19	(1) Technology cluster.—The term "tech-
20	nology cluster" means a concentration of—
21	(A) technology-related business concerns;
22	(B) institutions of higher education; or
23	(C) other nonprofit institutions;

1	that reinforce each other's performance in the areas of
2	technology development through formal or informal
3	relationships.
4	(2) Technology-related business con-
5	CERN.—The term "technology-related business con-
6	cern" means a for-profit corporation, company, asso-
7	ciation, firm, partnership, or small business concern
8	that—
9	(A) conducts scientific or engineering re-
10	search,
11	(B) develops new technologies,
12	(C) manufactures products based on new
13	$technologies,\ or$
14	(D) performs technological services.
15	(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are
16	authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary for activities
17	under this section \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2003
18	and 2004.
19	SEC. 1409. SMALL BUSINESS ADVOCACY AND ASSISTANCE.
20	(a) Small Business Advocate.—The Secretary
21	shall require the Director of each National Laboratory, and
22	may require the Director of a single-purpose research facil-
23	ity, to appoint a small business advocate to—
24	(1) increase the participation of small business
25	concerns, including socially and economically dis-

- advantaged small business concerns, in procurement,
  collaborative research, technology licensing, and technology transfer activities conducted by the National
  Laboratory or single-purpose research facility;
  - (2) report to the Director of the National Laboratory or single-purpose research facility on the actual participation of small business concerns in procurement and collaborative research along with recommendations, if appropriate, on how to improve participation;
  - (3) make available to small business concerns training, mentoring, and clear, up-to-date information on how to participate in the procurement and collaborative research, including how to submit effective proposals;
    - (4) increase the awareness inside the National Laboratory or single-purpose research facility of the capabilities and opportunities presented by small business concerns; and
  - (5) establish guidelines for the program under subsection (b) and report on the effectiveness of such program to the Director of the National Laboratory or single-purpose research facility.
- 24 (b) Establishment of Small Business Assist-25 ance Program.—The Secretary shall require the Director

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1	of each National Laboratory, and may require the director
2	of a single-purpose research facility, to establish a program
3	to provide small business concerns—
4	(1) assistance directed at making them more ef-
5	fective and efficient subcontractors or suppliers to the
6	National Laboratory or single-purpose research facil-
7	ity; or
8	(2) general technical assistance, the cost of which
9	shall not exceed \$10,000 per instance of assistance, to
10	improve the small business concern's products or serv-
11	ices.
12	(c) Use of Funds.—None of the funds expended
13	under subsection (b) may be used for direct grants to the
14	small business concerns.
15	(d) Definitions.—In this section:
16	(1) Small business concern.—The term
17	"small business concern" has the meaning given such
18	term in section 3 of the Small Business Act (15
19	U.S.C. 632).
20	(2) Socially and economically disadvan-
21	TAGED SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS.—The term "so-
22	cially and economically disadvantaged small business
23	concerns" has the meaning given such term in section
24	8(a)(4) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C.

637(a)(4)).

## 1 SEC. 1410. OTHER TRANSACTIONS.

2	(a) In General.—Section 646 of the Department of
3	Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7256) is amended by
4	adding at the end the following:
5	"(g) Other Transactions Authority.—(1) In ad-
6	dition to other authorities granted to the Secretary to enter
7	into procurement contracts, leases, cooperative agreements,
8	grants, and other similar arrangements, the Secretary may
9	enter into other transactions with public agencies, private
10	organizations, or persons on such terms as the Secretary
11	may deem appropriate in furtherance of basic, applied, and
12	advanced research functions now or hereafter vested in the
13	Secretary. Such other transactions shall not be subject to
14	the provisions of section 9 of the Federal Nonnuclear En-
15	ergy Research and Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C.
16	5908).
17	"(2)(A) The Secretary of Energy shall ensure that—
18	"(i) to the maximum extent practicable, no
19	transaction entered into under paragraph (1) pro-
20	vides for research that duplicates research being con-
21	ducted under existing programs carried out by the
22	Department of Energy; and
23	"(ii) to the extent that the Secretary determines
24	practicable, the funds provided by the Government
25	under a transaction authorized by paragraph (1) do

- 1 not exceed the total amount provided by other parties
- 2 to the transaction.
- 3 "(B) A transaction authorized by paragraph (1) may
- 4 be used for a research project when the use of a standard
- 5 contract, grant, or cooperative agreement for such project
- 6 is not feasible or appropriate.
- 7 "(3)(A) The Secretary shall not disclose any trade se-
- 8 cret or commercial or financial information submitted by
- 9 a non-Federal entity under paragraph (1) that is privileged
- 10 and confidential.
- 11 "(B) The Secretary shall not disclose, for 5 years after
- 12 the date the information is received, any other information
- 13 submitted by a non-Federal entity under paragraph (1), in-
- 14 cluding any proposal, proposal abstract, document sup-
- 15 porting a proposal, business plan, or technical information
- 16 that is privileged and confidential.
- 17 "(C) The Secretary may protect from disclosure, for
- 18 up to 5 years, any information developed pursuant to a
- 19 transaction under paragraph (1) that would be protected
- 20 from disclosure under section 552(b)(4) of title 5, United
- 21 States Code, if obtained from a person other than a Federal
- 22 agency.".
- 23 (b) Implementation.—Not later than 6 months after
- 24 the date of enactment of this section, the Department shall
- 25 establish guidelines for the use of other transactions.

1	SEC. 1411. MOBILITY OF SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL PER-
2	SONNEL.
3	Not later than 2 years after the enactment of this sec-
4	tion, the Secretary, acting through the Technology Transfer
5	Coordinator under section 1407, shall determine whether
6	each contractor operating a National Laboratory or single-
7	purpose research facility has policies and procedures that
8	do not create disincentives to the transfer of scientific and
9	technical personnel among the contractor-operated National
10	Laboratories or contractor-operated single-purpose research
11	facilities.
12	SEC. 1412. NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES REPORT.
13	Within 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act,
14	the Secretary shall contract with the National Academy of
15	Sciences to—
16	(1) conduct a study on the obstacles to accel-
17	erating the innovation cycle for energy technology,
18	and
19	(2) report to the Congress recommendations for
20	shortening the cycle of research, development, and de-
21	ployment.
22	SEC. 1413. REPORT ON TECHNOLOGY READINESS AND BAR-
23	RIERS TO TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER.
24	(a) In General.—The Secretary, acting through the
25	Technology Partnership Working Group and in consulta-

1	tion with representatives of affected industries, universities,
2	and small business concerns, shall—
3	(1) assess the readiness for technology transfer of
4	energy technologies developed through projects funded
5	$from\ appropriations\ authorized\ under\ subtitles\ A$
6	through D of title XIV, and
7	(2) identify barriers to technology transfer and
8	cooperative research and development agreements be-
9	tween the Department or a National Laboratory and
10	a non-Federal person; and
11	(3) make recommendations for administrative or
12	legislative actions needed to reduce or eliminate such
13	barriers.
14	(b) Report.—The Secretary shall provide a report to
15	Congress and the President on activities carried out under
16	this section not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
17	of this section, and shall update such report on a biennial
18	basis, taking into account progress toward eliminating bar-
19	riers to technology transfer identified in previous reports
20	under this section.
21	SEC. 1414. UNITED STATES-MEXICO ENERGY TECHNOLOGY
22	COOPERATION.
23	(a) Finding.—Congress finds that the economic and
24	energy security of the United States and Mexico is furthered

1	through collaboration between the United States and Mexico
2	on research related to energy technologies.
3	(b) Program.—
4	(1) In general.—The Secretary, acting through
5	the Assistant Secretary for Environmental Manage-
6	ment, shall establish a collaborative research, develop-
7	ment, and deployment program to promote energy ef-
8	ficient, environmentally sound economic development
9	along the United States-Mexico border to—
10	(A) mitigate hazardous waste;
11	(B) promote energy efficient materials proc-
12	essing technologies that minimize environmental
13	damage; and
14	(C) protect the public health.
15	(2) Consultation.—The Secretary, acting
16	through the Assistant Secretary for Environmental
17	Management, shall consult with the Office of Energy
18	Efficiency and Renewable Energy in carrying out
19	$paragraph\ (1)(B).$
20	(c) Program Management.—The program under
21	subsection (b) shall be managed by the Department of En-
22	ergy Carlsbad Environmental Management Field Office.
23	(d) Cost Sharing.—The cost of any project or activ-
24	ity carried out using funds provided under this section shall
25	be shared as provided in section 1403.

1	(e) Technology Transfer.—In carrying out
2	projects and activities under this section to mitigate haz-
3	ardous waste, the Secretary shall emphasize the transfer of
4	technology developed under the Environmental Management
5	Science Program of the Department of Energy.
6	(f) Intellectual Property.—In carrying out this
7	section, the Secretary shall comply with the requirements
8	of any agreement entered between the United States and
9	Mexico regarding intellectual property protection.
10	(g) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are
11	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
12	\$5,000,000 for fiscal year 2003 and \$6,000,000 for each of
13	fiscal years 2004 through 2006, to remain available until
14	expended.
15	TITLE XV—PERSONNEL AND
16	TRAINING
17	SEC. 1501. WORKFORCE TRENDS AND TRAINEESHIP
18	GRANTS.
19	(a) Workforce Trends.—
20	(1) Monitoring.—The Secretary of Energy (in
21	this title referred to as the "Secretary"), acting
22	through the Administrator of the Energy Information
23	Administration, in consultation with the Secretary of
24	Labor, shall monitor trends in the workforce of skilled
25	technical personnel supporting energy technology in-

- dustries, including renewable energy industries, companies developing and commercializing devices to increase energy-efficiency, the oil and gas industry, the
  electric power generation industry (including the nuclear power industry), the coal industry, and other
  industrial sectors as the Secretary may deem appropriate.
  - (2) Annual Reports.—The Administrator of the Energy Information Administration shall include statistics on energy industry workforce trends in the annual reports of the Energy Information Administration.
- 13 (3) Special reports.—The Secretary shall re-14 port to the appropriate committees of Congress when-15 ever the Secretary determines that significant short-16 falls of technical personnel in one or more energy in-17 dustry segments are forecast or have occurred.
- 18 (b) Traineeship Grants for Technically Skilled 19 Personnel.—
- 20 (1) GRANT PROGRAMS.—The Secretary shall es-21 tablish grant programs in the appropriate offices of 22 the Department to enhance training of technically 23 skilled personnel for which a shortfall is determined 24 under subsection (a).

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1	(2) Eligible institutions.—As determined by
2	the Secretary to be appropriate to the particular
3	workforce shortfall, the Secretary shall make grants
4	under paragraph (1) to—
5	(A) an institution of higher education;
6	(B) a postsecondary educational institution
7	providing vocational and technical education
8	(within the meaning given those terms in section
9	3 of the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Tech-
10	nical Education Act of 1998 (20 U.S.C. 2302));
11	(C) appropriate agencies of State, local, or
12	tribal governments; or
13	(D) joint labor and management training
14	organizations with State or federally recognized
15	apprenticeship programs and other employee-
16	based training organizations as the Secretary
17	$considers\ appropriate.$
18	(c) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
19	term "skilled technical personnel" means journey and ap-
20	prentice level workers who are enrolled in or have completed
21	a State or federally recognized apprenticeship program and
22	other skilled workers in energy technology industries.
23	(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—From
24	amounts authorized under section 1241(c), there are author-
25	ized to be appropriated to the Secretary for activities under

- 1 this section such sums as may be necessary for each fiscal
- 2 year.
- 3 SEC. 1502. POSTDOCTORAL AND SENIOR RESEARCH FEL-
- 4 LOWSHIPS IN ENERGY RESEARCH.
- 5 (a) Postdoctoral Fellowships.—The Secretary
- 6 shall establish a program of fellowships to encourage out-
- 7 standing young scientists and engineers to pursue
- 8 postdoctoral research appointments in energy research and
- 9 development at institutions of higher education of their
- 10 choice. In establishing a program under this subsection, the
- 11 Secretary may enter into appropriate arrangements with
- 12 the National Academy of Sciences to help administer the
- 13 program.
- 14 (b) Distinguished Senior Research Fellow-
- 15 Ships.—The Secretary shall establish a program of fellow-
- 16 ships to allow outstanding senior researchers in energy re-
- 17 search and development and their research groups to explore
- 18 research and development topics of their choosing for a fixed
- 19 period of time. Awards under this program shall be made
- 20 on the basis of past scientific or technical accomplishment
- 21 and promise for continued accomplishment during the pe-
- 22 riod of support, which shall not be less than 3 years.
- 23 (c) Authorization of Appropriations.—From
- 24 amounts authorized under section 1241(c), there are author-
- 25 ized to be appropriated to the Secretary for activities under

1	this section such sums as may be necessary for each fiscal
2	year.
3	SEC. 1503. TRAINING GUIDELINES FOR ELECTRIC ENERGY
4	INDUSTRY PERSONNEL.
5	(a) Model Guidelines.—The Secretary shall, in co-
6	operation with electric generation, transmission, and dis-
7	tribution companies and recognized representatives of em-
8	ployees of those entities, develop model employee training
9	guidelines to support electric supply system reliability and
10	safety.
11	(b) Content of Guidelines.—The guidelines under
12	this section shall include—
13	(1) requirements for worker training, com-
14	petency, and certification, developed using criteria set
15	forth by the Utility Industry Group recognized by the
16	National Skill Standards Board; and
17	(2) consolidation of existing guidelines on the
18	construction, operation, maintenance, and inspection
19	of electric supply generation, transmission and dis-
20	tribution facilities such as those established by the
21	National Electric Safety Code and other industry
2.2.	consensus standards

1	SEC. 1504. NATIONAL CENTER ON ENERGY MANAGEMENT
2	AND BUILDING TECHNOLOGIES.
3	The Secretary shall establish a National Center on En-
4	ergy Management and Building Technologies, to carry out
5	research, education, and training activities to facilitate the
6	improvement of energy efficiency and indoor air quality in
7	industrial, commercial and residential buildings. The Na-
8	tional Center shall be established in cooperation with—
9	(1) recognized representatives of employees in the
10	heating, ventilation, and air-conditioning industry;
11	(2) contractors that install and maintain heat-
12	ing, ventilation and air-conditioning systems and
13	equipment;
14	(3) manufacturers of heating, ventilation and
15	air-conditioning systems and equipment;
16	(4) representatives of the advanced building en-
17	velope industry, including design, windows, lighting,
18	and insulation industries; and
19	(5) other entities as appropriate.
20	SEC. 1505. IMPROVED ACCESS TO ENERGY-RELATED SCI-
21	ENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL CAREERS.
22	(a) Department of Energy Science Education
23	Programs.—Section 3164 of the Department of Energy
24	Science Education Enhancement Act (42 U.S.C. 7381a) is
25	amended by adding at the end the following:

1	"(c) Programs for Women and Minority Stu-
2	DENTS.—In carrying out a program under subsection (a),
3	the Secretary shall give priority to activities that are de-
4	signed to encourage women and minority students to pursue
5	scientific and technical careers.".
6	(b) Partnerships With Historically Black Col-
7	LEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, HISPANIC-SERVICING INSTITU-
8	Tions, and Tribal Colleges.—The Department of En-
9	ergy Science Education Enhancement Act (42 U.S.C. 7381
10	et seq.) is amended—
11	(1) by redesignating sections 3167 and 3168 as
12	sections 3168 and 3169, respectively; and
13	(2) by inserting after section 3166 the following:
1 1	"SEC. 3167. PARTNERSHIPS WITH HISTORICALLY BLACK
14	SEC. 5107. FARTNERSHIPS WITH HISTORICALLI BLACK
	COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, HISPANIC-
14 15 16	
15	COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, HISPANIC-
15 16	COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, HISPANIC- SERVING INSTITUTIONS, AND TRIBAL COL-
15 16 17	COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, HISPANIC- SERVING INSTITUTIONS, AND TRIBAL COL- LEGES.
15 16 17 18	COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, HISPANIC- SERVING INSTITUTIONS, AND TRIBAL COL- LEGES.  "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
15 16 17 18 19	COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, HISPANIC- SERVING INSTITUTIONS, AND TRIBAL COL- LEGES.  "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: "(1) HISPANIC-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term
15 16 17 18 19 20	COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, HISPANIC- SERVING INSTITUTIONS, AND TRIBAL COL- LEGES.  "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:  "(1) HISPANIC-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term 'Hispanic-serving institution' has the meaning given
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, HISPANIC- SERVING INSTITUTIONS, AND TRIBAL COL- LEGES.  "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:  "(1) HISPANIC-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term 'Hispanic-serving institution' has the meaning given the term in section 502(a) of the Higher Education
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES, HISPANIC- SERVING INSTITUTIONS, AND TRIBAL COL- LEGES.  "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:  "(1) HISPANIC-SERVING INSTITUTION.—The term 'Hispanic-serving institution' has the meaning given the term in section 502(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1101a(a)).

- 1 tion' in section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 2 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061).
- 3 "(3) NATIONAL LABORATORY.—The term 'Na-4 tional Laboratory' has the meaning given the term in 5 section 1203 of the Energy Science and Technology 6 Enhancement Act of 2003.
  - "(4) Science facility.—The term 'science facility' has the meaning given the term 'single-purpose research facility' in section 1401 of the Energy Science and Technology Enhancement Act of 2003.
    - "(5) TRIBAL COLLEGE.—The term 'tribal college' has the meaning given the term 'tribally controlled college or university' in section 2(a) of the Tribally Controlled College or University Assistance Act of 1978 (25 U.S.C. 1801(a)).

## 16 "(b) Education Partnership.—

"(1) In General.—The Secretary shall direct the Director of each National Laboratory, and may direct the head of any science facility, to increase the participation of historically Black colleges or universities, Hispanic-serving institutions, or tribal colleges in activities that increase the capacity of the historically Black colleges or universities, Hispanic-serving institutions, or tribal colleges to train personnel in science or engineering.

1	"(2) ACTIVITIES.—An activity under paragraph
2	(1) may include—
3	$``(A)\ collaborative\ research;$
4	"(B) a transfer of equipment;
5	"(C) training of personnel at a National
6	Laboratory or science facility; and
7	"(D) a mentoring activity by personnel at
8	a National Laboratory or science facility.
9	"(c) Report.—Not later than 2 years after the date
10	of enactment of this section, the Secretary shall submit to
11	the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives
12	and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of
13	the Senate a report on the activities carried out under this
14	section.".
15	SEC. 1506. NATIONAL POWER PLANT OPERATIONS TECH-
16	NOLOGY AND EDUCATION CENTER.
17	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish a
18	National Power Plant Operations Technology and Edu-
19	cation Center (the "Center"), to address the need for train-
20	ing and educating certified operators for electric power gen-
21	eration plants.
22	(b) Role.—The Center shall provide both training
23	and continuing education relating to electric power genera-
24	tion plant technologies and operations. The Center shall
25	conduct training and education activities on site and

- $1 \ \ through \ Internet-based \ information \ technologies \ that \ allow$
- 2 for learning at remote sites.
- 3 (c) Criteria for Competitive Selection.—The
- 4 Secretary shall establish the Center at an institution of
- 5 higher education with expertise in plant technology and op-
- 6 eration and that can provide on-site as well as Internet-
- 7 based training.
- 8 SEC. 1507. FEDERAL MINE INSPECTORS.
- 9 In light of projected retirements of Federal mine in-
- 10 spectors and the need for additional personnel, the Sec-
- 11 retary of Labor shall hire, train, and deploy such addi-
- 12 tional skilled mine inspectors (particularly inspectors with
- 13 practical experience as a practical mining engineer) as nec-
- 14 essary to ensure the availability of skilled and experienced
- 15 individuals and to maintain the number of Federal mine
- 16 inspectors at or above the levels authorized by law or estab-
- 17 lished by regulation.

1	DIVISION F—TECHNOLOGY
2	ASSESSMENT AND STUDIES
3	TITLE XVI—TECHNOLOGY
4	ASSESSMENT
5	SEC. 1601. NATIONAL SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY ASSESS-
6	MENT SERVICE.
7	The National Science and Technology Policy, Organi-
8	zation, and Priorities Act of 1976 (42 U.S.C. 6601 et seq.)
9	is amended by adding at the end the following:
10	"TITLE VII—NATIONAL SCIENCE
11	AND TECHNOLOGY ASSESS-
12	MENT SERVICE
13	"SEC. 701. ESTABLISHMENT.
14	"There is hereby created a Science and Technology As-
15	sessment Service (hereinafter referred to as the 'Service'),
16	which shall be within and responsible to the legislative
17	branch of the Government.
18	"SEC. 702. COMPOSITION.
19	"The Service shall consist of a Science and Technology
20	Board (hereinafter referred to as the 'Board') which shall
21	formulate and promulgate the policies of the Service, and
22	a Director who shall carry out such policies and administer
23	the operations of the Service.

"SEC	703	FUNCTIONS	AND	DITTIES

- 2 "The Service shall coordinate and develop information
- 3 for Congress relating to the uses and application of tech-
- 4 nology to address current national science and technology
- 5 policy issues. In developing such technical assessments for
- 6 Congress, the Service shall utilize, to the extent practicable,
- 7 experts selected in coordination with the National Research
- 8 Council.

## 9 "SEC. 704. INITIATION OF ACTIVITIES.

- 10 "Science and technology assessment activities under-
- 11 taken by the Service may be initiated upon the request of—
- 12 "(1) the Chairman of any standing, special, or
- select committee of either House of the Congress, or of
- any joint committee of the Congress, acting for him-
- self or at the request of the ranking minority member
- or a majority of the committee members;
- 17 "(2) the Board; or
- 18 "(3) the Director.

## 19 "SEC. 705. ADMINISTRATION AND SUPPORT.

- 20 "The Director of the Science and Technology Assess-
- 21 ment Service shall be appointed by the Board and shall
- 22 serve for a term of 6 years unless sooner removed by the
- 23 Board. The Director shall receive basic pay at the rate pro-
- 24 vided for level III of the Executive Schedule under section
- 25 5314 of title 5, United States Code. The Director shall con-

tract for administrative support from the Library of Con-2 gress. "SEC. 706. AUTHORITY. 4 "The Service shall have the authority, within the limits of available appropriations, to do all things necessary to carry out the provisions of this section, including, but without being limited to, the authority to— 8 "(1) make full use of competent personnel and organizations outside the Office, public or private, 9 10 and form special ad hoc task forces or make other ar-11 rangements when appropriate; 12 "(2) enter into contracts or other arrangements 13 as may be necessary for the conduct of the work of the 14 Office with any agency or instrumentality of the 15 United States, with any State, territory, or possession 16 or any political subdivision thereof, or with any per-17 son, firm, association, corporation, or educational in-18 stitution, with or without reimbursement, without 19 performance or other bonds, and without regard to 20 section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 51); "(3) accept and utilize the services of voluntary 21 22 and uncompensated personnel necessary for the con-23 duct of the work of the Service and provide transpor-

tation and subsistence as authorized by section 5703

1	of title 5, United States Code, for persons serving
2	without compensation; and
3	"(4) prescribe such rules and regulations as it
4	deems necessary governing the operation and organi-
5	zation of the Service.
6	"SEC. 707. BOARD.
7	"The Board shall consist of 13 members as follows—
8	"(1) six Members of the Senate, appointed by the
9	President pro tempore of the Senate, three from the
10	majority party and three from the minority party;
11	"(2) six Members of the House of Representatives
12	appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representa-
13	tives, three from the majority party and three from
14	the minority party; and
15	"(3) the Director, who shall not be a voting
16	member.
17	"SEC. 708. REPORT TO CONGRESS.
18	"The Service shall submit to the Congress an annual
19	report which shall include, but not be limited to, an evalua-
20	tion of technology assessment techniques and identification,
21	insofar as may be feasible, of technological areas and pro-
22	grams requiring future analysis. The annual report shall
23	be submitted not later than March 15 of each year.

1	"SEC. 709. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
2	"There are authorized to be appropriated to the Service
3	such sums as are necessary to fulfill the requirements of
4	this title.".
5	TITLE XVII—STUDIES
6	SEC. 1701. REGULATORY REVIEWS.
7	(a) Regulatory Reviews.—Not later than 1 year
8	after the date of enactment of this section and every 5 years
9	thereafter, each Federal agency shall review relevant regula-
10	tions and standards to identify—
11	(1) existing regulations and standards that act
12	as barriers to—
13	(A) market entry for emerging energy tech-
14	nologies (including fuel cells, combined heat and
15	power, distributed power generation, and small-
16	scale renewable energy), and
17	(B) market development and expansion for
18	existing energy technologies (including combined
19	heat and power, small-scale renewable energy,
20	geothermal heat pump technology, and energy re-
21	covery in industrial processes), and
22	(2) actions the agency is taking or could take
23	to—
24	(A) remove barriers to market entry for
25	emerging energy technologies and to market ex-
26	pansion for existing technologies,

1	(B) increase energy efficiency and conserva-
2	$tion,\ or$
3	(C) encourage the use of new and existing
4	processes to meet energy and environmental
5	goals.
6	(b) Report to Congress.—Not later than 18 months
7	after the date of enactment of this section, and every 5 years
8	thereafter, the Director of the Office of Science and Tech-
9	nology Policy shall report to the Congress on the results of
10	the agency reviews conducted under subsection (a).
11	(c) Contents of the Report.—The report shall—
12	(1) identify all regulatory barriers to—
13	(A) the development and commercialization
14	of emerging energy technologies and processes,
15	and
16	(B) the further development and expansion
17	of existing energy conservation technologies and
18	processes,
19	(2) actions taken, or proposed to be taken, to re-
20	move such barriers, and
21	(3) recommendations for changes in laws or reg-
22	ulations that may be needed to—
23	(A) expedite the siting and development of
24	energy production and distribution facilities,

1	(B) encourage the adoption of energy effi-
2	ciency and process improvements,
3	(C) facilitate the expanded use of existing
4	energy conservation technologies, and
5	(D) reduce the environmental impacts of en-
6	ergy facilities and processes through transparent
7	and flexible compliance methods.
8	SEC. 1702. ASSESSMENT OF DEPENDENCE OF STATE OF HA
9	WAII ON OIL.
10	(a) Assessment.—The Secretary of Energy shall as-
11	sess the economic implications of the dependence of the State
12	of Hawaii on oil as the principal source of energy for the
13	State, including—
14	(1) the short- and long-term prospects for crude
15	oil supply disruption and price volatility and poten-
16	tial impacts on the economy of Hawaii;
17	(2) the economic relationship between oil-fired
18	generation of electricity from residual fuel and refined
19	petroleum products consumed for ground, marine,
20	and air transportation;
21	(3) the technical and economic feasibility of in-
22	creasing the contribution of renewable energy re-
23	sources for generation of electricity, on an island-by-
24	island basis, including—
25	(A) siting and facility configuration;

1	(B) environmental, operational, and safety
2	considerations;
3	(C) the availability of technology;
4	(D) effects on the utility system, including
5	reliability;
6	(E) infrastructure and transport require-
7	ments;
8	(F) community support; and
9	(G) other factors affecting the economic im-
10	pact of such an increase and any effect on the
11	economic relationship described in paragraph
12	(2);
13	(4) the technical and economic feasibility of
14	using liquefied natural gas to displace residual fuel
15	oil for electric generation, including neighbor island
16	opportunities, and the effect of such displacement on
17	the economic relationship described in paragraph (2),
18	including—
19	(A) the availability of supply;
20	(B) siting and facility configuration for on-
21	shore and offshore liquefied natural gas receiving
22	terminals;
23	(C) the factors described in subparagraphs
24	(B) through (F) of paragraph (3); and
25	(D) other economic factors;

1	(5) the technical and economic feasibility of
2	using renewable energy sources (including hydrogen)
3	for ground, marine, and air transportation energy
4	applications to displace the use of refined petroleum
5	products, on an island-by-island basis, and the eco-
6	nomic impact of such displacement on the relation-
7	ship described in paragraph (2); and
8	(6) an island-by-island approach to—
9	(A) the development of hydrogen from re-
10	newable resources; and
11	(B) the application of hydrogen to the en-
12	ergy needs of Hawaii.
13	(b) Contracting Authority.—The Secretary may
14	carry out the assessment under subsection (a) directly or,
15	in whole or in part, through one or more contracts with
16	qualified public or private entities.
17	(c) Report.—Not later than 300 days after the date
18	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall prepare, in
19	consultation with agencies of the State of Hawaii and other
20	stakeholders, as appropriate, and submit to Congress, a re-
21	port detailing the findings, conclusions, and recommenda-
22	tions resulting from the assessment.
23	(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are
24	authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary
25	to carry out this section.

1	SEC. 1703. STUDY OF SITING AN ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION
2	SYSTEM ON AMTRAK RIGHT-OF-WAY.
3	(a) Study.—The Secretary of Energy shall contract
4	with Amtrak to conduct a study of the feasibility of building
5	and operating a new electric transmission system on the
6	Amtrak right-of-way in the Northeast Corridor.
7	(b) Scope of the Study.—The study shall focus on
8	siting the new system on the Amtrak right-of-way within
9	the Northeast Corridor between Washington, D.C., and New
10	Rochelle, New York, including the Amtrak right-of-way be-
11	tween Philadelphia, Pennsylvania and Harrisburg, Penn-
12	sylvania.
13	(c) Contents of the Study.—The study shall
14	consider—
15	(1) alternative geographic configuration of a new
16	electronic transmission system on the Amtrak right-
17	of-way;
18	(2) alternative technologies for the system;
19	(3) the estimated costs of building and operating
20	each alternative;
21	(4) alternative means of financing the system;
22	(5) the environmental risks and benefits of build-
23	ing and operating each alternative as well as environ-
24	mental risks and benefits of building and operating
25	the system on the Northeast Corridor rather than at
26	other locations;

1	(6) engineering and technological obstacles to
2	building and operating each alternative; and
3	(7) the extent to which each alternative would
4	enhance the reliability of the electric transmission
5	grid and enhance competition in the sale of electric
6	energy at wholesale within the Northeast Corridor.
7	(d) Recommendations.—The study shall recommend
8	the optimal geographic configuration, the optimal tech-
9	nology, the optimal engineering design, and the optimal
10	means of financing for the new system from among the al-
11	ternatives considered.
12	(e) Report.—The Secretary of Energy shall submit
13	the completed study to the Committee on Energy and Nat-
14	ural Resources of the United States Senate and the Com-
15	mittee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Represent-
16	atives not later than 270 days after the date of enactment
17	of this section.
18	(f) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
19	(1) the term "Amtrak" means the National Rail-
20	road Passenger Corporation established under chapter
21	243 of title 49, United States Code; and
22	(2) the term "Northeast Corridor" shall have the
23	meaning given such term under section 24102(7) of
24	title 49, United States Code.

1	SEC. 1704. UPDATING OF INSULAR AREA RENEWABLE EN-
2	ERGY AND ENERGY EFFICIENCY PLANS.
3	Section 604 of Public Law 96–597 (48 U.S.C. 1492)
4	is amended—
5	(1) in subsection (a) at the end of paragraph (4)
6	by striking "resources." and inserting "resources; and
7	"(5) the development of renewable energy and en-
8	ergy efficiency technologies since publication of the
9	1982 Territorial Energy Assessment prepared under
10	subsection (c) reveals the need to reassess the state of
11	energy production, consumption, efficiency, infra-
12	structure, reliance on imported energy, and potential
13	of the indigenous renewable energy resources and en-
14	ergy efficiency in regard to the insular areas."; and
15	(2) by adding at the end of subsection (e) "The
16	Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the Sec-
17	retary of the Interior and the chief executive officer of
18	each insular area, shall update the plans required
19	under subsection (c) and draft long-term energy plans
20	for each insular area that will reduce, to the extent
21	feasible, the reliance of the insular area on energy im-
22	ports by the year 2010, and maximize, to the extent
23	feasible, use of renewable energy resources and energy
24	efficiency opportunities. Not later than December 31,
25	2002, the Secretary of Energy shall submit the up-
26	dated plans to Congress.".

1	SEC. 1705. CONSUMER ENERGY COMMISSION.
2	(a) Establishment of Commission.—There is estab-
3	lished a commission to be known as the "Consumer Energy
4	Commission".
5	(b) Membership.—
6	(1) In General.—The Commission shall be com-
7	prised of 11 members who shall be appointed within
8	30 days from the date of enactment of this section and
9	who shall serve for the life of the Commission.
10	(2) Appointments in the senate and the
11	HOUSE.—The Majority Leader and the Minority
12	Leader of the Senate and the Speaker and Minority
13	Leader of the House of Representatives shall each ap-
14	point 2 members—
15	(A) one of whom shall represent consumer
16	groups focusing on energy issues; and
17	(B) one of whom shall represent the energy
18	industry.
19	(3) Appointments by the president.—The
20	President shall appoint three members—
21	(A) one of whom shall represent consumer
22	groups focusing on energy issues;
23	(B) one of whom shall represent the energy
24	industry; and
25	(C) one of whom shall represent the Depart-

ment of Energy.

- 1 (c) Initial Meeting.—Not later than 60 days after
- 2 the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall hold
- 3 the first meeting of the Commission regardless of the num-
- 4 ber of members that have been appointed and shall select
- 5 a Chairperson and Vice Chairperson from among the mem-
- 6 bers of the Commission.
- 7 (d) Administrative Expenses.—Members of the
- 8 Commission shall serve without compensation, except for
- 9 per diem and travel expenses which shall be reimbursed,
- 10 and the Department of Energy shall pay expenses as nec-
- 11 essary to carry out this section, with the expenses not to
- 12 exceed \$400,000.
- 13 (e) Studies.—The Commission shall conduct a na-
- 14 tionwide study of significant price spikes since 1990 in
- 15 major United States consumer energy products, including
- 16 electricity, gasoline, home heating oil, natural gas and pro-
- 17 pane with a focus on their causes including insufficient in-
- 18 ventories, supply disruptions, refinery capacity limits, in-
- 19 sufficient infrastructure, regulatory failures, demand
- 20 growth, reliance on imported supplies, insufficient avail-
- 21 ability of alternative energy sources, abuse of market power,
- 22 market concentration and any other relevant factors.
- 23 (f) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
- 24 of the first meeting of the Commission, the Commission
- 25 shall submit to Congress a report that contains the findings

1	and conclusions of the Commission and any recommenda-
2	tions for legislation, administrative actions, and voluntary
3	actions by industry and consumers to protect consumers
4	and small businesses from future price spikes in consumer
5	energy products.
6	(g) Consultation.—The Commission shall consult
7	with the Federal Trade Commission, the Federal Energy
8	Regulatory Commission, the Department of Energy and
9	other Federal and State agencies as appropriate.
10	(h) Sunset.—The Commission shall terminate within
11	30 days after the submission of the report to Congress.
12	SEC. 1706. STUDY OF NATURAL GAS AND OTHER ENERGY
13	TRANSMISSION INFRASTRUCTURE ACROSS
14	THE GREAT LAKES.
15	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
16	(1) Great Lake.—The term "Great Lake"
17	means Lake Erie, Lake Huron (including Lake Saint
18	Clair), Lake Michigan, Lake Ontario (including the
19	Saint Lawrence River from Lake Ontario to the 45th
20	parallel of latitude), and Lake Superior.
21	(2) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
22	
	the Secretary of Energy.

1	(1) In General.—The Secretary, in consultation
2	with representatives of appropriate Federal and State
3	agencies, shall—
4	(A) conduct a study of—
5	(i) the location and extent of antici-
6	pated growth of natural gas and other en-
7	ergy transmission infrastructure proposed
8	to be constructed across the Great Lakes;
9	and
10	(ii) the environmental impacts of any
11	natural gas or other energy transmission
12	infrastructure proposed to be constructed
13	across the Great Lakes; and
14	(B) make recommendations for minimizing
15	the environmental impact of pipelines and other
16	energy transmission infrastructure on the Great
17	$Lakes\ ecosystem.$
18	(2) Advisory Committee.—Not later than 30
19	days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-
20	retary shall enter into an agreement with the Na-
21	tional Academy of Sciences to establish an advisory
22	committee to ensure that the study is complete, objec-
23	tive, and of good quality.
24	(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
25	enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to Con-

1	gress a report that describes the findings and recommenda-
2	tions resulting from the study under subsection (b).
3	SEC. 1707. NATIONAL ACADEMY OF SCIENCES STUDY OF
4	PROCEDURES FOR SELECTION AND ASSESS-
5	MENT OF CERTAIN ROUTES FOR SHIPMENT
6	OF SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL FROM RESEARCH
7	NUCLEAR REACTORS.
8	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Transportation
9	shall enter into an agreement with the National Academy
10	of Sciences under which agreement the National Academy
11	of Sciences shall conduct a study of the procedures by which
12	the Department of Energy, together with the Department
13	of Transportation and the Nuclear Regulatory Commission,
14	selects routes for the shipment of spent nuclear fuel from
15	research nuclear reactors between or among existing De-
16	partment of Energy facilities currently licensed to accept
17	such spent nuclear fuel.
18	(b) Elements of Study.—In conducting the study
19	under subsection (a), the National Academy of Sciences
20	shall analyze the manner in which the Department of
21	Energy—
22	(1) selects potential routes for the shipment of
23	spent nuclear fuel from research nuclear reactors be-
24	tween or among existing Department facilities cur-
25	rently licensed to accept such spent nuclear fuel;

1	(2) selects such a route for a specific shipment of
2	such spent nuclear fuel; and
3	(3) conducts assessments of the risks associated
4	with shipments of such spent nuclear fuel along such
5	$a\ route.$
6	(c) Considerations Regarding Route Selec-
7	TION.—The analysis under subsection (b) shall include a
8	consideration whether, and to what extent, the procedures
9	analyzed for purposes of that subsection take into account
10	the following:
11	(1) The proximity of the routes under consider-
12	ation to major population centers and the risks asso-
13	ciated with shipments of spent nuclear fuel from re-
14	search nuclear reactors through densely populated
15	areas.
16	(2) Current traffic and accident data with re-
17	spect to the routes under consideration.
18	(3) The quality of the roads comprising the
19	routes under consideration.
20	(4) Emergency response capabilities along the
21	routes under consideration.
22	(5) The proximity of the routes under consider-
23	ation to places or venues (including sports stadiums,
24	convention centers, concert halls and theaters, and
25	other venues) where large numbers of people gather.

1	(d) Recommendations.—In conducting the study
2	under subsection (a), the National Academy of Sciences
3	shall also make such recommendations regarding the mat-
4	ters studied as the National Academy of Sciences considers
5	appropriate.
6	(e) Deadline for Dispersal of Funds for
7	Study.—The Secretary shall disperse to the National Acad-
8	emy of Sciences the funds for the cost of the study required
9	by subsection (a) not later than 30 days after the date of
10	the enactment of this Act.
11	(f) Report on Results of Study.—Not later than
12	6 months after the date of the dispersal of funds under sub-
13	section (e), the National Academy of Sciences shall submit
14	to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the
15	study conducted under subsection (a), including the rec-
16	ommendations required by subsection (d).
17	(g) Appropriate Committees of Congress De-
18	FINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees
19	of Congress" means—
20	(1) the Committees on Commerce, Science, and
21	Transportation, Energy and Natural Resources, and
22	Environment and Public Works of the Senate; and
23	(2) the Committee on Energy and Commerce of
24	the House of Representatives.

1									
1	SEC	1708.	REPORT	ON	ENERGY	SAVINGS	AND	WATER	USE

- 2 (a) Report.—The Secretary of Energy shall conduct
- 3 a study of opportunities to reduce energy use by cost-effec-
- 4 tive improvements in the efficiency of municipal water and
- 5 wastewater treatment and use, including water pumps, mo-
- 6 tors, and delivery systems; purification, conveyance and
- 7 distribution; upgrading of aging water infrastructure, and
- 8 improved methods for leakage monitoring, measuring, and
- 9 reporting; and public education.
- 10 (b) Submission of Report.—The Secretary of En-
- 11 ergy shall submit a report on the results of the study, in-
- 12 cluding any recommendations for implementation of meas-
- 13 ures and estimates of costs and resource savings, no later
- 14 than 2 years from the date of enactment of this section.
- 15 (c) AUTHORIZATION.—There is hereby authorized to be
- 16 appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out
- 17 the purposes of this section.
- 18 SEC. 1709. REPORT ON RESEARCH ON HYDROGEN PRODUC-
- 19 TION AND USE.
- Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment
- 21 of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to Congress
- 22 a report that identifies current or potential research
- 23 projects at Department of Energy nuclear facilities relating
- 24 to the production or use of hydrogen in fuel cell development
- 25 or any other method or process enhancing alternative en-
- 26 ergy production technologies.

1	DIVISION G—ENERGY
2	INFRASTRUCTURE SECURITY
3	TITLE XVIII—CRITICAL ENERGY
4	INFRASTRUCTURE
5	Subtitle A—Department of Energy
6	Programs
7	SEC. 1801. DEFINITIONS.
8	In this title:
9	(1) Critical energy infrastructure.—
10	(A) In General.—The term "critical en-
11	ergy infrastructure" means a physical or cyber-
12	based system or service for—
13	(i) the generation, transmission or dis-
14	tribution of electric energy; or
15	(ii) the production, refining, or storage
16	of petroleum, natural gas, or petroleum
17	product—
18	the incapacity or destruction of which would
19	have a debilitating impact on the defense or eco-
20	nomic security of the United States.
21	(B) Exclusion.—The term shall not in-
22	clude a facility that is licensed by the Nuclear
23	Regulatory Commission under section 103 or
24	104b. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42
25	$USC(2133 \ and \ 2134(h))$

1	(2) Department; national laboratory; sec-
2	Retary.—The terms "Department", "National Lab-
3	oratory", and "Secretary" have the meaning given
4	such terms in section 1203.
5	SEC. 1802. ROLE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.
6	Section 102 of the Department of Energy Organization
7	Act (42 U.S.C. 7112) is amended by adding at the end the
8	following:
9	"(20) To ensure the safety, reliability, and secu-
10	rity of the Nation's energy infrastructure, and to re-
11	spond to any threat to or disruption of such infra-
12	structure, through activities including—
13	"(A) research and development;
14	"(B) financial assistance, technical assist-
15	ance, and cooperative activities with States, in-
16	dustry, and other interested parties; and
17	"(C) education and public outreach activi-
18	ties.".
19	SEC. 1803. CRITICAL ENERGY INFRASTRUCTURE PRO-
20	GRAMS.
21	(a) Programs.—In addition to the authorities other-
22	wise provided by law (including section 1261), the Sec-
23	retary is authorized to establish programs of financial, tech-
24	nical, or administrative assistance to—

1	(1) enhance the security of critical energy infra-
2	structure in the United States;
3	(2) develop and disseminate, in cooperation with
4	industry, best practices for critical energy infrastruc-
5	ture assurance; and
6	(3) protect against, mitigate the effect of, and
7	improve the ability to recover from disruptive inci-
8	dents affecting critical energy infrastructure.
9	(b) Requirements.—A program established under
10	this section shall—
11	(1) be undertaken in consultation with the advi-
12	sory committee established under section 1804;
13	(2) have available to it the scientific and tech-
14	nical resources of the Department, including resources
15	at a National Laboratory; and
16	(3) be consistent with any overall Federal plan
17	for national infrastructure security developed by the
18	President or his designee.
19	SEC. 1804. ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON ENERGY INFRA-
20	STRUCTURE SECURITY.
21	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish
22	an advisory committee, or utilize an existing advisory com-
23	mittee within the Department, to advise the Secretary on
24	policies and programs related to the security of United
25	States energy infrastructure.

1	(b) Balanced Membership.—The Secretary shall en-
2	sure that the advisory committee established or utilized
3	under subsection (a) has a membership with an appropriate
4	balance among the various interests related to energy infra-
5	structure security, including—
6	(1) scientific and technical experts;
7	(2) industrial managers;
8	(3) worker representatives;
9	(4) insurance companies or organizations;
10	(5) environmental organizations;
11	(6) representatives of State, local, and tribal gov-
12	ernments; and
13	(7) such other interests as the Secretary may
14	$deem\ appropriate.$
15	(c) Expenses.—Members of the advisory committee
16	established or utilized under subsection (a) shall serve with-
17	out compensation, and shall be allowed travel expenses, in-
18	cluding per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized
19	$for \ an \ employee \ of \ an \ agency \ under \ subchapter \ I \ of \ chapter$
20	57 of title 5, United States Code, while away from the home
21	or regular place of business of the member in the perform-
22	ance of the duties of the committee.

1	SEC. 1805. BEST PRACTICES AND STANDARDS FOR ENERGY
2	INFRASTRUCTURE SECURITY.
3	The Secretary, in consultation with the advisory com-
4	mittee under section 1804, shall enter into appropriate ar-
5	rangements with one or more standard-setting organiza-
6	tions, or similar organizations, to assist the development
7	of industry best practices and standards for security related
8	to protecting critical energy infrastructure.
9	Subtitle B—Department of the
10	Interior Programs
11	SEC. 1811. OUTER CONTINENTAL SHELF ENERGY INFRA
12	STRUCTURE SECURITY.
13	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
14	(1) Approved state plan.—The term "ap-
15	proved State plan" means a State plan approved by
16	the Secretary under subsection $(c)(3)$ .
17	(2) Coastline.—The term "coastline" has the
18	same meaning as the term "coast line" as defined in
19	subsection 2(c) of the Submerged Lands Act (45
20	$U.S.C. \ 1301(c)).$
21	(3) Critical ocs energy infrastructure fa-
22	CILITY.—The term "OCS critical energy infrastruc-
23	ture facility" means—
24	(A) a facility located in an OCS Production
25	State or in the waters of such State related to the

1	production of oil or gas on the Outer Continental
2	Shelf; or
3	(B) a related facility located in an OCS
4	Production State or in the waters of such State
5	that carries out a public service, transportation,
6	or infrastructure activity critical to the oper-
7	ation of an Outer Continental Shelf energy in-
8	frastructure facility, as determined by the Sec-
9	retary.
10	(4) DISTANCE.—The term "distance" means the
11	minimum great circle distance, measured in statute
12	miles.
13	(5) Leased tract.—
14	(A) In general.—The term "leased tract"
15	means a tract that—
16	(i) is subject to a lease under section 6
17	or 8 of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands
18	Act (43 U.S.C. 1335, 1337) for the purpose
19	of drilling for, developing, and producing
20	oil or natural gas resources; and
21	(ii) consists of a block, a portion of a
22	block, a combination of blocks or portions of
23	blocks, or a combination of portions of
24	blocks, as—
25	(I) specified in the lease; and

1	(II) depicted on an outer Conti-
2	nental Shelf official protraction dia-
3	gram.
4	(B) Exclusion.—The term 'leased tract'
5	does not include a tract described in subpara-
6	graph (A) that is located in a geographic area
7	subject to a leasing moratorium on January 1,
8	2001, unless the lease was in production on that
9	date.
10	(6) OCS POLITICAL SUBDIVISION.—The term
11	"OCS political subdivision" means a county, parish,
12	borough or any equivalent subdivision of an OCS
13	Production State all or part of which subdivision lies
14	within the coastal zone (as defined in section 304(1)
15	of the Coastal Zone Management Act of 1972 (16
16	U.S.C. 1453(1)).
17	(7) OCS PRODUCTION STATE.—The term "OCS
18	Production State" means the State of—
19	(A) Alaska;
20	$(B)\ Alabama;$
21	(C) California;
22	(D) $Florida;$
23	$(E)\ Louisiana;$
24	$(F)\ Mississippi;\ or$
25	(G) Texas.

- 1 (8) PRODUCTION.—The term "production" has 2 the meaning given the term in section 2 of the Outer 3 Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1331).
  - (9) PROGRAM.—The term "program" means the Outer Continental Shelf Energy Infrastructure Security Program established under subsection (b).
  - (10) Qualified outer continental shelf REVENUES.—The term "qualified Outer Continental Shelf revenues" means all amounts received by the United States from each leased tract or portion of a leased tract lying seaward of the zone defined and governed by section 8(g) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1331 et sea.), or lying within such zone but to which section 8(q) does not apply, the geographic center of which lies within a distance of 200 miles from any part of the coastline of any State, including bonus bids, rents, royalties (including payments for royalties taken in kind and sold), net profit share payments, and related late payment interest. Such term does not include any revenues from a leased tract or portion of a leased tract that is included within any area of the Outer Continental Shelf where a moratorium on new leasing was in effect as of January 1, 2001, unless the lease was

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1	issued prior to the establishment of the moratorium
2	and was in production on January 1, 2001.
3	(11) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
4	the Secretary of the Interior.
5	(12) State plan.—The term "State plan"
6	means a State plan described in subsection (b).
7	(b) Establishment.—The Secretary shall establish a
8	program, to be known as the "Outer Continental Shelf En-
9	ergy Infrastructure Security Program", under which the
10	Secretary shall provide funds to OCS Production States to
11	implement approved State plans to provide security against
12	hostile and natural threats to critical OCS energy infra-
13	structure facilities and support of any necessary public
14	service or transportation activities that are needed to main-
15	tain the safety and operation of critical energy infrastruc-
16	ture activities. For purposes of this program, restoration
17	of any coastal wetland shall be considered to be an activity
18	that secures critical OCS energy infrastructure facilities
19	from a natural threat.
20	(c) State Plans.—
21	(1) Initial plan.—Not later than 180 days
22	after the date of enactment of this Act, to be eligible
23	to receive funds under the program, the Governor of
24	an OCS Production State shall submit to the Sec-
25	retary a plan to provide security against hostile and

1	natural threats to critical energy infrastructure facili-
2	ties in the OCS Production State and to support any
3	of the necessary public service or transportation ac-
4	tivities that are needed to maintain the safety and
5	operation of critical energy infrastructure facilities.
6	Such plan shall include—
7	(A) the name of the State agency that will
8	have the authority to represent and act for the
9	State in dealing with the Secretary for purposes
10	of this section;
11	(B) a program for the implementation of
12	the plan which describes how the amounts pro-
13	vided under this section will be used;
14	(C) a contact for each OCS political sub-
15	division and description of how such political
16	subdivisions will use amounts provided under
17	this section, including a certification by the Gov-
18	ernor that such uses are consistent with the re-
19	quirements of this section; and
20	(D) measures for taking into account other
21	relevant Federal resources and programs.
22	(2) Annual reviews.—Not later than 1 year
23	after the date of submission of the plan and annually
24	thereafter, the Governor of an OCS Production State
25	shall—

1	(A) review the approved State plan; and
2	(B) submit to the Secretary any revised
3	State plan resulting from the review.
4	(3) Approval of plans.—
5	(A) In general.—In consultation with ap-
6	propriate Federal security officials and the Sec-
7	retaries of Commerce and Energy, the Secretary
8	shall—
9	(i) approve each State plan; or
10	(ii) recommend changes to the State
11	plan.
12	(B) Resubmission of state plans.—If
13	the Secretary recommends changes to a State
14	plan under subparagraph (A)(ii), the Governor
15	of the OCS Production State may resubmit a re-
16	vised State plan to the Secretary for approval.
17	(4) AVAILABILITY OF PLANS.—The Secretary
18	shall provide to Congress a copy of each approved
19	State plan.
20	(5) Consultation and public comment.—
21	(A) Consultation.—The Governor of an
22	OCS Production State shall develop the State
23	plan in consultation with Federal, State, and
24	local law enforcement and public safety officials,

1	industry, Indian tribes, the scientific commu-
2	nity, and other persons as appropriate.
3	(B) Public comment.—The Governor of
4	an OCS Production State may solicit public
5	comments on the State plan to the extent that the
6	Governor determines to be appropriate.
7	(d) Allocation of Amounts by the Secretary.—
8	The Secretary shall allocate the amounts made available for
9	the purposes of carrying out the program provided for by
10	this section among OCS Production States as follows:
11	(1) twenty-five percent of the amounts shall be
12	divided equally among OCS Production States.
13	(2) seventy-five percent of the amounts shall be
14	divided among OCS Production States on the basis of
15	the proximity of each OCS Production State to off-
16	shore locations at which oil and gas are being pro-
17	duced.
18	(e) Calculation.—The amount for each OCS Produc-
19	tion State under paragraph (d)(2) shall be calculated based
20	on the ratio of qualified OCS revenues generated off the
21	coastline of the OCS Production State to the qualified OCS
22	revenues generated off the coastlines of all OCS Production
23	States for the prior 5-year period. Where there is more than
24	one OCS Production State within 200 miles of a leased
25	tract, the amount of each OCS Production State's payment

- 1 under paragraph (d)(2) for such leased tract shall be in-
- 2 versely proportional to the distance between the nearest
- 3 point on the coastline of such State and the geographic cen-
- 4 ter of each leased tract or portion of the leased tract (to
- 5 the nearest whole mile) that is within 200 miles of that
- 6 coastline, as determined by the Secretary. A leased tract or
- 7 portion of a leased tract shall be excluded if the tract or
- 8 portion is located in a geographic area where a moratorium
- 9 on new leasing was in effect on January 1, 2001, unless
- 10 the lease was issued prior to the establishment of the mora-
- 11 torium and was in production on January 1, 2001.
- 12 (f) Payments to OCS Political Subdivisions.—
- 13 Thirty-five percent of each OCS Production State's allo-
- 14 cable share as determined under subsection (e) shall be paid
- 15 directly to the OCS political subdivisions by the Secretary
- 16 based on the following formula:
- 17 (1) twenty-five percent shall be allocated based
- on the ratio of such OCS political subdivision's popu-
- 19 lation to the population of all OCS political subdivi-
- sions in the OCS Production State.
- 21 (2) twenty-five percent shall be allocated based
- on the ratio of such OCS political subdivision's coast-
- 23 line miles to the coastline miles of all OCS political
- 24 subdivisions in the OCS Production State. For pur-
- 25 poses of this subsection, those OCS political subdivi-

sions without coastlines shall be considered to have a coastline that is the average length of the coastlines of all political subdivisions in the State.

(3) fifty percent shall be allocated based on the relative distance of such OCS political subdivision from any leased tract used to calculate that OCS Production State's allocation using ratios that are inversely proportional to the distance between the point in the coastal political subdivision closest to the geographic center of each leased tract or portion, as determined by the Secretary. For purposes of the calculations under this subparagraph, a leased tract or portion of a leased tract shall be excluded if the leased tract or portion is located in a geographic area where a moratorium on new leasing was in effect on January 1, 2001, unless the lease was issued prior to the establishment of the moratorium and was in production on January 1, 2001.

19 (g) Failure To Have Plan Approved.—Any 20 amount allocated to an OCS Production State or OCS po-21 litical subdivision but not disbursed because of a failure to 22 have an approved Plan under this section shall be allocated 23 equally by the Secretary among all other OCS Production 24 States in a manner consistent with this subsection except 25 that the Secretary shall hold in escrow such amount until

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1	the final resolution of any appeal regarding the disapproval
2	of a plan submitted under this section. The Secretary may
3	waive the provisions of this paragraph and hold an OCS
4	Production State's allocable share in escrow if the Secretary
5	determines that such State is making a good faith effort
6	to develop and submit, or update, a Plan.
7	(h) Use of Amounts Allocated by the Sec-
8	RETARY.—
9	(1) In general.—Amounts allocated by the Sec-
10	retary under subsection (d) may be used only in ac-
11	cordance with a plan approved pursuant to sub-
12	section (c) for—
13	(A) activities to secure critical OCS energy
14	infrastructure facilities from human or natural
15	threats; and
16	(B) support of any necessary public service
17	or transportation activities that are needed to
18	maintain the safety and operation of critical
19	OCS energy infrastructure facilities.
20	(2) Restoration of coastal wetland.—For
21	the purpose of subparagraph $(1)(A)$ , restoration of
22	any coastal wetland shall be considered to be an ac-
23	tivity that secures critical OCS energy infrastructure
24	facilities from a natural threat.

- 1 (i) Failure To Have Use.—Any amount allocated
- 2 to an OCS political subdivision but not disbursed because
- 3 of a failure to have a qualifying use as described in sub-
- 4 section (h) shall be allocated by the Secretary to the OCS
- 5 Production State in which the OCS political subdivision
- 6 is located except that the Secretary shall hold in escrow such
- 7 amount until the final resolution of any appeal regarding
- 8 the use of the funds.
- 9 (j) Compliance With Authorized Uses.—If the
- 10 Secretary determines that any expenditure made by an
- 11 OCS Production State or an OCS political subdivision is
- 12 not consistent with the uses authorized in subsection (h),
- 13 the Secretary shall not disburse any further amounts under
- 14 this section to that OCS Production State or OCS political
- 15 subdivision until the amounts used for the inconsistent ex-
- 16 penditure have been repaid or obligated for authorized uses.
- 17 (k) Rulemaking.—The Secretary may promulgate
- 18 such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry
- 19 out the purposes of this section, including rules and regula-
- 20 tions setting forth an appropriate process for appeals.
- 21 (1) Authorization of Appropriations.—There are
- 22 hereby authorized to be appropriated \$450,000,000 for each
- 23 of the fiscal years 2003 through 2008 to carry out the pur-
- 24 poses of this section.

1	DIVISION H—ENERGY TAX
2	INCENTIVES
3	SEC. 1900. SHORT TITLE; ETC.
4	(a) Short Title.—This division may be cited as the
5	"Energy Tax Incentives Act of 2003".
6	(b) Amendment of 1986 Code.—Except as otherwise
7	expressly provided, whenever in this division an amend-
8	ment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to,
9	or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall
10	be considered to be made to a section or other provision
11	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
12	TITLE XIX—EXTENSION AND
13	MODIFICATION OF RENEW-
14	ABLE ELECTRICITY PRODUC-
15	TION TAX CREDIT
16	SEC. 1901. THREE-YEAR EXTENSION OF CREDIT FOR PRO-
17	DUCING ELECTRICITY FROM WIND AND POUL-
18	TRY WASTE.
19	(a) In General.—Subparagraphs (A) and (C) of sec-
20	tion $45(c)(3)$ (relating to qualified facility), as amended by
21	section 603(a) of the Job Creation and Worker Assistance
22	Act of 2002, are each amended by striking "January 1,
23	2004" and inserting "January 1, 2007".
24	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
25	section shall apply to electricity sold after the date of the

1	enactment of this Act, in taxable years ending after such
2	date.
3	SEC. 1902. CREDIT FOR ELECTRICITY PRODUCED FROM BIO-
4	MASS.
5	(a) Extension and Modification of Placed-In-
6	Service Rules.—Paragraph (3) of section 45(c) is
7	amended—
8	(1) by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting
9	the following new subparagraph:
10	"(B) Closed-loop biomass facility.—
11	"(i) In GENERAL.—In the case of a fa-
12	cility using closed-loop biomass to produce
13	electricity, the term 'qualified facility'
14	means any facility—
15	"(I) owned by the taxpayer which
16	is originally placed in service after De-
17	cember 31, 1992, and before January
18	1, 2007, or
19	"(II) owned by the taxpayer
20	which is originally placed in service
21	before January 1, 1993, and modified
22	to use closed-loop biomass to co-fire
23	with coal before January 1, 2007, as
24	approved under the Biomass Power for
25	Rural Development Programs or under

1	a pilot project of the Commodity Cred-
2	it Corporation as described in 65 Fed.
3	Reg. 63052.
4	"(ii) Special rules.—In the case of a
5	qualified facility described in clause
6	(i)(II)—
7	"(I) the 10-year period referred to
8	in subsection (a) shall be treated as be-
9	ginning no earlier than the date of the
10	enactment of this subclause, and
11	"(II) if the owner of such facility
12	is not the producer of the electricity,
13	the person eligible for the credit allow-
14	able under subsection (a) is the lessee
15	or the operator of such facility.", and
16	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
17	paragraph:
18	"(D) BIOMASS FACILITY.—
19	"(i) In general.—In the case of a fa-
20	cility using biomass (other than closed-loop
21	biomass) to produce electricity, the term
22	'qualified facility' means any facility owned
23	by the taxpayer which is originally placed
24	in service before January 1, 2005.

1	"(ii) Special rule for
2	POSTEFFECTIVE DATE FACILITIES.—In the
3	case of any facility described in clause (i)
4	which is placed in service after the date of
5	the enactment of this clause, the 3-year pe-
6	riod beginning on the date the facility is
7	originally placed in service shall be sub-
8	stituted for the 10-year period in subsection
9	(a)(2)(A)(ii).
10	"(iii) Special rules for
11	PREEFFECTIVE DATE FACILITIES.—In the
12	case of any facility described in clause (i)
13	which is placed in service before the date of
14	the enactment of this clause—
15	"(I) subsection (a)(1) shall be ap-
16	plied by substituting '1.0 cents' for '1.5
17	cents', and
18	"(II) the 3-year period beginning
19	after December 31, 2002, shall be sub-
20	stituted for the 10-year period in sub-
21	section $(a)(2)(A)(ii)$ .
22	"(iv) Credit eligibility.—In the
23	case of any facility described in clause (i),
24	if the owner of such facility is not the pro-
25	ducer of the electricity, the person eligible

1	for the credit allowable under subsection (a)
2	is the lessee or the operator of such facil-
3	ity.".
4	(b) Definition of Biomass.—
5	(1) In General.—Section 45(c)(1) (defining
6	qualified energy resources) is amended—
7	(A) by striking "and" at the end of sub-
8	paragraph (B),
9	(B) by striking the period at the end of sub-
10	paragraph (C) and inserting ", and", and
11	(C) by adding at the end the following new
12	subparagraph:
13	"(D) biomass (other than closed-loop bio-
14	mass).".
15	(2) Biomass defined.—Section 45(c) (relating
16	to definitions) is amended by adding at the end the
17	following new paragraph:
18	"(5) BIOMASS.—The term 'biomass' means any
19	solid, nonhazardous, cellulosic waste material which
20	is segregated from other waste materials and which is
21	derived from—
22	"(A) any of the following forest-related re-
23	sources: mill residues, precommercial thinnings,
24	slash, and brush, but not including old-growth
25	timber (other than old-growth timber which has

1	been permitted or contracted for removal by any
2	appropriate Federal authority through the Na-
3	tional Environmental Policy Act or by any ap-
4	propriate State authority),
5	"(B) solid wood waste materials, including
6	waste pallets, crates, dunnage, manufacturing
7	and construction wood wastes (other than pres-
8	sure-treated, chemically-treated, or painted wood
9	wastes), and landscape or right-of-way tree trim-
10	mings, but not including municipal solid waste
11	(garbage), gas derived from the biodegradation of
12	solid waste, or paper that is commonly recycled,
13	or
14	"(C) agriculture sources, including orchard
15	tree crops, vineyard, grain, legumes, sugar, and
16	other crop by-products or residues.".
17	(c) Coordination With Section 29.—Section 45(c)
18	(relating to definitions) is amended by adding at the end
19	the following new paragraph:
20	"(6) Coordination with section 29.—The
21	term 'qualified facility' shall not include any facility
22	the production from which is taken into account in
23	determining any credit under section 29 for the tax-
24	able year or any prior taxable year.".
25	(d) Clerical Amendments.—

1	(1) The heading for subsection (c) of section 45
2	is amended by inserting "AND Special Rules" after
3	"Definitions".
4	(2) The heading for subsection (d) of section 45
5	is amended by inserting "ADDITIONAL" before "DEFI-
6	NITIONS".
7	(e) Effective Dates.—
8	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
9	graph (2), the amendments made by this section shall
10	apply to electricity sold after the date of the enact-
11	ment of this Act.
12	(2) Certain biomass facilities.—With respect
13	to any facility described in section $45(c)(3)(D)(i)$ of
14	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added by this
15	section, which is placed in service before the date of
16	the enactment of this Act, the amendments made by
17	this section shall apply to electricity sold after Decem-
18	ber 31, 2002.
19	SEC. 1903. CREDIT FOR ELECTRICITY PRODUCED FROM
20	SWINE AND BOVINE WASTE NUTRIENTS, GEO-
21	THERMAL ENERGY, AND SOLAR ENERGY.
22	(a) Expansion of Qualified Energy Re-
23	SOURCES.—
24	(1) In General.—Section $45(c)(1)$ (defining
25	qualified energy resources), as amended by this Act,

1	is amended by striking "and" at the end of subpara-
2	graph (C), by striking the period at the end of sub-
3	paragraph (D) and inserting a comma, and by add-
4	ing at the end the following new subparagraphs:
5	"(E) swine and bovine waste nutrients,
6	"(F) geothermal energy, and
7	"(G) solar energy.".
8	(2) Definitions.—Section 45(c) (relating to
9	definitions and special rules), as amended by this
10	Act, is amended by redesignating paragraph (6) as
11	paragraph (8) and by inserting after paragraph (5)
12	the following new paragraphs:
13	"(6) Swine and bovine waste nutrients.—
14	The term 'swine and bovine waste nutrients' means
15	swine and bovine manure and litter, including bed-
16	ding material for the disposition of manure.
17	"(7) Geothermal energy.—The term 'geo-
18	thermal energy' means energy derived from a geo-
19	thermal deposit (within the meaning of section
20	613(e)(2)).".
21	(b) Extension and Modification of Placed-
22	In-Service Rules.—Section 45(c)(3) (relating to
23	qualified facility), as amended by this Act, is amend-
24	ed by adding at the end the following new subpara-
25	graphs:

1	"(E) Swine and bovine waste nutrients
2	FACILITY.—In the case of a facility using swine
3	and bovine waste nutrients to produce electricity,
4	the term 'qualified facility' means any facility
5	owned by the taxpayer which is originally placed
6	in service after the date of the enactment of this
7	subparagraph and before January 1, 2007.
8	"(F) Geothermal or solar energy fa-
9	CILITY.—
10	"(i) In general.—In the case of a fa-
11	cility using geothermal or solar energy to
12	produce electricity, the term 'qualified facil-
13	ity' means any facility owned by the tax-
14	payer which is originally placed in service
15	after the date of the enactment of this clause
16	and before January 1, 2007.
17	"(ii) Special rule.—In the case of
18	any facility described in clause (i), the 5-
19	year period beginning on the date the facil-
20	ity was originally placed in service shall be
21	substituted for the 10-year period in sub-
22	section $(a)(2)(A)(ii)$ .".
23	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
24	section shall apply to electricity sold after the date of the

1	enactment of this Act, in taxable years ending after such
2	date.
3	SEC. 1904. TREATMENT OF PERSONS NOT ABLE TO USE EN-
4	TIRE CREDIT.
5	(a) In General.—Section 45(d) (relating to addi-
6	tional definitions and special rules), as amended by this
7	Act, is amended by adding at the end the following new
8	paragraph:
9	"(8) Treatment of Persons not able to use
10	ENTIRE CREDIT.—
11	"(A) Allowance of credit.—
12	"(i) In general.—Except as otherwise
13	provided in this subsection—
14	"(I) any credit allowable under
15	subsection (a) with respect to a quali-
16	fied facility owned by a person de-
17	scribed in clause (ii) may be trans-
18	ferred or used as provided in this
19	paragraph, and
20	"(II) the determination as to
21	whether the credit is allowable shall be
22	made without regard to the tax-exempt
23	status of the person.
24	"(ii) Persons described.—A person
25	is described in this clause if the person is—

1	"(I) an organization described in
2	section $501(c)(12)(C)$ and exempt from
3	$tax\ under\ section\ 501(a),$
4	"(II) an organization described in
5	section $1381(a)(2)(C)$ ,
6	"(III) a public utility (as defined
7	in section $136(c)(2)(B)$ ), which is ex-
8	empt from income tax under this sub-
9	title,
10	"(IV) any State or political sub-
11	division thereof, the District of Colum-
12	bia, any possession of the United
13	States, or any agency or instrumen-
14	tality of any of the foregoing, or
15	"(V) any Indian tribal govern-
16	ment (within the meaning of section
17	7871) or any agency or instrumen-
18	tality thereof.
19	"(B) Transfer of credit.—
20	"(i) In general.—A person described
21	in subparagraph (A)(ii) may transfer any
22	credit to which subparagraph (A)(i) applies
23	through an assignment to any other person
24	not described in subparagraph (A)(ii). Such

1	transfer may be revoked only with the con-
2	sent of the Secretary.
3	"(ii) Regulations.—The Secretary
4	shall prescribe such regulations as necessary
5	to ensure that any credit described in clause
6	(i) is claimed once and not reassigned by
7	such other person.
8	"(iii) Transfer proceeds treated
9	AS ARISING FROM ESSENTIAL GOVERNMENT
10	Function.—Any proceeds derived by a per-
11	son described in subclause (III), (IV), or (V)
12	of subparagraph (A)(ii) from the transfer of
13	any credit under clause (i) shall be treated
14	as arising from the exercise of an essential
15	$government\ function.$
16	"(C) Use of credit as an offset.—Not-
17	withstanding any other provision of law, in the
18	case of a person described in subclause (I), (II),
19	or (V) of subparagraph (A)(ii), any credit to
20	which subparagraph (A)(i) applies may be ap-
21	plied by such person, to the extent provided by
22	the Secretary of Agriculture, as a prepayment of
23	any loan, debt, or other obligation the entity has
24	$incurred\ under\ subchapter\ I\ of\ chapter\ 31\ of\ title$
25	7 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7

1	U.S.C. 901 et seq.), as in effect on the date of the
2	enactment of the Energy Tax Incentives Act of
3	2003.
4	"(D) Credit not income.—Any transfer
5	under subparagraph (B) or use under subpara-
6	graph (C) of any credit to which subparagraph
7	(A)(i) applies shall not be treated as income for
8	purposes of section $501(c)(12)$ .
9	"(E) Treatment of unrelated per-
10	SONS.—For purposes of subsection $(a)(2)(B)$ ,
11	sales among and between persons described in
12	subparagraph (A)(ii) shall be treated as sales be-
13	tween unrelated parties.".
14	(b) Credits Not Reduced by Tax-Exempt Bonds
15	OR CERTAIN OTHER Subsidies.—Section 45(b)(3) (relat-
16	ing to credit reduced for grants, tax-exempt bonds, sub-
17	sidized energy financing, and other credits) is amended—
18	(1) by striking clause (ii),
19	(2) by redesignating clauses (iii) and (iv) as
20	clauses (ii) and (iii),
21	(3) by inserting "(other than any loan, debt, or
22	$other\ obligation\ incurred\ under\ subchapter\ I\ of\ chap-$
23	ter 31 of title 7 of the Rural Electrification Act of
24	1936 (7 U.S.C. 901 et seq.), as in effect on the date
25	of the enactment of the Energy Tax Incentives Act of

2003)" after "project" in clause (ii) (as so redesig-1 2 nated), (4) by adding at the end the following new sen-3 tence: "This paragraph shall not apply with respect 4 described 5 tofacility insubsection any 6 (c)(3)(B)(i)(II).", and (5) by striking "TAX-EXEMPT BONDS," in the 7 8 heading and inserting "CERTAIN". 9 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to electricity sold after the date of the 10 enactment of this Act, in taxable years ending after such 12 date. SEC. 1905. CREDIT FOR ELECTRICITY PRODUCED FROM 14 SMALL IRRIGATION POWER. 15 (a) In General.—Section 45(c)(1) (defining qualified energy resources), as amended by this Act, is amended by striking "and" at the end of subparagraph (F), by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (G) and inserting 18 ", and", and by adding at the end the following new sub-19 20 paragraph: 21 "(H) small irrigation power.". 22 (b) QUALIFIED FACILITY.—Section 45(c)(3) (relating

to qualified facility), as amended by this Act, is amended

24 by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

1	"(G) Small irrigation power facil-
2	ITY.—In the case of a facility using small irriga-
3	tion power to produce electricity, the term 'quali-
4	fied facility' means any facility owned by the
5	taxpayer which is originally placed in service
6	after date of the enactment of this subparagraph
7	and before January 1, 2007.".
8	(c) Definition.—Section 45(c), as amended by this
9	Act, is amended by redesignating paragraph (8) as para-
10	graph (9) and by inserting after paragraph (7) the fol-
11	lowing new paragraph:
12	"(8) Small irrigation power.—The term
13	'small irrigation power' means power—
14	"(A) generated without any dam or im-
15	poundment of water through an irrigation sys-
16	tem canal or ditch, and
17	"(B) the installed capacity of which is less
18	than 5 megawatts.".
19	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
20	section shall apply to electricity sold after the date of the
21	enactment of this Act, in taxable years ending after such
22	date.

1	SEC. 1906. CREDIT FOR ELECTRICITY PRODUCED FROM MU-
2	NICIPAL BIOSOLIDS AND RECYCLED SLUDGE.
3	(a) In General.—Section 45(c)(1) (defining qualified
4	energy resources), as amended by this Act, is amended by
5	striking "and" at the end of subparagraph (F), by striking
6	the period at the end of subparagraph (G), and by adding
7	at the end the following new subparagraphs:
8	"(H) municipal biosolids, and
9	"(I) recycled sludge.".
10	(b) Qualified Facilities.—Section 45(c)(3) (relat-
11	ing to qualified facility), as amended by this Act, is amend-
12	ed by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:
13	"(G) Municipal biosolids facility.—In
14	the case of a facility using municipal biosolids
15	to produce electricity, the term 'qualified facility'
16	means any facility owned by the taxpayer which
17	is originally placed in service after December 31,
18	2001, and before January 1, 2007.
19	"(H) Recycled sludge facility.—
20	"(i) In General.—In the case of a fa-
21	cility using recycled sludge to produce elec-
22	tricity, the term 'qualified facility' means
23	any facility owned by the taxpayer which is
24	originally placed in service before January
25	1, 2007.

1	"(ii) Special rule.—In the case of a
2	qualified facility described in clause (i), the
3	10-year period referred to in subsection (a)
4	shall be treated as beginning no earlier than
5	the date of the enactment of this subpara-
6	graph.".
7	(c) Definitions.—Section 45(c), as amended by this
8	Act, is amended by redesignating paragraph (8) as para-
9	graph (10) and by inserting after paragraph (7) the fol-
10	lowing new paragraphs:
11	"(8) Municipal biosolids.—The term 'munic-
12	ipal biosolids' means the residue or solids removed by
13	a municipal wastewater treatment facility.
14	"(9) Recycled sludge.—
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'recycled
16	sludge' means the recycled residue byproduct cre-
17	ated in the treatment of commercial, industrial,
18	municipal, or navigational wastewater.
19	"(B) Recycled.—The term 'recycled'
20	means the processing of residue into a market-
21	able product, but does not include incineration
22	for the purpose of volume reduction.".
23	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
24	section shall apply to electricity sold after the date of the

1	enactment of this Act, in taxable years ending after such
2	date.
3	TITLE XX—ALTERNATIVE MOTOR
4	VEHICLES AND FUELS INCEN-
5	TIVES
6	SEC. 2001. ALTERNATIVE MOTOR VEHICLE CREDIT.
7	(a) In General.—Subpart B of part IV of subchapter
8	A of chapter 1 (relating to foreign tax credit, etc.) is amend-
9	ed by adding at the end the following new section:
10	"SEC. 30B. ALTERNATIVE MOTOR VEHICLE CREDIT.
11	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—There shall be allowed
12	as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the
13	taxable year an amount equal to the sum of—
14	"(1) the new qualified fuel cell motor vehicle
15	credit determined under subsection (b),
16	"(2) the new qualified hybrid motor vehicle cred-
17	it determined under subsection (c), and
18	"(3) the new qualified alternative fuel motor ve-
19	hicle credit determined under subsection (d).
20	"(b) New Qualified Fuel Cell Motor Vehicle
21	Credit.—
22	"(1) In general.—For purposes of subsection
23	(a), the new qualified fuel cell motor vehicle credit de-
24	termined under this subsection with respect to a new

1	qualified fuel cell motor vehicle placed in service by
2	the taxpayer during the taxable year is—
3	"(A) \$4,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
4	hicle weight rating of not more than 8,500
5	pounds,
6	"(B) \$10,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
7	hicle weight rating of more than 8,500 pounds
8	but not more than 14,000 pounds,
9	"(C) \$20,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
10	hicle weight rating of more than 14,000 pounds
11	but not more than 26,000 pounds, and
12	"(D) \$40,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
13	hicle weight rating of more than 26,000 pounds.
14	"(2) Increase for fuel efficiency.—
15	"(A) In General.—The amount determined
16	under paragraph (1)(A) with respect to a new
17	qualified fuel cell motor vehicle which is a pas-
18	senger automobile or light truck shall be in-
19	creased by—
20	"(i) \$1,000, if such vehicle achieves at
21	least 150 percent but less than 175 percent
22	of the 2000 model year city fuel economy,
23	"(ii) \$1,500, if such vehicle achieves at
24	least 175 percent but less than 200 percent
25	of the 2000 model year city fuel economy,

1	"(iii) \$2,000, if such vehicle achieves	
2	at least 200 percent but less than 225 per-	
3	cent of the 2000 model year city fuel econ-	
4	omy,	
5	"(iv) \$2,500, if such vehicle achieves at	
6	least 225 percent but less than 250 percent	
7	of the 2000 model year city fuel economy,	
8	"(v) \$3,000, if such vehicle achieves at	
9	least 250 percent but less than 275 percent	
10	of the 2000 model year city fuel economy,	
11	"(vi) \$3,500, if such vehicle achieves at	
12	least 275 percent but less than 300 percent	
13	of the 2000 model year city fuel economy,	
14	and	
15	"(vii) \$4,000, if such vehicle achieves	
16	at least 300 percent of the 2000 model year	
17	city fuel economy.	
18	"(B) 2000 model year city fuel econ-	
19	OMY.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the	
20	2000 model year city fuel economy with respect	
21	to a vehicle shall be determined in accordance	
22	with the following tables:	
23	"(i) In the case of a passenger auto-	
24	mobile:	
	The 2000 model year city         "If vehicle inertia weight class is:       fuel economy is:         1,500 or 1,750 lbs       43.7 mpg         2,000 lbs       38.3 mpg	

The 2000 model year city

	### ##################################	The 2000 model year city
	"If vehicle inertia weight class is:	fuel economy is:
	2,250 lbs	2 0
	2,500 lbs	1.0
	2,750 lbs	
	3,000 lbs	
	3,500 lbs	
	4,000 lbs	
	4,500 lbs	
	5,000 lbs	
	5,500 lbs	
	6,000 lbs	
	6,500 lbs	2 0
	7,000 to 8,500 lbs	
1	"(ii) In the case	e of a light truck:  The 2000 model year city
	"If vehicle inertia weight class is:	fuel economy is:
	1,500 or 1,750 lbs	
	2,000 lbs	~ ~
	2,250 lbs	30.6 mpg
	2,500 lbs	
	2,750 lbs	
	3,000 lbs	
	3,500 lbs	
	4,000 lbs	
	4,500 lbs	17.3 mpg
	5,000 lbs	
	5,500 lbs	
	6,000 lbs	
	6,500 lbs	
	7,000 to 8,500 lbs	
2	"(C) Vehicle iner	RTIA WEIGHT CLASS.—
3	For purposes of subparag	graph (B), the term 've-
4	hicle inertia weight class	' has the same meaning
5	as when defined in regul	ations prescribed by the
6	Administrator of the En	nvironmental Protection
7	Agency for purposes of th	e administration of title
8	II of the Clean Air Act (	42 U.S.C. 7521 et seq.).
9	"(3) New qualified fu	VEL CELL MOTOR VEHI-
10	CLE.—For purposes of this su	ubsection, the term 'new

1	qualified fuel cell motor vehicle' means a motor
2	vehicle—
3	"(A) which is propelled by power derived
4	from one or more cells which convert chemical
5	energy directly into electricity by combining ox-
6	ygen with hydrogen fuel which is stored on board
7	the vehicle in any form and may or may not re-
8	quire reformation prior to use,
9	"(B) which, in the case of a passenger auto-
10	mobile or light truck—
11	"(i) for 2002 and later model vehicles,
12	has received a certificate of conformity
13	under the Clean Air Act and meets or ex-
14	ceeds the equivalent qualifying California
15	low emission vehicle standard under section
16	243(e)(2) of the Clean Air Act for that make
17	and model year, and
18	"(ii) for 2004 and later model vehicles,
19	has received a certificate that such vehicle
20	meets or exceeds the Bin 5 Tier II emission
21	level established in regulations prescribed by
22	the Administrator of the Environmental
23	Protection Agency under section 202(i) of
24	the Clean Air Act for that make and model
25	year vehicle,

1	"(C) the original use of which commences
2	with the taxpayer,
3	"(D) which is acquired for use or lease by
4	the taxpayer and not for resale, and
5	"(E) which is made by a manufacturer.
6	"(c) New Qualified Hybrid Motor Vehicle Cred-
7	IT.—
8	"(1) In general.—For purposes of subsection
9	(a), the new qualified hybrid motor vehicle credit de-
10	termined under this subsection with respect to a new
11	qualified hybrid motor vehicle placed in service by the
12	taxpayer during the taxable year is the credit amount
13	determined under paragraph (2).
14	"(2) Credit amount.—
15	"(A) In general.—The credit amount de-
16	termined under this paragraph shall be deter-
17	mined in accordance with the following tables:
18	"(i) In the case of a new qualified hy-
19	brid motor vehicle which is a passenger
20	automobile or light truck and which pro-
21	vides the following percentage of the max-
22	imum available power:
	"If percentage of the maximum available power is:  At least 5 percent but less than 10 percent \$250  At least 10 percent but less than 20 percent \$500  At least 20 percent but less than 30 percent \$750  At least 30 percent \$1,000.

1	"(ii) In the case of a new qualified hy-
2	brid motor vehicle which is a heavy duty
3	hybrid motor vehicle and which provides the
4	following percentage of the maximum avail-
5	able power:
6	"(I) If such vehicle has a gross ve-
7	
	hicle weight rating of not more than
8	$14,000 \ pounds$ :
	"If percentage of the maximum
	available power is:  The credit amount is:
	At least 20 percent but less than 30 percent
	At least 30 percent but less than 40 percent
	At least 40 percent but less than 50 percent
	At least 50 percent but less than 60 percent\$2,250
	At least 60 percent
9	"(II) If such vehicle has a gross
10	vehicle weight rating of more than
11	14,000 but not more than 26,000
12	pounds:
	"If percentage of the maximum
	available power is:  The credit amount is:
	At least 20 percent but less than 30 percent
	At least 30 percent but less than 40 percent
	At least 40 percent but less than 50 percent
	At least 50 percent but less than 60 percent
	At least 60 percent
13	"(III) If such vehicle has a gross
14	vehicle weight rating of more than
15	26,000 pounds:
	"If percentage of the maximum
	available power is:  The credit amount is:
	At least 20 percent but less than 30 percent
	At least 30 percent but less than 40 percent
	At least 40 percent but less than 50 percent
	At least 50 percent but less than 60 percent
	At least 60 percent

1	"(B) Increase for fuel efficiency.—
2	"(i) Amount.—The amount deter-
3	mined under subparagraph (A)(i) with re-
4	spect to a new qualified hybrid motor vehi-
5	cle which is a passenger automobile or light
6	truck shall be increased by—
7	"(I) \$500, if such vehicle achieves
8	at least 125 percent but less than 150
9	percent of the 2000 model year city
10	$fuel\ economy,$
11	"(II) \$1,000, if such vehicle
12	achieves at least 150 percent but less
13	than 175 percent of the 2000 model
14	year city fuel economy,
15	"(III) \$1,500, if such vehicle
16	achieves at least 175 percent but less
17	than 200 percent of the 2000 model
18	year city fuel economy,
19	"(IV) \$2,000, if such vehicle
20	achieves at least 200 percent but less
21	than 225 percent of the 2000 model
22	year city fuel economy,
23	``(V) \$2,500, if such vehicle
24	achieves at least 225 percent but less

1	than 250 percent of the 2000 model
2	year city fuel economy, and
3	"(VI) \$3,000, if such vehicle
4	achieves at least 250 percent of the
5	2000 model year city fuel economy.
6	"(ii) 2000 model year city fuel
7	ECONOMY.—For purposes of clause (i), the
8	2000 model year city fuel economy with re-
9	spect to a vehicle shall be determined using
10	the tables provided in subsection $(b)(2)(B)$
11	with respect to such vehicle.
12	"(C) Increase for accelerated emis-
13	SIONS PERFORMANCE.—The amount determined
14	under subparagraph (A)(ii) with respect to an
15	applicable heavy duty hybrid motor vehicle shall
16	be increased by the increased credit amount de-
17	termined in accordance with the following tables:
18	"(i) In the case of a vehicle which has
19	a gross vehicle weight rating of not more
20	than 14,000 pounds:
	"If the model year is:       The increased credit amount is:         2002       \$3,500         2003       \$3,000         2004       \$2,500         2005       \$2,000         2006       \$1,500
21	"(ii) In the case of a vehicle which has
22	a gross vehicle weight rating of more than

1	1 14,000 pounds but	not more than 26,000
2	2 pounds:	
	"If the model year is: The in 2002	\$7,750 \$6,500 \$5,250
3	3 "(iii) In the ca	se of a vehicle which has
4	4 a gross vehicle weig	th rating of more than
5	5 26,000 pounds:	
	"If the model year is: The is 2002	\$12,000 \$10,000 \$8,000
6	6 "(D) DEFINITIONS.—	_
7	7 "(i) Applicable	LE HEAVY DUTY HYBRID
8	8 MOTOR VEHICLE.——	For purposes of subpara-
9	9 graph (C), the term	'applicable heavy duty
10	10 hybrid motor vehicl	le' means a heavy duty
11	11 hybrid motor vehicl	le which is powered by
12	an internal combi	ustion or heat engine
13	which is certified a	as meeting the emission
14	standards set in the	e regulations prescribed
15	by the Administrate	or of the Environmental
16	16 Protection Agency fe	or 2007 and later model
17	17 year diesel heavy di	uty engines, or for 2008
18	and later model yea	ar ottocycle heavy duty
19	19 engines, as applicab	le.

1	"(ii) Heavy duty hybrid motor ve-
2	HICLE.—For purposes of this paragraph,
3	the term 'heavy duty hybrid motor vehicle'
4	means a new qualified hybrid motor vehicle
5	which has a gross vehicle weight rating of
6	more than 10,000 pounds and draws pro-
7	pulsion energy from both of the following
8	onboard sources of stored energy:
9	"(I) An internal combustion or
10	heat engine using consumable fuel
11	which, for 2002 and later model vehi-
12	cles, has received a certificate of con-
13	formity under the Clean Air Act and
14	meets or exceeds a level of not greater
15	than 3.0 grams per brake horsepower—
16	hour of oxides of nitrogen and 0.01 per
17	brake horsepower-hour of particulate
18	matter.
19	"(II) A rechargeable energy stor-
20	$age\ system.$
21	"(iii) Maximum available power.—
22	"(I) Passenger automobile or
23	LIGHT TRUCK.—For purposes of sub-
24	paragraph (A)(i), the term 'maximum
25	available power' means the maximum

1	power available from the rechargeable
2	energy storage system, during a stand-
3	ard 10 second pulse power or equiva-
4	lent test, divided by such maximum
5	power and the SAE net power of the
6	heat engine.
7	"(II) Heavy duty hybrid motor
8	vehicle.—For purposes of subpara-
9	graph (A)(ii), the term 'maximum
10	available power' means the maximum
11	power available from the rechargeable
12	energy storage system, during a stand-
13	ard 10 second pulse power or equiva-
14	lent test, divided by the vehicle's total
15	traction power. The term 'total trac-
16	tion power' means the sum of the peak
17	power from the rechargeable energy
18	storage system and the heat engine
19	peak power of the vehicle, except that if
20	such storage system is the sole means
21	by which the vehicle can be driven, the
22	total traction power is the peak power
23	of such storage system.
24	"(3) New qualified hybrid motor vehi-
25	CLE.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'new

1	qualified hybrid motor vehicle' means a motor
2	vehicle—
3	"(A) which draws propulsion energy from
4	onboard sources of stored energy which are
5	both—
6	"(i) an internal combustion or heat en-
7	gine using combustible fuel, and
8	"(ii) a rechargeable energy storage sys-
9	tem,
10	"(B) which, in the case of a passenger auto-
11	mobile or light truck—
12	"(i) for 2002 and later model vehicles,
13	has received a certificate of conformity
14	under the Clean Air Act and meets or ex-
15	ceeds the equivalent qualifying California
16	low emission vehicle standard under section
17	243(e)(2) of the Clean Air Act for that make
18	and model year, and
19	"(ii) for 2004 and later model vehicles,
20	has received a certificate that such vehicle
21	meets or exceeds the Bin 5 Tier II emission
22	level established in regulations prescribed by
23	the Administrator of the Environmental
24	Protection Agency under section 202(i) of

1	the Clean Air Act for that make and model
2	year vehicle,
3	"(C) the original use of which commences
4	with the taxpayer,
5	"(D) which is acquired for use or lease by
6	the taxpayer and not for resale, and
7	"(E) which is made by a manufacturer.
8	"(d) New Qualified Alternative Fuel Motor Ve-
9	hicle Credit.—
10	"(1) Allowance of credit.—Except as pro-
11	vided in paragraph (5), the credit determined under
12	this subsection is an amount equal to the applicable
13	percentage of the incremental cost of any new quali-
14	fied alternative fuel motor vehicle placed in service by
15	the taxpayer during the taxable year.
16	"(2) Applicable percentage.—For purposes
17	of paragraph (1), the applicable percentage with re-
18	spect to any new qualified alternative fuel motor vehi-
19	cle is—
20	"(A) 40 percent, plus
21	"(B) 30 percent, if such vehicle—
22	"(i) has received a certificate of con-
23	formity under the Clean Air Act and meets
24	or exceeds the most stringent standard
25	available for certification under the Clean

1	Air Act for that make and model year vehi-
2	cle (other than a zero emission standard), or
3	"(ii) has received an order certifying
4	the vehicle as meeting the same require-
5	ments as vehicles which may be sold or
6	leased in California and meets or exceeds
7	the most stringent standard available for
8	certification under the State laws of Cali-
9	fornia (enacted in accordance with a waiver
10	granted under section 209(b) of the Clean
11	Air Act) for that make and model year vehi-
12	cle (other than a zero emission standard).
13	"(3) Incremental cost.—For purposes of this
14	subsection, the incremental cost of any new qualified
15	alternative fuel motor vehicle is equal to the amount
16	of the excess of the manufacturer's suggested retail
17	price for such vehicle over such price for a gasoline
18	or diesel fuel motor vehicle of the same model, to the
19	extent such amount does not exceed—
20	"(A) \$5,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
21	hicle weight rating of not more than 8,500
22	pounds,
23	"(B) \$10,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
24	hicle weight rating of more than 8,500 pounds
25	but not more than 14,000 pounds,

1	"(C) \$25,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
2	hicle weight rating of more than 14,000 pounds
3	but not more than 26,000 pounds, and
4	"(D) \$40,000, if such vehicle has a gross ve-
5	hicle weight rating of more than 26,000 pounds.
6	"(4) Qualified alternative fuel motor ve-
7	HICLE DEFINED.—For purposes of this subsection—
8	"(A) In general.—The term 'qualified al-
9	ternative fuel motor vehicle' means any motor
10	vehicle—
11	"(i) which is only capable of operating
12	on an alternative fuel,
13	"(ii) the original use of which com-
14	mences with the taxpayer,
15	"(iii) which is acquired by the tax-
16	payer for use or lease, but not for resale,
17	and
18	"(iv) which is made by a manufac-
19	turer.
20	"(B) Alternative fuel.—The term 'alter-
21	native fuel' means compressed natural gas, lique-
22	fied natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas, hydro-
23	gen, and any liquid at least 85 percent of the
24	volume of which consists of methanol.
25	"(5) Credit for mixed-fuel vehicles.—

1	"(A) In general.—In the case of a mixed-
2	fuel vehicle placed in service by the taxpayer
3	during the taxable year, the credit determined
4	under this subsection is an amount equal to—
5	"(i) in the case of a 75/25 mixed-fuel
6	vehicle, 70 percent of the credit which would
7	have been allowed under this subsection if
8	such vehicle was a qualified alternative fuel
9	motor vehicle, and
10	"(ii) in the case of a 90/10 mixed-fuel
11	vehicle, 90 percent of the credit which would
12	have been allowed under this subsection if
13	such vehicle was a qualified alternative fuel
14	$motor\ vehicle.$
15	"(B) Mixed-fuel vehicle.—For purposes
16	of this subsection, the term 'mixed-fuel vehicle'
17	means any motor vehicle described in subpara-
18	graph (C) or (D) of paragraph (3), which—
19	"(i) is certified by the manufacturer as
20	being able to perform efficiently in normal
21	operation on a combination of an alter-
22	native fuel and a petroleum-based fuel,
23	"(ii) either—
24	"(I) has received a certificate of
25	conformity under the Clean Air Act, or

1	"(II) has received an order certi-
2	fying the vehicle as meeting the same
3	requirements as vehicles which may be
4	sold or leased in California and meets
5	or exceeds the low emission vehicle
6	standard under section 88.105-94 of
7	title 40, Code of Federal Regulations,
8	for that make and model year vehicle,
9	"(iii) the original use of which com-
10	mences with the taxpayer,
11	"(iv) which is acquired by the tax-
12	payer for use or lease, but not for resale,
13	and
14	"(v) which is made by a manufacturer.
15	"(C) 75/25 mixed-fuel vehicle.—For
16	purposes of this subsection, the term '75/25
17	mixed-fuel vehicle' means a mixed-fuel vehicle
18	which operates using at least 75 percent alter-
19	native fuel and not more than 25 percent petro-
20	leum-based fuel.
21	"(D) 90/10 mixed-fuel vehicle.—For
22	purposes of this subsection, the term '90/10
23	mixed-fuel vehicle' means a mixed-fuel vehicle
24	which operates using at least 90 percent alter-

1	native fuel and not more than 10 percent petro-
2	leum-based fuel.
3	"(e) Application With Other Credits.—The credit
4	allowed under subsection (a) for any taxable year shall not
5	exceed the excess (if any) of—
6	"(1) the regular tax for the taxable year reduced
7	by the sum of the credits allowable under subpart A
8	and sections 27, 29, and 30, over
9	"(2) the tentative minimum tax for the taxable
10	year.
11	"(f) Other Definitions and Special Rules.—For
12	purposes of this section—
13	"(1) Consumable fuel.—The term 'consumable
14	fuel' means any solid, liquid, or gaseous matter which
15	releases energy when consumed by an auxiliary power
16	unit.
17	"(2) Motor vehicle.—The term 'motor vehicle'
18	has the meaning given such term by section $30(c)(2)$ .
19	"(3) CITY FUEL ECONOMY.—The city fuel econ-
20	omy with respect to any vehicle shall be measured in
21	a manner which is substantially similar to the man-
22	ner city fuel economy is measured in accordance with
23	procedures under part 600 of subchapter Q of chapter
24	I of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect
25	on the date of the enactment of this section.

1	"(4) Other terms.—The terms 'automobile',
2	'passenger automobile', 'light truck', and 'manufac-
3	turer' have the meanings given such terms in regula-
4	tions prescribed by the Administrator of the Environ-
5	mental Protection Agency for purposes of the admin-
6	istration of title II of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
7	7521 et seq.).
8	"(5) Reduction in Basis.—For purposes of this
9	subtitle, the basis of any property for which a credit
10	is allowable under subsection (a) shall be reduced by
11	the amount of such credit so allowed (determined
12	without regard to subsection (e)).
13	"(6) No double benefit.—The amount of any
14	deduction or other credit allowable under this
15	chapter—
16	"(A) for any incremental cost taken into ac-
17	count in computing the amount of the credit de-
18	termined under subsection (d) shall be reduced
19	by the amount of such credit attributable to such
20	cost, and
21	"(B) with respect to a vehicle described
22	under subsection (b) or (c), shall be reduced by
23	the amount of credit allowed under subsection
24	(a) for such vehicle for the taxable year.

- "(7) Property used by tax-exempt enti-1 2 TIES.—In the case of a credit amount which is allow-3 able with respect to a motor vehicle which is acquired by an entity exempt from tax under this chapter, the 5 person which sells or leases such vehicle to the entity 6 shall be treated as the taxpayer with respect to the ve-7 hicle for purposes of this section and the credit shall 8 be allowed to such person, but only if the person 9 clearly discloses to the entity at the time of any sale or lease the specific amount of any credit otherwise 10 allowable to the entity under this section.
  - "(8) Recapture.—The Secretary shall, by requlations, provide for recapturing the benefit of any credit allowable under subsection (a) with respect to any property which ceases to be property eligible for such credit (including recapture in the case of a lease period of less than the economic life of a vehicle).
  - "(9) Property used outside united states, ETC., NOT QUALIFIED.—No credit shall be allowed under subsection (a) with respect to any property referred to in section 50(b) or with respect to the portion of the cost of any property taken into account under section 179.
- 24 "(10) Election to not take credit.—No 25 credit shall be allowed under subsection (a) for any

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1	vehicle if the taxpayer elects to not have this section
2	apply to such vehicle.
3	"(11) Carryback and carryforward al-
4	LOWED.—
5	"(A) In general.—If the credit amount al-
6	lowable under subsection (a) for a taxable year
7	exceeds the amount of the limitation under sub-
8	section (e) for such taxable year (in this para-
9	graph referred to as the 'unused credit year'),
10	such excess shall be allowed as a credit carryback
11	for each of the 3 taxable years beginning after
12	September 30, 2002, which precede the unused
13	credit year and a credit carryforward for each of
14	the 20 taxable years which succeed the unused
15	credit year.
16	"(B) Rules.—Rules similar to the rules of
17	section 39 shall apply with respect to the credit
18	carryback and credit carryforward under sub-
19	paragraph (A).
20	"(12) Interaction with air quality and
21	MOTOR VEHICLE SAFETY STANDARDS.—Unless other-
22	wise provided in this section, a motor vehicle shall
23	not be considered eligible for a credit under this sec-
24	tion unless such vehicle is in compliance with—

1	"(A) the applicable provisions of the Clean
2	Air Act for the applicable make and model year
3	of the vehicle (or applicable air quality provi-
4	sions of State law in the case of a State which
5	has adopted such provision under a waiver
6	under section 209(b) of the Clean Air Act), and
7	"(B) the motor vehicle safety provisions of
8	sections 30101 through 30169 of title 49, United
9	States Code.
10	"(g) Regulations.—
11	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
12	graph (2), the Secretary shall promulgate such regula-
13	tions as necessary to carry out the provisions of this
14	section.
15	"(2) Coordination in prescription of cer-
16	TAIN REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of the Treasury,
17	in coordination with the Secretary of Transportation
18	and the Administrator of the Environmental Protec-
19	tion Agency, shall prescribe such regulations as nec-
20	essary to determine whether a motor vehicle meets the
21	requirements to be eligible for a credit under this sec-
22	tion.
23	"(h) Termination.—This section shall not apply to
24	any property purchased after—

1	"(1) in the case of a new qualified fuel cell motor
2	vehicle (as described in subsection (b)), December 31,
3	2011, and
4	"(2) in the case of any other property, December
5	31, 2006.".
6	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
7	(1) Section 1016(a) is amended by striking
8	"and" at the end of paragraph (27), by striking the
9	period at the end of paragraph (28) and inserting ",
10	and", and by adding at the end the following new
11	paragraph:
12	"(29) to the extent provided in section
13	30B(f)(5).".
14	(2) Section $55(c)(2)$ is amended by inserting
15	"30B(e)," after "30(b)(3)".
16	(3) Section 6501(m) is amended by inserting
17	"30B(f)(10)," after "30(d)(4),".
18	(4) The table of sections for subpart B of part IV
19	of subchapter $A$ of chapter 1 is amended by inserting
20	after the item relating to section 30A the following
21	new item:
	"Sec. 30B. Alternative motor vehicle credit.".
22	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
23	section shall apply to property placed in service after Sep-
24	tember 30, 2002, in taxable years ending after such date.

1	SEC. 2002. MODIFICATION OF CREDIT FOR QUALIFIED
2	ELECTRIC VEHICLES.
3	(a) Amount of Credit.—
4	(1) In general.—Section 30(a) (relating to al-
5	lowance of credit) is amended by striking "10 percent
6	of".
7	(2) Limitation of credit according to type
8	OF VEHICLE.—Section 30(b) (relating to limitations)
9	is amended—
10	(A) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and
11	inserting the following new paragraph:
12	"(1) Limitation according to type of vehi-
13	CLE.—The amount of the credit allowed under sub-
14	section (a) for any vehicle shall not exceed the greatest
15	of the following amounts applicable to such vehicle:
16	"(A) In the case of a vehicle which conforms
17	to the Motor Vehicle Safety Standard 500 pre-
18	scribed by the Secretary of Transportation, as in
19	effect on the date of the enactment of the Energy
20	Tax Incentives Act of 2003, the lesser of—
21	"(i) 10 percent of the manufacturer's
22	suggested retail price of the vehicle, or
23	"(ii) \$1,500.
24	"(B) In the case of a vehicle not described
25	in subparagraph (A) with a gross vehicle weight
26	rating not exceeding 8,500 pounds—

1	"(i) \$3,500, or
2	"(ii) \$6,000, if such vehicle is—
3	"(I) capable of a driving range of
4	at least 100 miles on a single charge of
5	the vehicle's rechargeable batteries as
6	measured pursuant to the urban dyna-
7	mometer schedules under appendix I to
8	part 86 of title 40, Code of Federal
9	Regulations, or
10	"(II) capable of a payload capac-
11	ity of at least 1,000 pounds.
12	"(C) In the case of a vehicle with a gross
13	vehicle weight rating exceeding 8,500 but not ex-
14	ceeding 14,000 pounds, \$10,000.
15	"(D) In the case of a vehicle with a gross
16	vehicle weight rating exceeding 14,000 but not
17	exceeding 26,000 pounds, \$20,000.
18	"(E) In the case of a vehicle with a gross
19	vehicle weight rating exceeding 26,000 pounds,
20	\$40,000.", and
21	(B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as
22	paragraph (2).
23	(3) Conforming amendments.—

1	(A) Section $53(d)(1)(B)(iii)$ is amended by
2	striking "section $30(b)(3)(B)$ " and inserting
3	"section $30(b)(2)(B)$ ".
4	(3) Section $55(c)(2)$ , as amended by this Act, is
5	amended by striking "30(b)(3)" and inserting
6	"30(b)(2)".
7	(b) Qualified Battery Electric Vehicle.—
8	(1) In general.—Section 30(c)(1)(A) (defining
9	qualified electric vehicle) is amended to read as fol-
10	lows:
11	"(A) which is—
12	"(i) operated solely by use of a battery
13	or battery pack, or
14	"(ii) powered primarily through the
15	use of an electric battery or battery pack
16	using a flywheel or capacitor which stores
17	energy produced by an electric motor
18	through regenerative braking to assist in ve-
19	hicle operation,".
20	(2) Leased vehicles.—Section $30(c)(1)(C)$ is
21	amended by inserting "or lease" after "use".
22	(3) Conforming amendments.—
23	(A) Subsections (a), (b)(2), and (c) of sec-
24	tion 30 are each amended by inserting 'battery'
25	after "qualified" each place it appears.

1	(B) The heading of subsection (c) of section
2	30 is amended by inserting "BATTERY" after
3	"QUALIFIED".
4	(C) The heading of section 30 is amended
5	by inserting "BATTERY" after "QUALIFIED".
6	(D) The item relating to section 30 in the
7	table of sections for subpart B of part IV of sub-
8	chapter A of chapter 1 is amended by inserting
9	"battery" after "qualified".
10	(E) Section $179A(c)(3)$ is amended by in-
11	serting "battery" before "electric".
12	(F) The heading of paragraph (3) of section
13	179A(c) is amended by inserting "BATTERY" be-
14	fore "ELECTRIC".
15	(c) Additional Special Rules.—Section 30(d) (re-
16	lating to special rules) is amended by adding at the end
17	the following new paragraphs:
18	"(5) No double benefit.—The amount of any
19	deduction or other credit allowable under this chapter
20	for any cost taken into account in computing the
21	amount of the credit determined under subsection (a)
22	shall be reduced by the amount of such credit attrib-
23	utable to such cost.
24	"(6) Property used by tax-exempt enti-
25	TIES.—In the case of a credit amount which is allow-

able with respect to a vehicle which is acquired by an entity exempt from tax under this chapter, the person which sells or leases such vehicle to the entity shall be treated as the taxpayer with respect to the vehicle for purposes of this section and the credit shall be allowed to such person, but only if the person clearly discloses to the entity at the time of any sale or lease the specific amount of any credit otherwise allowable to the entity under this section.

"(7) Carryback and carryforward allowed.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—If the credit amount allowable under subsection (a) for a taxable year exceeds the amount of the limitation under subsection (b)(2) for such taxable year (in this paragraph referred to as the 'unused credit year'), such excess shall be allowed as a credit carryback for each of the 3 taxable years beginning after September 30, 2002, which precede the unused credit year and a credit carryforward for each of the 20 taxable years which succeed the unused credit year.

"(B) Rules.—Rules similar to the rules of section 39 shall apply with respect to the credit

1	carryback and credit carryforward under sub-
2	paragraph (A).".
3	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
4	section shall apply to property placed in service after Sep-
5	tember 30, 2002, in taxable years ending after such date.
6	SEC. 2003. CREDIT FOR INSTALLATION OF ALTERNATIVE
7	FUELING STATIONS.
8	(a) In General.—Subpart B of part IV of subchapter
9	A of chapter 1 (relating to foreign tax credit, etc.), as
10	amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the
11	following new section:
12	"SEC. 30C. CLEAN-FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY
13	CREDIT.
14	"(a) Credit Allowed.—There shall be allowed as a
15	credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the tax-
16	able year an amount equal to 50 percent of the amount
17	paid or incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year
18	for the installation of qualified clean-fuel vehicle refueling
19	property.
20	"(b) Limitation.—The credit allowed under sub-
21	section (a)—
22	"(1) with respect to any retail clean-fuel vehicle
23	refueling property, shall not exceed \$30,000, and
24	"(2) with respect to any residential clean-fuel ve-
25	hicle refueling property, shall not exceed \$1,000.

1	"(c) Year Credit Allowed.—The credit allowed
2	under subsection (a) shall be allowed in the taxable year
3	in which the qualified clean-fuel vehicle refueling property
4	is placed in service by the taxpayer.
5	"(d) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
6	"(1) Qualified clean-fuel vehicle refuel-
7	ING PROPERTY.—The term 'qualified clean-fuel vehicle
8	refueling property' has the same meaning given such
9	term by section $179A(d)$ .
10	"(2) Residential clean-fuel vehicle re-
11	FUELING PROPERTY.—The term 'residential clean-fuel
12	vehicle refueling property' means qualified clean-fuel
13	vehicle refueling property which is installed on prop-
14	erty which is used as the principal residence (within
15	the meaning of section 121) of the taxpayer.
16	"(3) Retail clean-fuel vehicle refueling
17	PROPERTY.—The term 'retail clean-fuel vehicle refuel-
18	ing property' means qualified clean-fuel vehicle refuel-
19	ing property which is installed on property (other
20	than property described in paragraph (2)) used in a
21	trade or business of the taxpayer.
22	"(e) Application With Other Credits.—The credit
23	allowed under subsection (a) for any taxable year shall not
24	exceed the excess (if any) of—

1	"(1) the regular tax for the taxable year reduced
2	by the sum of the credits allowable under subpart A
3	and sections 27, 29, 30, and 30B, over
4	"(2) the tentative minimum tax for the taxable
5	year.
6	"(f) Basis Reduction.—For purposes of this title, the
7	basis of any property shall be reduced by the portion of
8	the cost of such property taken into account under sub-
9	section (a).
10	"(g) No Double Benefit.—No deduction shall be al-
11	lowed under section 179A with respect to any property with
12	respect to which a credit is allowed under subsection (a).
13	"(h) Refueling Property Installed for Tax-Ex-
14	EMPT Entities.—In the case of qualified clean-fuel vehicle
15	refueling property installed on property owned or used by
16	an entity exempt from tax under this chapter, the person
17	which installs such refueling property for the entity shall
18	be treated as the taxpayer with respect to the refueling prop-
19	erty for purposes of this section (and such refueling prop-
20	erty shall be treated as retail clean-fuel vehicle refueling
21	property) and the credit shall be allowed to such person,
22	but only if the person clearly discloses to the entity in any
23	installation contract the specific amount of the credit allow-
24	able under this section.
25	"(i) Carryforward Allowed.—

1	"(1) In general.—If the credit amount allow-
2	able under subsection (a) for a taxable year exceeds
3	the amount of the limitation under subsection (e) for
4	such taxable year (referred to as the 'unused credit
5	year' in this subsection), such excess shall be allowed
6	as a credit carryforward for each of the 20 taxable
7	years following the unused credit year.
8	"(2) Rules.—Rules similar to the rules of sec-
9	tion 39 shall apply with respect to the credit
10	carryforward under paragraph (1).
11	"(j) Special Rules.—Rules similar to the rules of
12	paragraphs (4) and (5) of section 179A(e) shall apply.
13	"(k) Regulations.—The Secretary shall prescribe
14	such regulations as necessary to carry out the provisions
15	of this section.
16	"(l) Termination.—This section shall not apply to
17	any property placed in service—
18	"(1) in the case of property relating to hydrogen,
19	after December 31, 2011, and
20	"(2) in the case of any other property, after De-
21	cember 31, 2006.".
22	(b) Incentive for Production of Hydrogen at
23	Qualified Clean-Fuel Vehicle Refueling Prop-
24	ERTY.—Section 179A(d) (defining qualified clean-fuel vehi-

- 1 cle refueling property) is amended by adding at the end
- 2 the following new flush sentence:
- 3 "In the case of clean-burning fuel which is hydrogen pro-
- 4 duced from another clean-burning fuel, paragraph (3)(A)
- 5 shall be applied by substituting 'production, storage, or dis-
- 6 pensing' for 'storage or dispensing' both places it appears.".
- 7 (c) Conforming Amendments.—(1) Section 1016(a),
- 8 as amended by this Act, is amended by striking "and" at
- 9 the end of paragraph (28), by striking the period at the
- 10 end of paragraph (29) and inserting ", and", and by add-
- 11 ing at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(30) to the extent provided in section 30C(f).".
- 13 (2) Section 55(c)(2), as amended by this Act, is
- 14 amended by inserting "30C(e)," after "30B(e)".
- 15 (3) The table of sections for subpart B of part IV of
- 16 subchapter A of chapter 1, as amended by this Act, is
- 17 amended by inserting after the item relating to section 30B
- 18 the following new item:

"Sec. 30C. Clean-fuel vehicle refueling property credit.".

- 19 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
- 20 section shall apply to property placed in service after Sep-
- 21 tember 30, 2002, in taxable years ending after such date.
- 22 SEC. 2004. CREDIT FOR RETAIL SALE OF ALTERNATIVE
- 23 FUELS AS MOTOR VEHICLE FUEL.
- 24 (a) In General.—Subpart D of part IV of subchapter
- 25 A of chapter 1 (relating to business related credits) is

1	amended by inserting after section 40 the following new sec-
2	tion:
3	"SEC. 40A. CREDIT FOR RETAIL SALE OF ALTERNATIVE
4	FUELS AS MOTOR VEHICLE FUEL.
5	"(a) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of section 38, the
6	alternative fuel retail sales credit for any taxable year is
7	the applicable amount for each gasoline gallon equivalent
8	of alternative fuel sold at retail by the taxpayer during such
9	year as a fuel to propel any qualified motor vehicle.
10	"(b) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
11	"(1) Applicable amount.—The term 'applica-
12	ble amount' means the amount determined in accord-
13	ance with the following table:
	"In the case of any taxable year ending in—       The applicable amount is—         2002 and 2003       30 cents         2004       40 cents         2005 and 2006       50 cents
14	"(2) Alternative fuel.—The term 'alternative
15	fuel' means compressed natural gas, liquefied natural
16	gas, liquefied petroleum gas, hydrogen, and any liq-
17	uid at least 85 percent of the volume of which consists
18	of methanol or ethanol.
19	"(3) Gasoline gallon equivalent.—The term
20	'gasoline gallon equivalent' means, with respect to
21	any alternative fuel, the amount (determined by the
22	Secretary) of such fuel having a Btu content of
23	114.000.

1 "(4) Qualified motor vehicle.—The term 2 'qualified motor vehicle' means any motor vehicle (as defined in section 30(c)(2)) which meets any applica-3 4 ble Federal or State emissions standards with respect to each fuel by which such vehicle is designed to be 5 6 propelled. 7 "(5) Sold at retail.— 8 "(A) In General.—The term 'sold at retail' 9 means the sale, for a purpose other than resale, 10 after manufacture, production, or importation. 11 "(B) USE TREATED AS SALE.—If any per-12 son uses alternative fuel (including any use after importation) as a fuel to propel any qualified 13 14 alternative fuel motor vehicle (as defined in sec-15 tion 30B(d)(4)) before such fuel is sold at retail, 16 then such use shall be treated in the same man-17 ner as if such fuel were sold at retail as a fuel 18 to propel such a vehicle by such person. 19 "(c) No Double Benefit.—The amount of any deduction or other credit allowable under this chapter for any 20 21 fuel taken into account in computing the amount of the credit determined under subsection (a) shall be reduced by 23 the amount of such credit attributable to such fuel. 24 "(d) Pass-Thru in the Case of Estates and TRUSTS.—Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary,

- 1 rules similar to the rules of subsection (d) of section 52 shall
- 2 apply.
- 3 "(e) Termination.—This section shall not apply to
- 4 any fuel sold at retail after December 31, 2006.".
- 5 (b) Credit Treated as Business Credit.—Section
- 6 38(b) (relating to current year business credit) is amended
- 7 by striking "plus" at the end of paragraph (14), by striking
- 8 the period at the end of paragraph (15) and inserting ",
- 9 plus", and by adding at the end the following new para-
- 10 graph:
- 11 "(16) the alternative fuel retail sales credit deter-
- $12 \quad mined \ under \ section \ 40A(a)$ .".
- 13 (c) Transitional Rule.—Section 39(d) (relating to
- 14 transitional rules) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 15 lowing new paragraph:
- 16 "(11) NO CARRYBACK OF SECTION 40A CREDIT
- 17 Before effective date.—No portion of the unused
- business credit for any taxable year which is attrib-
- 19 utable to the alternative fuel retail sales credit deter-
- 20 mined under section 40A(a) may be carried back to
- 21 a taxable year ending before January 1, 2002.".
- 22 (d) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for
- 23 subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amend-
- 24 ed by inserting after the item relating to section 40 the fol-
- 25 lowing new item:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 40A. Credit for retail sale of alternative fuels as motor vehicle fuel.".

1	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
2	section shall apply to fuel sold at retail after September
3	30, 2002, in taxable years ending after such date.
4	SEC. 2005. SMALL ETHANOL PRODUCER CREDIT.
5	(a) Allocation of Alcohol Fuels Credit to Pa-
6	Trons of a Cooperative.—Section 40(g) (relating to al-
7	cohol used as fuel) is amended by adding at the end the
8	following new paragraph:
9	"(6) Allocation of small ethanol pro-
10	DUCER CREDIT TO PATRONS OF COOPERATIVE.—
11	"(A) Election to allocate.—
12	"(i) In General.—In the case of a co-
13	operative organization described in section
14	1381(a), any portion of the credit deter-
15	mined under subsection (a)(3) for the tax-
16	able year may, at the election of the organi-
17	zation, be apportioned pro rata among pa-
18	trons of the organization on the basis of the
19	quantity or value of business done with or
20	for such patrons for the taxable year.
21	"(ii) Form and effect of elec-
22	TION.—An election under clause (i) for any
23	taxable year shall be made on a timely filed
24	return for such year. Such election, once

1	made, shall be irrevocable for such taxable
2	year.
3	"(B) Treatment of organizations and
4	PATRONS.—The amount of the credit apportioned
5	to patrons under subparagraph (A)—
6	"(i) shall not be included in the
7	amount determined under subsection (a)
8	with respect to the organization for the tax-
9	able year,
10	"(ii) shall be included in the amount
11	determined under subsection (a) for the tax-
12	able year of each patron for which the pa-
13	tronage dividends for the taxable year de-
14	scribed in subparagraph (A) are included in
15	gross income, and
16	"(iii) shall be included in gross income
17	of such patrons for the taxable year in the
18	manner and to the extent provided in sec-
19	tion 87.
20	"(C) Special rules for decrease in
21	CREDITS FOR TAXABLE YEAR.—If the amount of
22	the credit of a cooperative organization deter-
23	mined under subsection (a)(3) for a taxable year
24	is less than the amount of such credit shown on

1	the return of the cooperative organization for
2	such year, an amount equal to the excess of—
3	"(i) such reduction, over
4	"(ii) the amount not apportioned to
5	such patrons under subparagraph (A) for
6	the taxable year,
7	shall be treated as an increase in tax imposed by
8	this chapter on the organization. Such increase
9	shall not be treated as tax imposed by this chap-
10	ter for purposes of determining the amount of
11	any credit under this chapter or for purposes of
12	section 55.".
13	(b) Improvements to Small Ethanol Producer
14	Credit.—
15	(1) Definition of small ethanol pro-
16	DUCER.—Section $40(g)$ (relating to definitions and
17	special rules for eligible small ethanol producer cred-
18	it) is amended by striking "30,000,000" each place it
19	appears and inserting "60,000,000".
20	(2) Small ethanol producer credit not a
21	PASSIVE ACTIVITY CREDIT.—Clause (i) of section
22	469(d)(2)(A) is amended by striking "subpart D" and
23	inserting "subpart D, other than section $40(a)(3)$ ,".
24	(3) Allowing credit against entire reg-
25	ULAR TAX AND MINIMUM TAX.—

1	(A) In general.—Subsection (c) of section
2	38 (relating to limitation based on amount of
3	tax), as amended by section 301(b) of the Job
4	Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002, is
5	amended by redesignating paragraph (4) as
6	paragraph (5) and by inserting after paragraph
7	(3) the following new paragraph:
8	"(4) Special rules for small ethanol pro-
9	DUCER CREDIT.—
10	"(A) In General.—In the case of the small
11	ethanol producer credit—
12	"(i) this section and section 39 shall be
13	applied separately with respect to the cred-
14	it, and
15	"(ii) in applying paragraph (1) to the
16	credit—
17	"(I) the amounts in subpara-
18	graphs (A) and (B) thereof shall be
19	treated as being zero, and
20	"(II) the limitation under para-
21	graph (1) (as modified by subclause
22	(I)) shall be reduced by the credit al-
23	lowed under subsection (a) for the tax-
24	able year (other than the small ethanol
25	$producer\ credit).$

1	"(B) Small ethanol producer cred-
2	IT.—For purposes of this subsection, the term
3	'small ethanol producer credit' means the credit
4	allowable under subsection (a) by reason of sec-
5	$tion \ 40(a)(3)$ .".
6	(B) Conforming amendments.—Subclause
7	(II) of section $38(c)(2)(A)(ii)$ , as amended by
8	section 301(b)(2) of the Job Creation and Worker
9	Assistance Act of 2002, and subclause (II) of sec-
10	$tion \ \ 38(c)(3)(A)(ii), \ \ \ as \ \ \ added \ \ \ by \ \ \ section$
11	301(b)(1) of such Act, are each amended by in-
12	serting "or the small ethanol producer credit"
13	after "employee credit".
14	(4) Small ethanol producer credit not
15	ADDED BACK TO INCOME UNDER SECTION 87.—Sec-
16	tion 87 (relating to income inclusion of alcohol fuel
17	credit) is amended to read as follows:
18	"SEC. 87. ALCOHOL FUEL CREDIT.
19	"Gross income includes an amount equal to the sum
20	of—
21	"(1) the amount of the alcohol mixture credit de-
22	termined with respect to the taxpayer for the taxable
23	$year\ under\ section\ 40(a)(1),\ and$

1	"(2) the alcohol credit determined with respect to
2	the taxpayer for the taxable year under section
3	40(a)(2).".
4	(c) Conforming Amendment.—Section 1388 (relat-
5	ing to definitions and special rules for cooperative organi-
6	zations) is amended by adding at the end the following new
7	subsection:
8	"(k) Cross Reference.—For provisions relating to
9	the apportionment of the alcohol fuels credit between cooper-
10	ative organizations and their patrons, see section
11	40(g)(6).".
12	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
13	section shall apply to taxable years beginning after the date
14	of the enactment of this Act.
15	SEC. 2006. ALL ALCOHOL FUELS TAXES TRANSFERRED TO
16	HIGHWAY TRUST FUND.
17	(a) In General.—Section 9503(b)(4) (relating to cer-
1 Q	tain tames not transformed to Highway Tourst Though is
10	tain taxes not transferred to Highway Trust Fund) is
19	amended—
19	amended—
19 20	amended—  (1) by adding "or" at the end of subparagraph
19 20 21	amended—  (1) by adding "or" at the end of subparagraph  (C),

1	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
2	section shall apply to taxes imposed after September 30,
3	2003.
4	SEC. 2007. INCREASED FLEXIBILITY IN ALCOHOL FUELS
5	TAX CREDIT.
6	(a) Alcohol Fuels Credit May Be Trans-
7	FERRED.—Section 40 (relating to alcohol used as fuel) is
8	amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
9	"(i) Credit May Be Transferred.—
10	"(1) In general.—A taxpayer may transfer
11	any credit allowable under paragraph (1) or (2) of
12	subsection (a) with respect to alcohol used in the pro-
13	duction of ethyl tertiary butyl ether through an as-
14	signment to a qualified assignee. Such transfer may
15	be revoked only with the consent of the Secretary.
16	"(2) Qualified Assignee.—For purposes of
17	this subsection, the term 'qualified assignee' means
18	any person who—
19	"(A) is liable for taxes imposed under sec-
20	tion 4081,
21	"(B) is required to register under section
22	4101, and
23	"(C) obtains a certificate from the taxpayer
24	described in paragraph (1) which identifies the
25	amount of alcohol used in such production.

1	"(3) Regulations.—The Secretary shall pre-
2	scribe such regulations as necessary to insure that
3	any credit described in paragraph (1) is claimed once
4	and not reassigned by a qualified assignee.".
5	(b) Alcohol Fuels Credit May Be Taken Against
6	Motor Fuels Tax Liability.—
7	(1) In general.—Subpart C of part III of sub-
8	$chapter\ A\ of\ chapter\ 32\ (relating\ to\ special\ provisions$
9	applicable to petroleum products) is amended by add-
10	ing at the end the following new section:
11	"SEC. 4104. CREDIT AGAINST MOTOR FUELS TAXES.
12	"(a) Election To Use Credit Against Motor
13	Fuels Taxes.—There is hereby allowed as a credit against
14	the taxes imposed by section 4081, any credit allowed under
15	paragraph (1) or (2) of section 40(a) with respect to alcohol
16	used in the production of ethyl tertiary butyl ether to the
17	extent—
18	"(1) such credit is not claimed by the taxpayer
19	or the qualified assignee under section 40(i) as a
20	credit under section 40, and
21	"(2) the taxpayer or qualified assignee elects to
22	claim such credit under this section.
23	"(b) Election Irrevocable.—Any election under
24	subsection (a) shall be irrevocable.

1	"(c) Required Statement.—Any return claiming a
2	credit pursuant to an election under this section shall be
3	accompanied by a statement that the credit was not, and
4	will not, be claimed on an income tax return.
5	"(d) Regulations.—The Secretary shall prescribe
6	such regulations as necessary to avoid the claiming of dou-
7	ble benefits and to prescribe the taxable periods with respect
8	to which the credit may be claimed.".
9	(2) Conforming amendment.—Section 40(c) is
10	amended by striking "or section 4091(c)" and insert-
11	ing "section 4091(c), or section 4104".
12	(3) Clerical amendment.—The table of sec-
13	tions for subpart C of part III of subchapter A of
14	chapter 32 is amended by adding at the end the fol-
15	lowing new item:
	"Sec. 4104. Credit against motor fuels taxes.".
16	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
17	section shall take effect on and after the date of the enact-
18	ment of this Act.
19	SEC. 2008. INCENTIVES FOR BIODIESEL.
20	(a) Credit for Biodiesel Used as a Fuel.—
21	(1) In general.—Subpart D of part IV of sub-
22	chapter A of chapter 1 (relating to business related
23	credits), as amended by this Act, is amended by in-
24	serting after section 40A the following new section:

## 1 "SEC. 40B. BIODIESEL USED AS FUEL.

2	"(a) General Rule.—For purposes of section 38, the
3	biodiesel fuels credit determined under this section for the
4	taxable year is an amount equal to the biodiesel mixture
5	credit.
6	"(b) Definition of Biodiesel Mixture Credit.—
7	For purposes of this section—
8	"(1) Biodiesel mixture credit.—
9	"(A) In General.—The biodiesel mixture
10	credit of any taxpayer for any taxable year is
11	the sum of the products of the biodiesel mixture
12	rate for each qualified biodiesel mixture and the
13	number of gallons of such mixture of the tax-
14	payer for the taxable year.
15	"(B) Biodiesel mixture rate.—For pur-
16	poses of subparagraph (A), the biodiesel mixture
17	rate for each qualified biodiesel mixture shall
18	be—
19	"(i) in the case of a mixture with only
20	biodiesel V, 1 cent for each whole percentage
21	point (not exceeding 20 percentage points)
22	of biodiesel V in such mixture, and
23	"(ii) in the case of a mixture with bio-
24	diesel NV, or a combination of biodiesel V
25	and biodiesel NV, 0.5 cent for each whole
26	percentage point (not exceeding 20 percent-

1	age points) of such biodiesel in such mix-
2	ture.
3	"(2) Qualified biodiesel mixture.—
4	"(A) In general.—The term 'qualified bio-
5	diesel mixture' means a mixture of diesel and
6	biodiesel V or biodiesel NV which—
7	"(i) is sold by the taxpayer producing
8	such mixture to any person for use as a
9	fuel, or
10	"(ii) is used as a fuel by the taxpayer
11	producing such mixture.
12	"(B) Sale or use must be in trade or
13	BUSINESS, ETC.—
14	"(i) In general.—Biodiesel V or bio-
15	diesel NV used in the production of a quali-
16	fied biodiesel mixture shall be taken into
17	account—
18	"(I) only if the sale or use de-
19	scribed in subparagraph (A) is in a
20	trade or business of the taxpayer, and
21	"(II) for the taxable year in which
22	such sale or use occurs.
23	"(ii) Certification for biodiesel
24	V.—Biodiesel V used in the production of a
25	qualified biodiesel mixture shall be taken

1	into account only if the taxpayer described
2	in subparagraph (A) obtains a certification
3	from the producer of the biodiesel V which
4	identifies the product produced.
5	"(C) Casual off-farm production not
6	ELIGIBLE.—No credit shall be allowed under this
7	section with respect to any casual off-farm pro-
8	duction of a qualified biodiesel mixture.
9	"(c) Coordination With Exemption From Excise
10	TAX.—The amount of the credit determined under this sec-
11	tion with respect to any biodiesel V shall, under regulations
12	prescribed by the Secretary, be properly reduced to take into
13	account any benefit provided with respect to such biodiesel
14	V solely by reason of the application of section 4041(n) or
15	section 4081(f).
16	"(d) Definitions and Special Rules.—For pur-
17	poses of this section—
18	"(1) Biodiesel v defined.—The term biodiesel
19	V' means the monoalkyl esters of long chain fatty
20	acids derived solely from virgin vegetable oils for use
21	in compressional-ignition (diesel) engines. Such term
22	shall include esters derived from vegetable oils from
23	corn, soybeans, sunflower seeds, cottonseeds, canola,
24	crambe, rapeseeds, safflowers, flaxseeds, rice bran, and
25	mustard seeds.

1	"(2) Biodiesel nv defined.—The term bio-
2	diesel nv' means the monoalkyl esters of long chain
3	fatty acids derived from nonvirgin vegetable oils or
4	animal fats for use in compressional-ignition (diesel)
5	engines.
6	"(3) Registration requirements.—The terms
7	biodiesel V' and biodiesel NV' shall only include a
8	biodiesel which meets—
9	"(i) the registration requirements for
10	fuels and fuel additives established by the
11	Environmental Protection Agency under
12	section 211 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
13	7545), and
14	"(ii) the requirements of the American
15	Society of Testing and Materials D6751.
16	"(2) Biodiesel mixture not used as a fuel,
17	<i>ETC.</i> —
18	"(A) Imposition of tax.—If—
19	"(i) any credit was determined under
20	this section with respect to biodiesel V or
21	biodiesel NV used in the production of any
22	qualified biodiesel mixture, and
23	"(ii) any person—
24	"(I) separates such biodiesel from
25	the mixture, or

1	"(II) without separation, uses the
2	mixture other than as a fuel,
3	then there is hereby imposed on such person
4	a tax equal to the product of the biodiesel
5	mixture rate applicable under subsection
6	(b)(1)(B) and the number of gallons of the
7	mixture.
8	"(B) APPLICABLE LAWS.—All provisions of
9	law, including penalties, shall, insofar as appli-
10	cable and not inconsistent with this section,
11	apply in respect of any tax imposed under sub-
12	paragraph (A) as if such tax were imposed by
13	section 4081 and not by this chapter.
14	"(3) Pass-thru in the case of estates and
15	TRUSTS.—Under regulations prescribed by the Sec-
16	retary, rules similar to the rules of subsection (d) of
17	section 52 shall apply.
18	"(e) Election To Have Biodiesel Fuels Credit
19	Not Apply.—
20	"(1) In general.—A taxpayer may elect to
21	have this section not apply for any taxable year.
22	"(2) Time for making election.—An election
23	under paragraph (1) for any taxable year may be
24	made (or revoked) at any time before the expiration
25	of the 3-year period beginning on the last date pre-

1	scribed by law for filing the return for such taxable
2	year (determined without regard to extensions).
3	"(3) Manner of making election.—An elec-
4	tion under paragraph (1) (or revocation thereof) shall
5	be made in such manner as the Secretary may by reg-
6	ulations prescribe.".
7	"(f) Termination.—This section shall not apply to
8	any fuel sold after December 31, 2005.".
9	(2) Credit treated as part of general
10	BUSINESS CREDIT.—Section 38(b), as amended by
11	this Act, is amended by striking "plus" at the end of
12	paragraph (15), by striking the period at the end of
13	paragraph (16) and inserting ", plus", and by add-
14	ing at the end the following new paragraph:
15	"(17) the biodiesel fuels credit determined under
16	section $40B(a)$ .".
17	(3) Conforming amendments.—
18	(A) Section 39(d), as amended by this Act,
19	is amended by adding at the end the following
20	new paragraph:
21	"(12) No carryback of biodiesel fuels
22	CREDIT BEFORE JANUARY 1, 2003.—No portion of the
23	unused business credit for any taxable year which is
24	attributable to the biodiesel fuels credit determined

1	under section 40B may be carried back to a taxable
2	year beginning before January 1, 2003.".
3	(B) Section 196(c) is amended by striking
4	"and" at the end of paragraph (9), by striking
5	the period at the end of paragraph (10), and by
6	adding at the end the following new paragraph:
7	"(11) the biodiesel fuels credit determined under
8	section $40B(a)$ .".
9	(C) Section 6501(m), as amended by this
10	Act, is amended by inserting "40B(e)," after
11	"40(f),".
12	(D) The table of sections for subpart D of
13	part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1, as amend-
14	ed by this Act, is amended by adding after the
15	item relating to section 40A the following new
16	item:
	"Sec. 40B. Biodiesel used as fuel.".
17	(4) Effective date.—The amendments made
18	by this subsection shall apply to taxable years begin-
19	ning after December 31, 2002.
20	(b) Reduction of Motor Fuel Excise Taxes on
21	Biodiesel V Mixtures.—
22	(1) In General.—Section 4081 (relating to
23	manufacturers tax on petroleum products) is amended
24	by adding at the end the following new subsection:

1	"(f) Biodiesel V Mixtures.—Under regulations pre-
2	scribed by the Secretary—
3	"(1) In general.—In the case of the removal or
4	entry of a qualified biodiesel mixture with biodiesel V,
5	the rate of tax under subsection (a) shall be the other-
6	wise applicable rate reduced by the biodiesel mixture
7	rate (if any) applicable to the mixture.
8	"(2) Tax prior to mixing.—
9	"(A) In General.—In the case of the re-
10	moval or entry of diesel fuel for use in producing
11	at the time of such removal or entry a qualified
12	biodiesel mixture with biodiesel V, the rate of tax
13	under subsection (a) shall be the rate determined
14	under subparagraph (B).
15	"(B) Determination of rate.—For pur-
16	poses of subparagraph (A), the rate determined
17	under this subparagraph is the rate determined
18	under paragraph (1), divided by a percentage
19	equal to 100 percent minus the percentage of bio-
20	diesel V which will be in the mixture.
21	"(3) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
22	section, any term used in this subsection which is also
23	used in section 40B shall have the meaning given
24	such term by section 40B.

1	"(4) Certain rules to apply.—Rules similar
2	to the rules of paragraphs (6) and (7) of subsection
3	(c) shall apply for purposes of this subsection.".
4	(2) Conforming amendments.—
5	(A) Section 4041 is amended by adding at
6	the end the following new subsection:
7	"(n) Biodiesel V Mixtures.—Under regulations
8	prescribed by the Secretary, in the case of the sale or use
9	of a qualified biodiesel mixture (as defined in section
10	40B(b)(2)) with biodiesel V, the rates under paragraphs (1)
11	and (2) of subsection (a) shall be the otherwise applicable
12	rates, reduced by any applicable biodiesel mixture rate (as
13	defined in section $40B(b)(1)(B)$ .".
14	(B) Section 6427 is amended by redesig-
15	nating subsection (p) as subsection (q) and by
16	inserting after subsection (o) the following new
17	subsection:
18	"(p) Biodiesel V Mixtures.—Except as provided in
19	subsection (k), if any diesel fuel on which tax was imposed
20	by section 4081 at a rate not determined under section
21	4081(f) is used by any person in producing a qualified bio-
22	diesel mixture (as defined in section $40B(b)(2)$ ) with bio-
23	diesel V which is sold or used in such person's trade or busi-
24	ness, the Secretary shall pay (without interest) to such per-
25	son an amount equal to the per gallon applicable biodiesel

1	mixture rate (as defined in section $40B(b)(1)(B)$ ) with re-
2	spect to such fuel.".
3	(3) Effective date.—The amendments made
4	by this subsection shall apply to any fuel sold after
5	December 31, 2002, and before January 1, 2006.
6	(c) Highway Trust Fund Held Harmless.—There
7	are hereby transferred (from time to time) from the funds
8	of the Commodity Credit Corporation amounts determined
9	by the Secretary of the Treasury to be equivalent to the re-
10	ductions that would occur (but for this subsection) in the
11	receipts of the Highway Trust Fund by reason of the
12	amendments made by this section.
13	SEC. 2009. CREDIT FOR TAXPAYERS OWNING COMMERCIAL
14	POWER TAKEOFF VEHICLES.
15	(a) In General.—Subpart D of part IV of subchapter
16	
	A of chapter 1 (relating to business-related credits), as
17	A of chapter 1 (relating to business-related credits), as amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the
	amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the
18	amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:
18 19	amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:  "SEC. 45N. COMMERCIAL POWER TAKEOFF VEHICLES CRED-
18 19 20 21	amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:  "SEC. 45N. COMMERCIAL POWER TAKEOFF VEHICLES CRED-IT.
18 19 20 21 22	amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:  "SEC. 45N. COMMERCIAL POWER TAKEOFF VEHICLES CRED- IT.  "(a) GENERAL RULE.—For purposes of section 38, the

1	the taxpayer as of the close of the calendar year in which
2	or with which the taxable year of the taxpayer ends.
3	"(b) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
4	"(1) Qualified commercial power takeoff
5	VEHICLE.—The term 'qualified commercial power
6	takeoff vehicle' means any highway vehicle described
7	in paragraph (2) which is propelled by any fuel sub-
8	ject to tax under section 4041 or 4081 if such vehicle
9	is used in a trade or business or for the production
10	of income (and is licensed and insured for such use).
11	"(2) Highway vehicle described.—A high-
12	way vehicle is described in this paragraph if such ve-
13	hicle is—
14	"(A) designed to engage in the daily collec-
15	tion of refuse or recyclables from homes or busi-
16	nesses and is equipped with a mechanism under
17	which the vehicle's propulsion engine provides
18	the power to operate a load compactor, or
19	"(B) designed to deliver ready mixed con-
20	crete on a daily basis and is equipped with a
21	mechanism under which the vehicle's propulsion
22	engine provides the power to operate a mixer
23	drum to agitate and mix the product en route to
24	the delivery site.

- 1 "(c) Exception for Vehicles Used by Govern-
- 2 Ments, Etc.—No credit shall be allowed under this section
- 3 for any vehicle owned by any person at the close of a cal-
- 4 endar year if such vehicle is used at any time during such
- 5 year by—
- 6 "(1) the United States or an agency or instru-
- 7 mentality thereof, a State, a political subdivision of
- 8 a State, or an agency or instrumentality of one or
- 9 more States or political subdivisions, or
- 10 "(2) an organization exempt from tax under sec-
- 11  $tion \ 501(a)$ .
- 12 "(d) Denial of Double Benefit.—The amount of
- 13 any deduction under this subtitle for any tax imposed by
- 14 subchapter B of chapter 31 or part III of subchapter A of
- 15 chapter 32 for any taxable year shall be reduced (but not
- 16 below zero) by the amount of the credit determined under
- 17 this subsection for such taxable year.
- 18 "(e) Termination.—This section shall not apply with
- 19 respect to any calendar year after 2004.".
- 20 (b) Credit Made Part of General Business
- 21 Credit.—Subsection (b) of section 38 (relating to general
- 22 business credit), as amended by this Act, is amended by
- 23 striking "plus" at the end of paragraph (22), by striking
- 24 the period at the end of paragraph (23) and inserting ",

- 1 plus", and by adding at the end the following new para-
- 2 graph:
- 3 "(24) the commercial power takeoff vehicles cred-
- 4 it under section 45N(a).".
- 5 (c) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for
- 6 subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1, as
- 7 amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the
- 8 following new item:

"Sec. 45N. Commercial power takeoff vehicles credit.".

- 9 (d) Regulations.—Not later than January 1, 2005,
- 10 the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Sec-
- 11 retary of Energy, shall by regulation provide for the method
- 12 of determining the exemption from any excise tax imposed
- 13 under section 4041 or 4081 of the Internal Revenue Code
- 14 of 1986 on fuel used through a mechanism to power equip-
- 15 ment attached to a highway vehicle as described in section
- 16 45N(b)(2) of such Code, as added by subsection (a).
- 17 (e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
- 18 section shall apply to taxable years beginning after the date
- 19 of the enactment of this Act.
- 20 SEC. 2010. MODIFICATIONS TO THE INCENTIVES FOR AL-
- 21 TERNATIVE VEHICLES AND FUELS.
- 22 (a) Modification to New Qualified Hybrid
- 23 Motor Vehicle Credit.—The table in section
- 24 30B(c)(2)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as

1	added by this Act, is amended by striking "5 percent" and
2	inserting "4 percent".
3	(b) Modifications to Extension of Deduction
4	FOR CERTAIN REFUELING PROPERTY.—
5	(1) In general.—Subsection (f) of section 179A
6	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended to
7	read as follows:
8	"(f) Termination.—This section shall not apply to
9	any property placed in service—
10	"(1) in the case of property relating to hydrogen,
11	after December 31, 2011, and
12	"(2) in the case of any other property, after De-
13	cember 31, 2007.".
14	(2) Extension of phaseout.—Section
15	179A(b)(1)(B) of such Code, as amended by section
16	606(a) of the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act
17	of 2002, is amended—
18	(A) by striking "calendar year 2004" in
19	clause (i) and inserting "calendar years 2004
20	and 2005 (calendar years 2004 through 2009 in
21	the case of property relating to hydrogen) ",
22	(B) by striking "2005" in clause (ii) and
23	inserting "2006 (calendar year 2010 in the case
24	of property relating to hydrogen)", and

1	(C) by striking "2006" in clause (iii) and
2	inserting "2007 (calendar year 2011 in the case
3	of property relating to hydrogen)".
4	(3) Effective date.—The amendments made
5	by this subsection shall apply to property placed in
6	service after December 31, 2003, in taxable years end-
7	ing after such date.
8	(c) Modification to Credit for Installation of
9	Alternative Fueling Stations.—Subsection (1) of sec-
10	tion 30C of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added
11	by this Act, is amended to read as follows:
12	"(l) Termination.—This section shall not apply to
13	any property placed in service—
14	"(1) in the case of property relating to hydrogen,
15	after December 31, 2011, and
16	"(2) in the case of any other property, after De-
17	cember 31, 2007.".
18	(d) Effective Date.—Except as provided in sub-
19	section (b)(3), the amendments made by this section shall
20	apply to property placed in service after September 30,
21	2002, in taxable years ending after such date.

1	TITLE XXI—CONSERVATION AND
2	ENERGY EFFICIENCY PROVI-
3	SIONS
4	SEC. 2101. CREDIT FOR CONSTRUCTION OF NEW ENERGY
5	EFFICIENT HOME.
6	(a) In General.—Subpart D of part IV of subchapter
7	A of chapter 1 (relating to business related credits), as
8	amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the
9	following new section:
10	"SEC. 45G. NEW ENERGY EFFICIENT HOME CREDIT.
11	"(a) In General.—For purposes of section 38, in the
12	case of an eligible contractor, the credit determined under
13	this section for the taxable year is an amount equal to the
14	aggregate adjusted bases of all energy efficient property in-
15	stalled in a qualifying new home during construction of
16	such home.
17	"(b) Limitations.—
18	"(1) Maximum credit.—
19	"(A) In general.—The credit allowed by
20	this section with respect to a qualifying new
21	home shall not exceed—
22	"(i) in the case of a 30-percent home,
23	\$1,250, and
24	"(ii) in the case of a 50-percent home,
25	\$2,000

1	"(B) 30- or 50-percent home.—For pur-
2	poses of subparagraph (A)—
3	"(i) 30-percent home.—The term
4	'30-percent home' means a qualifying new
5	home which is certified to have a projected
6	level of annual heating and cooling energy
7	consumption, measured in terms of average
8	annual energy cost to the homeowner, which
9	is at least 30 percent less than the annual
10	level of heating and cooling energy con-
11	sumption of a reference qualifying new
12	home constructed in accordance with the
13	standards of chapter 4 of the 2000 Inter-
14	national Energy Conservation Code, or a
15	qualifying new home which is a manufac-
16	tured home which meets the applicable
17	standards of the Energy Star program
18	managed jointly by the Environmental Pro-
19	tection Agency and the Department of En-
20	ergy.
21	"(ii) 50-percent home.—The term
22	'50-percent home' means a qualifying new
23	home which is certified to have a projected
24	level of annual heating and cooling energy
25	consumption, measured in terms of average

1	annual energy cost to the homeowner, which
2	is at least 50 percent less than such annual
3	level of heating and cooling energy con-
4	sumption.
5	"(C) Prior credit amounts on same
6	HOME TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—If a credit was
7	allowed under subsection (a) with respect to a
8	qualifying new home in 1 or more prior taxable
9	years, the amount of the credit otherwise allow-
10	able for the taxable year with respect to that
11	home shall not exceed the amount under clause
12	(i) or (ii) of subparagraph (A) (as the case may
13	be), reduced by the sum of the credits allowed
14	under subsection (a) with respect to the home for
15	all prior taxable years.
16	"(2) Coordination with rehabilitation and
17	Energy credits.—For purposes of this section—
18	"(A) the basis of any property referred to in
19	subsection (a) shall be reduced by that portion of
20	the basis of any property which is attributable to
21	the rehabilitation credit (as determined under
22	section 47(a)) or to the energy percentage of en-
23	ergy property (as determined under section
24	48(a)), and

1	"(B) expenditures taken into account under
2	either section 47 or 48(a) shall not be taken into
3	account under this section.
4	"(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
5	"(1) Eligible contractor.—The term 'eligible
6	contractor' means the person who constructed the
7	qualifying new home, or in the case of a manufac-
8	tured home which conforms to Federal Manufactured
9	Home Construction and Safety Standards (24 C.F.R.
10	3280), the manufactured home producer of such home.
11	"(2) Energy efficient property.—The term
12	'energy efficient property' means any energy efficient
13	building envelope component, and any energy effi-
14	cient heating or cooling equipment which can, indi-
15	vidually or in combination with other components,
16	meet the requirements of this section.
17	"(3) Qualifying new home.—The term 'quali-
18	fying new home' means a dwelling—
19	"(A) located in the United States,
20	"(B) the construction of which is substan-
21	tially completed after the date of the enactment
22	of this section, and
23	"(C) the first use of which after construction
24	is as a principal residence (within the meaning
25	of section 121).

1	"(4) Construction.—The term 'construction'
2	includes reconstruction and rehabilitation.
3	"(5) Building envelope component.—The
4	term 'building envelope component' means—
5	"(A) any insulation material or system
6	which is specifically and primarily designed to
7	reduce the heat loss or gain of a qualifying new
8	home when installed in or on such home, and
9	"(B) exterior windows (including skylights)
10	and doors.
11	"(6) Manufactured Home included.—The
12	term 'qualifying new home' includes a manufactured
13	home conforming to Federal Manufactured Home
14	Construction and Safety Standards (24 C.F.R. 3280).
15	"(d) Certification.—
16	"(1) Method of certification.—
17	"(A) In General.—A certification de-
18	scribed in $subsection$ $(b)(1)(B)$ $shall$ be $deter-$
19	mined either by a component-based method or a
20	performance-based method.
21	"(B) Component-based method.—A com-
22	ponent-based method is a method which uses the
23	applicable technical energy efficiency specifica-
24	tions or ratings (including product labeling re-
25	quirements) for the energy efficient building en-

1	velope component or energy efficient heating or
2	cooling equipment. The Secretary shall, in con-
3	sultation with the Administrator of the Environ-
4	mental Protection Agency, develop prescriptive
5	component-based packages that are equivalent in
6	energy performance to properties that qualify
7	under subparagraph (C).
8	"(C) Performance-based method.—
9	"(i) In General.—A performance-
10	based method is a method which calculates
11	projected energy usage and cost reductions
12	in the qualifying new home in relation to a
13	reference qualifying new home—
14	"(I) heated by the same energy
15	source and heating system type, and
16	"(II) constructed in accordance
17	with the standards of chapter 4 of the
18	2000 International Energy Conserva-
19	$tion\ Code.$
20	"(ii) Computer software.—Com-
21	puter software shall be used in support of a
22	performance-based method certification
23	under clause (i). Such software shall meet
24	procedures and methods for calculating en-
25	eray and cost savinas in regulations pro-

1	mulgated by the Secretary of Energy. Such
2	regulations on the specifications for software
3	and verification protocols shall be based on
4	the 2001 California Residential Alternative
5	Calculation Method Approval Manual.
6	"(2) Provider.—A certification described in
7	subsection $(b)(1)(B)$ shall be provided by—
8	"(A) in the case of a component-based meth-
9	od, a local building regulatory authority, a util-
10	ity, a manufactured home production inspection
11	primary inspection agency (IPIA), or a home
12	energy rating organization, or
13	"(B) in the case of a performance-based
14	method, an individual recognized by an organi-
15	zation designated by the Secretary for such pur-
16	poses.
17	"(3) FORM.—
18	"(A) In general.—A certification de-
19	scribed in subsection $(b)(1)(B)$ shall be made in
20	writing in a manner that specifies in readily
21	verifiable fashion the energy efficient building
22	envelope components and energy efficient heating
23	or cooling equipment installed and their respec-
24	tive rated energy efficiency performance, and in
25	the case of a performance-based method, accom-

panied by a written analysis documenting the proper application of a permissible energy performance calculation method to the specific circumstances of such qualifying new home.

"(B) FORM PROVIDED TO BUYER.—A form documenting the energy efficient building envelope components and energy efficient heating or cooling equipment installed and their rated energy efficiency performance shall be provided to the buyer of the qualifying new home. The form shall include labeled R-value for insulation products, NFRC-labeled U-factor and Solar Heat Gain Coefficient for windows, skylights, and doors, labeled AFUE ratings for furnaces and boilers, labeled HSPF ratings for electric heat pumps, and labeled SEER ratings for air conditioners.

"(C) RATINGS LABEL AFFIXED IN DWELL-ING.—A permanent label documenting the ratings in subparagraph (B) shall be affixed to the front of the electrical distribution panel of the qualifying new home, or shall be otherwise permanently displayed in a readily inspectable location in such home.

"(4) Regulations.—

1	"(A) In general.—In prescribing regula-
2	tions under this subsection for performance-based
3	certification methods, the Secretary, after exam-
4	ining the requirements for energy consultants
5	and home energy ratings providers specified by
6	the Mortgage Industry National Accreditation
7	Procedures for Home Energy Rating Systems,
8	shall prescribe procedures for calculating annual
9	energy usage and cost reductions for heating and
10	cooling and for the reporting of the results. Such
11	regulations shall—
12	"(i) provide that any calculation pro-
13	cedures be fuel neutral such that the same
14	energy efficiency measures allow a quali-
15	fying new home to be eligible for the credit
16	under this section regardless of whether such
17	home uses a gas or oil furnace or boiler or
18	an electric heat pump, and
19	"(ii) require that any computer soft-
20	ware allow for the printing of the Federal
21	tax forms necessary for the credit under this
22	section and for the printing of forms for
23	disclosure to the homebuyer.
24	"(B) Providers.—For purposes of para-
25	graph (2)(B), the Secretary shall establish re-

1	quirements	for	the	designation	of.	individuo	ls

- 2 based on the requirements for energy consultants
- 3 and home energy raters specified by the Mort-
- 4 gage Industry National Accreditation Procedures
- 5 for Home Energy Rating Systems.
- 6 "(e) Termination.—Subsection (a) shall apply to
- 7 qualifying new homes purchased during the period begin-
- 8 ning on the date of the enactment of this section and ending
- 9 on December 31, 2007.".
- 10 (b) Credit Made Part of General Business
- 11 Credit.—Subsection (b) of section 38 (relating to current
- 12 year business credit), as amended by this Act, is amended
- 13 by striking "plus" at the end of paragraph (16), by striking
- 14 the period at the end of paragraph (17) and inserting ",
- 15 plus", and by adding at the end the following new para-
- 16 graph:
- 17 "(18) the new energy efficient home credit deter-
- 18 mined under section 45G(a).".
- 19 (c) Denial of Double Benefit.—Section 280C (re-
- 20 lating to certain expenses for which credits are allowable)
- 21 is amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
- 22 section:
- 23 "(d) New Energy Efficient Home Expenses.—No
- 24 deduction shall be allowed for that portion of expenses for
- 25 a qualifying new home otherwise allowable as a deduction

- 1 for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of the
- 2 credit determined for such taxable year under section
- 3 45G(a).".
- 4 (d) Limitation on Carryback.—Subsection (d) of
- 5 section 39, as amended by this Act, is amended by adding
- 6 at the end the following new paragraph:
- 7 "(13) No carryback of new energy effi-
- 8 CIENT HOME CREDIT BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No
- 9 portion of the unused business credit for any taxable
- 10 year which is attributable to the credit determined
- 11 under section 45G may be carried back to any taxable
- 12 year ending on or before the date of the enactment of
- 13 section 45G.".
- 14 (e) Deduction for Certain Unused Business
- 15 Credits.—Subsection (c) of section 196, as amended by
- 16 this Act, is amended by striking "and" at the end of para-
- 17 graph (10), by striking the period at the end of paragraph
- 18 (11) and inserting ", and", and by adding after paragraph
- 19 (11) the following new paragraph:
- 20 "(12) the new energy efficient home credit deter-
- 21 mined under section 45G(a).".
- 22 (f) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for
- 23 subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1, as
- 24 amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the
- 25 following new item:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 45G. New energy efficient home credit.".

1	(g) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
2	section shall apply to taxable years ending after the date
3	of the enactment of this Act.
4	SEC. 2102. CREDIT FOR ENERGY EFFICIENT APPLIANCES.
5	(a) In General.—Subpart $D$ of part $IV$ of subchapter
6	A of chapter 1 (relating to business-related credits), as
7	amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the
8	following new section:
9	"SEC. 45H. ENERGY EFFICIENT APPLIANCE CREDIT.
10	"(a) General Rule.—For purposes of section 38, the
11	energy efficient appliance credit determined under this sec-
12	tion for the taxable year is an amount equal to the applica-
13	ble amount determined under subsection (b) with respect
14	to the eligible production of qualified energy efficient appli-
15	ances produced by the taxpayer during the calendar year
16	ending with or within the taxable year.
17	"(b) Applicable Amount; Eligible Production.—
18	For purposes of subsection (a)—
19	"(1) Applicable amount.—The applicable
20	amount is—
21	"(A) \$50, in the case of—
22	"(i) a clothes washer which is manu-
23	factured with at least a 1.26 MEF, or
24	"(ii) a refrigerator which consumes at
25	least 10 percent less kWh per year than the

1	energy conservation standards for refrig-
2	erators promulgated by the Department of
3	Energy effective July 1, 2001, and
4	"(B) \$100, in the case of—
5	"(i) a clothes washer which is manu-
6	factured with at least a 1.42 MEF (at least
7	1.5 MEF for washers produced after 2004),
8	or
9	"(ii) a refrigerator which consumes at
10	least 15 percent less kWh per year than
11	such energy conservation standards.
12	"(2) Eligible production.—
13	"(A) In General.—The eligible production
14	of each category of qualified energy efficient ap-
15	pliances is the excess of—
16	"(i) the number of appliances in such
17	category which are produced by the tax-
18	payer during such calendar year, over
19	"(ii) the average number of appliances
20	in such category which were produced by
21	the taxpayer during calendar years 1999,
22	2000, and 2001.
23	"(B) Categories.—For purposes of sub-
24	paragraph (A), the categories are—

1	"(i) clothes washers described in para-
2	$graph\ (1)(A)(i),$
3	"(ii) clothes washers described in para-
4	$graph\ (1)(B)(i),$
5	"(iii) refrigerators described in para-
6	$graph\ (1)(A)(ii),\ and$
7	"(iv) refrigerators described in para-
8	$graph\ (1)(B)(ii).$
9	"(c) Limitation on Maximum Credit.—
10	"(1) In general.—The maximum amount of
11	credit allowed under subsection (a) with respect to a
12	taxpayer for all taxable years shall be—
13	"(A) \$30,000,000 with respect to the credit
14	determined under subsection (b)(1)(A), and
15	"(B) \$30,000,000 with respect to the credit
16	$determined\ under\ subsection\ (b)(1)(B).$
17	"(2) Limitation based on gross receipts.—
18	The credit allowed under subsection (a) with respect
19	to a taxpayer for the taxable year shall not exceed an
20	amount equal to 2 percent of the average annual gross
21	receipts of the taxpayer for the 3 taxable years pre-
22	ceding the taxable year in which the credit is deter-
23	mined.

1	"(3) Gross receipts.—For purposes of this
2	subsection, the rules of paragraphs (2) and (3) of sec-
3	$tion \ 448(c) \ shall \ apply.$
4	"(d) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
5	"(1) Qualified energy efficient appli-
6	ANCE.—The term 'qualified energy efficient appliance'
7	means—
8	"(A) a clothes washer described in subpara-
9	$graph \ (A)(i) \ or \ (B)(i) \ of \ subsection \ (b)(1), \ or$
10	"(B) a refrigerator described in subpara-
11	$graph\ (A)(ii)\ or\ (B)(ii)\ of\ subsection\ (b)(1).$
12	"(2) Clothes Washer.—The term 'clothes
13	washer' means a residential clothes washer, including
14	a residential style coin operated washer.
15	"(3) Refrigerator.—The term 'refrigerator'
16	means an automatic defrost refrigerator-freezer which
17	has an internal volume of at least 16.5 cubic feet.
18	"(4) MEF.—The term 'MEF' means Modified
19	Energy Factor (as determined by the Secretary of En-
20	ergy).
21	"(e) Special Rules.—
22	"(1) In general.—Rules similar to the rules of
23	subsections (c), (d), and (e) of section 52 shall apply
24	for purposes of this section.

1	"(2) AGGREGATION RULES.—All persons treated
2	as a single employer under subsection (a) or (b) of
3	section 52 or subsection (m) or (o) of section 414 shall
4	be treated as 1 person for purposes of subsection (a).
5	"(f) Verification.—The taxpayer shall submit such
6	information or certification as the Secretary, in consulta-
7	tion with the Secretary of Energy, determines necessary to
8	claim the credit amount under subsection (a).
9	"(g) Termination.—This section shall not apply—
10	"(1) with respect to refrigerators described in
11	$subsection \ (b)(1)(A)(ii) \ produced \ after \ December \ 31,$
12	2004, and
13	"(2) with respect to all other qualified energy ef-
14	ficient appliances produced after December 31,
15	2006.".
16	(b) Limitation on Carryback.—Section 39(d) (relat-
17	ing to transition rules), as amended by this Act, is amended
18	by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
19	"(14) No carryback of energy efficient ap-
20	PLIANCE CREDIT BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No por-
21	tion of the unused business credit for any taxable year
22	which is attributable to the energy efficient appliance
23	credit determined under section 45H may be carried
24	to a taxable year ending before January 1, 2003.".

- 1 (c) Conforming Amendment.—Section 38(b) (relat-
- 2 ing to general business credit), as amended by this Act, is
- 3 amended by striking "plus" at the end of paragraph (17),
- 4 by striking the period at the end of paragraph (18) and
- 5 inserting ", plus", and by adding at the end the following
- 6 new paragraph:
- 7 "(19) the energy efficient appliance credit deter-
- 8 mined under section 45H(a).".
- 9 (d) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for
- 10 subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1, as
- 11 amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the
- 12 following new item:

"Sec. 45H. Energy efficient appliance credit.".

- 13 (e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
- 14 section shall apply to appliances produced after December
- 15 31, 2002, in taxable years ending after such date.
- 16 SEC. 2103. CREDIT FOR RESIDENTIAL ENERGY EFFICIENT
- 17 **PROPERTY.**
- 18 (a) In General.—Subpart A of part IV of subchapter
- 19 A of chapter 1 (relating to nonrefundable personal credits)
- 20 is amended by inserting after section 25B the following new
- 21 section:
- 22 "SEC. 25C. RESIDENTIAL ENERGY EFFICIENT PROPERTY.
- 23 "(a) Allowance of Credit.—In the case of an indi-
- 24 vidual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax

1	imposed by this chapter for the taxable year an amount
2	equal to the sum of—
3	"(1) 15 percent of the qualified photovoltaic
4	property expenditures made by the taxpayer during
5	such year,
6	"(2) 15 percent of the qualified solar water heat-
7	ing property expenditures made by the taxpayer dur-
8	ing such year,
9	"(3) 30 percent of the qualified fuel cell property
10	expenditures made by the taxpayer during such year,
11	"(4) 30 percent of the qualified wind energy
12	property expenditures made by the taxpayer during
13	such year, and
14	"(5) the sum of the qualified Tier 2 energy effi-
15	cient building property expenditures made by the tax-
16	payer during such year.
17	"(b) Limitations.—
18	"(1) Maximum credit.—The credit allowed
19	under subsection (a) shall not exceed—
20	"(A) \$2,000 for property described in sub-
21	section (d)(1),
22	"(B) \$2,000 for property described in sub-
23	section $(d)(2)$ ,
24	"(C) \$1,000 for each kilowatt of capacity of
25	property described in subsection $(d)(4)$ ,

1	"(D) \$2,000 for property described in sub-
2	section $(d)(5)$ , and
3	"(E) for property described in subsection
4	(d)(6)—
5	"(i) \$75 for each electric heat pump
6	water heater,
7	"(ii) \$250 for each electric heat pump,
8	"(iii) \$250 for each advanced natural
9	gas furnace,
10	"(iv) \$250 for each central air condi-
11	tioner,
12	"(v) \$75 for each natural gas water
13	heater, and
14	"(vi) \$250 for each geothermal heat
15	pump.
16	"(2) Safety Certifications.—No credit shall
17	be allowed under this section for an item of property
18	unless—
19	"(A) in the case of solar water heating
20	property, such property is certified for perform-
21	ance and safety by the non-profit Solar Rating
22	Certification Corporation or a comparable entity
23	endorsed by the government of the State in which
24	such property is installed,

1	"(B) in the case of a photovoltaic property,
2	a fuel cell property, or a wind energy property,
3	such property meets appropriate fire and electric
4	code requirements, and
5	"(C) in the case of property described in
6	subsection (d)(6), such property meets the per-
7	formance and quality standards, and the certifi-
8	cation requirements (if any), which—
9	"(i) have been prescribed by the Sec-
10	retary by regulations (after consultation
11	with the Secretary of Energy or the Admin-
12	istrator of the Environmental Protection
13	Agency, as appropriate),
14	"(ii) in the case of the energy efficiency
15	ratio (EER)—
16	"(I) require measurements to be
17	based on published data which is tested
18	by manufacturers at 95 degrees Fahr-
19	enheit, and
20	"(II) do not require ratings to be
21	based on certified data of the Air Con-
22	ditioning and Refrigeration Institute,
23	and
24	"(iii) are in effect at the time of the
25	acquisition of the property.

1	"(c) Carryforward of Unused Credit.—If the
2	credit allowable under subsection (a) exceeds the limitation
3	imposed by section 26(a) for such taxable year reduced by
4	the sum of the credits allowable under this subpart (other
5	than this section and section 25D), such excess shall be car-
6	ried to the succeeding taxable year and added to the credit
7	allowable under subsection (a) for such succeeding taxable
8	year.
9	"(d) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
10	"(1) Qualified solar water heating prop-
11	ERTY EXPENDITURE.—The term 'qualified solar water
12	heating property expenditure' means an expenditure
13	for property to heat water for use in a dwelling unit
14	located in the United States and used as a residence
15	by the taxpayer if at least half of the energy used by
16	such property for such purpose is derived from the
17	sun.
18	"(2) Qualified photovoltaic property ex-
19	PENDITURE.—The term 'qualified photovoltaic prop-
20	erty expenditure' means an expenditure for property
21	that uses solar energy to generate electricity for use
22	in such a dwelling unit.
23	"(3) Solar panels.—No expenditure relating to
24	a solar panel or other property installed as a roof (or
25	portion thereof) shall fail to be treated as property de-

1	scribed in paragraph (1) or (2) solely because it con-
2	stitutes a structural component of the structure on
3	which it is installed.
4	"(4) Qualified fuel cell property expendi-
5	TURE.—The term 'qualified fuel cell property expend-
6	iture' means an expenditure for qualified fuel cell
7	property (as defined in section 48(a)(4)) installed on
8	or in connection with such a dwelling unit.
9	"(5) Qualified wind energy property ex-
10	PENDITURE.—The term 'qualified wind energy prop-
11	erty expenditure' means an expenditure for property
12	which uses wind energy to generate electricity for use
13	in such a dwelling unit.
14	"(6) Qualified tier 2 energy efficient
15	BUILDING PROPERTY EXPENDITURE.—
16	"(A) In General.—The term 'qualified
17	Tier 2 energy efficient building property expend-
18	iture' means an expenditure for any Tier 2 en-
19	ergy efficient building property.
20	"(B) Tier 2 energy efficient building
21	PROPERTY.—The term 'Tier 2 energy efficient
22	building property' means—
23	"(i) an electric heat pump water heater
24	which yields an energy factor of at least 1.7

1	in the standard Department of Energy test
2	procedure,
3	"(ii) an electric heat pump which has
4	a heating seasonal performance factor
5	(HSPF) of at least 9, a seasonal energy effi-
6	ciency ratio (SEER) of at least 15, and an
7	energy efficiency ratio (EER) of at least
8	12.5,
9	"(iii) an advanced natural gas furnace
10	which achieves at least 95 percent annual
11	$fuel\ utilization\ efficiency\ (AFUE),$
12	"(iv) a central air conditioner which
13	has a seasonal energy efficiency ratio
14	(SEER) of at least 15 and an energy effi-
15	ciency ratio (EER) of at least 12.5,
16	"(v) a natural gas water heater which
17	has an energy factor of at least 0.80 in the
18	standard Department of Energy test proce-
19	dure, and
20	"(vi) a geothermal heat pump which
21	has an energy efficiency ratio (EER) of at
22	least 21.
23	"(7) Labor costs.—Expenditures for labor
24	costs properly allocable to the onsite preparation, as-
25	sembly, or original installation of the property de-

- scribed in paragraph (1), (2), (4), (5), or (6) and for piping or wiring to interconnect such property to the dwelling unit shall be taken into account for purposes of this section.
  - "(8) Swimming Pools, etc., used as storage medium which has a function other than the function of such storage shall not be taken into account for purposes of this section.
  - "(e) Special Rules.—For purposes of this section—
  - "(1) DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN CASE OF JOINT OCCU-PANCY.—In the case of any dwelling unit which is jointly occupied and used during any calendar year as a residence by 2 or more individuals the following shall apply:
    - "(A) The amount of the credit allowable, under subsection (a) by reason of expenditures (as the case may be) made during such calendar year by any of such individuals with respect to such dwelling unit shall be determined by treating all of such individuals as 1 taxpayer whose taxable year is such calendar year.
    - "(B) There shall be allowable, with respect to such expenditures to each of such individuals,

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a credit under subsection (a) for the taxable year in which such calendar year ends in an amount which bears the same ratio to the amount determined under subparagraph (A) as the amount of such expenditures made by such individual during such calendar year bears to the aggregate of such expenditures made by all of such individuals during such calendar year.

"(2) Tenant-Stockholder in cooperative Housing corporation.—In the case of an individual who is a tenant-stockholder (as defined in section 216) in a cooperative housing corporation (as defined in such section), such individual shall be treated as having made his tenant-stockholder's proportionate share (as defined in section 216(b)(3)) of any expenditures of such corporation.

## "(3) Condominiums.—

"(A) In GENERAL.—In the case of an individual who is a member of a condominium management association with respect to a condominium which the individual owns, such individual shall be treated as having made the individual's proportionate share of any expenditures of such association.

1	"(B) Condominium management associa-
2	TION.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term
3	'condominium management association' means
4	an organization which meets the requirements of
5	paragraph (1) of section 528(c) (other than sub-
6	paragraph (E) thereof) with respect to a condo-
7	minium project substantially all of the units of
8	which are used as residences.
9	"(4) Allocation in Certain Cases.—Except in
10	the case of qualified wind energy property expendi-
11	tures, if less than 80 percent of the use of an item is
12	for nonbusiness purposes, only that portion of the ex-
13	penditures for such item which is properly allocable
14	to use for nonbusiness purposes shall be taken into ac-
15	count.
16	"(5) When expenditure made; amount of
17	EXPENDITURE.—
18	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
19	subparagraph (B), an expenditure with respect
20	to an item shall be treated as made when the
21	original installation of the item is completed.
22	"(B) Expenditures part of building
23	CONSTRUCTION.—In the case of an expenditure
24	in connection with the construction or recon-
25	struction of a structure, such expenditure shall be

1	treated as made when the original use of the con-
2	structed or reconstructed structure by the tax-
3	payer begins.
4	"(C) Amount.—The amount of any expend-
5	iture shall be the cost thereof.
6	"(6) Property financed by subsidized en-
7	ERGY FINANCING.—For purposes of determining the
8	amount of expenditures made by any individual with
9	respect to any dwelling unit, there shall not be taken
10	in to account expenditures which are made from sub-
11	sidized energy financing (as defined in section
12	48(a)(5)(C)).
13	"(f) Basis Adjustments.—For purposes of this sub-
14	title, if a credit is allowed under this section for any ex-
15	penditure with respect to any property, the increase in the
16	basis of such property which would (but for this subsection)
17	result from such expenditure shall be reduced by the amount
18	of the credit so allowed.
19	"(g) Termination.—The credit allowed under this
20	section shall not apply to expenditures after December 31,
21	2007.".
22	(b) Credit Allowed Against Regular Tax and
23	Alternative Minimum Tax.—

1	(1) In general.—Section 25C(b), as added by
2	subsection (a), is amended by adding at the end the
3	following new paragraph:
4	"(3) Limitation based on amount of tax.—
5	The credit allowed under subsection (a) for the tax-
6	able year shall not exceed the excess of—
7	"(A) the sum of the regular tax liability (as
8	defined in section 26(b)) plus the tax imposed by
9	section 55, over
10	"(B) the sum of the credits allowable under
11	this subpart (other than this section and section
12	25D) and section 27 for the taxable year.".
13	(2) Conforming amendments.—
14	(A) Section 25C(c), as added by subsection
15	(a), is amended by striking "section 26(a) for
16	such taxable year reduced by the sum of the cred-
17	its allowable under this subpart (other than this
18	section and section 25D)" and inserting "sub-
19	section $(b)(3)$ ".
20	(B) Section $23(b)(4)(B)$ is amended by in-
21	serting "and section 25C" after "this section".
22	(C) Section $24(b)(3)(B)$ is amended by
23	striking "23 and 25B" and inserting "23, 25B,
24	and 25C".

1	(D) Section $25(e)(1)(C)$ is amended by in-
2	serting "25C," after "25B,".
3	(E) Section $25B(g)(2)$ is amended by strik-
4	ing "section 23" and inserting "sections 23 and
5	25C".
6	(F) Section 26(a)(1) is amended by striking
7	"and 25B" and inserting "25B, and 25C".
8	(G) Section 904(h) is amended by striking
9	"and 25B" and inserting "25B, and 25C".
10	(H) Section 1400C(d) is amended by strik-
11	ing "and 25B" and inserting "25B, and 25C".
12	(c) Additional Conforming Amendments.—
13	(1) Section 23(c), as in effect for taxable years
14	beginning before January 1, 2004, is amended by
15	striking "section 1400C" and inserting "sections 25C
16	and 1400C".
17	(2) Section 25(e)(1)(C), as in effect for taxable
18	years beginning before January 1, 2004, is amended
19	by inserting ", 25Cs," after "sections 23".
20	(3) Subsection (a) of section 1016, as amended
21	by this Act, is amended by striking "and" at the end
22	of paragraph (29), by striking the period at the end
23	of paragraph (30) and inserting ", and", and by add-
24	ing at the end the following new paragraph:

1	"(31) to the extent provided in section 25C(f), in
2	the case of amounts with respect to which a credit has
3	been allowed under section 25C.".
4	(4) Section 1400C(d), as in effect for taxable
5	years beginning before January 1, 2004, is amended
6	by inserting "and section 25C" after "this section".
7	(5) The table of sections for subpart A of part IV
8	of subchapter $A$ of chapter 1 is amended by inserting
9	after the item relating to section $25B$ the following
10	new item:
	"Sec. 25C. Residential energy efficient property.".
11	(d) Effective Dates.—
12	(1) In general.—Except as provided by para-
13	graph (2), the amendments made by this section shall
14	apply to expenditures after December 31, 2002, in
15	taxable years ending after such date.
16	(2) Subsection (b).—The amendments made by
17	subsection (b) shall apply to taxable years beginning
18	after December 31, 2003.
19	SEC. 2104. CREDIT FOR BUSINESS INSTALLATION OF QUALI-
20	FIED FUEL CELLS AND STATIONARY MICRO-
21	TURBINE POWER PLANTS.
22	(a) In General.—Subparagraph (A) of section
23	48(a)(3) (defining energy property) is amended by striking
24	"or" at the end of clause (i), by adding "or" at the end

1	of clause (ii), and by inserting after clause (ii) the following
2	new clause:
3	"(iii) qualified fuel cell property or
4	qualified microturbine property,".
5	(b) Qualified Fuel Cell Property; Qualified
6	Microturbine Property.—Subsection (a) of section 48
7	is amended by redesignating paragraphs (4) and (5) as
8	paragraphs (5) and (6), respectively, and by inserting after
9	paragraph (3) the following new paragraph:
10	"(4) Qualified fuel cell property; quali-
11	FIED MICROTURBINE PROPERTY.—For purposes of
12	this subsection—
13	"(A) Qualified fuel cell property.—
14	"(i) In general.—The term 'qualified
15	fuel cell property' means a fuel cell power
16	plant that—
17	"(I) generates at least 0.5 kilowatt
18	of electricity using an electrochemical
19	process, and
20	"(II) has an electricity-only gen-
21	eration efficiency greater than 30 per-
22	cent.
23	"(ii) Limitation.—In the case of
24	qualified fuel cell property placed in service
25	during the taxable year, the credit deter-

1	mined under paragraph (1) for such year
2	with respect to such property shall not ex-
3	ceed an amount equal to the lesser of—
4	"(I) 30 percent of the basis of such
5	property, or
6	"(II) \$500 for each 0.5 kilowatt of
7	capacity of such property.
8	"(iii) Fuel cell power plant.—The
9	term 'fuel cell power plant' means an inte-
10	grated system comprised of a fuel cell stack
11	assembly and associated balance of plant
12	components that converts a fuel into elec-
13	tricity using electrochemical means.
14	"(iv) Termination.—Such term shall
15	not include any property placed in service
16	after December 31, 2007.
17	"(B) Qualified microturbine prop-
18	ERTY.—
19	"(i) In general.—The term "quali-
20	fied microturbine property' means a sta-
21	tionary microturbine power plant which
22	has an electricity-only generation efficiency
23	not less than 26 percent at International
24	Standard Organization conditions.

1	"(ii) Limitation.—In the case of
2	qualified microturbine property placed in
3	service during the taxable year, the credit
4	determined under paragraph (1) for such
5	year with respect to such property shall not
6	exceed an amount equal to the lesser of—
7	"(I) 10 percent of the basis of such
8	property, or
9	"(II) \$200 for each kilowatt of ca-
10	pacity of such property.
11	"(iii) Stationary microturbine
12	POWER PLANT.—The term 'stationary
13	microturbine power plant means a system
14	comprising of a rotary engine which is ac-
15	tuated by the aerodynamic reaction or im-
16	pulse or both on radial or axial curved full-
17	circumferential-admission airfoils on a cen-
18	tral axial rotating spindle. Such system—
19	``(I) commonly includes an air
20	compressor, combustor, gas pathways
21	which lead compressed air to the com-
22	bustor and which lead hot combusted
23	gases from the combustor to 1 or more
24	rotating turbine spools, which in turn

1	drive the compressor and power output
2	shaft,
3	"(II) includes a fuel compressor,
4	recuperator/regenerator, generator or
5	alternator, integrated combined cycle
6	equipment, cooling-heating-and-power
7	equipment, sound attenuation appa-
8	ratus, and power conditioning equip-
9	ment, and
10	"(III) includes all secondary com-
11	ponents located between the existing in-
12	frastructure for fuel delivery and the
13	existing infrastructure for power dis-
14	tribution, including equipment and
15	controls for meeting relevant power
16	standards, such as voltage, frequency,
17	and power factors.
18	"(iv) Termination.—Such term shall
19	not include any property placed in service
20	after December 31, 2006.".
21	(c) Limitation.—Section 48(a)(2)(A) (relating to en-
22	ergy percentage) is amended to read as follows:
23	"(A) In General.—The energy percentage
24	<i>is</i>

1	"(i) in the case of qualified fuel cell
2	property, 30 percent, and
3	"(ii) in the case of any other energy
4	property, 10 percent.".
5	(d) Conforming Amendments.—
6	(A) Section $29(b)(3)(A)(i)(III)$ is amended
7	by striking "section $48(a)(4)(C)$ " and inserting
8	"section $48(a)(5)(C)$ ".
9	(B) Section 48(a)(1) is amended by insert-
10	ing "except as provided in subparagraph (A)(ii)
11	or (B)(ii) of paragraph (4)," before "the energy".
12	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
13	subsection shall apply to property placed in service after
14	December 31, 2002, under rules similar to the rules of sec-
15	tion 48(m) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as in
16	effect on the day before the date of the enactment of the Rev-
17	enue Reconciliation Act of 1990).
18	SEC. 2105. ENERGY EFFICIENT COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS
19	DEDUCTION.
20	(a) In General.—Part VI of subchapter B of chapter
21	1 is amended by inserting after section 179A the following
22	new section:

1	"SEC. 179B. ENERGY EFFICIENT COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS
2	DEDUCTION.
3	"(a) In General.—There shall be allowed as a deduc-
4	tion for the taxable year an amount equal to the energy
5	efficient commercial building property expenditures made
6	by a taxpayer for the taxable year.
7	"(b) Maximum Amount of Deduction.—The amount
8	of energy efficient commercial building property expendi-
9	tures taken into account under subsection (a) shall not ex-
10	ceed an amount equal to the product of—
11	"(1) \$2.25, and
12	"(2) the square footage of the building with re-
13	spect to which the expenditures are made.
14	"(c) Year Deduction Allowed.—The deduction
15	under subsection (a) shall be allowed in the taxable year
16	in which the construction of the building is completed.
17	"(d) Energy Efficient Commercial Building
18	Property Expenditures.—For purposes of this section—
19	"(1) In General.—The term 'energy efficient
20	commercial building property expenditures' means an
21	amount paid or incurred for energy efficient commer-
22	cial building property installed on or in connection
23	with new construction or reconstruction of property—
24	"(A) for which depreciation is allowable
25	under section 167,

1	"(B) which is located in the United States,
2	and
3	"(C) the construction or erection of which is
4	completed by the taxpayer.
5	Such property includes all residential rental prop-
6	erty, including low-rise multifamily structures and
7	single family housing property which is not within
8	the scope of Standard 90.1–1999 (described in para-
9	graph (2)). Such term includes expenditures for labor
10	costs properly allocable to the onsite preparation, as-
11	sembly, or original installation of the property.
12	"(2) Energy efficient commercial building
13	PROPERTY.—For purposes of paragraph (1)—
14	"(A) In General.—The term 'energy effi-
15	cient commercial building property' means any
16	property which reduces total annual energy and
17	power costs with respect to the lighting, heating,
18	cooling, ventilation, and hot water supply sys-
19	tems of the building by 50 percent or more in
20	comparison to a reference building which meets
21	the requirements of Standard 90.1–1999 of the
22	American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and
23	Air Conditioning Engineers and the Illu-
24	minating Engineering Society of North America
25	using methods of calculation under subpara-

1	graph (B) and certified by qualified profes-
2	sionals as provided under paragraph (5).
3	"(B) Methods of Calculation.—The
4	Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of
5	Energy, shall promulgate regulations which de-
6	scribe in detail methods for calculating and
7	verifying energy and power consumption and
8	cost, taking into consideration the provisions of
9	the 2001 California Nonresidential Alternative
10	Calculation Method Approval Manual. These reg-
11	ulations shall meet the following requirements:
12	"(i) In calculating tradeoffs and en-
13	ergy performance, the regulations shall pre-
14	scribe the costs per unit of energy and
15	power, such as kilowatt hour, kilowatt, gal-
16	lon of fuel oil, and cubic foot or Btu of nat-
17	ural gas, which may be dependent on time
18	$of\ usage.$
19	``(ii) The calculational methodology
20	shall require that compliance be dem-
21	onstrated for a whole building. If some sys-
22	tems of the building, such as lighting, are
23	designed later than other systems of the
24	building, the method shall provide that
25	either—

1	"(I) the expenses taken into ac-
2	count under paragraph (1) shall not
3	occur until the date designs for all en-
4	ergy-using systems of the building are
5	completed,
6	"(II) the energy performance of
7	all systems and components not yet de-
8	signed shall be assumed to comply
9	minimally with the requirements of
10	such Standard 90.1–1999, or
11	"(III) the expenses taken into ac-
12	count under paragraph (1) shall be a
13	fraction of such expenses based on the
14	performance of less than all energy-
15	using systems in accordance with
16	clause (iii).
17	"(iii) The expenditures in connection
18	with the design of subsystems in the build-
19	ing, such as the envelope, the heating, ven-
20	tilation, air conditioning and water heating
21	system, and the lighting system shall be al-
22	located to the appropriate building sub-
23	system based on system-specific energy cost
24	savings targets in regulations promulgated
25	by the Secretary of Energy which are equiv-

1	alent, using the calculation methodology, to
2	the whole building requirement of 50 per-
3	cent savings.
4	"(iv) The calculational methods under
5	this subparagraph need not comply fully
6	with section 11 of such Standard 90.1-
7	1999.
8	"(v) The calculational methods shall be
9	fuel neutral, such that the same energy effi-
10	ciency features shall qualify a building for
11	the deduction under this subsection regard-
12	less of whether the heating source is a gas
13	or oil furnace or an electric heat pump.
14	"(vi) The calculational methods shall
15	provide appropriate calculated energy sav-
16	ings for design methods and technologies not
17	otherwise credited in either such Standard
18	90.1–1999 or in the 2001 California Non-
19	residential Alternative Calculation Method
20	Approval Manual, including the following:
21	$``(I)\ Natural\ ventilation.$
22	$``(II)\ Evaporative\ cooling.$
23	"(III) Automatic lighting controls
24	such as occupancy sensors, photocells,
25	$and\ time clocks.$

1	$``(IV)\ Daylighting.$
2	"(V) Designs utilizing semi-condi-
3	tioned spaces that maintain adequate
4	comfort conditions without air condi-
5	tioning or without heating.
6	"(VI) Improved fan system effi-
7	ciency, including reductions in static
8	pressure.
9	"(VII) Advanced unloading mech-
10	anisms for mechanical cooling, such as
11	multiple or variable speed compressors.
12	"(VIII) The calculational methods
13	may take into account the extent of
14	commissioning in the building, and
15	allow the taxpayer to take into account
16	measured performance that exceeds
17	typical performance.
18	"(C) Computer software.—
19	"(i) In General.—Any calculation
20	under this paragraph shall be prepared by
21	qualified computer software.
22	"(ii) Qualified computer soft-
23	WARE.—For purposes of this subparagraph,
24	the term 'qualified computer software'
25	means software—

1	"(I) for which the software de-
2	signer has certified that the software
3	meets all procedures and detailed meth-
4	ods for calculating energy and power
5	consumption and costs as required by
6	the Secretary,
7	"(II) which provides such forms
8	as required to be filed by the Secretary
9	in connection with energy efficiency of
10	property and the deduction allowed
11	under this subsection, and
12	"(III) which provides a notice
13	form which summarizes the energy effi-
14	ciency features of the building and its
15	projected annual energy costs.
16	"(3) Allocation of deduction for public
17	PROPERTY.—In the case of energy efficient commer-
18	cial building property installed on or in public prop-
19	erty, the Secretary shall promulgate a regulation to
20	allow the allocation of the deduction to the person
21	primarily responsible for designing the property in
22	lieu of the public entity which is the owner of such
23	property. Such person shall be treated as the taxpayer
24	for purposes of this subsection.

1 "(4) Notice to owner.—The qualified indi-2 vidual shall provide an explanation to the owner of the building regarding the energy efficiency features 3 4 of the building and its projected annual energy costs 5 inthenoticeunder paragraph provided 6 (2)(C)(ii)(III).

## "(5) CERTIFICATION.—

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"(A) In General.—Except as provided in this paragraph, the Secretary shall prescribe procedures for the inspection and testing for compliance of buildings that are comparable, given the difference between commercial and residential buildings, to the requirements in the Mortgage Industry National Accreditation Procedures for Home Energy Rating Systems.

"(B) QUALIFIED INDIVIDUALS.—Individuals qualified to determine compliance shall be only those individuals who are recognized by an organization certified by the Secretary for such purposes. The Secretary may qualify a Home Ratings Systems Organization, a local building code agency, a State or local energy office, a utility, or any other organization which meets the requirements prescribed under this section.

1	"(C) Proficiency of qualified individ-
2	UALS.—The Secretary shall consult with non-
3	profit organizations and State agencies with ex-
4	pertise in energy efficiency calculations and in-
5	spections to develop proficiency tests and train-
6	ing programs to qualify individuals to determine
7	compliance.
8	"(e) Basis Reduction.—For purposes of this subtitle,
9	if a deduction is allowed under this section with respect
10	to any energy efficient commercial building property, the
11	basis of such property shall be reduced by the amount of
12	the deduction so allowed.
13	"(f) Regulations.—The Secretary shall promulgate
14	such regulations as necessary to take into account new tech-
15	nologies regarding energy efficiency and renewable energy
16	for purposes of determining energy efficiency and savings
17	under this section.
18	"(g) Termination.—This section shall not apply with
19	respect to any energy efficient commercial building prop-
20	erty expenditures in connection with property—
21	"(1) the plans for which are not certified under
22	subsection (d)(5) on or before December 31, 2007, and
23	"(2) the construction of which is not completed
24	on or before December 31, 2009.".
25	(b) Conforming Amendments.—

1	(1) Section 1016(a), as amended by this Act, is
2	amended by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
3	(30), by striking the period at the end of paragraph
4	(31) and inserting ", and", and by adding at the end
5	the following new paragraph:
6	"(32) to the extent provided in section $179B(e)$ .".
7	(2) Section 1245(a) is amended by inserting
8	"179B," after "179A," both places it appears in
9	paragraphs $(2)(C)$ and $(3)(C)$ .
10	(3) Section 1250(b)(3) is amended by inserting
11	before the period at the end of the first sentence "or
12	by section 179B".
13	(4) Section 263(a)(1) is amended by striking
14	"or" at the end of subparagraph (G), by striking the
15	period at the end of subparagraph (H) and inserting
16	", or", and by inserting after subparagraph (H) the
17	following new subparagraph:
18	"(I) expenditures for which a deduction is
19	allowed under section 179B.".
20	(5) Section $312(k)(3)(B)$ is amended by striking
21	"or 179A" each place it appears in the heading and
22	text and inserting ", 179A, or 179B".
23	(c) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for
24	part VI of subchapter B of chapter 1 is amended by insert-
25	ing after section 179A the following new item:

"Sec. 179B. Energy efficient commercial buildings deduction.".

1 (d) Effective Date.—The amendments made	by	thi	S
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- 2 section shall apply to taxable years beginning after Sep-
- 3 tember 30, 2002.
- 4 SEC. 2106. ALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTION FOR QUALIFIED
- 5 NEW OR RETROFITTED ENERGY MANAGE-
- 6 *MENT DEVICES*.
- 7 (a) In General.—Part VI of subchapter B of chapter
- 8 1 (relating to itemized deductions for individuals and cor-
- 9 porations), as amended by this Act, is amended by inserting
- 10 after section 179B the following new section:
- 11 "SEC. 179C. DEDUCTION FOR QUALIFIED NEW OR RETRO-
- 12 FITTED ENERGY MANAGEMENT DEVICES.
- 13 "(a) Allowance of Deduction.—In the case of a
- 14 taxpayer who is a supplier of electric energy or natural
- 15 gas or a provider of electric energy or natural gas services,
- 16 there shall be allowed as a deduction an amount equal to
- 17 the cost of each qualified energy management device placed
- 18 in service during the taxable year.
- 19 "(b) Maximum Deduction.—The deduction allowed
- 20 by this section with respect to each qualified energy man-
- 21 agement device shall not exceed \$30.
- 22 "(c) Qualified Energy Management Device.—The
- 23 term 'qualified energy management device' means any tan-
- 24 gible property to which section 168 applies if such property
- 25 is a meter or metering device—

1	"(1) which is acquired and used by the taxpayer
2	to enable consumers to manage their purchase or use
3	of electricity or natural gas in response to energy
4	price and usage signals, and
5	"(2) which permits reading of energy price and
6	usage signals on at least a daily basis.
7	"(d) Property Used Outside the United States
8	Not Qualified.—No deduction shall be allowed under sub-
9	section (a) with respect to property which is used predomi-
10	nantly outside the United States or with respect to the por-
11	tion of the cost of any property taken into account under
12	section 179.
13	"(e) Basis Reduction.—
14	"(1) In general.—For purposes of this title, the
15	basis of any property shall be reduced by the amount
16	of the deduction with respect to such property which
17	is allowed by subsection (a).
18	"(2) Ordinary income recapture.—For pur-
19	poses of section 1245, the amount of the deduction al-
20	lowable under subsection (a) with respect to any
21	property that is of a character subject to the allow-
22	ance for depreciation shall be treated as a deduction
23	allowed for depreciation under section 167.".
24	(b) Conforming Amendments.—

1	(1) Section 263(a)(1), as amended by this Act, is
2	amended by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph
3	(H), by striking the period at the end of subpara-
4	graph (I) and inserting ", or", and by inserting after
5	subparagraph (I) the following new subparagraph:
6	"(I) expenditures for which a deduction is
7	allowed under section 179C.".
8	(2) Section $312(k)(3)(B)$ , as amended by this
9	Act, is amended by striking "or 179B" each place it
10	appears in the heading and text and inserting ",
11	179B, or 179C".
12	(3) Section 1016(a), as amended by this Act, is
13	amended by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
14	(31), by striking the period at the end of paragraph
15	(32) and inserting ", and", and by adding at the end
16	the following new paragraph:
17	"(33) to the extent provided in section
18	179C(e)(1).".
19	(4) Section 1245(a), as amended by this Act, is
20	amended by inserting "179C," after "179B," both
21	places it appears in paragraphs $(2)(C)$ and $(3)(C)$ .
22	(5) The table of contents for subpart B of part
23	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1, as amended by this
24	Act, is amended by inserting after the item relating
25	to section 179B the following new item:

"Sec. 179C. Deduction for qualified new or retrofitted energy management devices.".

1	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
2	section shall apply to qualified energy management devices
3	placed in service after the date of the enactment of this Act,
4	in taxable years ending after such date.
5	SEC. 2107. THREE-YEAR APPLICABLE RECOVERY PERIOD
6	FOR DEPRECIATION OF QUALIFIED ENERGY
7	MANAGEMENT DEVICES.
8	(a) In General.—Subparagraph (A) of section
9	168(e)(3) (relating to classification of property) is amended
10	by striking "and" at the end of clause (ii), by striking the
11	period at the end of clause (iii) and inserting ", and", and
12	by adding at the end the following new clause:
13	"(iv) any qualified energy manage-
14	ment device.".
15	(b) Definition of Qualified Energy Management
16	Device.—Section 168(i) (relating to definitions and spe-
17	cial rules) is amended by inserting at the end the following
18	new paragraph:
19	"(15) Qualified energy management de-
20	VICE.—The term 'qualified energy management de-
21	vice' means any qualified energy management device
22	as defined in section 179C(c) which is placed in serv-
23	ice by a taxpayer who is a supplier of electric energy

1	or natural gas or a provider of electric energy or nat-
2	ural gas services.".
3	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
4	section shall apply to property placed in service after the
5	date of the enactment of this Act, in taxable years ending
6	after such date.
7	SEC. 2108. ENERGY CREDIT FOR COMBINED HEAT AND
8	POWER SYSTEM PROPERTY.
9	(a) In General.—Subparagraph (A) of section
10	48(a)(3) (defining energy property), as amended by this
11	Act, is amended by striking "or" at the end of clause (ii),
12	by adding "or" at the end of clause (iii), and by inserting
13	after clause (iii) the following new clause:
14	"(iv) combined heat and power system
15	property,".
16	(b) Combined Heat and Power System Prop-
17	ERTY.—Subsection (a) of section 48, as amended by this
18	Act, is amended by redesignating paragraphs (5) and (6)
19	as paragraphs (6) and (7), respectively, and by inserting
20	after paragraph (4) the following new paragraph:
21	"(5) Combined Heat and Power system prop-
22	ERTY.—For purposes of this subsection—
23	"(A) Combined Heat and Power system
24	PROPERTY.—The term 'combined heat and power

1	system property' means property comprising a
2	system—
3	"(i) which uses the same energy source
4	for the simultaneous or sequential genera-
5	tion of electrical power, mechanical shaft
6	power, or both, in combination with the
7	generation of steam or other forms of useful
8	thermal energy (including heating and cool-
9	$ing\ applications),$
10	"(ii) which has an electrical capacity
11	of more than 50 kilowatts or a mechanical
12	energy capacity of more than 67 horsepower
13	or an equivalent combination of electrical
14	and mechanical energy capacities,
15	"(iii) which produces—
16	"(I) at least 20 percent of its total
17	useful energy in the form of thermal
18	energy, and
19	"(II) at least 20 percent of its
20	total useful energy in the form of elec-
21	trical or mechanical power (or com-
22	bination thereof),
23	"(iv) the energy efficiency percentage
24	of which exceeds 60 percent (70 percent in
25	the case of a system with an electrical ca-

1	pacity in excess of 50 megawatts or a me-
2	chanical energy capacity in excess of 67,000
3	horsepower, or an equivalent combination of
4	electrical and mechanical energy capac-
5	ities), and
6	"(v) which is placed in service after
7	December 31, 2002, and before January 1,
8	2007.
9	"(B) Special rules.—
10	"(i) Energy efficiency percent-
11	AGE.—For purposes of subparagraph
12	(A)(iv), the energy efficiency percentage of a
13	system is the fraction—
14	"(I) the numerator of which is the
15	total useful electrical, thermal, and me-
16	chanical power produced by the system
17	at normal operating rates, and ex-
18	pected to be consumed in its normal
19	application, and
20	"(II) the denominator of which is
21	the lower heating value of the primary
22	fuel source for the system.
23	"(ii) Determinations made on btu
24	BASIS.—The energy efficiency percentage

1	and the percentages under subparagraph
2	(A)(iii) shall be determined on a Btu basis.
3	"(iii) Input and output property
4	NOT INCLUDED.—The term 'combined heat
5	and power system property' does not in-
6	clude property used to transport the energy
7	source to the facility or to distribute energy
8	produced by the facility.
9	"(iv) Public utility property.—
10	"(I) Accounting rule for pub-
11	LIC UTILITY PROPERTY.—If the com-
12	bined heat and power system property
13	is public utility property (as defined
14	in section $168(i)(10)$ ), the taxpayer
15	may only claim the credit under the
16	subsection if, with respect to such prop-
17	erty, the taxpayer uses a normalization
18	$method\ of\ accounting.$
19	"(II) Certain exception not to
20	APPLY.—The matter following para-
21	graph (3)(D) shall not apply to com-
22	bined heat and power system property.
23	"(v) Nonapplication of certain
24	RULES.—For purposes of determining if the
25	term 'combined heat and power system

1	property' includes technologies which gen-
2	erate electricity or mechanical power using
3	back-pressure steam turbines in place of ex-
4	isting pressure-reducing valves or which
5	make use of waste heat from industrial
6	processes such as by using organic rankin,
7	stirling, or kalina heat engine systems, sub-
8	paragraph (A) shall be applied without re-
9	gard to clauses (iii) and (iv) thereof.
10	"(C) Extension of Depreciation recov-
11	ERY PERIOD.—If a taxpayer is allowed credit
12	under this section for combined heat and power
13	system property and such property would (but
14	for this subparagraph) have a class life of 15
15	years or less under section 168, such property
16	shall be treated as having a 22-year class life for
17	purposes of section 168.".
18	(c) No Carryback of Energy Credit Before Ef-
19	FECTIVE Date.—Subsection (d) of section 39, as amended
20	by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following
21	new paragraph:
22	"(15) No carryback of energy credit be-
23	FORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the unused
24	business credit for any taxable year which is attrib-
25	utable to the energy credit with respect to property

1	described in section 48(a)(5) may be carried back to
2	a taxable year ending before January 1, 2003.".
3	(d) Conforming Amendments.—
4	(A) Section 25C(e)(6), as added by this Act,
5	is amended by striking "section $48(a)(5)(C)$ "
6	and inserting "section $48(a)(6)(C)$ ".
7	(B) Section $29(b)(3)(A)(i)(III)$ , as amended
8	by this Act, is amended by striking "section
9	48(a)(5)(C)" and inserting "section
10	48(a)(6)(C)".
11	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
12	section shall apply to property placed in service after De-
13	cember 31, 2002, in taxable years ending after such date.
14	SEC. 2109. CREDIT FOR ENERGY EFFICIENCY IMPROVE-
15	MENTS TO EXISTING HOMES.
16	(a) In General.—Subpart A of part IV of subchapter
17	A of chapter 1 (relating to nonrefundable personal credits),
18	as amended by this Act, is amended by inserting after sec-
19	tion 25C the following new section:
20	"SEC. 25D. ENERGY EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENTS TO EXIST-
21	ING HOMES.
22	"(a) Allowance of Credit.—In the case of an indi-
23	vidual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax
24	imposed by this chapter for the taxable year an amount
25	equal to 10 percent of the amount paid or incurred by the

- 1 taxpayer for qualified energy efficiency improvements in-
- 2 stalled during such taxable year.
- 3 "(b) Limitations.—
- 4 "(1) MAXIMUM CREDIT.—The credit allowed by 5 this section with respect to a dwelling shall not exceed 6 \$300.
- 7 "(2) Prior credit amounts for taxpayer on SAME DWELLING TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—If a credit 8 9 was allowed to the taxpayer under subsection (a) with 10 respect to a dwelling in 1 or more prior taxable years, 11 the amount of the credit otherwise allowable for the 12 taxable year with respect to that dwelling shall not 13 exceed the amount of \$300 reduced by the sum of the 14 credits allowed under subsection (a) to the taxpayer 15 with respect to the dwelling for all prior taxable 16 years.
- "(c) Carryforward of Unused Credit.—If the credit allowable under subsection (a) exceeds the limitation imposed by section 26(a) for such taxable year reduced by the sum of the credits allowable under this subpart (other than this section) for any taxable year, such excess shall be carried to the succeeding taxable year and added to the credit allowable under subsection (a) for such succeeding taxable year.

1	"(d) Qualified Energy Efficiency Improve-
2	MENTS.—For purposes of this section, the term 'qualified
3	energy efficiency improvements' means any energy efficient
4	building envelope component which is certified to meet or
5	exceed the prescriptive criteria for such component in the
6	2000 International Energy Conservation Code, any energy
7	efficient building envelope component which is described in
8	subsection (f)(4)(B) and is certified by the Energy Star pro-
9	gram managed jointly by the Environmental Protection
10	Agency and the Department of Energy, or any combination
11	of energy efficiency measures which are certified as achiev-
12	ing at least a 30 percent reduction in heating and cooling
13	energy usage for the dwelling (as measured in terms of en-
14	ergy cost to the taxpayer), if—
15	"(1) such component or combination of measures
16	is installed in or on a dwelling—
17	"(A) located in the United States, and
18	"(B) owned and used by the taxpayer as the
19	taxpayer's principal residence (within the mean-
20	ing of section 121),
21	"(2) the original use of such component or com-
22	bination of measures commences with the taxpayer,
23	and

1	"(3) such component or combination of measures
2	reasonably can be expected to remain in use for at
3	least 5 years.
4	"(e) Certification.—
5	"(1) Methods of Certification.—
6	"(A) Component-based method.—The
7	certification described in subsection (d) for any
8	component described in such subsection shall be
9	determined on the basis of applicable energy effi-
10	ciency ratings (including product labeling re-
11	quirements) for affected building envelope compo-
12	nents.
13	"(B) Performance-based method.—
14	"(i) In General.—The certification
15	described in subsection (d) for any combina-
16	tion of measures described in such sub-
17	section shall be—
18	"(I) determined by comparing the
19	projected heating and cooling energy
20	usage for the dwelling to such usage for
21	such dwelling in its original condition,
22	and
23	"(II) accompanied by a written
24	analysis documenting the proper ap-
25	plication of a permissible energy per-

1	formance calculation method to the
2	specific circumstances of such dwelling.
3	"(ii) Computer software.—Com-
4	puter software shall be used in support of a
5	performance-based method certification
6	under clause (i). Such software shall meet
7	procedures and methods for calculating en-
8	ergy and cost savings in regulations pro-
9	mulgated by the Secretary of Energy. Such
10	regulations on the specifications for software
11	and verification protocols shall be based on
12	the 2001 California Residential Alternative
13	Calculation Method Approval Manual.
14	"(2) Provider.—A certification described in
15	subsection (d) shall be provided by—
16	"(A) in the case of the method described in
17	paragraph (1)(A), by a third party, such as a
18	local building regulatory authority, a utility, a
19	manufactured home production inspection pri-
20	mary inspection agency (IPIA), or a home en-
21	ergy rating organization, or
22	"(B) in the case of the method described in
23	paragraph (1)(B), an individual recognized by
24	an organization designated by the Secretary for
25	such purposes.

"(3) FORM.—A certification described in subsection (d) shall be made in writing on forms which specify in readily inspectable fashion the energy efficient components and other measures and their respective efficiency ratings, and which include a permanent label affixed to the electrical distribution panel of the dwelling.

## "(4) REGULATIONS.—

"(A) In General.—In prescribing regulations under this subsection for certification methods described in paragraph (1)(B), the Secretary, after examining the requirements for energy consultants and home energy ratings providers specified by the Mortgage Industry National Accreditation Procedures for Home Energy Rating Systems, shall prescribe procedures for calculating annual energy usage and cost reductions for heating and cooling and for the reporting of the results. Such regulations shall—

"(i) provide that any calculation procedures be fuel neutral such that the same energy efficiency measures allow a dwelling to be eligible for the credit under this section regardless of whether such dwelling uses

1	a gas or oil furnace or boiler or an electric
2	heat pump, and
3	"(ii) require that any computer soft-
4	ware allow for the printing of the Federal
5	tax forms necessary for the credit under this
6	section and for the printing of forms for
7	disclosure to the owner of the dwelling.
8	"(B) Providers.—For purposes of para-
9	graph (2)(B), the Secretary shall establish re-
10	quirements for the designation of individuals
11	based on the requirements for energy consultants
12	and home energy raters specified by the Mort-
13	gage Industry National Accreditation Procedures
14	for Home Energy Rating Systems.
15	"(f) Definitions and Special Rules.—For pur-
16	poses of this section—
17	"(1) Dollar amounts in case of joint occu-
18	PANCY.—In the case of any dwelling unit which is
19	jointly occupied and used during any calendar year
20	as a residence by 2 or more individuals the following
21	shall apply:
22	"(A) The amount of the credit allowable
23	under subsection (a) by reason of expenditures
24	for the qualified energy efficiency improvements
25	made during such calendar year by any of such

individuals with respect to such dwelling unit shall be determined by treating all of such individuals as 1 taxpayer whose taxable year is such calendar year.

- "(B) There shall be allowable, with respect to such expenditures to each of such individuals, a credit under subsection (a) for the taxable year in which such calendar year ends in an amount which bears the same ratio to the amount determined under subparagraph (A) as the amount of such expenditures made by such individual during such calendar year bears to the aggregate of such expenditures made by all of such individuals during such calendar year.
- "(2) Tenant-stockholder in cooperative Housing corporation.—In the case of an individual who is a tenant-stockholder (as defined in section 216) in a cooperative housing corporation (as defined in such section), such individual shall be treated as having paid his tenant-stockholder's proportionate share (as defined in section 216(b)(3)) of the cost of qualified energy efficiency improvements made by such corporation.
- 24 "(3) Condominiums.—

1	"(A) In general.—In the case of an indi-
2	vidual who is a member of a condominium man-
3	agement association with respect to a condo-
4	minium which the individual owns, such indi-
5	vidual shall be treated as having paid the indi-
6	vidual's proportionate share of the cost of quali-
7	fied energy efficiency improvements made by
8	such association.
9	"(B) Condominium management associa-
10	TION.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term
11	'condominium management association' means
12	an organization which meets the requirements of
13	paragraph (1) of section 528(c) (other than sub-
14	paragraph (E) thereof) with respect to a condo-
15	minium project substantially all of the units of
16	which are used as residences.
17	"(4) Building envelope component.—The
18	term 'building envelope component' means—
19	"(A) insulation material or system which is
20	specifically and primarily designed to reduce the
21	heat loss or gain or a dwelling when installed in
22	or on such dwelling,
23	"(B) exterior windows (including skylights),
24	and
25	"(C) exterior doors.

1	"(5) Manufactured Homes included.—For
2	purposes of this section, the term 'dwelling' includes
3	a manufactured home which conforms to Federal
4	Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Stand-
5	ards (24 C.F.R. 3280).
6	"(g) Basis Adjustment.—For purposes of this sub-
7	title, if a credit is allowed under this section for any ex-
8	penditure with respect to any property, the increase in the
9	basis of such property which would (but for this subsection)
10	result from such expenditure shall be reduced by the amount
11	of the credit so allowed.
12	"(h) Application of Section.—Subsection (a) shall
13	apply to qualified energy efficiency improvements installed
14	during the period beginning on the date of the enactment
15	of this section and ending on December 31, 2006.".
16	(b) Credit Allowed Against Regular Tax and
17	Alternative Minimum Tax.—
18	(1) In general.—Section 25D(b), as added by
19	subsection (a), is amended by adding at the end the
20	following new paragraph:
21	"(3) Limitation based on amount of tax.—
22	The credit allowed under subsection (a) for the tax-
23	able year shall not exceed the excess of—

1	"(A) the sum of the regular tax liability (as
2	defined in section 26(b)) plus the tax imposed by
3	section 55, over
4	"(B) the sum of the credits allowable under
5	this subpart (other than this section) and section
6	27 for the taxable year.".
7	(2) Conforming amendments.—
8	(A) Section $25D(c)$ , as added by subsection
9	(a), is amended by striking "section 26(a) for
10	such taxable year reduced by the sum of the cred-
11	its allowable under this subpart (other than this
12	section)" and inserting "subsection (b)(3)".
13	(B) Section 23(b)(4)(B), as amended by this
14	Act, is amended by striking "section 25C" and
15	inserting "sections 25C and 25D".
16	(C) Section 24(b)(3)(B), as amended by this
17	Act, is amended by striking "and 25C" and in-
18	serting "25C, and 25D".
19	(D) Section 25(e)(1)(C), as amended by this
20	Act, is amended by inserting "25D," after
21	"25C,".
22	(E) Section 25B(g)(2), as amended by this
23	Act, is amended by striking "23 and 25C" and
24	inserting "23, 25C, and 25D".

1	(F) Section $26(a)(1)$ , as amended by this
2	Act, is amended by striking "and 25C" and in-
3	serting "25C, and 25D".
4	(G) Section 904(h), as amended by this Act,
5	is amended by striking "and 25C" and inserting
6	"25C, and 25D".
7	(H) Section 1400C(d), as amended by this
8	Act, is amended by striking "and 25C" and in-
9	serting "25C, and 25D".
10	(c) Additional Conforming Amendments.—
11	(1) Section 23(c), as in effect for taxable years
12	beginning before January 1, 2004, and as amended
13	by this Act, is amended by inserting ", 25D," after
14	"sections 25C".
15	(2) Section 25(e)(1)(C), as in effect for taxable
16	years beginning before January 1, 2004, and as
17	amended by this Act, is amended by inserting "25D,"
18	after "25C,".
19	(3) Subsection (a) of section 1016, as amended
20	by this Act, is amended by striking "and" at the end
21	of paragraph (32), by striking the period at the end
22	of paragraph (33) and inserting "; and", and by add-
23	ing at the end the following new paragraph:

1	"(34) to the extent provided in section 25D(f), in
2	the case of amounts with respect to which a credit has
3	been allowed under section 25D.".
4	(4) Section 1400C(d), as in effect for taxable
5	years beginning before January 1, 2004, and as
6	amended by this Act, is amended by striking "section
7	25C" and inserting "sections 25C and 25D".
8	(5) The table of sections for subpart A of part IV
9	of subchapter A of chapter 1, as amended by this Act,
10	is amended by inserting after the item relating to sec-
11	tion 25C the following new item:
	"Sec. 25D. Energy efficiency improvements to existing homes.".
12	(d) Effective Dates.—
13	(1) In general.—Except as provided by para-
14	graph (2), the amendments made by this section shall
15	apply to expenditures after December 31, 2002, in
16	taxable years ending after such date.
17	(2) Subsection (b).—The amendments made by
18	subsection (b) shall apply to taxable years beginning
19	after December 31, 2003.
20	SEC. 2110. ALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTION FOR QUALIFIED
21	NEW OR RETROFITTED WATER SUBMETERING
22	DEVICES.
23	(a) In General.—Part VI of subchapter B of chapter
24	1 (relating to itemized deductions for individuals and cor-

1	porations), as amended by this Act, is amended by inserting
2	after section 179D the following new section:
3	"SEC. 179E. DEDUCTION FOR QUALIFIED NEW OR RETRO-
4	FITTED WATER SUBMETERING DEVICES.
5	"(a) Allowance of Deduction.—In the case of a
6	taxpayer who is an eligible resupplier, there shall be allowed
7	as a deduction an amount equal to the cost of each qualified
8	water submetering device placed in service during the tax-
9	able year.
10	"(b) Maximum Deduction.—The deduction allowed
11	by this section with respect to each qualified water sub-
12	metering device shall not exceed \$30.
13	"(c) Eligible Resupplier.—For purposes of this
14	section, the term 'eligible resupplier' means any taxpayer
15	who purchases and installs qualified water submetering de-
16	vices in every unit in any multi-unit property.
17	"(d) Qualified Water Submetering Device.—The
18	term 'qualified water submetering device' means any tan-
19	gible property to which section 168 applies if such property
20	is a submetering device (including ancillary equipment)—
21	"(1) which is purchased and installed by the tax-
22	payer to enable consumers to manage their purchase
23	or use of water in response to water price and usage
24	signals, and

1	"(2) which permits reading of water price and
2	usage signals on at least a daily basis.
3	"(e) Property Used Outside the United States
4	Not Qualified.—No deduction shall be allowed under sub-
5	section (a) with respect to property which is used predomi-
6	nantly outside the United States or with respect to the por-
7	tion of the cost of any property taken into account under
8	section 179.
9	"(f) Basis Reduction.—
10	"(1) In general.—For purposes of this title, the
11	basis of any property shall be reduced by the amount
12	of the deduction with respect to such property which
13	is allowed by subsection (a).
14	"(2) Ordinary income recapture.—For pur-
15	poses of section 1245, the amount of the deduction al-
16	lowable under subsection (a) with respect to any
17	property that is of a character subject to the allow-
18	ance for depreciation shall be treated as a deduction
19	allowed for depreciation under section 167.
20	"(g) Termination.—This section shall not apply to
21	any property placed in service after December 31, 2007.".
22	(b) Conforming Amendments.—
23	(1) Section 263(a)(1), as amended by this Act, is
24	amended by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph
25	(J), by striking the period at the end of subparagraph

1	(K) and inserting ", or", and by inserting after sub-
2	paragraph (K) the following new subparagraph:
3	"(L) expenditures for which a deduction is
4	allowed under section 179E.".
5	(2) Section $312(k)(3)(B)$ , as amended by this
6	Act, is amended by striking "or 179D" each place it
7	appears in the heading and text and inserting ",
8	179D, or 179E".
9	(3) Section 1016(a), as amended by this Act, is
10	amended by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
11	(34), by striking the period at the end of paragraph
12	(35) and inserting ", and", and by adding at the end
13	the following new paragraph:
14	"(36) to the extent provided in section
15	179E(f)(1).".
16	(4) Section 1245(a), as amended by this Act, is
17	amended by inserting "179E," after "179D," both
18	places it appears in paragraphs $(2)(C)$ and $(3)(C)$ .
19	(5) The table of contents for subpart B of part
20	IV of subchapter A of chapter 1, as amended by this
21	Act, is amended by inserting after the item relating
22	to section 179D the following new item:
	"Sec. 179E. Deduction for qualified new or retrofitted water sub- metering devices.".
23	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
24	section shall apply to qualified water submetering devices

1	placed in service after the date of the enactment of this Act,
2	in taxable years ending after such date.
3	SEC. 2111. THREE-YEAR APPLICABLE RECOVERY PERIOD
4	FOR DEPRECIATION OF QUALIFIED WATER
5	SUBMETERING DEVICES.
6	(a) In General.—Subparagraph (A) of section
7	168(e)(3) (relating to classification of property) is amended
8	by striking "and" at the end of clause (iii), by striking the
9	period at the end of clause (iv) and inserting ", and", and
10	by adding at the end the following new clause:
11	"(v) any qualified water submetering
12	device.".
13	(b) Definition of Qualified Water Submetering
14	Device.—Section 168(i) (relating to definitions and spe-
15	cial rules), as amended by this Act, is amended by inserting
16	at the end the following new paragraph:
17	"(16) Qualified water submetering de-
18	VICE.—The term 'qualified water submetering device'
19	means any qualified water submetering device (as de-
20	fined in section $179E(d)$ ) which is placed in service
21	before January 1, 2008, by a taxpayer who is an eli-
22	gible resupplier (as defined in section $179E(c)$ ).".
23	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
24	section shall apply to property placed in service after the

1	date of the enactment of this Act, in taxable years ending
2	after such date.
3	TITLE XXII—CLEAN COAL
4	INCENTIVES
5	Subtitle A—Credit for Emission Re-
6	ductions and Efficiency Improve-
7	ments in Existing Coal-Based
8	Electricity Generation Facilities
9	SEC. 2201. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM A QUALIFYING
10	CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT.
11	(a) Credit for Production From a Qualifying
12	CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT.—Subpart D of part IV
13	of subchapter A of chapter 1 (relating to business related
14	credits), as amended by this Act, is amended by adding at
15	the end the following new section:
16	"SEC. 45I. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM A QUALIFYING
17	CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT.
18	"(a) General Rule.—For purposes of section 38, the
19	qualifying clean coal technology production credit of any
20	taxpayer for any taxable year is equal to the product of—
21	"(1) the applicable amount of clean coal tech-
22	nology production credit, multiplied by
23	"(2) the applicable percentage of the kilowatt
24	hours of electricity produced by the taxpayer during
25	such taxable year at a qualifying clean coal tech-

nology unit, but only if such production occurs during the 10-year period beginning on the date the unit was returned to service after becoming a qualifying clean coal technology unit.

## "(b) Applicable Amount.—

5

6

7

- "(1) In General.—For purposes of this section, the applicable amount of clean coal technology production credit is equal to \$0.0034.
- 9 "(2) Inflation adjustment.—For calendar 10 years after 2003, the applicable amount of clean coal 11 technology production credit shall be adjusted by mul-12 tiplying such amount by the inflation adjustment fac-13 tor for the calendar year in which the amount is ap-14 plied. If any amount as increased under the pre-15 ceding sentence is not a multiple of 0.01 cent, such amount shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of 16 17 0.01 cent.
- "(c) APPLICABLE PERCENTAGE.—For purposes of this
  section, with respect to any qualifying clean coal technology
  unit, the applicable percentage is the percentage equal to
  the ratio which the portion of the national megawatt capacity limitation allocated to the taxpayer with respect to such
  unit under subsection (e) bears to the total megawatt capacity of such unit.

1	"(d) Definitions and Special Rules.—For pur-
2	poses of this section—
3	"(1) Qualifying clean coal technology
4	UNIT.—The term 'qualifying clean coal technology
5	unit' means a clean coal technology unit of the tax-
6	payer which—
7	"(A) on the date of the enactment of this
8	section was a coal-based electricity generating
9	steam generator-turbine unit which was not a
10	clean coal technology unit,
11	"(B) has a nameplate capacity rating of
12	not more than 300,000 kilowatts,
13	"(C) becomes a clean coal technology unit
14	as the result of the retrofitting, repowering, or
15	replacement of the unit with clean coal tech-
16	nology during the 10-year period beginning on
17	the date of the enactment of this section,
18	"(D) is not receiving nor is scheduled to re-
19	ceive funding under the Clean Coal Technology
20	Program, the Power Plant Improvement Initia-
21	tive, or the Clean Coal Power Initiative admin-
22	istered by the Secretary of Energy, and
23	"(E) receives an allocation of a portion of
24	the national megawatt capacity limitation under
25	subsection (e).

1	"(2) Clean coal technology unit.—The term
2	'clean coal technology unit' means a unit which—
3	"(A) uses clean coal technology, including
4	advanced pulverized coal or atmospheric fluid-
5	ized bed combustion, pressurized fluidized bed
6	combustion, integrated gasification combined
7	cycle, or any other technology for the production
8	$of\ electricity,$
9	"(B) uses coal to produce 75 percent or
10	more of its thermal output as electricity,
11	"(C) has a design net heat rate of at least
12	500 less than that of such unit as described in
13	paragraph (1)(A),
14	"(D) has a maximum design net heat rate
15	of not more than 9,500, and
16	"(E) meets the pollution control require-
17	ments of paragraph (3).
18	"(3) Pollution control requirements.—
19	"(A) In General.—A unit meets the re-
20	quirements of this paragraph if—
21	"(i) its emissions of sulfur dioxide, ni-
22	trogen oxide, or particulates meet the lower
23	of the emission levels for each such emission
24	specified in—
25	"(I) subparagraph (B), or

1	"(II) the new source performance
2	standards of the Clean Air Act (42
3	U.S.C. 7411) which are in effect for the
4	category of source at the time of the
5	retrofitting, repowering, or replacement
6	of the unit, and
7	"(ii) its emissions do not exceed any
8	relevant emission level specified by regula-
9	tion pursuant to the hazardous air pollut-
10	ant requirements of the Clean Air Act (42
11	U.S.C. 7412) in effect at the time of the ret-
12	rofitting, repowering, or replacement.
13	"(B) Specific Levels.—The levels speci-
14	fied in this subparagraph are—
15	"(i) in the case of sulfur dioxide emis-
16	sions, 50 percent of the sulfur dioxide emis-
17	sion levels specified in the new source per-
18	formance standards of the Clean Air Act
19	(42 U.S.C. 7411) in effect on the date of the
20	enactment of this section for the category of
21	source,
22	"(ii) in the case of nitrogen oxide
23	emissions—

1	"(I) 0.1 pound per million Btu of
2	heat input if the unit is not a cyclone-
3	fired boiler, and
4	"(II) if the unit is a cyclone-fired
5	boiler, 15 percent of the uncontrolled
6	nitrogen oxide emissions from such
7	boilers, and
8	"(iii) in the case of particulate emis-
9	sions, 0.02 pound per million Btu of heat
10	input.
11	"(4) Design net heat rate.—The design net
12	heat rate with respect to any unit, measured in Btu
13	per kilowatt hour (HHV)—
14	"(A) shall be based on the design annual
15	heat input to and the design annual net elec-
16	trical output from such unit (determined without
17	regard to such unit's co-generation of steam),
18	"(B) shall be adjusted for the heat content
19	of the design coal to be used by the unit if it is
20	less than 12,000 Btu per pound according to the
21	following formula:
22	Design net heat rate = Unit net heat rate $X$ [l-
23	{((12,000-design coal heat content, Btu per pound)/
24	$1,000) \ X \ 0.013\}], \ and$

1	"(C) shall be corrected for the site reference
2	conditions of—
3	"(i) elevation above sea level of 500 feet,
4	"(ii) air pressure of 14.4 pounds per square inch
5	$absolute\ (psia),$
6	"(iii) temperature, dry bulb of 63°F,
7	"(iv) temperature, wet bulb of 54°F, and
8	"(v) relative humidity of 55 percent.
9	"(5) HHV.—The term 'HHV' means higher
10	heating value.
11	"(6) APPLICATION OF CERTAIN RULES.—The
12	rules of paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) of section 45(d)
13	shall apply.
14	"(7) Inflation adjustment factor.—
15	"(A) In general.—The term 'inflation ad-
16	justment factor' means, with respect to a cal-
17	endar year, a fraction the numerator of which is
18	the GDP implicit price deflator for the preceding
19	calendar year and the denominator of which is
20	the GDP implicit price deflator for the calendar
21	year 2002.
22	"(B) GDP implicit price deflator.—
23	The term 'GDP implicit price deflator' means
24	the most recent revision of the implicit price
25	deflator for the gross domestic product as com-

1	puted by the Department of Commerce before
2	March 15 of the calendar year.
3	"(8) Noncompliance with pollution laws.—
4	For purposes of this section, a unit which is not in
5	compliance with the applicable State and Federal pol-
6	lution prevention, control, and permit requirements
7	for any period of time shall not be considered to be
8	a qualifying clean coal technology unit during such
9	period.
10	"(e) National Limitation on the Aggregate Ca-
11	PACITY OF QUALIFYING CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY
12	Units.—
13	"(1) In general.—For purposes of subsection
14	(d)(1)(E), the national megawatt capacity limitation
15	for qualifying clean coal technology units is 4,000
16	megawatts.
17	"(2) Allocation of Limitation.—The Sec-
18	retary shall allocate the national megawatt capacity
19	limitation for qualifying clean coal technology units
20	in such manner as the Secretary may prescribe under
21	the regulations under paragraph (3).
22	"(3) Regulations.—Not later than 6 months
23	after the date of the enactment of this section, the Sec-
24	retary shall prescribe such regulations as may be nec-
25	essary or appropriate—

1	"(A) to carry out the purposes of this sub-
2	section,
3	"(B) to limit the capacity of any qualifying
4	clean coal technology unit to which this section
5	applies so that the combined megawatt capacity
6	allocated to all such units under this subsection
7	when all such units are placed in service during
8	the 10-year period described in subsection
9	(d)(1)(C), does not exceed 4,000 megawatts,
10	"(C) to provide a certification process under
11	which the Secretary, in consultation with the
12	Secretary of Energy, shall approve and allocate
13	the national megawatt capacity limitation—
14	"(i) to encourage that units with the
15	highest thermal efficiencies, when adjusted
16	for the heat content of the design coal and
17	site reference conditions described in sub-
18	section $(d)(4)(C)$ , and environmental per-
19	formance be placed in service as soon as
20	possible,
21	"(ii) to allocate capacity to taxpayers
22	that have a definite and credible plan for
23	placing into commercial operation a quali-
24	fying clean coal technology unit,
25	including—

1	"(I) $a$ site,
2	$``(II)\ contractual\ commitments\ for$
3	procurement and construction or, in
4	the case of regulated utilities, the
5	agreement of the State utility commis-
6	sion,
7	"(III) filings for all necessary
8	$preconstruction\ approvals,$
9	"(IV) a demonstrated record of
10	having successfully completed com-
11	parable projects on a timely basis, and
12	"(V) such other factors that the
13	Secretary determines are appropriate,
14	"(D) to allocate the national megawatt ca-
15	pacity limitation to a portion of the capacity of
16	a qualifying clean coal technology unit if the
17	Secretary determines that such an allocation
18	would maximize the amount of efficient produc-
19	tion encouraged with the available tax credits,
20	"(E) to set progress requirements and con-
21	ditional approvals so that capacity allocations
22	for clean coal technology units that become un-
23	likely to meet the necessary conditions for quali-
24	fying can be reallocated by the Secretary to other
25	clean coal technology units, and

1	"(F) to provide taxpayers with opportuni-
2	ties to correct administrative errors and omis-
3	sions with respect to allocations and record keep-
4	ing within a reasonable period after discovery,
5	taking into account the availability of regula-
6	tions and other administrative guidance from
7	the Secretary.".
8	(b) Credit Treated as Business Credit.—Section
9	38(b), as amended by this Act, is amended by striking
10	"plus" at the end of paragraph (18), by striking the period
11	at the end of paragraph (19) and inserting ", plus", and
12	by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
13	"(20) the qualifying clean coal technology pro-
14	duction credit determined under section $45I(a)$ .".
15	(c) Transitional Rule.—Section 39(d) (relating to
16	transitional rules), as amended by this Act, is amended by
17	adding at the end the following new paragraph:
18	"(16) No carryback of section 451 credit
19	BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the unused
20	business credit for any taxable year which is attrib-
21	utable to the qualifying clean coal technology produc-
22	tion credit determined under section 45I may be car-
23	ried back to a taxable year ending on or before the
24	date of the enactment of section 45L.".

- 1 (d) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for
- 2 subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1, as
- 3 amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the
- 4 following new item:
  - "Sec. 45I. Credit for production from a qualifying clean coal technology unit.".
- 5 (e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
- 6 section shall apply to production after the date of the enact-
- 7 ment of this Act, in taxable years ending after such date.
- 8 Subtitle B—Incentives for Early
- 9 Commercial Applications of Ad-
- 10 vanced Clean Coal Technologies
- 11 SEC. 2211. CREDIT FOR INVESTMENT IN QUALIFYING AD-
- 12 VANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.
- 13 (a) Allowance of Qualifying Advanced Clean
- 14 Coal Technology Unit Credit.—Section 46 (relating to
- 15 amount of credit) is amended by striking "and" at the end
- 16 of paragraph (2), by striking the period at the end of para-
- 17 graph (3) and inserting ", and", and by adding at the end
- 18 the following new paragraph:
- 19 "(4) the qualifying advanced clean coal tech-
- 20 nology unit credit.".
- 21 (b) Amount of Qualifying Advanced Clean Coal
- 22 Technology Unit Credit.—Subpart E of part IV of sub-
- 23 chapter A of chapter 1 (relating to rules for computing in-
- 24 vestment credit) is amended by inserting after section 48
- 25 the following new section:

1	"SEC. 48A. QUALIFYING ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECH-
2	NOLOGY UNIT CREDIT.
3	"(a) In General.—For purposes of section 46, the
4	qualifying advanced clean coal technology unit credit for
5	any taxable year is an amount equal to 10 percent of the
6	applicable percentage of the qualified investment in a quali-
7	fying advanced clean coal technology unit for such taxable
8	year.
9	"(b) Qualifying Advanced Clean Coal Tech-
10	NOLOGY UNIT.—
11	"(1) In general.—For purposes of subsection
12	(a), the term 'qualifying advanced clean coal tech-
13	nology unit' means an advanced clean coal technology
14	unit of the taxpayer—
15	" $(A)(i)(I)$ in the case of a unit first placed
16	in service after the date of the enactment of this
17	section, the original use of which commences
18	with the taxpayer, or
19	"(II) in the case of the retrofitting or
20	repowering of a unit first placed in service before
21	such date of enactment, the retrofitting or
22	repowering of which is completed by the tax-
23	payer after such date, or
24	"(ii) which is acquired through purchase
25	(as defined by section $179(d)(2)$ ),
26	"(B) which is depreciable under section 167,

1	"(C) which has a useful life of not less than
2	4 years,
3	"(D) which is located in the United States,
4	"(E) which is not receiving nor is scheduled
5	to receive funding under the Clean Coal Tech-
6	nology Program, the Power Plant Improvement
7	Initiative, or the Clean Coal Power Initiative
8	administered by the Secretary of Energy,
9	"(F) which is not a qualifying clean coal
10	technology unit, and
11	"(G) which receives an allocation of a por-
12	tion of the national megawatt capacity limita-
13	tion under subsection (f).
14	"(2) Special rule for sale-leasebacks.—
15	For purposes of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1),
16	in the case of a unit which—
17	"(A) is originally placed in service by a
18	person, and
19	"(B) is sold and leased back by such person,
20	or is leased to such person, within 3 months after
21	the date such unit was originally placed in serv-
22	ice, for a period of not less than 12 years,
23	such unit shall be treated as originally placed in serv-
24	ice not earlier than the date on which such unit is
25	used under the leaseback (or lease) referred to in sub-

1	paragraph (B). The preceding sentence shall not
2	apply to any property if the lessee and lessor of such
3	property make an election under this sentence. Such
4	an election, once made, may be revoked only with the
5	consent of the Secretary.
6	"(3) Noncompliance with pollution laws.—
7	For purposes of this subsection, a unit which is not
8	in compliance with the applicable State and Federal
9	pollution prevention, control, and permit require-
10	ments for any period of time shall not be considered
11	to be a qualifying advanced clean coal technology
12	unit during such period.
13	"(c) Applicable Percentage.—For purposes of this
14	section, with respect to any qualifying advanced clean coal
15	technology unit, the applicable percentage is the percentage
16	equal to the ratio which the portion of the national mega-
17	watt capacity limitation allocated to the taxpayer with re-
18	spect to such unit under subsection (f) bears to the total
19	megawatt capacity of such unit.
20	"(d) Advanced Clean Coal Technology Unit.—
21	For purposes of this section—
22	"(1) In general.—The term 'advanced clean
23	coal technology unit' means a new, retrofit, or
24	repowering unit of the taxpayer which—
25	"(A) is—

1	"(i) an eligible advanced pulverized
2	coal or atmospheric fluidized bed combus-
3	tion technology unit,
4	"(ii) an eligible pressurized fluidized
5	bed combustion technology unit,
6	"(iii) an eligible integrated gasifi-
7	cation combined cycle technology unit, or
8	"(iv) an eligible other technology unit,
9	and
10	"(B) meets the carbon emission rate require-
11	ments of paragraph (6).
12	"(2) Eligible advanced pulverized coal or
13	ATMOSPHERIC FLUIDIZED BED COMBUSTION TECH-
14	NOLOGY UNIT.—The term 'eligible advanced pulver-
15	ized coal or atmospheric fluidized bed combustion
16	technology unit' means a clean coal technology unit
17	using advanced pulverized coal or atmospheric fluid-
18	ized bed combustion technology which—
19	"(A) is placed in service after the date of
20	the enactment of this section and before January
21	1, 2013, and
22	"(B) has a design net heat rate of not more
23	than 8,350 (8,750 in the case of units placed in
24	service before 2009).

1	"(3) Eligible pressurized fluidized bed
2	COMBUSTION TECHNOLOGY UNIT.—The term 'eligible
3	pressurized fluidized bed combustion technology unit'
4	means a clean coal technology unit using pressurized
5	fluidized bed combustion technology which—
6	"(A) is placed in service after the date of
7	the enactment of this section and before January
8	1, 2017, and
9	"(B) has a design net heat rate of not more
10	than 7,720 (8,750 in the case of units placed in
11	service before 2009, and 8,350 in the case of
12	units placed in service after 2008 and before
13	2013).
14	"(4) Eligible integrated gasification com-
15	BINED CYCLE TECHNOLOGY UNIT.—The term 'eligible
16	integrated gasification combined cycle technology
17	unit' means a clean coal technology unit using inte-
18	grated gasification combined cycle technology, with or
19	without fuel or chemical co-production, which—
20	"(A) is placed in service after the date of
21	the enactment of this section and before January
22	1, 2017,
23	"(B) has a design net heat rate of not more
24	than 7,720 (8,750 in the case of units placed in
25	service before 2009, and 8,350 in the case of

1	units placed in service after 2008 and before
2	2013), and
3	"(C) has a net thermal efficiency (HHV)
4	using coal with fuel or chemical co-production of
5	not less than 43.9 percent (39 percent in the case
6	of units placed in service before 2009, and 40.9
7	percent in the case of units placed in service
8	after 2008 and before 2013).
9	"(5) Eligible other technology unit.—The
10	term 'eligible other technology unit' means a clean
11	coal technology unit using any other technology for
12	the production of electricity which is placed in service
13	after the date of the enactment of this section and be-
14	fore January 1, 2017.
15	"(6) Carbon emission rate requirements.—
16	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
17	subparagraph (B), a unit meets the requirements
18	of this paragraph if—
19	"(i) in the case of a unit using design
20	coal with a heat content of not more than
21	9,000 Btu per pound, the carbon emission
22	rate is less than 0.60 pound of carbon per
23	kilowatt hour, and
24	"(ii) in the case of a unit using design
25	coal with a heat content of more than 9,000

1	Btu per pound, the carbon emission rate is
2	less than 0.54 pound of carbon per kilowatt
3	hour.
4	"(B) Eligible other technology
5	UNIT.—In the case of an eligible other technology
6	unit, subparagraph (A) shall be applied by sub-
7	stituting '0.51' and '0.459' for '0.60' and '0.54',
8	respectively.
9	"(e) General Definitions.—Any term used in this
10	section which is also used in section 45I shall have the
11	meaning given such term in section 45I.
12	"(f) National Limitation on the Aggregate Ca-
13	PACITY OF ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNITS.—
14	"(1) In general.—For purposes of subsection
15	(b)(1)(G), the national megawatt capacity limitation
16	is—
17	"(A) for qualifying advanced clean coal
18	technology units using advanced pulverized coal
19	or atmospheric fluidized bed combustion tech-
20	nology, not more than 1,000 megawatts (not
21	more than 500 megawatts in the case of units
22	placed in service before 2009),
23	"(B) for such units using pressurized fluid-
24	ized bed combustion technology, not more than

1	500 megawatts (not more than 250 megawatts in
2	the case of units placed in service before 2009),
3	"(C) for such units using integrated gasifi-
4	cation combined cycle technology, with or with-
5	out fuel or chemical co-production, not more
6	than 2,000 megawatts (not more than 1,000
7	megawatts in the case of units placed in service
8	before 2009 and not more than 1,500 megawatts
9	in the case of units placed in service after 2008
10	and before 2013), and
11	"(D) for such units using other technology
12	for the production of electricity, not more than
13	500 megawatts (not more than 250 megawatts in
14	the case of units placed in service before 2009).
15	"(2) Allocation of Limitation.—The Sec-
16	retary shall allocate the national megawatt capacity
17	limitation for qualifying advanced clean coal tech-
18	nology units in such manner as the Secretary may
19	prescribe under the regulations under paragraph (3).
20	"(3) Regulations.—Not later than 6 months
21	after the date of the enactment of this section, the Sec-
22	retary shall prescribe such regulations as may be nec-
23	essary or appropriate—
24	"(A) to carry out the purposes of this sub-
25	section and section 45J,

1	"(B) to limit the capacity of any qualifying
2	advanced clean coal technology unit to which
3	this section applies so that the combined mega-
4	watt capacity of all such units to which this sec-
5	tion applies does not exceed 4,000 megawatts,
6	"(C) to provide a certification process de-
7	scribed in section $45I(e)(3)(C)$ ,
8	"(D) to carry out the purposes described in
9	subparagraphs (D), (E), and (F) of section
10	45I(e)(3), and
11	"(E) to reallocate capacity which is not al-
12	located to any technology described in subpara-
13	graphs (A) through (D) of paragraph (1) because
14	an insufficient number of qualifying units re-
15	quest an allocation for such technology, to an-
16	other technology described in such subparagraphs
17	in order to maximize the amount of energy effi-
18	cient production encouraged with the available
19	tax credits.
20	"(4) Selection criteria.—For purposes of
21	paragraph (3)(C), the selection criteria for allocating
22	the national megawatt capacity limitation to quali-
23	fying advanced clean coal technology units—
24	"(A) shall be established by the Secretary of
25	Energy as part of a competitive solicitation,

1	(B) shall include primary criteria of min-
2	imum design net heat rate, maximum design
3	thermal efficiency, environmental performance,
4	and lowest cost to the Government, and
5	"(C) shall include supplemental criteria as
6	determined appropriate by the Secretary of En-
7	ergy.
8	"(g) Qualified Investment.—For purposes of sub-
9	section (a), the term 'qualified investment' means, with re-
10	spect to any taxable year, the basis of a qualifying advanced
11	clean coal technology unit placed in service by the taxpayer
12	during such taxable year (in the case of a unit described
13	in subsection $(b)(1)(A)(i)(II)$ , only that portion of the basis
14	of such unit which is properly attributable to the retro-
15	fitting or repowering of such unit).
16	"(h) Qualified Progress Expenditures.—
17	"(1) Increase in qualified investment.—In
18	the case of a taxpayer who has made an election
19	under paragraph (5), the amount of the qualified in-
20	vestment of such taxpayer for the taxable year (deter-
21	mined under subsection (g) without regard to this
22	subsection) shall be increased by an amount equal to
23	the aggregate of each qualified progress expenditure
24	for the taxable year with respect to progress expendi-
25	ture property.

1	"(2) Progress expenditure property de-
2	FINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the term
3	'progress expenditure property' means any property
4	being constructed by or for the taxpayer and which it
5	is reasonable to believe will qualify as a qualifying
6	advanced clean coal technology unit which is being
7	constructed by or for the taxpayer when it is placed
8	in service.
9	"(3) Qualified progress expenditures de-
10	FINED.—For purposes of this subsection—
11	"(A) Self-constructed property.—In
12	the case of any self-constructed property, the
13	term 'qualified progress expenditures' means the
14	amount which, for purposes of this subpart, is
15	properly chargeable (during such taxable year)
16	to capital account with respect to such property.
17	"(B) Nonself-constructed property.—
18	In the case of nonself-constructed property, the
19	term 'qualified progress expenditures' means the
20	amount paid during the taxable year to another
21	person for the construction of such property.
22	"(4) Other definitions.—For purposes of this
23	subsection—
24	"(A) Self-constructed property.—The
25	term 'self-constructed property' means property

1	for which it is reasonable to believe that more
2	than half of the construction expenditures will be
3	made directly by the taxpayer.
4	"(B) Nonself-constructed property.—
5	The term 'nonself-constructed property' means
6	property which is not self-constructed property.
7	"(C) Construction, etc.—The term 'con-
8	struction' includes reconstruction and erection,
9	and the term 'constructed' includes reconstructed
10	and erected.
11	"(D) Only construction of qualifying
12	ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT TO
13	BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—Construction shall be
14	taken into account only if, for purposes of this
15	subpart, expenditures therefor are properly
16	chargeable to capital account with respect to the
17	property.
18	"(5) Election.—An election under this sub-
19	section may be made at such time and in such man-
20	ner as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe.
21	Such an election shall apply to the taxable year for
22	which made and to all subsequent taxable years. Such
23	an election, once made, may not be revoked except
24	with the consent of the Secretary.

1	"(i) Coordination With Other Credits.—This
2	section shall not apply to any property with respect to
3	which the rehabilitation credit under section 47 or the en-
4	ergy credit under section 48 is allowed unless the taxpayer
5	elects to waive the application of such credit to such prop-
6	erty.".
7	(c) Recapture.—Section 50(a) (relating to other spe-
8	cial rules) is amended by adding at the end the following
9	new paragraph:
10	"(6) Special rules relating to qualifying
11	ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT.—For
12	purposes of applying this subsection in the case of
13	any credit allowable by reason of section 48A, the fol-
14	lowing shall apply:
15	"(A) GENERAL RULE.—In lieu of the
16	amount of the increase in tax under paragraph

"(A) GENERAL RULE.—In lieu of the amount of the increase in tax under paragraph (1), the increase in tax shall be an amount equal to the investment tax credit allowed under section 38 for all prior taxable years with respect to a qualifying advanced clean coal technology unit (as defined by section 48A(b)(1)) multiplied by a fraction whose numerator is the number of years remaining to fully depreciate under this title the qualifying advanced clean coal technology unit disposed of, and whose denominator

is the total number of years over which such unit
would otherwise have been subject to depreciation. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the
year of disposition of the qualifying advanced
clean coal technology unit shall be treated as a
year of remaining depreciation.

- "(B) PROPERTY CEASES TO QUALIFY FOR PROGRESS EXPENDITURES.—Rules similar to the rules of paragraph (2) shall apply in the case of qualified progress expenditures for a qualifying advanced clean coal technology unit under section 48A, except that the amount of the increase in tax under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall be substituted for the amount described in such paragraph (2).
- "(C) APPLICATION OF PARAGRAPH.—This paragraph shall be applied separately with respect to the credit allowed under section 38 regarding a qualifying advanced clean coal technology unit.".
- 21 (d) Transitional Rule.—Section 39(d) (relating to 22 transitional rules), as amended by this Act, is amended by 23 adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- 24 "(17) NO CARRYBACK OF SECTION 48A CREDIT 25 BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the unused

1	business credit for any taxable year which is attrib-
2	utable to the qualifying advanced clean coal tech-
3	nology unit credit determined under section 48A may
4	be carried back to a taxable year ending on or before
5	the date of the enactment of section 48A.".
6	(e) Technical Amendments.—
7	(1) Section $49(a)(1)(C)$ is amended by striking
8	"and" at the end of clause (ii), by striking the period
9	at the end of clause (iii) and inserting ", and", and
10	by adding at the end the following new clause:
11	"(iv) the portion of the basis of any
12	qualifying advanced clean coal technology
13	unit attributable to any qualified invest-
14	ment (as defined by section $48A(g)$ ).".
15	(2) Section $50(a)(4)$ is amended by striking
16	"and (2)" and inserting "(2), and (6)".
17	(3) Section 50(c) is amended by adding at the
18	end the following new paragraph:
19	"(6) Nonapplication.—Paragraphs (1) and (2)
20	shall not apply to any qualifying advanced clean coal
21	technology unit credit under section 48A.".
22	(4) The table of sections for subpart E of part IV
23	of subchapter A of chapter 1 is amended by inserting
24	after the item relating to section 48 the following new
25	item:

<sup>&</sup>quot;Sec. 48A. Qualifying advanced clean coal technology unit credit.".

1	(f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
2	section shall apply to periods after the date of the enactment
3	of this Act, under rules similar to the rules of section 48(m)
4	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as in effect on the
5	day before the date of the enactment of the Revenue Rec-
6	onciliation Act of 1990).
7	SEC. 2212. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM A QUALIFYING
8	ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT.
9	(a) In General.—Subpart $D$ of part $IV$ of subchapter
10	A of chapter 1 (relating to business related credits), as
11	amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the
12	following new section:
13	"SEC. 45J. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM A QUALIFYING
14	ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT.
15	"(a) General Rule.—For purposes of section 38, the
16	qualifying advanced clean coal technology production credit
17	of any taxpayer for any taxable year is equal to—
18	"(1) the applicable amount of advanced clean
19	coal technology production credit, multiplied by
20	"(2) the applicable percentage (as determined
21	under section 48A(c)) of the sum of—
22	"(A) the kilowatt hours of electricity, plus
23	"(B) each 3,413 Btu of fuels or chemicals,
24	produced by the taxpayer during such taxable year at
25	a qualifuina advanced clean coal technologu unit dur-

1	ing the 10-year period beginning	ng on the do	ite the uni	
2	was originally placed in service	ce (or return	ned to serv	
3	ice after becoming a qualifyin	g advanced	clean coa	
4	$technology\ unit).$			
5	"(b) Applicable Amount.—F	or purposes	of this sec-	
6	tion, the applicable amount of adv	vanced clean	coal tech-	
7	nology production credit with resp	ect to produ	ection from	
8	a qualifying advanced clean coal to	echnology ur	nit shall be	
9	determined as follows:			
10	"(1) Where the qualifying	g advanced	clean coa	
11	technology unit is producing el	ectricity only	y:	
12	"(A) In the case of a	unit origin	ally placed	
13	in service before 2009, if—	-		
		The applicable amount is:		
	"The design net heat rate is:	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service	
	Not more than 8,400 More than 8,400 but not more than 8,550 More than 8,550 but less than 8,750	\$.0060 \$.0025 \$.0010	\$.0038 \$.0010 \$.0010.	
	-			

## "(B) In the case of a unit originally placed in service after 2008 and before 2013, if—

"The design net heat rate is:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not more than 7,770	\$.0105	\$.0090
More than 7,770 but not more than 8,125	\$.0085	\$.0068
More than 8,125 but less than 8,350	\$.0075	\$.0055.

14

		The applicabl	e amount is:			
	"The design net heat rate is:	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service			
	Not more than 7,380  More than 7,380 but not more than 7,720	\$.0140 \$.0120	\$.0115 \$.0090.			
	"(2) Where the qualifyin	g advanced	clean coal			
	technology unit is producing fu	uel or chemic	cals:			
	"(A) In the case of a	unit origin	allu placed			
	•		Janey Process			
	in service before 2009, if—					
_		The applicabl	e amount is:			
_	"The unit design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is:	The applicabl  For 1st 5 years of such service	e amount is:  For 2d 5 years of such service			
_		For 1st 5 years of	For 2d 5 years of			
_	"The unit design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is:  Not less than 40.6 percent Less than 40.6 but not less than 40 percent	For 1st 5 years of such service  \$.0060 \$.0025 \$.0010	For 2d 5 years of such service  \$.0038 \$.0010 \$.0010.			
_	"The unit design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is:  Not less than 40.6 percent  Less than 40.6 but not less than 40 percent  Less than 40 but not less than 39 percent	For 1st 5 years of such service  \$.0060 \$.0025 \$.0010	For 2d 5 years of such service  \$.0038 \$.0010 \$.0010.			
	"The unit design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is:  Not less than 40.6 percent Less than 40.6 but not less than 40 percent Less than 40 but not less than 39 percent  "(B) In the case of a in service after 2008 and it	For 1st 5 years of such service  \$.0060 \$.0025 \$.0010	For 2d 5 years of such service  \$.0038 \$.0010 \$.0010.  pally placed			
	"The unit design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is:  Not less than 40.6 percent  Less than 40.6 but not less than 40 percent  Less than 40 but not less than 39 percent  "(B) In the case of a	For 1st 5 years of such service  \$.0060 \$.0025 \$.0010  unit original before 2013,	For 2d 5 years of such service  \$.0038 \$.0010 \$.0010.  pally placed			

	The applicable amount is:			
"The unit design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is:	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service		
Not less than 44.2 percent	\$.0140	\$.0115		
Less than 44.2 but not less than 43.9 percent	\$.0120	\$.0090.		

1 "(c) Inflation Adjustment.—For calendar years after 2003, each amount in paragraphs (1) and (2) of sub-3 section (b) shall be adjusted by multiplying such amount by the inflation adjustment factor for the calendar year in 5 which the amount is applied. If any amount as increased under the preceding sentence is not a multiple of 0.01 cent, 7 such amount shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of 0.01 8 cent. "(d) Definitions and Special Rules.—For pur-9 poses of this section— 10 11 "(1) In general.—Any term used in this sec-12 tion which is also used in section 45I or 48A shall 13 have the meaning given such term in such section. 14 "(2) APPLICABLE RULES.—The rules of para-15 graphs (3), (4), and (5) of section 45(d) shall apply.". 16 (b) Credit Treated as Business Credit.—Section 38(b), as amended by this Act, is amended by striking 17 "plus" at the end of paragraph (19), by striking the period 18 at the end of paragraph (20) and inserting ", plus", and

20 by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

1 "(21) the qualifying advanced clean coal tech-2 nology production credit determined under section 3 45J(a).". 4 (c) Transitional Rule.—Section 39(d) (relating to transitional rules), as amended by this Act, is amended by 6 adding at the end the following new paragraph: 7 "(18) No carryback of section 45J credit 8 BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the unused 9 business credit for any taxable year which is attrib-10 utable to the qualifying advanced clean coal tech-11 nology production credit determined under section 12 45J may be carried back to a taxable year ending on 13 or before the date of the enactment of section 45J.". 14 (d) Denial of Double Benefit.—Section 29(d) (re-15 lating to other definitions and special rules) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph: 16 17 "(9) Denial of double benefit.—This section 18 shall not apply with respect to any qualified fuel the 19 production of which may be taken into account for 20 purposes of determining the credit under section 21 45**J**.". 22 (e) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for 23 subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1, as

amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the

following new item:

" $Sec.$	45J.	Credit	for	production	from	a	qualifying	advanced	clean	coal	technology
			uni	t.".							

1	(f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
2	section shall apply to production after the date of the enact-
3	ment of this Act, in taxable years ending after such date.
4	Subtitle C—Treatment of Persons
5	Not Able To Use Entire Credit
6	SEC. 2221. TREATMENT OF PERSONS NOT ABLE TO USE EN-
7	TIRE CREDIT.
8	(a) In General.—Section 45I, as added by this Act,
9	is amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
10	section:
11	"(f) Treatment of Person Not Able To Use En-
12	tire Credit.—
13	"(1) Allowance of credits.—
14	"(A) In General.—Any credit allowable
15	under this section, section 45 <i>J</i> , or section 48 <i>A</i>
16	with respect to a facility owned by a person de-
17	scribed in subparagraph (B) may be transferred
18	or used as provided in this subsection, and the
19	determination as to whether the credit is allow-
20	able shall be made without regard to the tax-ex-
21	empt status of the person.
22	"(B) Persons described.—A person is
23	described in this subparagraph if the person is—

1	"(i) an organization described in sec-
2	tion $501(c)(12)(C)$ and exempt from tax
3	$under\ section\ 501(a),$
4	"(ii) an organization described in sec-
5	$tion \ 1381(a)(2)(C),$
6	"(iii) a public utility (as defined in
7	section $136(c)(2)(B)$ ),
8	"(iv) any State or political subdivision
9	thereof, the District of Columbia, or any
10	agency or instrumentality of any of the
11	foregoing,
12	"(v) any Indian tribal government
13	(within the meaning of section 7871) or any
14	agency or instrumentality thereof, or
15	"(vi) the Tennessee Valley Authority.
16	"(2) Transfer of credit.—
17	"(A) In general.—A person described in
18	clause (i), (ii), (iii), (iv), or (v) of paragraph
19	(1)(B) may transfer any credit to which para-
20	graph (1)(A) applies through an assignment to
21	any other person not described in paragraph
22	(1)(B). Such transfer may be revoked only with
23	the consent of the Secretary.
24	"(B) Regulations.—The Secretary shall
25	prescribe such regulations as necessary to insure

1	that any credit described in subparagraph (A) is
2	claimed once and not reassigned by such other
3	person.
4	"(C) Transfer proceeds treated as
5	ARISING FROM ESSENTIAL GOVERNMENT FUNC-
6	TION.—Any proceeds derived by a person de-
7	scribed in clause (iii), (iv), or (v) of paragraph
8	(1)(B) from the transfer of any credit under sub-
9	paragraph (A) shall be treated as arising from
10	the exercise of an essential government function.
11	"(3) Use of credit as an offset.—Notwith-
12	standing any other provision of law, in the case of a
13	person described in clause (i), (ii), or (v) of para-
14	graph (1)(B), any credit to which paragraph (1)(A)
15	applies may be applied by such person, to the extent
16	provided by the Secretary of Agriculture, as a pre-
17	payment of any loan, debt, or other obligation the en-
18	tity has incurred under subchapter $I$ of chapter 31 of
19	title 7 of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7
20	U.S.C. 901 et seq.), as in effect on the date of the en-
21	actment of this section.
22	"(4) USE BY TVA.—
23	"(A) In general.—Notwithstanding any
24	other provision of law, in the case of a person de-
25	scribed in paragraph (1)(B)(vi), any credit to

which paragraph (1)(A) applies may be applied as a credit against the payments required to be made in any fiscal year under section 15d(e) of the Tennessee Valley Authority Act of 1933 (16 U.S.C. 831n-4(e)) as an annual return on the appropriations investment and an annual repayment sum.

"(B) TREATMENT OF CREDITS.—The aggregate amount of credits described in paragraph (1)(A) with respect to such person shall be treated in the same manner and to the same extent as if such credits were a payment in cash and shall be applied first against the annual return on the appropriations investment.

"(C) CREDIT CARRYOVER.—With respect to any fiscal year, if the aggregate amount of credits described paragraph (1)(A) with respect to such person exceeds the aggregate amount of payment obligations described in subparagraph (A), the excess amount shall remain available for application as credits against the amounts of such payment obligations in succeeding fiscal years in the same manner as described in this paragraph. "(5) CREDIT NOT INCOME.—Any transfer under

paragraph (2) or use under paragraph (3) of any

1	credit to which paragraph (1)(A) applies shall not be
2	treated as income for purposes of section $501(c)(12)$ .
3	"(6) Treatment of unrelated persons.—
4	For purposes of this subsection, sales among and be-
5	tween persons described in clauses (i), (ii), (iii), (iv),
6	and (v) of paragraph (1)(A) shall be treated as sales
7	between unrelated parties.".
8	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by this
9	section shall apply to production after the date of the enact-
10	ment of this Act, in taxable years ending after such date.
11	TITLE XXIII—OIL AND GAS
12	<b>PROVISIONS</b>
13	SEC. 2301. OIL AND GAS FROM MARGINAL WELLS.
14	(a) In General.—Subpart D of part IV of subchapter
15	A of chapter 1 (relating to business credits), as amended
16	by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the following
17	new section:
18	"SEC. 45K. CREDIT FOR PRODUCING OIL AND GAS FROM
19	MARGINAL WELLS.
20	"(a) General Rule.—For purposes of section 38, the
21	marginal well production credit for any taxable year is an
22	amount equal to the product of—
23	"(1) the credit amount, and

1	"(2) the qualified credit oil production and the
2	qualified natural gas production which is attributable
3	to the taxpayer.
4	"(b) Credit Amount.—For purposes of this section—
5	"(1) In general.—The credit amount is—
6	"(A) \$3 per barrel of qualified crude oil
7	production, and
8	"(B) 50 cents per 1,000 cubic feet of quali-
9	fied natural gas production.
10	"(2) REDUCTION AS OIL AND GAS PRICES IN-
11	CREASE.—
12	"(A) In General.—The \$3 and 50 cents
13	amounts under paragraph (1) shall each be re-
14	duced (but not below zero) by an amount which
15	bears the same ratio to such amount (determined
16	without regard to this paragraph) as—
17	"(i) the excess (if any) of the applica-
18	ble reference price over \$15 (\$1.67 for quali-
19	fied natural gas production), bears to
20	"(ii) \$3 (\$0.33 for qualified natural
21	gas production).
22	The applicable reference price for a taxable year
23	is the reference price of the calendar year pre-
24	ceding the calendar year in which the taxable
25	year begins.

1	"(B) Inflation adjustment.—In the case
2	of any taxable year beginning in a calendar year
3	after 2002, each of the dollar amounts contained
4	in subparagraph (A) shall be increased to an
5	amount equal to such dollar amount multiplied
6	by the inflation adjustment factor for such cal-
7	endar year (determined under section
8	43(b)(3)(B) by substituting '2001' for '1990').
9	"(C) Reference price.—For purposes of
10	this paragraph, the term 'reference price' means,
11	with respect to any calendar year—
12	"(i) in the case of qualified crude oil
13	production, the reference price determined
14	under section $29(d)(2)(C)$ , and
15	"(ii) in the case of qualified natural
16	gas production, the Secretary's estimate of
17	the annual average wellhead price per 1,000
18	cubic feet for all domestic natural gas.
19	"(c) Qualified Crude Oil and Natural Gas Pro-
20	DUCTION.—For purposes of this section—
21	"(1) In General.—The terms 'qualified crude
22	oil production' and 'qualified natural gas production'
23	mean domestic crude oil or natural gas which is pro-
24	duced from a qualified marginal well.

1	"(2) Limitation on amount of production
2	WHICH MAY QUALIFY.—
3	"(A) In general.—Crude oil or natural
4	gas produced during any taxable year from any
5	well shall not be treated as qualified crude oil
6	production or qualified natural gas production
7	to the extent production from the well during the
8	taxable year exceeds 1,095 barrels or barrel
9	equivalents.
10	"(B) Proportionate reductions.—
11	"(i) Short taxable years.—In the
12	case of a short taxable year, the limitations
13	under this paragraph shall be proportion-
14	ately reduced to reflect the ratio which the
15	number of days in such taxable year bears
16	to 365.
17	"(ii) Wells not in production en-
18	TIRE YEAR.—In the case of a well which is
19	not capable of production during each day
20	of a taxable year, the limitations under this
21	paragraph applicable to the well shall be
22	proportionately reduced to reflect the ratio
23	which the number of days of production
24	bears to the total number of days in the tax-
25	able year.

1	"(3) DEFINITIONS.—
2	"(A) QUALIFIED MARGINAL WELL.—The
3	term 'qualified marginal well' means a domestic
4	well—
5	"(i) the production from which during
6	the taxable year is treated as marginal pro-
7	duction under section $613A(c)(6)$ , or
8	"(ii) which, during the taxable year—
9	"(I) has average daily production
10	of not more than 25 barrel equivalents,
11	and
12	"(II) produces water at a rate not
13	less than 95 percent of total well efflu-
14	ent.
15	"(B) CRUDE OIL, ETC.—The terms 'crude
16	oil', 'natural gas', 'domestic', and 'barrel' have
17	the meanings given such terms by section
18	613A(e).
19	"(C) Barrel equivalent.—The term bar-
20	rel equivalent' means, with respect to natural
21	gas, a conversation ratio of 6,000 cubic feet of
22	natural gas to 1 barrel of crude oil.
23	"(d) Other Rules.—
24	"(1) Production attributable to the tax-
25	PAYER.—In the case of a qualified marginal well in

- which there is more than one owner of operating interests in the well and the crude oil or natural gas production exceeds the limitation under subsection (c)(2), qualifying crude oil production or qualifying natural gas production attributable to the taxpayer shall be determined on the basis of the ratio which taxpayer's revenue interest in the production bears to the aggregate of the revenue interests of all operating interest owners in the production.
  - "(2) OPERATING INTEREST REQUIRED.—Any credit under this section may be claimed only on production which is attributable to the holder of an operating interest.
  - "(3) PRODUCTION FROM NONCONVENTIONAL SOURCES EXCLUDED.—In the case of production from a qualified marginal well which is eligible for the credit allowed under section 29 for the taxable year, no credit shall be allowable under this section unless the taxpayer elects not to claim the credit under section 29 with respect to the well.
  - "(4) Noncompliance with pollution laws.—
    For purposes of subsection (c)(3)(A), a marginal well
    which is not in compliance with the applicable State
    and Federal pollution prevention, control, and permit
    requirements for any period of time shall not be con-

- 1 sidered to be a qualified marginal well during such
- 2 period.".
- 3 (b) Credit Treated as Business Credit.—Section
- 4 38(b), as amended by this Act, is amended by striking
- 5 "plus" at the end of paragraph (20), by striking the period
- 6 at the end of paragraph (21) and inserting ", plus", and
- 7 by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- 8 "(22) the marginal oil and gas well production
- 9 credit determined under section 45K(a).".
- 10 (c) No Carryback of Marginal Oil and Gas Well
- 11 Production Credit Before Effective Date.—Sub-
- 12 section (d) of section 39, as amended by this Act, is amend-
- 13 ed by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- 14 "(19) No carryback of marginal oil and gas
- WELL PRODUCTION CREDIT BEFORE EFFECTIVE
- 16 Date.—No portion of the unused business credit for
- any taxable year which is attributable to the mar-
- 18 ginal oil and gas well production credit determined
- 19 under section 45K may be carried back to a taxable
- year ending on or before the date of the enactment of
- 21 *section* 45K.".
- 22 (d) Coordination With Section 29.—Section 29(a)
- 23 is amended by striking "There" and inserting "At the elec-
- $24\ \ tion\ of\ the\ taxpayer,\ there".$

(e) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for
subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1, as
amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the
following new item:
"Sec. 45K. Credit for producing oil and gas from marginal wells.".
(f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
section shall apply to production in taxable years beginning
after the date of the enactment of this Act.
SEC. 2302. NATURAL GAS GATHERING LINES TREATED AS 7-
YEAR PROPERTY.
(a) In General.—Subparagraph (C) of section
168(e)(3) (relating to classification of certain property) is
amended by striking "and" at the end of clause (i), by re-
designating clause (ii) as clause (iii), and by inserting after
clause (i) the following new clause:
"(ii) any natural gas gathering line,
and".
(b) Natural Gas Gathering Line.—Subsection (i)
of section 168, as amended by this Act, is amended by add-
ing at the end the following new paragraph:
"(16) Natural gas gathering line.—The
term 'natural gas gathering line' means—
"(A) the pipe, equipment, and appur-
tenances determined to be a gathering line by the
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, or

1	"(B) the pipe, equipment, and appur-				
2	tenances used to deliver natural gas from the				
3	wellhead or a commonpoint to the point at which				
4	such gas first reaches—				
5	"(i) a gas processing plant,				
6	"(ii) an interconnection with a trans-				
7	mission pipeline certificated by the Federal				
8	Energy Regulatory Commission as an				
9	interstate transmission pipeline,				
10	"(iii) an interconnection with an				
11	intrastate transmission pipeline, or				
12	"(iv) a direct interconnection with a				
13	local distribution company, a gas storage				
14	facility, or an industrial consumer.".				
15	(c) Alternative System.—The table contained in				
16	section $168(g)(3)(B)$ is amended by inserting after the item				
17	relating to subparagraph $(C)(i)$ the following new item:				
	"(C)(ii)				
18	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this				
19	section shall apply to property placed in service after the				
20	date of the enactment of this Act, in taxable years ending				
21	after such date.				

1	SEC. 2303. EXPENSING OF CAPITAL COSTS INCURRED IN					
2	COMPLYING WITH ENVIRONMENTAL PROTEC-					
3	TION AGENCY SULFUR REGULATIONS.					
4	(a) In General.—Part VI of subchapter B of chapter					
5	1 (relating to itemized deductions for individuals and cor-					
6	porations), as amended by this Act, is amended by inserting					
7	after section 179C the following new section:					
8	"SEC. 179D. DEDUCTION FOR CAPITAL COSTS INCURRED IN					
9	COMPLYING WITH ENVIRONMENTAL PROTEC-					
10	TION AGENCY SULFUR REGULATIONS.					
11	"(a) Treatment as Expense.—					
12	"(1) In General.—A small business refiner may					
13	elect to treat any qualified capital costs as an expense					
14	which is not chargeable to capital account. Any quali-					
15	fied cost which is so treated shall be allowed as a de-					
16	duction for the taxable year in which the cost is paid					
17	$or\ incurred.$					
18	"(2) Limitation.—					
19	"(A) In General.—The aggregate costs					
20	which may be taken into account under this sub-					
21	section for any taxable year may not exceed the					
22	applicable percentage of the qualified capital					
23	costs paid or incurred for the taxable year.					
24	"(B) Applicable percentage.—For pur-					
25	poses of subparagraph (A)—					

1	"(i) In general.—Except as provided
2	in clause (ii), the applicable percentage is
3	75 percent.
4	"(ii) Reduced Percentage.—In the
5	case of a small business refiner with average
6	daily refinery runs for the period described
7	in subsection (b)(2) in excess of 155,000
8	barrels, the percentage described in clause
9	(i) shall be reduced (not below zero) by the
10	product of such percentage (before the appli-
11	cation of this clause) and the ratio of such
12	excess to 50,000 barrels.
13	"(b) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
14	"(1) Qualified capital costs.—The term
15	'qualified capital costs' means any costs which—
16	"(A) are otherwise chargeable to capital ac-
17	count, and
18	"(B) are paid or incurred for the purpose
19	of complying with the Highway Diesel Fuel Sul-
20	fur Control Requirement of the Environmental
21	Protection Agency, as in effect on the date of the
22	enactment of this section, with respect to a facil-
23	ity placed in service by the taxpayer before such
24	date.

1	"(2) Small business refiner.—The term						
2	'small business refiner' means, with respect to any						
3	taxable year, a refiner of crude oil, which, within the						
4	refinery operations of the business, employs not more						
5	than 1,500 employees on any day during such taxable						
6	year and whose average daily refinery run for the 1-						
7	year period ending on the date of the enactment of						
8	this section did not exceed 205,000 barrels.						
9	"(c) Coordination With Other Provisions.—Sec-						
10	tion 280B shall not apply to amounts which are treated						
11	as expenses under this section.						
12	"(d) Basis Reduction.—For purposes of this title,						
13	the basis of any property shall be reduced by the portion						
14	of the cost of such property taken into account under sub-						
15	section (a).						
16	"(e) Controlled Groups.—For purposes of this sec-						
17	tion, all persons treated as a single employer under sub-						
18	section (b), (c), (m), or (o) of section 414 shall be treated						
19	as a single employer.".						
20	(b) Conforming Amendments.—						
21	(1) Section 263(a)(1), as amended by this Act, is						
22	amended by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph						
23	(I), by striking the period at the end of subparagraph						
24	(I) and inserting ", or", and by inserting after sub						
25	paragraph (J) the following new subparagraph:						

1	"(K) expenditures for which a deduction is
2	allowed under section 179D.".
3	(2) Section $263A(c)(3)$ is amended by inserting
4	"179C," after "section".
5	(3) Section $312(k)(3)(B)$ , as amended by this
6	Act, is amended by striking "or 179C" each place it
7	appears in the heading and text and inserting ",
8	179C, or 179D".
9	(4) Section 1016(a), as amended by this Act, is
10	amended by striking "and" at the end of paragraph
11	(33), by striking the period at the end of paragraph
12	(34) and inserting ", and", and by adding at the end
13	the following new paragraph:
14	"(35) to the extent provided in section
15	179D(d).".
16	(5) Section 1245(a), as amended by this Act, is
17	amended by inserting "179D," after "179C," both
18	places it appears in paragraphs $(2)(C)$ and $(3)(C)$ .
19	(6) The table of sections for part VI of sub-
20	chapter B of chapter 1, as amended by this Act, is
21	amended by inserting after section 179C the following
22	new item:
	"Sec. 179D. Deduction for capital costs incurred in complying with Environ- mental Protection Agency sulfur regulations.".
23	(c) Effective Date.—The amendment made by this
24	section shall apply to expenses paid or incurred after the

- 1 date of the enactment of this Act, in taxable years ending
- 2 after such date.
- 3 SEC. 2304. ENVIRONMENTAL TAX CREDIT.
- 4 (a) In General.—Subpart D of part IV of subchapter
- 5 A of chapter 1 (relating to business-related credits), as
- 6 amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the
- 7 following new section:
- 8 "SEC. 45L. ENVIRONMENTAL TAX CREDIT.
- 9 "(a) In General.—For purposes of section 38, the
- 10 amount of the environmental tax credit determined under
- 11 this section with respect to any small business refiner for
- 12 any taxable year is an amount equal to 5 cents for every
- 13 gallon of 15 parts per million or less sulfur diesel produced
- 14 at a facility by such small business refiner during such tax-
- 15 able year.
- 16 "(b) MAXIMUM CREDIT.—
- 17 "(1) In General.—For any small business re-
- 18 finer, the aggregate amount determined under sub-
- 19 section (a) for any taxable year with respect to any
- facility shall not exceed the applicable percentage of
- 21 the qualified capital costs paid or incurred by such
- 22 small business refiner with respect to such facility
- 23 during the applicable period, reduced by the credit al-
- lowed under subsection (a) for any preceding year.

1	"(2) Applicable percentage.—For purposes					
2	of paragraph (1)—					
3	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in					
4	subparagraph (B), the applicable percentage is					
5	25 percent.					
6	"(B) Reduced Percentage.—The percent-					
7	age described in subparagraph (A) shall be re-					
8	duced in the same manner as under section					
9	179D(a)(2)(B)(ii).					
10	"(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—					
11	"(1) In general.—The terms 'small business re-					
12	finer' and 'qualified capital costs' have the same					
13	meaning as given in section 179D.					
14	"(2) Applicable Period.—The term 'applicable					
15	period' means, with respect to any facility, the period					
16	beginning on the day after the date which is 1 year					
17	after the date of the enactment of this section and					
18	ending with the date which is 1 year after the date					
19	on which the taxpayer must comply with the applica-					
20	ble EPA regulations with respect to such facility.					
21	"(3) Applicable Epa regulations.—The term					
22	'applicable EPA regulations' means the Highway					
23	Diesel Fuel Sulfur Control Requirements of the Envi-					
24	ronmental Protection Agency, as in effect on the date					
25	of the enactment of this section.					

"(d) Certification.—

"(1) REQUIRED.—Not later than the date which is 30 months after the first day of the first taxable year in which the environmental tax credit is allowed with respect to qualified capital costs paid or incurred with respect to a facility, the small business refiner shall obtain a certification from the Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, that the taxpayer's qualified capital costs with respect to such facility will result in compliance with the applicable EPA regulations.

- "(2) Contents of application for certification shall include relevant information regarding unit capacities and operating characteristics sufficient for the Secretary, in consultation with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, to determine that such qualified capital costs are necessary for compliance with the applicable EPA regulations.
- "(3) REVIEW PERIOD.—Any application shall be reviewed and notice of certification, if applicable, shall be made within 60 days of receipt of such application. In the event the Secretary does not notify the taxpayer of the results of such certification within

1	such period, the taxpayer may presume the certifi-					
2	cation to be issued until so notified.					
3	"(4) Statute of Limitations.—With respect to					
4	the credit allowed under this section—					
5	"(A) the statutory period for the assessment					
6	of any deficiency attributable to such credit shall					
7	not expire before the end of the 3-year period					
8	ending on the date that the review period de-					
9	scribed in paragraph (3) ends, and					
10	"(B) such deficiency may be assessed before					
11	the expiration of such 3-year period notwith-					
12	standing the provisions of any other law or rule					
13	of law which would otherwise prevent such as-					
14	sessment.					
15	"(e) Controlled Groups.—For purposes of this sec-					
16	tion, all persons treated as a single employer under sub-					
17	section (b), (c), (m), or (o) of section 414 shall be treated					
18	as a single employer.					
19	"(f) Cooperative Organizations.—					
20	"(1) Apportionment of credit.—In the case					
21	of a cooperative organization described in section					
22	1381(a), any portion of the credit determined under					
23	subsection (a) of this section, for the taxable year					
24	may, at the election of the organization, be appor-					
25	tioned among patrons eligible to share in patronage					

1	dividends on the basis of the quantity or value of
2	business done with or for such patrons for the taxable
3	year. Such an election shall be irrevocable for such
4	taxable year.

- "(2) Treatment of organizations and patrons.—
  - "(A) ORGANIZATIONS.—The amount of the credit not apportioned to patrons pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be included in the amount determined under subsection (a) for the taxable year of the organization.
  - "(B) PATRONS.—The amount of the credit apportioned to patrons pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be included in the amount determined under subsection (a) for the first taxable year of each patron ending on or after the last day of the payment period (as defined in section 1382(d)) for the taxable year of the organization or, if earlier, for the taxable year of each patron ending on or after the date on which the patron receives notice from the cooperative of the apportionment."
- 23 (b) CREDIT MADE PART OF GENERAL BUSINESS 24 CREDIT.—Subsection (b) of section 38 (relating to general 25 business credit), as amended by this Act, is amended by

- 1 striking "plus" at the end of paragraph (21), by striking
- 2 the period at the end of paragraph (22) and inserting ",
- 3 plus", and by adding at the end the following new para-
- 4 graph:
- 5 "(23) in the case of a small business refiner, the
- 6 environmental tax credit determined under section
- 7 45L(a).".
- 8 (c) Denial of Double Benefit.—Section 280C (re-
- 9 lating to certain expenses for which credits are allowable),
- 10 as amended by this Act, is amended by adding after sub-
- 11 section (d) the following new subsection:
- 12 "(e) Environmental Tax Credit.—No deduction
- 13 shall be allowed for that portion of the expenses otherwise
- 14 allowable as a deduction for the taxable year which is equal
- 15 to the amount of the credit determined for the taxable year
- 16 under section 45L(a).".
- 17 (d) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for
- 18 subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1, as
- 19 amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the
- 20 following new item:

"Sec. 45L. Environmental tax credit.".

- 21 (e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
- 22 section shall apply to expenses paid or incurred after the
- 23 date of the enactment of this Act, in taxable years ending
- 24 after such date.

1	SEC. 2305. DETERMINATION OF SMALL REFINER EXCEP-						
2	TION TO OIL DEPLETION DEDUCTION.						
3	(a) In General.—Paragraph (4) of section 613A(d)						
4	(relating to certain refiners excluded) is amended to read						
5	as follows:						
6	"(4) Certain refiners excluded.—If the tax-						
7	payer or 1 or more related persons engages in the re-						
8	fining of crude oil, subsection (c) shall not apply to						
9	the taxpayer for a taxable year if the average daily						
10	refinery runs of the taxpayer and such persons for the						
11	taxable year exceed 60,000 barrels. For purposes of						
12	this paragraph, the average daily refinery runs for						
13	any taxable year shall be determined by dividing the						
14	aggregate refinery runs for the taxable year by the						
15	number of days in the taxable year.".						
16	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by this						
17	section shall apply to taxable years beginning after Decem-						
18	ber 31, 2002.						
19	SEC. 2306. MARGINAL PRODUCTION INCOME LIMIT EXTEN-						
20	SION.						
21	Section $613A(c)(6)(H)$ (relating to temporary suspen-						
22	sion of taxable income limit with respect to marginal pro-						
23	duction), as amended by section 607(a) of the Job Creation						
24	and Worker Assistance Act of 2002, is amended by striking						
25	"2004" and inserting "2007".						

1	SEC. 2307. AMORTIZATION OF GEOLOGICAL AND GEO-					
2	PHYSICAL EXPENDITURES.					
3	(a) In General.—Part VI of subchapter B of chapter					
4	1, as amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the					
5	end the following new section:					
6	"SEC. 199. AMORTIZATION OF GEOLOGICAL AND GEO-					
7	PHYSICAL EXPENDITURES FOR DOMESTIC					
8	OIL AND GAS WELLS.					
9	"A taxpayer shall be entitled to an amortization de-					
10	duction with respect to any geological and geophysical ex-					
11	penses incurred in connection with the exploration for, or					
12	development of, oil or gas within the United States (as de-					
13	fined in section 638) based on a period of 24 months begin-					
14	ning with the month in which such expenses were in-					
15	curred.".					
16	(b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for					
17	part VI of subchapter B of chapter 1, as amended by this					
18	Act, is amended by adding at the end the following new					
19	item:					
	"Sec. 199. Amortization of geological and geophysical expenditures for domestic oil and gas wells.".					
20	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this					
21	section shall apply to costs paid or incurred in taxable					
22	years beginning after December 31, 2002.					

SEC. 230	8. AMORTIZ	ATION OF	DELAY R	PENTAL I	PAYMENTS

- 2 (a) In General.—Part VI of subchapter B of chapter
- 3 1, as amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the
- 4 end the following new section:
- 5 "SEC. 199A. AMORTIZATION OF DELAY RENTAL PAYMENTS
- 6 FOR DOMESTIC OIL AND GAS WELLS.
- 7 "(a) In General.—A taxpayer shall be entitled to an
- 8 amortization deduction with respect to any delay rental
- 9 payments incurred in connection with the development of
- 10 oil or gas within the United States (as defined in section
- 11 638) based on a period of 24 months beginning with the
- 12 month in which such payments were incurred.".
- 13 "(b) Delay rental payments.—For purposes of this
- 14 section, the term 'delay rental payment' means an amount
- 15 paid for the privilege of deferring development of an oil or
- 16 gas well under an oil or gas lease.".
- 17 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for
- 18 part VI of subchapter B of chapter 1, as amended by this
- 19 Act, is amended by adding at the end the following new
- 20 *item*:
  - "Sec. 199A. Amortization of delay rental payments for domestic oil and gas wells.".
- 21 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
- 22 section shall apply to amounts paid or incurred in taxable
- 23 years beginning after December 31, 2002.

## 1 SEC. 2309. STUDY OF COAL BED METHANE.

2	(a) In General.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall
3	study the effect of section 29 of the Internal Revenue Code
4	of 1986 on the production of coal bed methane. Such study
5	shall be made in conjunction with the study to be under-
6	taken by the Secretary of the Interior on the effects of coal
7	bed methane production on surface and water resources, as
8	provided in section 607 of the Energy Policy Act of 2003.
9	(b) Contents of Study.—The study under subsection
10	(a) shall estimate the total amount of credits under section
11	29 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 claimed annually
12	and in the aggregate which are related to the production
13	of coal bed methane since the date of the enactment of such
14	section 29. Such study shall report the annual value of such
15	credits allowable for coal bed methane compared to the aver-
16	age annual wellhead price of natural gas (per thousand
17	cubic feet of natural gas). Such study shall also estimate
18	the incremental increase in production of coal bed methane
19	that has resulted from the enactment of such section 29, and
20	the cost to the Federal Government, in terms of the net tax
21	benefits claimed, per thousand cubic feet of incremental coal
22	bed methane produced annually and in the aggregate since
23	such enactment.

1	SEC. 2310. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF CREDIT FOR
2	PRODUCING FUEL FROM A NONCONVEN-
3	TIONAL SOURCE.
4	(a) In General.—Section 29 is amended by adding
5	at the end the following new subsection:
6	"(h) Extension for Other Facilities.—
7	"(1) OIL AND GAS.—In the case of a well or fa-
8	cility for producing qualified fuels described in sub-
9	paragraph (A) or (B) of subsection (c)(1) which was
10	drilled or placed in service after the date of the enact-
11	ment of this subsection and before January 1, 2005,
12	notwithstanding subsection (f), this section shall
13	apply with respect to such fuels produced at such well
14	or facility not later than the close of the 3-year period
15	beginning on the date that such well is drilled or such
16	facility is placed in service.
17	"(2) Facilities producing refined coal.—
18	"(A) In GENERAL.—In the case of a facility
19	described in subparagraph (C) for producing re-
20	fined coal which was placed in service after the
21	date of the enactment of this subsection and be-
22	fore January 1, 2007, this section shall apply
23	with respect to fuel produced at such facility not
24	later than the close of the 5-year period begin-
25	ning on the date such facility is placed in serv-
26	ice.

1	"(B) Refined coal.—For purposes of this
2	paragraph, the term 'refined coal' means a fuel
3	which is a liquid, gaseous, or solid synthetic fuel
4	produced from coal (including lignite) or high
5	carbon fly ash, including such fuel used as a
6	feeds tock.
7	"(C) Covered facilities.—
8	"(i) In general.—A facility is de-
9	scribed in this subparagraph if such facility
10	produces refined coal using a technology
11	that results in—
12	"(I) a qualified emission reduc-
13	tion, and
14	"(II) a qualified enhanced value.
15	"(ii) Qualified emission reduc-
16	TION.—For purposes of this subparagraph,
17	the term 'qualified emission reduction'
18	means a reduction of at least 20 percent of
19	the emissions of nitrogen oxide and either
20	sulfur dioxide or mercury released when
21	burning the refined coal (excluding any di-
22	lution caused by materials combined or
23	added during the production process), as
24	compared to the emissions released when
25	burning the feedstock coal or comparable

1	coal predominantly available in the market-
2	place as of January 1, 2002.
3	"(iii) Qualified enhanced value.—
4	For purposes of this subparagraph, the term
5	'qualified enhanced value' means an in-
6	crease of at least 50 percent in the market
7	value of the refined coal (excluding any in-
8	crease caused by materials combined or
9	added during the production process), as
10	compared to the value of the feedstock coal.
11	"(iii) Qualifying advanced clean
12	COAL TECHNOLOGY FACILITIES EX-
13	CLUDED.—A facility described in this sub-
14	paragraph shall not include a qualifying
15	advanced clean coal technology facility (as
16	defined in section $48A(b)$ ).
17	"(3) Wells producing viscous oil.—
18	"(A) In GENERAL.—In the case of a well for
19	producing viscous oil which was placed in serv-
20	ice after the date of the enactment of this sub-
21	section and before January 1, 2005, this section
22	shall apply with respect to fuel produced at such
23	well not later than the close of the 3-year period
24	beginning on the date such well is placed in serv-

ice.

25

1	"(B) Viscous oil.—The term "viscous oil"
2	means heavy oil, as defined in section
3	613A(c)(6), except that—
4	"(i) '22 degrees' shall be substituted for
5	'20 degrees' in applying subparagraph (F)
6	thereof, and
7	"(ii) in all cases, the oil gravity shall
8	be measured from the initial well-head sam-
9	ples, drill cuttings, or down hole samples.
10	"(C) Waiver of unrelated person re-
11	QUIREMENT.—In the case of viscous oil, the re-
12	quirement under subsection $(a)(1)(B)(i)$ of a sale
13	to an unrelated person shall not apply to any
14	sale to the extent that the viscous oil is not con-
15	sumed in the immediate vicinity of the wellhead.
16	"(4) Coalmine methane gas.—
17	"(A) In general.—This section shall apply
18	to coalmine methane gas—
19	"(i) captured or extracted by the tax-
20	payer after the date of the enactment of this
21	subsection and before January 1, 2005, and
22	"(ii) utilized as a fuel source or sold by
23	or on behalf of the taxpayer to an unrelated
24	person after the date of the enactment of
25	this subsection and before January 1, 2005.

1	"(B) Coalmine methane gas.—For pur-
2	poses of this paragraph, the term 'coalmine
3	methane gas' means any methane gas which is—
4	"(i) liberated during qualified coal
5	mining operations, or
6	"(ii) extracted up to 5 years in ad-
7	vance of qualified coal mining operations as
8	part of a specific plan to mine a coal de-
9	posit.
10	"(C) Special rule for advanced ex-
11	TRACTION.—In the case of coalmine methane gas
12	which is captured in advance of qualified coal
13	mining operations, the credit under subsection
14	(a) shall be allowed only after the date the coal
15	extraction occurs in the immediate area where
16	the coalmine methane gas was removed.
17	"(D) Noncompliance with pollution
18	LAWS.—For purposes of subparagraphs (B) and
19	(C), coal mining operations which are not in
20	compliance with the applicable State and Fed-
21	eral pollution prevention, control, and permit re-
22	quirements for any period of time shall not be
23	considered to be qualified coal mining operations
24	during such period.

1	"(5) Facilities producing fuels from agri-
2	CULTURAL AND ANIMAL WASTE.—
3	"(A) In general.—In the case of facility
4	for producing liquid, gaseous, or solid fuels from
5	qualified agricultural and animal wastes, in-
6	cluding such fuels when used as feedstocks, which
7	was placed in service after the date of the enact-
8	ment of this subsection and before January 1,
9	2005, this section shall apply with respect to fuel
10	produced at such facility not later than the close
11	of the 3-year period beginning on the date such
12	facility is placed in service.
13	"(B) Qualified agricultural and ani-
14	MAL WASTE.—For purposes of this paragraph,
15	the term 'qualified agricultural and animal
16	waste' means agriculture and animal waste, in-
17	cluding by-products, packaging, and any mate-
18	rials associated with the processing, feeding, sell-
19	ing, transporting, or disposal of agricultural or
20	animal products or wastes, including wood
21	shavings, straw, rice hulls, and other bedding for
22	the disposition of manure.
23	"(6) CREDIT AMOUNT.—In determining the
24	amount of credit allowable under this section solely
25	by reason of this subsection, the dollar amount appli-

1	cable under subsection (a)(1) shall be \$3 (without re-
2	gard to subsection $(b)(2)$ .".
3	(b) Extension for certain fuel produced
4	AT EXISTING FACILITIES.—Paragraph (2) of section
5	29(f) (relating to application of section) is amended
6	by inserting "(January 1, 2005, in the case of any
7	coke, coke gas, or natural gas and byproducts pro-
8	duced by coal gasification from lignite in a facility
9	described in paragraph (1)(B))" after "January 1,
10	2003".
11	(c) Effective Date.—The amendment made by this
12	section shall apply to fuel sold after the date of the enact-
13	ment of this Act.
14	SEC. 2311. NATURAL GAS DISTRIBUTION LINES TREATED AS
15	15-YEAR PROPERTY.
16	(a) In General.—Subparagraph (E) of section
17	168(e)(3) (relating to classification of certain property) is
18	amended by striking "and" at the end of clause (ii), by
19	striking the period at the end of clause (iii) and by insert-
20	ing ", and", and by adding at the end the following new
21	clause:
22	"(iv) any natural gas distribution
23	line.".
24	(b) Alternative System.—The table contained in

25 section 168(g)(3)(B), as amended by this Act, is amended

1	by adding after the item relating to subparagraph $(E)(iii)$
2	the following new item:
	"(E)(iv)
3	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
4	section shall apply to property placed in service after the
5	date of the enactment of this Act, in taxable years ending
6	after such date.
7	TITLE XXIV—ELECTRIC UTILITY
8	RESTRUCTURING PROVISIONS
9	SEC. 2401. ONGOING STUDY AND REPORTS REGARDING TAX
10	ISSUES RESULTING FROM FUTURE RESTRUC-
11	TURING DECISIONS.
12	(a) Ongoing Study.—The Secretary of the Treasury,
13	after consultation with the Federal Energy Regulatory
14	Commission, shall undertake an ongoing study of Federal
15	tax issues resulting from nontax decisions on the restruc-
16	turing of the electric industry. In particular, the study shall
17	focus on the effect on tax-exempt bonding authority of pub-
18	lic power entities and on corporate restructuring which re-
19	sults from the restructuring of the electric industry.
20	(b) REGULATORY RELIEF.—In connection with the
21	study described in subsection (a), the Secretary of the Treas-
22	ury should exercise the Secretary's authority, as appro-
23	priate, to modify or suspend regulations that may impede
24	an electric utility company's ability to reorganize its cap-
25	ital stock structure to respond to a competitive marketplace.

- 1 (c) Reports.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall re-
- 2 port to the Committee on Finance of the Senate and the
- 3 Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representa-
- 4 tives not later than December 31, 2002, regarding Federal
- 5 tax issues identified under the study described in subsection
- 6 (a), and at least annually thereafter, regarding such issues
- 7 identified since the preceding report. Such reports shall also
- 8 include such legislative recommendations regarding changes
- 9 to the private business use rules under subpart A of part
- 10 IV of subchapter B of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue
- 11 Code of 1986 as the Secretary of the Treasury deems nec-
- 12 essary. The reports shall continue until such time as the
- 13 Federal Energy Regulatory Commission has completed the
- 14 restructuring of the electric industry.
- 15 SEC. 2402. MODIFICATIONS TO SPECIAL RULES FOR NU-
- 16 CLEAR DECOMMISSIONING COSTS.
- 17 (a) Repeal of Limitation on Deposits Into Fund
- 18 Based on Cost of Service; Contributions After
- 19 Funding Period.—Subsection (b) of section 468A is
- 20 amended to read as follows:
- 21 "(b) Limitation on Amounts Paid Into Fund.—The
- 22 amount which a taxpayer may pay into the Fund for any
- 23 taxable year shall not exceed the ruling amount applicable
- 24 to such taxable year.".

1	(b) Clarification of Treatment of Fund Trans-
2	FERS.—Subsection (e) of section 468A is amended by add-
3	ing at the end the following new paragraph:
4	"(8) Treatment of fund transfers.—If, in
5	connection with the transfer of the taxpayer's interest
6	in a nuclear power plant, the taxpayer transfers the
7	Fund with respect to such power plant to the trans-
8	feree of such interest and the transferee elects to con-
9	tinue the application of this section to such Fund—
10	"(A) the transfer of such Fund shall not
11	cause such Fund to be disqualified from the ap-
12	plication of this section, and
13	"(B) no amount shall be treated as distrib-
14	uted from such Fund, or be includible in gross
15	income, by reason of such transfer.".
16	(c) Deduction for Nuclear Decommissioning
17	Costs When Paid.—Paragraph (2) of section 468A(c) is
18	amended to read as follows:
19	"(2) Deduction of nuclear decommissioning
20	costs.—In addition to any deduction under sub-
21	section (a), nuclear decommissioning costs paid or in-
22	curred by the taxpayer during any taxable year shall
23	constitute ordinary and necessary expenses in car-
24	rying on a trade or business under section 162.".

1	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
2	section shall apply to taxable years beginning after Decem-
3	ber 31, 2002.
4	SEC. 2403. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN INCOME OF COOPERA-
5	TIVES.
6	(a) Income From Open Access and Nuclear De-
7	COMMISSIONING TRANSACTIONS.—
8	(1) In General.—Subparagraph (C) of section
9	501(c)(12) is amended by striking "or" at the end of
10	clause (i), by striking clause (ii), and by adding at
11	the end the following new clauses:
12	"(ii) from any open access transaction
13	(other than income received or accrued di-
14	rectly or indirectly from a member),
15	"(iii) from any nuclear decommis-
16	sioning transaction,
17	"(iv) from any asset exchange or con-
18	version transaction, or
19	"(v) from the prepayment of any loan,
20	debt, or obligation made, insured, or guar-
21	anteed under the Rural Electrification Act
22	of 1936.".
23	(2) Definitions and special rules.—Para-
24	graph (12) of section 501(c) is amended by adding at
25	the end the following new subparagraphs:

1	"(E) For purposes of subparagraph
2	(C)(ii)—
3	"(i) The term 'open access transaction'
4	means any transaction meeting the open ac-
5	cess requirements of any of the following
6	subclauses with respect to a mutual or coop-
7	erative electric company:
8	"(I) The provision or sale of
9	transmission service or ancillary serv-
10	ices meets the open access requirements
11	of this subclause only if such services
12	are provided on a nondiscriminatory
13	open access basis pursuant to an open
14	access transmission tariff filed with
15	and approved by FERC, including an
16	acceptable reciprocity tariff, or under a
17	regional transmission organization
18	agreement approved by FERC.
19	"(II) The provision or sale of elec-
20	tric energy distribution services or an-
21	cillary services meets the open access
22	requirements of this subclause only if
23	such services are provided on a non-
24	discriminatory open access basis to
25	end-users served by distribution facili-

1	ties owned by the mutual or coopera-
2	tive electric company (or its members).
3	"(III) The delivery or sale of elec-
4	tric energy generated by a generation
5	facility meets the open access require-
6	ments of this subclause only if such fa-
7	cility is directly connected to distribu-
8	tion facilities owned by the mutual or
9	cooperative electric company (or its
10	members) which owns the generation
11	facility, and such distribution facilities
12	meet the open access requirements of
13	subclause (II).
14	"(ii) Clause (i)(I) shall apply in the
15	case of a voluntarily filed tariff only if the
16	mutual or cooperative electric company files
17	a report with FERC within 90 days after
18	the date of the enactment of this subpara-
19	graph relating to whether or not such com-
20	pany will join a regional transmission or-
21	ganization.
22	"(iii) A mutual or cooperative electric
23	company shall be treated as meeting the
24	open access requirements of clause (i)(I) if

1	a regional transmission organization con-
2	trols the transmission facilities.
3	"(iv) References to FERC in this sub-
4	paragraph shall be treated as including ref-
5	erences to the Public Utility Commission of
6	Texas with respect to any ERCOT utility
7	(as defined in section $212(k)(2)(B)$ of the
8	Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C.
9	824k(k)(2)(B))) or references to the Rural
10	Utilities Service with respect to any other
11	facility not subject to FERC jurisdiction.
12	"(v) For purposes of this
13	subparagraph—
14	"(I) The term 'transmission facil-
15	ity' means an electric output facility
16	(other than a generation facility) that
17	operates at an electric voltage of 69 kV
18	or greater. To the extent provided in
19	regulations, such term includes any
20	output facility that FERC determines
21	is a transmission facility under stand-
22	ards applied by FERC under the Fed-
23	eral Power Act (as in effect on the date
24	of the enactment of the Energy Tax In-
25	centives Act of 2003).

1	"(II) The term 'regional trans-
2	mission organization' includes an
3	independent system operator.
4	"(III) The term 'FERC' means
5	the Federal Energy Regulatory Com-
6	mission.
7	"(F) The term 'nuclear decommissioning
8	transaction' means—
9	"(i) any transfer into a trust, fund, or
10	instrument established to pay any nuclear
11	decommissioning costs if the transfer is in
12	connection with the transfer of the mutual
13	or cooperative electric company's interest in
14	a nuclear power plant or nuclear power
15	plant unit,
16	"(ii) any distribution from any trust,
17	fund, or instrument established to pay any
18	nuclear decommissioning costs, or
19	"(iii) any earnings from any trust,
20	fund, or instrument established to pay any
21	nuclear decommissioning costs.
22	"(G) The term 'asset exchange or conversion
23	transaction' means any voluntary exchange or
24	involuntary conversion of any property related
25	to generating, transmitting, distributing, or sell-

1	ing electric energy by a mutual or cooperative
2	electric company, the gain from which qualifies
3	for deferred recognition under section 1031 or
4	1033, but only if the replacement property ac-
5	quired by such company pursuant to such sec-
6	tion constitutes property which is used, or to be
7	used, for—
8	"(i) generating, transmitting, distrib-
9	uting, or selling electric energy, or
10	"(ii) producing, transmitting, distrib-
11	uting, or selling natural gas.".
12	(b) Treatment of Income From Load Loss Trans-
13	ACTIONS.—Paragraph (12) of section 501(c), as amended
14	by subsection (a)(2), is amended by adding after subpara-
15	graph (G) the following new subparagraph:
16	" $(H)(i)$ In the case of a mutual or coopera-
17	tive electric company described in this para-
18	graph or an organization described in section
19	1381(a)(2)(C), income received or accrued from a
20	load loss transaction shall be treated as an
21	amount collected from members for the sole pur-
22	pose of meeting losses and expenses.
23	"(ii) For purposes of clause (i), the term
24	load loss transaction' means any wholesale or
25	retail sale of electric energy (other than to mem-

1	bers) to the extent that the aggregate sales during
2	the recovery period does not exceed the load loss
3	mitigation sales limit for such period.
4	"(iii) For purposes of clause (ii), the load
5	loss mitigation sales limit for the recovery period
6	is the sum of the annual load losses for each year
7	of such period.
8	"(iv) For purposes of clause (iii), a mutual
9	or cooperative electric company's annual load
10	loss for each year of the recovery period is the
11	amount (if any) by which—
12	"(I) the megawatt hours of electric en-
13	ergy sold during such year to members of
14	such electric company are less than
15	"(II) the megawatt hours of electric en-
16	ergy sold during the base year to such mem-
17	bers.
18	"(v) For purposes of clause (iv)(II), the
19	term 'base year' means—
20	"(I) the calendar year preceding the
21	start-up year, or
22	"(II) at the election of the electric com-
23	pany, the second or third calendar years
24	preceding the start-up year.

1	"(vi) For purposes of this subparagraph, the
2	recovery period is the 7-year period beginning
3	with the start-up year.
4	"(vii) For purposes of this subparagraph,
5	the start-up year is the calendar year which in-
6	cludes the date of the enactment of this subpara-
7	graph or, if later, at the election of the mutual
8	or cooperative electric company—
9	"(I) the first year that such electric
10	company offers nondiscriminatory open ac-
11	cess, or
12	"(II) the first year in which at least 10
13	percent of such electric company's sales are
14	not to members of such electric company.
15	"(viii) A company shall not fail to be treat-
16	ed as a mutual or cooperative company for pur-
17	poses of this paragraph or as a corporation oper-
18	ating on a cooperative basis for purposes of sec-
19	tion $1381(a)(2)(C)$ by reason of the treatment
20	under clause (i).
21	"(ix) In the case of a mutual or cooperative
22	electric company, income from any open access
23	transaction received, or accrued, indirectly from
24	a member shall be treated as an amount collected

1	from members for the sole purpose of meeting
2	losses and expenses.".
3	(c) Exception From Unrelated Business Tax-
4	ABLE INCOME.—Subsection (b) of section 512 (relating to
5	modifications) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
6	lowing new paragraph:
7	"(18) Treatment of mutual or cooperative
8	ELECTRIC COMPANIES.—In the case of a mutual or
9	cooperative electric company described in section
10	501(c)(12), there shall be excluded income which is
11	treated as member income under subparagraph (H)
12	thereof.".
13	(d) Cross Reference.—Section 1381 is amended by
14	adding at the end the following new subsection:
15	"(c) Cross Reference.—
	"For treatment of income from load loss transactions of organizations described in subsection $(a)(2)(C)$ , see section $501(c)(12)(H)$ ."
16	(e) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
17	section shall apply to taxable years beginning after the date
18	of the enactment of this Act.
19	SEC. 2404. SALES OR DISPOSITIONS TO IMPLEMENT FED-
20	ERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION OR
21	STATE ELECTRIC RESTRUCTURING POLICY.
22	(a) In General.—Section 451 (relating to general
23	rule for taxable year of inclusion) is amended by adding
24	at the end the following new subsection:

1	"(i) Special Rule for Sales or Dispositions To
2	Implement Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
3	OR STATE ELECTRIC RESTRUCTURING POLICY.—
4	"(1) In general.—For purposes of this subtitle,
5	if a taxpayer elects the application of this subsection
6	to a qualifying electric transmission transaction in
7	any taxable year—
8	"(A) any ordinary income derived from
9	such transaction which would be required to be
10	recognized under section 1245 or 1250 for such
11	taxable year (determined without regard to this
12	subsection), and
13	"(B) any income derived from such trans-
14	action in excess of such ordinary income which
15	is required to be included in gross income for
16	such taxable year,
17	shall be so recognized and included ratably over the
18	8-taxable year period beginning with such taxable
19	year.
20	"(2) Qualifying electric transmission
21	TRANSACTION.—For purposes of this subsection, the
22	term 'qualifying electric transmission transaction'
23	means any sale or other disposition before January 1,
24	2007, of—

1	"(A) property used by the taxpayer in the
2	trade or business of providing electric trans-
3	mission services, or
4	"(B) any stock or partnership interest in a
5	corporation or partnership, as the case may be,
6	whose principal trade or business consists of pro-
7	viding electric transmission services,
8	but only if such sale or disposition is to an inde-
9	pendent transmission company.
10	"(3) Independent transmission company.—
11	For purposes of this subsection, the term 'independent
12	transmission company' means—
13	"(A) a regional transmission organization
14	approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory
15	Commission,
16	"(B) a person—
17	"(i) who the Federal Energy Regu-
18	latory Commission determines in its au-
19	thorization of the transaction under section
20	203 of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C.
21	824b) is not a market participant within
22	the meaning of such Commission's rules ap-
23	plicable to regional transmission organiza-
24	tions, and

1	"(ii) whose transmission facilities to
2	which the election under this subsection ap-
3	plies are under the operational control of a
4	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission-ap-
5	proved regional transmission organization
6	before the close of the period specified in
7	such authorization, but not later than the
8	close of the period applicable under para-
9	graph (1), or
10	"(C) in the case of facilities subject to the
11	exclusive jurisdiction of the Public Utility Com-
12	mission of Texas, a person which is approved by
13	that Commission as consistent with Texas State
14	law regarding an independent transmission or-
15	ganization.
16	"(4) Election.—An election under paragraph
17	(1), once made, shall be irrevocable.
18	"(5) Nonapplication of installment sales
19	TREATMENT.—Section 453 shall not apply to any
20	qualifying electric transmission transaction with re-
21	spect to which an election to apply this subsection is
22	made.".
23	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by this
24	section shall apply to transactions occurring after the date
25	of the enactment of this Act.

1	SEC. 2405. APPLICATION OF TEMPORARY REGULATIONS TO
2	CERTAIN OUTPUT CONTRACTS.
3	In the application of section $1-141-7(c)(4)$ of the
4	Treasury Temporary Regulations to output contracts en-
5	tered into after February 22, 1998, with respect to an issuer
6	participating in open access with respect to the issuer's
7	transmission facilities, an output contract in existence on
8	or before such date that is amended after such date shall
9	be treated as a contract entered into after such date only
10	if the amendment increases the amount of output sold under
11	such contract by extending the term of the contract or in-
12	creasing the amount of output sold, but such treatment as
13	a contract entered into after such date shall begin on the
14	effective date of the amendment and shall apply only with
15	respect to the increased output to be provided under such
16	contract.
17	SEC. 2406. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN DEVELOPMENT IN-
18	COME OF COOPERATIVES.
19	(a) In General.—Subparagraph (C) of section
20	501(c)(12), as amended by this Act, is amended by striking
21	"or" at the end of clause (iv), by striking the period at the
22	end of clause (v) and insert ", or", and by adding at the
23	end the following new clause:
24	"(vi) from the receipt before January
25	1, 2007, of any money, property, capital, or
26	any other contribution in aid of construc-

1	tion or connection charge intended to facili-
2	tate the provision of electric service for the
3	purpose of developing qualified fuels from
4	nonconventional sources (within the mean-
5	ing of section 29).".
6	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
7	section shall apply to taxable years beginning after the date
8	of the enactment of this Act.
9	TITLE XXV—ADDITIONAL
10	<b>PROVISIONS</b>
11	SEC. 2501. EXTENSION OF ACCELERATED DEPRECIATION
12	AND WAGE CREDIT BENEFITS ON INDIAN RES-
13	ERVATIONS.
14	(a) Special Recovery Period for Property on
15	Indian Reservations.—Section 168(j)(8) (relating to ter-
16	mination), as amended by section 613(b) of the Job Cre-
17	ation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002, is amended by
18	striking "2004" and inserting "2005".
19	(b) Indian Employment Credit.—Section 45A(f)
20	(relating to termination), as amended by section 613(a) of
21	the Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002, is
22	amended by striking "2004" and inserting "2005".

1	SEC. 2502. STUDY OF EFFECTIVENESS OF CERTAIN PROVI-
2	SIONS BY GAO.
3	(a) Study.—The Comptroller General of the United
4	States shall undertake an ongoing analysis of—
5	(1) the effectiveness of the alternative motor vehi-
6	cles and fuel incentives provisions under title II and
7	the conservation and energy efficiency provisions
8	under title III, and
9	(2) the recipients of the tax benefits contained in
10	such provisions, including an identification of such
11	recipients by income and other appropriate measure-
12	ments.
13	Such analysis shall quantify the effectiveness of such provi-
14	sions by examining and comparing the Federal Govern-
15	ment's forgone revenue to the aggregate amount of energy
16	actually conserved and tangible environmental benefits
17	gained as a result of such provisions.
18	(b) Reports.—The Comptroller General of the United
19	States shall report the analysis required under subsection
20	(a) to Congress not later than December 31, 2002, and an-
21	nually thereafter.
22	SEC. 2503. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION OF ALASKA NATURAL
23	GAS.
24	(a) In General.—Subpart $D$ of part $IV$ of subchapter
25	A of chapter 1 (relating to business related credits), as

1	amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the
2	following new section:
3	"SEC. 45M. ALASKA NATURAL GAS.
4	"(a) In General.—For purposes of section 38, the
5	Alaska natural gas credit of any taxpayer for any taxable
6	year is the credit amount per 1,000,000 Btu of Alaska nat-
7	ural gas entering any intake or tie-in point which was de-
8	rived from an area of the State of Alaska lying north of
9	64 degrees North latitude, which is attributable to the tax-
10	payer and sold by or on behalf of the taxpayer to an unre-
11	lated person during such taxable year (within the meaning
12	of section 45).
13	"(b) Credit Amount.—For purposes of this section—
14	"(1) In general.—The credit amount per
15	1,000,000 Btu of Alaska natural gas entering any in-
16	take or tie-in point which was derived from an area
17	of the State of Alaska lying north of 64 degrees North
18	latitude (determined in United States dollars), is the
19	excess of—
20	"(A) \$3.25, over
21	"(B) the average monthly price at the
22	AECO C Hub in Alberta, Canada, for Alaska
23	natural gas for the month in which occurs the
24	date of such entering.

1 "(2) Inflation adjustment.—In the case of 2 any taxable year beginning in a calendar year after 3 the first calendar year ending after the date described 4 in subsection (q)(1), the dollar amount contained in paragraph (1)(A) shall be increased to an amount 5 6 equal to such dollar amount multiplied by the infla-7 tion adjustment factor for such calendar year (deter-8 mined under section 43(b)(3)(B) by substituting 'the 9 calendar year ending before the date described in sec-10 tion 45M(q)(1)' for '1990'). 11 "(c) Alaska Natural Gas.—For purposes of this sec-12 tion, the term 'Alaska natural gas' means natural gas entering any intake or tie-in point which was derived from an 13 area of the State of Alaska lying north of 64 degrees North 14 15 latitude produced in compliance with the applicable State and Federal pollution prevention, control, and permit re-16 17 quirements from the area generally known as the North 18 Slope of Alaska (including the continental shelf thereof within the meaning of section 638(l)), determined without 19 regard to the area of the Alaska National Wildlife Refuge 20 21 (including the continental shelf thereof within the meaning 22 of section 638(l)). 23 "(d) Recapture.— 24 GENERAL.—With respect toeach25 1,000,000 Btu of Alaska natural gas entering any intake or tie-in point which was derived from an area of the State of Alaska lying north of 64 degrees North latitude after the date which is 3 years after the date described in subsection (g)(1), if the average monthly price described in subsection (b)(1)(B) exceeds 150 percent of the amount described in subsection (b)(1)(A) for the month in which occurs the date of such entering, the taxpayer's tax under this chapter for the taxable year shall be increased by an amount equal to the lesser of—

## "(A) such excess, or

"(B) the aggregate decrease in the credits allowed under section 38 for all prior taxable years which would have resulted if the Alaska natural gas credit received by the taxpayer for such years had been zero.

### "(2) Special rules.—

"(A) TAX BENEFIT RULE.—The tax for the taxable year shall be increased under paragraph (1) only with respect to credits allowed by reason of this section which were used to reduce tax liability. In the case of credits not so used to reduce tax liability, the carryforwards and carrybacks under section 39 shall be appropriately adjusted.

1	"(B) No credits against tax.—Any in-
2	crease in tax under this subsection shall not be
3	treated as a tax imposed by this chapter for pur-
4	poses of determining the amount of any credit
5	under this chapter or for purposes of section 55.
6	"(e) Application of Rules.—For purposes of this
7	section, rules similar to the rules of paragraphs (3), (4),
8	and (5) of section 45(d) shall apply.
9	"(f) No Double Benefit.—The amount of any de-
10	duction or other credit allowable under this chapter for any
11	fuel taken into account in computing the amount of the
12	credit determined under subsection (a) shall be reduced by
13	the amount of such credit attributable to such fuel.
14	"(g) Application of Section.—This section shall
15	apply to Alaska natural gas entering any intake or tie-in
16	point which was derived from an area of the State of Alaska
17	lying north of 64 degrees North latitude for the period—
18	"(1) beginning with the later of—
19	"(A) January 1, 2010, or
20	"(B) the initial date for the interstate
21	transportation of such Alaska natural gas, and
22	"(2) except with respect to subsection (d), ending
23	with the date which is 15 years after the date de-
24	scribed in paragraph (1).".

1	(b) Credit Treated as Business Credit.—Section
2	38(b), as amended by this Act, is amended by striking
3	"plus" at the end of paragraph (22), by striking the period
4	at the end of paragraph (23) and inserting ", plus", and
5	by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
6	"(24) The Alaska natural gas credit determined
7	under section $45M(a)$ .".
8	(c) Allowing Credit Against Entire Regular
9	Tax and Minimum Tax.—
10	(1) In general.—Subsection (c) of section 38
11	(relating to limitation based on amount of tax), as
12	amended by this Act, is amended by redesignating
13	paragraph (5) as paragraph (6) and by inserting
14	after paragraph (4) the following new paragraph:
15	"(5) Special rules for alaska natural gas
16	CREDIT.—
17	"(A) In general.—In the case of the Alas-
18	ka natural gas credit—
19	"(i) this section and section 39 shall be
20	applied separately with respect to the cred-
21	it, and
22	"(ii) in applying paragraph (1) to the
23	credit—

1	"(I) the amounts in subpara-
2	graphs (A) and (B) thereof shall be
3	treated as being zero, and
4	"(II) the limitation under para-
5	graph (1) (as modified by subclause
6	(I)) shall be reduced by the credit al-
7	lowed under subsection (a) for the tax-
8	able year (other than the Alaska nat-
9	ural gas credit).
10	"(B) Alaska Natural Gas Credit.—For
11	purposes of this subsection, the term 'Alaska nat-
12	ural gas credit' means the credit allowable under
13	subsection (a) by reason of section 45M(a).".
14	(2) Conforming amendments.—Subclause (II)
15	of section $38(c)(2)(A)(ii)$ , as amended by this Act,
16	subclause (II) of section $38(c)(3)(A)(ii)$ , as amended
17	by this Act, and subclause (II) of section
18	38(c)(4)(A)(ii), as added by this Act, are each amend-
19	ed by inserting "or the Alaska natural gas credit"
20	after "producer credit".
21	(d) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections for
22	subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1, as
23	amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the end the
24	following new item:

"Sec. 45M. Alaska natural gas.".

1	SEC. 2504. SALE OF GASOLINE AND DIESEL FUEL AT DUTY-
2	FREE SALES ENTERPRISES.
3	(a) Prohibition.—Section 555(b) of the Tariff Act of
4	1930 (19 U.S.C. 1555(b)) is amended—
5	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (6) through (8)
6	as paragraphs (7) through (9), respectively; and
7	(2) by inserting after paragraph (5) the fol-
8	lowing:
9	"(6) Any gasoline or diesel fuel sold at a duty-
10	free sales enterprise shall be considered to be entered
11	for consumption into the customs territory of the
12	United States.".
13	(b) Construction.—The amendments made by this
14	section shall not be construed to create any inference with
15	respect to the interpretation of any provision of law as such
16	provision was in effect on the day before the date of enact-
17	ment of this Act.
18	(c) Effective date.—The amendments made by this
19	section shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act.
20	SEC. 2505. TREATMENT OF DAIRY PROPERTY.
21	(a) Qualified Disposition of Dairy Property
22	Treated as Involuntary Conversion.—
23	(1) In general.—Section 1033 (relating to in-
24	voluntary conversions) is amended by designating
25	subsection (k) as subsection (l) and inserting after
26	subsection (i) the following new subsection:

1	"(k) Qualified Disposition To Implement Bovine
2	Tuberculosis Eradication Program.—
3	"(1) In general.—For purposes of this subtitle,
4	if a taxpayer elects the application of this subsection
5	to a qualified disposition:
6	"(A) Treatment as involuntary conver-
7	Sion.—Such disposition shall be treated as an
8	involuntary conversion to which this section ap-
9	plies.
10	"(B) Modification of similar property
11	REQUIREMENT.—Property to be held by the tax-
12	payer either for productive use in a trade or
13	business or for investment shall be treated as
14	property similar or related in service or use to
15	the property disposed of.
16	"(C) Extension of period for replac-
17	ING PROPERTY.—Subsection $(a)(2)(B)(i)$ shall be
18	applied by substituting '4 years' for '2 years'.
19	"(D) Waiver of unrelated person re-
20	QUIREMENT.—Subsection (i) (relating to replace-
21	ment property must be acquired from unrelated
22	person in certain cases) shall not apply.
23	"(E) Expanded capital gain for cattle
24	and horses.—Section 1231(b)(3)(A) shall be

1	applied by substituting '1 month' for '24
2	months'.
3	"(2) Qualified disposition.—
4	"(A) In General.—For purposes of this
5	subsection, the term 'qualified disposition' means
6	the disposition of dairy property which is cer-
7	tified by the Secretary of Agriculture as having
8	been the subject of an agreement under the bovine
9	tuberculosis eradication program, as imple-
10	mented pursuant to the Declaration of Emer-
11	gency Because of Bovine Tuberculosis (65 Fed-
12	eral Register 63,227 (2000)).
13	"(B) Payments received in connection
14	WITH THE BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS ERADICATION
15	PROGRAM.—For purposes of this subsection, any
16	amount received by a taxpayer in connection
17	with an agreement under such bovine tuber-
18	culosis eradication program shall be treated as
19	received in a qualified disposition.
20	"(C) Transmittal of certifications.—
21	The Secretary of Agriculture shall transmit cop-
22	ies of certifications under this paragraph to the
23	Secretary.
24	"(3) Allowance of the adjusted basis of
25	CERTIFIED DAIRY PROPERTY AS A DEPRECIATION DE-

- DUCTION.—The adjusted basis of any property certified under paragraph (2)(A) shall be allowed as a depreciation deduction under section 167 for the taxable year which includes the date of the certification described in paragraph (2)(A).
  - "(4) Dairy property.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'dairy property' means all tangible or intangible property used in connection with a dairy business or a dairy processing plant.
  - "(5) Special rules for certain business organizations.—
    - "(A) S CORPORATIONS.—In the case of an S corporation, gain on a qualified disposition shall not be treated as recognized for the purposes of section 1374 (relating to tax imposed on certain built-in gains).
    - "(B) Partnerships.—In the case of a partnership which dissolves in anticipation of a qualified disposition (including in anticipation of receiving the amount described in paragraph (2)(B)), the dairy property owned by the partners of such partnership at the time of such disposition shall be treated, for the purposes of this section and notwithstanding any regulation or

1	rule of law, as owned by such partners at the
2	time of such disposition.
3	"(6) Termination.—This subsection shall not
4	apply to dispositions made after December 31, 2006.".
5	(2) Effective date.—The amendment made by
6	this subsection shall apply to dispositions made and
7	amounts received in taxable years ending after May
8	22, 2001.
9	(b) Deduction of Qualified Reclamation Ex-
10	PENDITURES.—
11	(1) In General.—Part VI of subchapter B of
12	chapter 1 (relating to itemized deductions for individ-
13	uals and corporations), as amended by this Act, is
14	amended by adding at the end the following new sec-
15	tion:
16	"SEC. 199B. EXPENSING OF DAIRY PROPERTY RECLAMA-
17	TION COSTS.
18	$\lq\lq(a)$ In General.—Notwithstanding section 280B (re-
19	lating to demolition of structures), a taxpayer may elect
20	to treat any qualified reclamation expenditure which is
21	paid or incurred by the taxpayer as an expense which is
22	not chargeable to capital account. Any expenditure which
23	is so treated shall be allowed as a deduction for the taxable
24	year in which it is paid or incurred.
25	"(b) Qualified Reclamation Expenditure —

1	"(1) In general.—For purposes of this sub-
2	paragraph, the term 'qualified reclamation expendi-
3	ture' means amounts otherwise chargeable to capital
4	account and paid or incurred to convert any real
5	property certified under section 1033(k)(2) (relating
6	to qualified disposition) into unimproved land.
7	"(2) Special rule for expenditures for de-
8	PRECIABLE PROPERTY.—A rule similar to the rule of
9	section 198(b)(2) (relating to special rule for expendi-
10	tures for depreciable property) shall apply for pur-
11	poses of paragraph (1).
12	"(c) Deduction Recaptured as Ordinary In-
13	COME.—Rules similar to the rules of section 198(e) (relating
14	to deduction recaptured as ordinary income on sale, etc.)
15	shall apply with respect to any qualified reclamation ex-
16	penditure.
17	"(d) Termination.—This section shall not apply to
18	expenditures paid or incurred after December 31, 2006.".
19	(2) Clerical amendment.—The table of sec-
20	tions for part VI of subchapter B of chapter 1, as
21	amended by this Act, is amended by adding at the
22	end the following new item:
	"Sec. 199B. Expensing of dairy property reclamation costs.".
23	(3) Effective date.—The amendments made
24	by this subsection shall apply to expenditures paid or

incurred in taxable years ending after May 22, 2001.

25

1	SEC. 2506. CLARIFICATION OF EXCISE TAX EXEMPTIONS
2	FOR AGRICULTURAL AERIAL APPLICATORS.
3	(a) No Waiver by Farm Owner, Tenant, or Oper-
4	ATOR  Necessary. Subparagraph  (B)  of  section
5	6420(c)(4) (relating to certain farming use other than by
6	owner, etc.) is amended to read as follows:
7	"(B) if the person so using the gasoline is
8	an aerial or other applicator of fertilizers or
9	other substances and is the ultimate purchaser of
10	the gasoline, then subparagraph (A) of this para-
11	graph shall not apply and the aerial or other ap-
12	plicator shall be treated as having used such gas-
13	oline on a farm for farming purposes.".
14	(b) Exemption Includes Fuel Used Between Air-
15	FIELD AND FARM.—Section 6420(c)(4), as amended by sub-
16	section (a), is amended by adding at the end the following
17	new flush sentence:
18	"For purposes of this paragraph, in the case of an
19	aerial applicator, gasoline shall be treated as used on
20	a farm for farming purposes if the gasoline is used
21	for the direct flight between the airfield and 1 or more
22	farms.".
23	(c) Exemption from Tax on Air Transportation
24	of Persons for Forestry Purposes Extended to
25	Fixed-Wing Aircraft.—Subsection (f) of section 4261 (re-

- 1 lating to tax on air transportation of persons) is amended
- 2 to read as follows:
- 3 "(f) Exemption for Certain Uses.—No tax shall be
- 4 imposed under subsection (a) or (b) on air transportation—
- 5 "(1) by helicopter for the purpose of transporting
- 6 individuals, equipment, or supplies in the exploration
- 7 for, or the development or removal of, hard minerals,
- 8 oil, or gas, or
- 9 "(2) by helicopter or by fixed-wing aircraft for
- 10 the purpose of the planting, cultivation, cutting, or
- 11 transportation of, or caring for, trees (including log-
- 12 ging operations),
- 13 but only if the helicopter or fixed-wing aircraft does not
- 14 take off from, or land at, a facility eligible for assistance
- 15 under the Airport and Airway Development Act of 1970,
- 16 or otherwise use services provided pursuant to section 44509
- 17 or 44913(b) or subchapter I of chapter 471 of title 49,
- 18 United States Code, during such use. In the case of heli-
- 19 copter transportation described in paragraph (1), this sub-
- 20 section shall be applied by treating each flight segment as
- 21 a distinct flight.".
- 22 (d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
- 23 section shall apply to fuel use or air transportation after
- 24 December 31, 2001, and before January 1, 2003.

1	SEC. 2507. MODIFICATION OF RURAL AIRPORT DEFINITION.
2	(a) In General.—Clause (ii) of section 4261(e)(1)(B)
3	(defining rural airport) is amended by striking the period
4	at the end of subclause (II) and inserting ", or" and by
5	adding at the end the following new subclause:
6	"(III) is not connected by paved
7	roads to another airport.".
8	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
9	section shall apply to calendar years beginning after 2002.
10	SEC. 2508. EXEMPTION FROM TICKET TAXES FOR TRANS-
11	PORTATION PROVIDED BY SEAPLANES.
12	(a) In General.—The taxes imposed by sections 4261
13	and 4271 shall not apply to transportation by a seaplane
14	with respect to any segment consisting of a takeoff from,
15	and a landing on, water.
16	(b) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this
17	section shall apply to calendar years beginning after 2002.
18	DIVISION I—IRAQ OIL IMPORT
19	RESTRICTION
20	TITLE XXVI—IRAQ OIL IMPORT
21	RESTRICTION
22	SEC. 2601. SHORT TITLE AND FINDINGS.
23	(a) Short Title.—This title can be cited as the "Iraq
24	Petroleum Import Restriction Act of 2003".
25	(b) Findings.—Congress finds that—
26	(1) the Government of the Republic of Iraq—

(A) has failed to comply with the terms of
United Nations Security Council Resolution 687
regarding unconditional Iraqi acceptance of the
destruction, removal, or rendering harmless,
under international supervision, of all nuclear,
chemical and biological weapons and all stocks of
agents and all related subsystems and components and all research, development, support and
manufacturing facilities, as well as all ballistic
missiles with a range greater than 150 kilometers and related major parts, and repair and
production facilities and has failed to allow
United Nations inspectors access to sites used for
the production or storage of weapons of mass destruction;

(B) routinely contravenes the terms and. conditions of UNSC Resolution 661, authorizing the export of petroleum products from Iraq in exchange for food, medicine and other humanitarian products by conducting a routine and extensive program to sell such products outside of the channels established by UNSC Resolution 661 in exchange for military equipment and materials to be used in pursuit of its program to develop weapons of mass destruction in order to

1	threaten the United States and its allies in the
2	Persian Gulf and surrounding regions;
3	(C) has failed to adequately draw down
4	upon the amounts received in the Escrow Ac-
5	count established by UNSC Resolution 986 to
6	purchase food, medicine and other humanitarian
7	products required by its citizens, resulting in
8	massive humanitarian suffering by the Iraqi
9	people;
10	(D) conducts a periodic and systematic
11	campaign to harass and obstruct the enforcement
12	of the United States- and United Kingdom-en-
13	forced "No-Fly Zones" in effect in the Republic
14	$of\ Iraq;$
15	(E) routinely manipulates the petroleum ex-
16	port production volumes permitted under UNSC
17	Resolution 661 in order to create uncertainty in
18	global energy markets, and therefore threatens
19	the economic security of the United States;
20	(F) pays bounties to the families of suicide
21	bombers in order to encourage the murder of
22	Israeli civilians;
23	(2) further imports of petroleum products from
24	the Republic of Iraq are inconsistent with the na-
25	tional security and foreign policy interests of the

1	United States and should be eliminated until such
2	time as they are not so inconsistent.
3	SEC. 2602. PROHIBITION ON IRAQI-ORIGIN PETROLEUM IM
4	PORTS.
5	The direct or indirect import from Iraq of Iraqi-origin
6	petroleum and petroleum products is prohibited, notwith
7	standing an authorization by the Committee established by
8	UNSC Resolution 661 or its designee, or any other order
9	to the contrary.
10	SEC. 2603. TERMINATION/PRESIDENTIAL CERTIFICATION.
11	This title will remain in effect until such time as the
12	President, after consultation with the relevant committees
13	in Congress, certifies to the Congress that—
14	(1) Iraq is in substantial compliance with the
15	terms of—
16	(A) UNSC Resolution 687; and
17	(B) UNSC Resolution 986 prohibiting
18	smuggling of oil in circumvention of the "Oil
19	for-Food'' program; and
20	(2) ceases the practice of compensating the fami
21	lies of suicide bombers in order to encourage the mur
22	der of Israeli citizens; or that
23	(3) resuming the importation of Iraqi-origin pe
24	troleum and petroleum products would not be incon

- 1 sistent with the national security and foreign policy
- 2 interests of the United States.

#### 3 SEC. 2604. HUMANITARIAN INTERESTS.

- 4 It is the sense of the Senate that the President should
- 5 make all appropriate efforts to ensure that the humani-
- 6 tarian needs of the Iraqi people are not negatively affected
- 7 by this Act, and should encourage through public, private,
- 8 domestic and international means the direct or indirect
- 9 sale, donation or other transfer to appropriate nongovern-
- 10 mental health and humanitarian organizations and indi-
- 11 viduals within Iraq of food, medicine and other humani-
- 12 tarian products.

#### 13 **SEC. 2605. DEFINITIONS.**

- 14 (a) 661 Committee.—The term 661 Committee means
- 15 the Security Council Committee established by UNSC Reso-
- 16 lution 661, and persons acting for or on behalf of the Com-
- 17 mittee under its specific delegation of authority for the rel-
- 18 evant matter or category of activity, including the overseers
- 19 appointed by the United Nations Secretary-General to ex-
- 20 amine and approve agreements for purchases of petroleum
- 21 and petroleum products from the Government of Iraq pur-
- 22 suant to UNSC Resolution 986.
- 23 (b) UNSC RESOLUTION 661.—The term UNSC Reso-
- 24 lution 661 means United Nations Security Council Resolu-

- 1 tion No. 661, adopted August 6, 1990, prohibiting certain
- 2 transactions with respect to Iraq and Kuwait.
- 3 (c) UNSC RESOLUTION 687.—The term UNSC Reso-
- 4 lution 687 means United Nations Security Council Resolu-
- 5 tion 687, adopted April 3, 1991.
- 6 (d) UNSC RESOLUTION 986.—The term UNSC Reso-
- 7 lution 986 means United Nations Security Council Resolu-
- 8 tion 986, adopted April 14, 1995.
- 9 SEC. 2606. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- 10 The prohibition on importation of Iraqi-origin petro-
- 11 leum and petroleum products shall be effective 30 days after
- 12 enactment of this Act.
- 13 **DIVISION J—MISCELLANEOUS**
- 14 TITLE XXVII—MISCELLANEOUS
- 15 **PROVISION**
- 16 SEC. 2701. FAIR TREATMENT OF PRESIDENTIAL JUDICIAL
- 17 **NOMINEES.**
- 18 It is the sense of the Senate that, in the interests of
- 19 the administration of justice, the Senate Judiciary Com-
- 20 mittee should along with its other legislative and oversight
- 21 responsibilities, continue to hold regular hearings on judi-
- 22 cial nominees and should, in accordance with the precedents
- 23 and practices of the Committee, schedule hearings on the

- 1 nominees submitted by the President on May 9, 2001, and
- ${\it 2\ resubmitted\ on\ September\ 5,\ 2001,\ expeditiously.}$

Attest:

Secretary.

# 108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.6

# **AMENDMENT**