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**2022 MTBA Application Cycle Frequently Asked Questions
Last Updated on February 8, 2022**

1. All questions for the 2022 MTBA cycle should be sent to MTBA22@thda.org
 - a. This email box will be monitored by a THDA staff person.
2. When will registration begin?
 - a. Applicants applying for Round One of the MTBA Firm Commitment round can begin registering February 11, 2022.
3. When will the editing period begin?
 - a. The editing period will begin February 18, 2022.
4. When will the editing period end?
 - a. The editing period will end March 4, 2022.
5. Which portion of the QAP is applicable to Noncompetitive Housing Credits?
 - a. Applicants should review Section 20 of the THDA LIHC 2022 QAP.
6. What happens after applications are submitted?
 - a. THDA staff will assign each application a Program Description score per Section 8 of the 2022 MTBA PD.
 - b. THDA will then rank the applications by the criteria in Section 9.
 - c. THDA will post a ranking list to the MTBA page at <https://thda.org/rental-housing-partners/multi-family-developers/multifamily-tax-exempt-bonds>
 - d. The ranking list will determine how applications reviewed.
 - e. Applicants have a time period to cure eligibility and/or scoring per Section 7 of the MTBA PD.
 - f. Applicants unable to cure deficiencies may be removed from consideration and may resubmit in the next Round.
 - g. THDA anticipates making Firm Commitment announcements in early April 2022.

7. What fees are due upfront?
 - a. The MTBA Initial Application Fee and LIHC Application fee are due at the time of submission.
 - b. The Commitment Fee, Incentive Fee, and 42(m) Letter Fee will be due at time of Firm Commitment issuance.
 - c. The fee amounts can be found in Section 11 MTBA PD and Section 5 THDA LIHC QAP.

8. Is there a deadline to close on firm commitments?
 - a. Yes, applicants select either a 90 day or 120 day term for closing at the time of initial submission.

9. How soon with the LURC be available?
 - a. THDA will be sending out a formal process on requesting a LURC after the round ending date.
 - b. The applicant must supply the proper signature block and documentation of the PILOT if applicable.

10. Are the THDA Ownership and Developer Attachments required?
 - a. Yes. At the request of legal in addition to the upload of organizational charts and breakdown entries in THOMAS, the applicable Ownership and Developer attachments are now required.
 - b. The entries in THOMAS are still required and will allow THDA to quickly determine individual involvement in existing and current developments.

11. The LIHC 2022 QAP Section 12-3-b regarding Zoning mentions that it can be complete by the time of award process?
 - a. The time of award process for Noncompetitive Housing Credit developments is at the time of Firm Commitment/42(m) Letter issuance.
 - b. Applicants should have proper zoning evidence as stated in the QAP completed by the time of the 3rd Evaluation Notice.

12. General questions regarding the Concerted Community Revitalization Plan or CCRP?
 - a. Will staff pre-approve plans before application submission
 - i. Staff cannot pre-approve plans before application submission.
 - b. What is the required format of submitting the CCRP?
 - i. Staff will provide a template for the table of contents that will identify the elements as defined in the MTBA PD and/or LIHC QAP. That template must accompany the plan that will be uploaded in the CCRP folder in the THOMAS Application system.

- c. Does THDA staff maintain a listing of CCRP's?
 - i. Staff does not having a listing of CCRP's across the state
- d. Item 4 in the CCRP definition mentions of the 2022 QAP and MTBA PD a survey of current conditions, what would staff view as current?
 - i. Staff would view the past five years as an industry standard in regard to the term current.
- e. Item 11 in the CCRP definition of the 2022 QAP and MTBA PD mentions continued evaluation of progress, what is the expectation?
 - i. Staff would expect that the plan will state how the progress will be evaluated.
- f. Item 12 in the CCRP definition of the 2022 QAP and MTBA PD mentions the appropriate local entity, who is that entity?
 - i. The local entity is not necessarily a local government entity but is the entity that developed the plan.

Best Practices for Threshold Documents

The following pages will contain Best Practices from THDA Staff regarding six (6) threshold documents that may be of assistance as applicants prepare submissions for the Initial Application process.

Please see the 2022 QAP Section 12: Mandatory and Threshold Requirements

Best Practices for Submitting an Appraisal to THDA

- An appraisal must be submitted with the final application if land or building costs are shown in THOMAS in either the basis column or in the total development cost column, since THDA uses both methods (basis and total development costs) to calculate the amount of tax credit the development is qualified to receive.
- The document should be no older than six (6) months from application submission date and performed and prepared by an independent third party in accordance with the Appraisal Guidelines included on the THOMAS Documents Page.
- The appropriate THDA appraisal template must be used and must be complete. All required information must be contained in the template – fields containing comments such as “see report” are not acceptable and will result in a cure finding.
- Additional pages can be submitted if clarification is needed, but the THDA template is sufficient – no additional report is required.
- All four required values must be shown for appraisals including existing buildings: As is with restricted rents, as is with hypothetical market rents, hypothetical as renovated with restricted rents, and hypothetical as renovated with market rents.
- Sale and rent comparable properties should be as close to the subject property as possible. Comps from a hundred miles away will result in a cure finding.
- All information must be complete, correct, and consistent within the appraisal and with the application as a whole.

Best Practices for Submitting a Zoning Letter to THDA

Here is a recap of the purpose of the zoning letter and the requirements for the zoning letter as stated in the QAP, along with some best practices for submitting a zoning letter that will not result in a cure finding.

The purpose of the zoning letter is to provide evidence that the site is currently zoned for the proposed Development.

1. Zoning letters must be issued by and signed by the local zoning administrator (or chief elected official in localities without a zoning administrator).

Zoning letters issued by or signed by engineering firms, or any other third party vendors or contractors are not acceptable and will result in a cure finding.

2. The zoning letter must clearly identify the subject property.

Tax map and parcel numbers are a good way to identify properties for zoning letters. Be sure that the tax map and parcel numbers in the zoning letter match up with the tax map and parcel numbers in THOMAS - zoning letters must cover all parcels included in the development. If there is a discrepancy between the parcels in THOMAS and the parcels in the zoning letter, it will cause a cure finding.

3. The zoning letter must show the current zoning and any special use designations.

If this information is not included in the zoning letter, it will result in a cure finding.

4. The zoning letter must description of the Project, including the number of units, the proposed use, and the construction type (i.e. townhome, midrise elevator, etc.).

“Multifamily” or “Apartment Complex” are not sufficient as the project description. The zoning letter should show that the proposed development is multifamily, but at a minimum it must also show the number of units and type of construction. If this information is incomplete, it will result in a cure finding.

5. The zoning letter must state that the current zoning will permit the proposed Housing Development.

Or:

The zoning letter must provide assurance that the Zoning/PUD will be reviewed in a timely manner, including any available dates so as it is complete by time of award process.

Or:

A letter from the chief elected official identifying the Project and stating that there are no zoning regulations in place.

At initial application, it is acceptable for this statement to contain a statement that the final approval will be determined after site plans are submitted and reviewed, but it should be clear that use, density, and construction type for the development are allowed.

Here are a couple of items that should not be submitted:

1. Please do not submit a copy of zoning regulations, with or without highlighted sections. THDA staff is not qualified for and does not have the resources to review the zoning regulations for each locality for all applications and determine if the regulations allow the development as proposed. THDA requires the applicant to submit evidence that the zoning regulations allow the development as proposed, not the actual zoning regulations.
2. Maps as a method of property identification in a zoning letter are usually insufficient and typically result in a cure finding. A positive way to link the zoning letter to the subject property of the application is required, and as mentioned above, tax map and parcel numbers work well.

Best Practices for Submitting a Market Study to THDA

- If a revision of a few pages are requested at any notice or evaluation from a coordinator, then an **addendum** is strongly encouraged. If you submit a full market study with revisions the entire report will have to be read again.
- The coordinators would like to have a brief explanation on what we would consider out of the ordinary situations. Some of the issues we may question when reviewing a study are listed below:
 - Comparable properties are out of the PMA (e.g. rural area).
 - If the proposed development is a senior property please use senior properties and if none can be found, please state that in the study.
 - If the analyst uses the entire county as the PMA in areas other than a rural county.
 - An unclear PMA, please have the analyst define the PMA that was utilized.

Best Practices for Submitting a Physical Needs Assessment to THDA

Will be added shortly

Best Practices for Submitting a Level One Site Control to THDA

Will be added shortly

Best Practices for Submitting a Level Two Site Control to THDA

- The applicant must demonstrate full property control for the proposed development which would include level 1 (warranty deed, quitclaim deed, trustee deed or court order evidencing title to the site vested in the currently existing ownership) and level 2(commitment for title insurance vested in the person or entity who executed the document required for site control as owner).
- Please make sure your documents are not in DRAFT form and are within the 60 days prior to the Initial Application Deadline and that title to the site is vested in the person or entity who signed the document as owner.
- Make sure the meets and bounds (legal description) from your sales contract matches exactly the meets and bounds on the commitment for title insurance. If these do not match exactly you may submit a sworn affidavit stating the property on level one is the same property as shown on level