

DRAFT 2011 LIHTC EXHIBIT 1

URBAN AND RURAL COUNTIES

Rural/Urban Definition using Census 2000 – Cut-off at 50% of Total Population Rural

| URBAN | | RURAL | | | | | |
|--------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|
| County | Percent Rural | County | Percent Rural | County | Percent Rural | County | Percent Rural |
| Shelby | 3% | Loudon | 50% | Giles | 73% | Decatur | 100% |
| Davidson | 4% | Campbell | 57% | Lawrence | 75% | Fayette | 100% |
| Hamilton | 10% | Robertson | 58% | Jefferson | 75% | Fentress | 100% |
| Knox | 13% | McMinn | 59% | Henderson | 76% | Grainger | 100% |
| Rutherford | 25% | Obion | 59% | Monroe | 77% | Grundy | 100% |
| Hamblen | 25% | Bedford | 59% | Benton | 77% | Hancock | 100% |
| Montgomery | 25% | Lauderdale | 60% | Lincoln | 79% | Hickman | 100% |
| Sullivan | 27% | Hawkins | 62% | Marion | 79% | Houston | 100% |
| Madison | 28% | Warren | 62% | Smith | 79% | Jackson | 100% |
| Williamson | 30% | Hardeman | 63% | Humphreys | 79% | Lake | 100% |
| Sumner | 31% | Marshall | 64% | DeKalb | 80% | Meigs | 100% |
| Washington | 33% | Sevier | 65% | Macon | 82% | Moore | 100% |
| Bradley | 34% | Chester | 65% | White | 82% | Perry | 100% |
| Blount | 37% | Tipton | 66% | Morgan | 82% | Pickett | 100% |
| Putnam | 40% | Cocke | 67% | Carroll | 83% | Polk | 100% |
| Carter | 40% | Henry | 67% | Johnson | 83% | Stewart | 100% |
| Anderson | 42% | Rhea | 68% | McNairy | 84% | Trousdale | 100% |
| Maury | 43% | Dickson | 69% | Overton | 84% | Union | 100% |
| Dyer | 43% | Greene | 69% | Scott | 85% | Van Buren | 100% |
| Unicoi | 45% | Hardin | 69% | Cheatham | 93% | Wayne | 100% |
| Wilson | 47% | Lewis | 69% | Sequatchie | 100% | | |
| Coffee | 48% | Cumberland | 69% | Bledsoe | 100% | | |
| Haywood | 48% | Claiborne | 70% | Cannon | 100% | | |
| Roane | 49% | Franklin | 70% | Clay | 100% | | |
| Gibson | 49% | Weakley | 71% | Crockett | 100% | | |

The Census classifies areas as rural that have a density of fewer than 500 people per square mile or fewer than 1000 people per square mile if not adjacent to an area with greater than 1000 people per square mile. Percent rural was determined by dividing the county's rural population by its total population.